AKD®2G-Sxx with Functional Safety Option 3 STO, SS1, SS2, SOS, SLA, SLI, SLP, SLS, SDI, SAR, SSR, SSM, SCA, SBC, SDB, SBT - SIL3, FSoE

Installation Manual, English



Manual Edition: E, February 2025 Safety Edition: S306, February 2025 Valid for AKD[®]2G-S Hardware Revision A Part Number 907-200021-00 Original Document



For safe and proper use, follow these instructions. Keep for future use.





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Record of Document Revisions

| Edition | Remarks |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Table with lifecycle information of this document (\rightarrow # 553) |
| A, 05/2021 | First edition |
| B, 07/2022 | SD Card text updated, Letter of Volatility link added, chapter "Shielding on drive" improved, Incr. Encoder feedback on X21 added, BiSS-C and SSI feedbacks on X41 (SFA) added, new motor connector image, chapter "Motion Bus interface" updated, PROFINET certified and available, chapter "Gearing" restructured, chapter "Feedback connector" restructured, SCCR rating for MV breaker changed, EtherNet/IP table updated, chapter "Mechanical Installation": Texts restructured and dimension table adapted, chapter "Mains supply": semi-conductor added, fusing chapter restructured, EAC approval removed, max. cable length per feedback type added, X23 feedback connector graphic expanded, conformity with UK added |
| C, 03/2024 | 7V24S drive contents added, including updated cover image, connector position image, general wiring diagrams, specifications and data, X3A and X3B connector content., individual X23 / X41 feedback wiring diagrams and specifications added, added connection to various mains supply network pages, limitations table edited, addition to part number scheme, corrected table formatting, added connector options availability table, added Projection of molten particles hazard warning, updated Safety Manual version compatibility table, updated AC and DC bus drive groupings to define number of axes limits, updated DIO X22 and X23 diagrams and bullets to better define termination and differential or single-ended options, updated 7V24S 24 A drives UL Approvals table to align with 65kA Certification, update EEO X22 diagrams. |
| D, 10/2024 (INTERNAL) | Removed content referring to DVD, new limitations for SMM1 and 2, new support page, wiring diagram corrected for drive test without load, addition to REACH and RoHS conformity |
| E,02/2025 | Note on mission time added to chapter "Disposal", removed content referring to DVD, new limitations for SMM1 and 2, new support page, wiring diagram corrected for drive test without load, addition to REACH and RoHS conformity |

Hardware Revision (HR)

| AKD2G | Firmware | WorkBench | KAS IDE | Remarks |
|-------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|----------------|
| A | from 02-00-00-000 | from 2.00.0.0000 | from 3.01 | First revision |
| | | | | |

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Current patents

- US Patent 2017/0211640 (method and apparatus for power saving, fail-safe control of an electromechanical brake), patent pending
- US Patent 16,247,478 (method and apparatus for limiting the output voltages of switching mode power supplies), patent
 pending
- US Patent 8,154,228 (Dynamic Braking For Electric Motors)

- US Patent 8,214,063 (Auto-tune of a Control System Based on Frequency Response)
- US Patent 10.374.468 (System and method for improved DC power line communication)

Patents referring to fieldbus functions are listed in the matching fieldbus manual.

Technical changes which improve the performance of the device may be made without prior notice!

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1 General

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1.1 About this Installation Manual

The AKD2G Installation Manual describes the AKD2G series of digital drives and includes information to safely install the product.

Manual updates can be downloaded from the Kollmorgen website (www.kollmorgen.com).

Product information for use consists of:

- *Safety Notes*: Multi-language document with safety information, part of product delivery in Europe, printed on paper DIN A5.
- Installation Manual: Describes the product series of digital drives and includes information to safely install it. Contact Kollmorgen customer support for a free printed copy of the installation manual.
- WorkBench Online Help: Describes how to use your drive in common applications. It also provides tips for maximizing the system performance with your product. The Online Help includes the Parameter and Command Reference Guide which provides information for the parameters and commands used to program your drive.
- CAN-BUS Communication: Describes how to use your drive in CANopen applications.
- EtherCAT® Communication: Describes how to use your drive in EtherCAT applications.
- EtherNet/IP[™] Communication: Describes how to use your drive in EtherNet/IP applications.
- Sercos®III Communication: Describes how to use your drive in Sercos applications.
- PROFINET® RT Communication: Describes how to use your drive in PROFINET RT applications.
- SynqNet Communication: Describes how to use your drive in SynqNet applications.
- Accessories Manual: Provides information for accessories like cables and regen resistors used with your product. Regional variants of this manual exist.

This document is valid for AKD2G single axis drive or dual axis drive with 110 V to 240 V or 240 V to 480 V mains voltage.

- Ouput stages: 3 A or 6 A, 12 A or 24 A rated current
- Programmability options: Base drive or Position Indexer drive
- · Connectivity options: analog, CANopen, EtherCAT, PROFINET, EtherNet/IP
- I/O options: Extended I/O (X22), Feedback&EEO (X23)
- Functional Safety Option: FS3 with STO, SS1-t, SS1-r, SS2, SOS, SLS, SSM, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP, SCA, SBC, SDB, SBT; SIL3 PLe

1.2 Symbols Used

1.2.1 Warning Symbols

| Symbol Indication | | |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| A DANGER | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, will result in death or serious injury. | |
| | NG Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in death or serious injury. | |
| | Indicates a hazardous situation which, if not avoided, could result in minor or moderate injury. | |
| NOTICE | NOTICE Indicates situations which, if not avoided, could result in property damage. | |
| NOTE | This symbol indicates important notes. | |

| Symbol | Indication | |
|-------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| | High Noise Pollution. The type of danger is specified by the text next to the symbol. | |
| | Warning of a danger (general). The type of danger is specified by the text next to the symbol. | |
| 4 | Warning of danger from electricity and its effects. | |
| <u>SSSS</u> | Warning of danger from hot surface. | |
| | Warning of danger from suspended loads. | |
| | Warning of danger from automatic start. | |
| | Warning of danger from molten particle projection. | |

1.2.2 Drawing Symbols

| Symbol | Description | Symbol | Description |
|----------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------|
| | Signal ground | ¥ | Diode |
| ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,, | Chassis ground | ¢ | Relay |
| | Protective earth | ∎_ ₁ - | Relay switch off delayed |
| ¢ | Resistor | \' | Normally open contact |
| ф | Fuse | 7 | Normally closed contact |
| (Device) | State-of-the-art firewall | | EMC filter |

1.3 Abbreviations Used

Abbreviations related to functional safety (\rightarrow # 197).

| Abbreviation | Meaning | |
|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| (→ # 53) | "see page 53" in this document | |
| → xyz | "see chapter xyz" in this document | |
| Ω | Ohms | |
| A#, AXIS# | A# or AXIS# are placeholders for the axis number. Used with parameters or signal names | |
| AGND | Analog ground | |
| AquadB | In quadrature output, used for incremental encoder emulation | |
| AMSL | Above mean sea level | |
| Axis | Depends on context, either one AKD2G output stage or one load axis of the full motion system. | |
| CAT | Category | |
| CE | Communité Européenne | |
| СОМ | Serial interface for a personal computer | |
| DGND | Digital ground | |
| EEPROM | Electrically erasable programmable memory | |
| EEO | Emulated Encoder Output | |
| EMC | Electromagnetic compatibility | |
| EMF | Electromagnetic force | |
| FS1, FS2, FS3 | Functional Safety Option 1, 2, 3 | |
| FSoE | Fail safe over EtherCAT | |
| KAS | Kollmorgen Automation Suite | |
| KAS IDE | Setup software (Kollmorgen Automation Suite Integrated Development Environment) | |
| KDN | Kollmorgen Developer Network | |
| LED | Light-emitting diode | |
| LSB | Low significant byte (or bit) | |
| MSB | Most significant byte (or bit) | |
| NI | Zero pulse | |
| OSSD | Output Signal Switching Device | |
| PE | Protective earth | |
| PELV | Protective Extra Low Voltage | |
| PLC | Programmable logic control | |
| PWM | Pulse-width modulation | |
| RAM | Random access memory (volatile memory) | |
| RBrake/RB | Regen resistor (also called a brake resistor) | |
| RBext | External regen resistor | |
| RBint | Internal regen resistor | |
| RCD | Residual current device | |
| RES | Resolver | |
| S1 | Continuous operation | |
| tbd | To be determined (in process) | |
| VAC | Volts, alternating current | |
| VDC | Volts, direct current | |

2 Product Safety

To avoid possible damage, read and follow the instructions.

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| | Use as Directed Prohibited Use Warning note labels Shock-hazard Protection |

2.1 You should pay attention to this

This section helps to recognize risks and avoid dangers to people and objects.

Specialist staff required!

The devices are intended for industrial applications.

Machine builders must employ qualified personnel. Qualified personnel are people who have been trained to transport, install, commission, and operate electrical drives.

- Transport, storage, unpacking: Only by personnel with knowledge of handling electrostatically sensitive components.
- Mechanical installation: Only by personnel with mechanical expertise.
- Electrical installation: Only by personnel with expertise in electrical engineering.
- Basic tests / setup: Only by personnel with expertise in electrical engineering and drive technology.

The qualified personnel must know and observe ISO 12100 / IEC 60364 / IEC 60664 and national accident prevention regulations.

Read the documentation!

Read the available documentation before installation and commissioning. Improper handling of the devices can cause harm to people or damage to property. The operator of systems using the drive system must ensure that all personnel who work with the drive read and understand the manual before using the drive.

Check Hardware Revision!

Check the Hardware Revision Number of the product (see product label). This number is the link between your product and the manual. The product Hardware Revision Number must match the Hardware Revision Number on the cover page of the manual.

Pay attention to the technical data!

Adhere to the technical data and the specifications on connection conditions. If permissible voltage values or current values are exceeded, the devices can be damaged. Unsuitable motor or wrong wiring will damage the system components. Check the combination of drive and motor. Compare the rated voltage and current of the units.

Perform a risk assessment!

The manufacturer of the machine must generate a risk assessment for the machine, and take appropriate measures to ensure that unforeseen movements cannot cause injury or damage to any person or property. Additional requirements on specialist staff may also result from the risk assessment.

Automatic restart!



Risk of death or serious injury for humans working in the machine. The drive might restart automatically after power on, voltage dip or interruption of the supply voltage, depending on the parameter setting. If the parameter AXIS#.ENDEFAULT is set to 1, then place a warning sign on the machine (Warning: Automatic Restart at Power On) and ensure, that power on is disabled, while humans are in a dangerous zone of the machine. In case of using an undervoltage protection device, you must observe EN 60204-1:2006 chapter 7.5.

ATTENTION: The drive is ready to operate with pre-configured STO function.

Observe electrostatically sensitive components!

The devices contain electrostatically sensitive components which may be damaged by incorrect handling. Electrostatically discharge your body before touching the device. Avoid contact with highly insulating materials (artificial fabrics, plastic film etc.). Place the device on a conductive surface.

Hot surface!



Risk of minor burns! Drives may have hot surfaces during operation. The housing can reach temperatures above 80 °C. Measure the temperature and wait until the housing has cooled down below 40 °C before touching it.

Earthing!



Risk of electric shock! Ensure that the drive is safely earthed to the PE (protective earth) busbar in the switch cabinet. Without low-resistance earthing personal protection is at risk.

Leakage Current!

Since the leakage current to PE is more than 3.5 mA, double the PE connection or use a connecting cable with a cross-section >10 mm² to be compliant with IEC61800-5-1.

Deviating measures according to regional standards might be possible.

High voltages!



The equipment produces high electric voltages up to 900 V. Lethal danger exists at live parts of the device. Do not open or touch the equipment during operation. Keep all covers and cabinet doors closed. Built-in protection measures such as insulation or shielding may not be removed. Work on the electrical installation may only be performed by trained and qualified personnel, in compliance with the regulations for safety at work, and only with switched off mains supply, and secured against restart.

Never undo any electrical connections to the drive while it is live. There is a danger of electrical arcing with damage to contacts and personal injury. Wait at least 5 minutes after disconnecting the drive from the main supply power before touching potentially live sections of the equipment (such as contacts) or removing any connections.

Always measure the voltage in the DC bus link and wait until the voltage is below 50 V before handling components.

Projection of molten particles!



If particles fall into the drive or the drive has been damaged, molten drive component particles may be ejected causing injuries. Shut down the drive and wear appropriate protective gear during maintenance work, troubleshooting and fault rectification. (\rightarrow # 34)

Functional Safety!

The assessment of the safety functions according to ISO 13849 or IEC 62061 (IEC 61508) must finally be done by the user.

Reinforced Insulation

Thermal sensors, motor holding brakes and feedback systems built into the connected motor must have reinforced insulation (according to IEC61800-5-1) against system components with power voltage, according to the required application test voltage. All Kollmorgen components meet these requirements.

Never modify the drive!

Never modify the drive hardware without permission of the manufacturer. Opening the housing causes loss of warranty.

High noise pollution!



Fans generate noise of up to 76 dBA when operating at maximum load. This can lead to hearing damage. Keep the cabinet doors closed during operation. Use ear protection if the control cabinet has to be opened during servicing. The operator must provide ear protection and monitor its use depending on the daily noise exposure level determined.

2.2 Use as Directed

The AKD2G drives are exclusively intended for driving suitable synchronous servomotors with closed-loop control of torque, speed, and/or position.

Your drive is a component that is built into electrical plants or machines and can only be operated as integral component of these plants or machines. The manufacturer of the machine used with a drive must generate a risk assessment for the machine. When the drive is built into a machine or plant, it must not be used until it has been established that the machine or plant fulfills the requirements of the regional directives.

Cabinet and wiring

Only operate your device in a closed control cabinet suitable for the ambient conditions (\rightarrow # 43). Make sure to keep the temperature within the cabinet below 40 °C (or 60 °C when using extended range operation with derating) with help of ventilation or cooling.

Only use copper conductors for wiring. The conductor cross-sections can be derived from the standard IEC 60204 (alternatively for AWG cross-sections: NEC Table 310-16, 75 °C column).

Power supply

The drives can be supplied by 1, 2 or 3 phase (TN-S or TT) or DC industrial supply networks. Drives in the AKD2G series can be supplied as follows:

- AKD2G-Sxx-6Vxx: 1, 2 or 3 phase industrial supply networks (not more than 10 kA symmetrical rated current at 120 V and 240 V) or DC supply.
- AKD2G-Sxx-7Vxx: 3 phase industrial supply networks (not more than 10 kA symmetrical rated current at 240 V, 400 V and 480 V) or DC supply.

Connection to other voltage types of supply networks is possible with an additional isolating transformer.

Repeated overvoltages between phases (L1, L2, L3) and the housing of the drive must not exceed 1000 V peak. In accordance with EN 61800-3, voltage spikes (< 50 μ s) between phases must not exceed 1000 V. Voltage spikes (< 50 μ s) between a phase and the housing must not exceed 2000 V.

Motor voltage rating

The rated voltage of the motors must be at least as high as the DC bus link voltage divided by $\sqrt{2}$ produced by the drive (U_{nMotor}>=U_{DC}/ $\sqrt{2}$).

Functional Safety

NOTICE

- The network, to which the drive is connected, must be secured according to state-of-the-art information technology security requirements.
- The user IT specialists shall analyze whether further security requirements are applicable to ensure functional safety.

Review the chapter "Use as Directed" in the Functional Safety section before using safety functionality.

2.3 Prohibited Use

Other use than that described in the previous "Use as Directed" section is not intended and can lead to personnel injuries and equipment damage. The drive may not be used with a machine that does not comply with appropriate national directives or standards. The use of the drive in the following environments is also prohibited:

- · potentially explosive areas
- · environments with corrosive and/or electrically conductive acids, alkaline solutions, oils, vapors, dusts
- ships or offshore applications

NOTICE The drive must not be connected directly to the Internet. If the network, to which the drive is connected, is not secured according to state-of-the-art information technology, this could be a functional safety risk.

2.4 Warning note labels

2.4.1 Notes placed on the product



2.4.2 Adhesive label in the package

NOTICE

Follow the instructions given on the adhesive labels in the package. If a warning note label is damaged, it must be replaced immediately.

2.5 Shock-hazard Protection

2.5.1 Leakage current

Leakage current via the PE conductor results from the combination of equipment and cable leakage currents. The leakage current frequency pattern includes a number of frequencies, whereby the residual-current circuit breakers definitively evaluate the 50 Hz current. For this reason, the leakage current cannot be measured using a conventional multimeter. Contact our application department for help to calculate the leakage current in your application.

NOTE Since the leakage current to PE is more than 3.5mA, in compliance with IEC 61800-5-1 the PE connection must either be doubled or a connecting cable with a cross-section >10mm² must be used. Use the PE terminal and the PE connection screws in order to fulfill this requirement.

The following measures can be used to minimize leakage currents:

- Reduce the length of the engine cable.
- Use low capacitance motor cables (→ # 64).

2.5.2 Residual current protective device (RCD)

In conformity with IEC 60364-4-41 - Regulations for installation and IEC 60204 - Electrical equipment of machinery, residual current protective devices (RCDs) can be used provided the requisite regulations are complied with. The AKD2G is a 3-phase system with a B6 bridge. Therefore, RCDs which are sensitive to all currents must be used in order to detect any DC fault current.

Rated residual currents in the RCDs:

10 to 30 mA Protection against "indirect contact" (personal fire protection) for stationary and mobile equipment, as well as for "direct contact".

50 to 30 mA Protection against "indirect contact" (personal fire protection) for stationary equipment

NOTE Recommendation: In order to protect against direct contact (with motor cables shorter than 5 m) Kollmorgen recommends that each drive be protected individually using a 30 mA RCD which is sensitive to all currents.

If you use a selective RCD, the more intelligent evaluation process will prevent spurious tripping of the RCD.

2.5.3 Isolating transformers

When protection against indirect contact is absolutely essential despite a higher leakage current, or when an alternative form of shock-hazard protection is sought, the AKD2G can also be operated by using an isolating transformer. A ground-leakage monitor can be used to monitor for short circuits.

NOTE Keep the length of wiring between the transformer and the drive as short as possible.

2.6 Stop / Emergency Stop / Emergency Off

The control functions Stop, Emergency Stop, and Emergency Off are defined by IEC 60204. Notes for functional safety aspects of these functions can be found in ISO 13849 and IEC 62061(IEC 61508).

NOTE The parameter AXIS#.DISMODE must be set to implement the different stop categories for software disabling. Consult the *WorkBench Online Help* for configuring the parameter.



WARNING Vertical load could fall!

Serious injury could result when the load is not properly blocked. The internal brake function does not ensure functional safety.

- Functional Safety can be ensured with configured SBC (→ # 240) only.
- For SIL 3 a second (external) motor brake for an axis is required. For single axis drives this brake can be connected to X4 (→ # 115). For dual axis drives the additional brake must be controlled from another source (e.g. from the other axis or externally from a safety controller). The brakes can be mapped to an axis with WorkBench.
- The Hardware Enable does not initiate a controlled stop but switches off the power stage immediately.
- Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the brake immediately after faults or Hardware Disable.
- Risk assessment of the application determines the necessary measures.

2.6.1 Stop

The stop function shuts down the machine in normal operation.

The stop function is defined by IEC 60204.

The Stop Category must be determined by a risk evaluation of the machine.

Stop function must have priority over assigned start functions. The following stop categories are defined:

Stop Category 0

NOTE

Shut-down by immediate switching-off the energy supply to the drive machinery (this is an uncontrolled shut-down). For stop without using safety functions like STO, set AXIS#.DISMODE to 0.

The safety function STO stops the drive as required by Stop Category 0 (IEC 60204).

Stop Category 1

A controlled shut-down, whereby the energy supply to the drive machinery is maintained to perform the shut-down, and the energy supply is only interrupted when the shut-down has been completed.

For stop without using safety functions like SS1, set AXIS#.DISMODE to 2.

The safety function SS1 stops the drive as required by Stop Category 1 (IEC 60204).

Stop Category 2

A controlled shut-down, whereby the energy supply to the drive machinery is maintained. This category shall be realized with a safety function like SS2. Safety function SS2 stops the drive as required by Stop Category 2 (IEC 60204).

Stop Category 0 and Stop Category 1 stops must be operable independently of the operating mode, whereby a Category 0 stop must have priority.

If necessary, provision must be made for the connection of protective devices and lock-outs. If applicable, the stop function must signal its status to the control logic. A reset of the stop function must not create a hazardous situation.

2.6.2 Emergency Stop

The Emergency Stop function is used for the fastest possible shutdown of the machine in a dangerous situation. The Emergency Stop function is defined by IEC 60204. Principles of emergency stop devices and functional aspects are defined in ISO 13850.

The Emergency Stop function will be triggered by the manual actions of a single person. It must be fully functional and available at all times. The user must understand instantly how to operate this mechanism (without consulting references or instructions).

NOTE

The Stop Category for the Emergency Stop must be determined by a risk evaluation of the machine.

In addition to the requirements for stop, the Emergency Stop must fulfill the following requirements:

- Emergency Stop must have priority over all other functions and controls in all operating modes.
- The energy supply to any drive machinery that could cause dangerous situations must be switched off as fast as possible, without causing any further hazards (Stop Category 0) or must be controlled in such a way, that any movement that causes danger, is stopped as fast as possible (Stop Category 1).
- The reset must not initiate a restart.

2.6.3 Emergency Off

The Emergency Off function is used to switch-off the electrical power supply of the machine. This is done to prevent users from any risk from electrical energy (for example electrical impact). Functional aspects for Emergency Off are defined in IEC 60364-5-53.

The Emergency Off function will be triggered by the manual actions of a single person.

NOTE

The result of a risk evaluation of the machine determines the necessity for an Emergency Off function.

Emergency Off is done by switching off the supply energy by electro-mechanical switching devices. This results in a category 0 stop. If this stop category is not possible in the application, then the Emergency Off function must be replaced by other measures (e.g., by protection against direct touching).

3 Product life cycle handling

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3.1 Transport

Transport the AKD2G in accordance with IEC 61800-2 as follows:

- · Transport only by qualified personnel in the manufacturer's original recyclable packaging.
- NOTICE: Avoid shocks while transporting.
- Vibration/Shock: AKD2G is tested for environmental class 2M1 of IEC 60721-3-2.
- Store at or below maximum stacking height 8 cartons (see "Storage" (→ # 31))
- Transport only within specified temperature ranges:
 -25 to +70 °C, max. rate of change 20 K/hour, class 2K3.
- Transport only within specified humidity: max. 95% relative humidity at +40°C, no condensation, class 2K3.

NOTICE The drives contain electrostatically sensitive components that can be damaged by incorrect handling. Electrostatically discharge yourself before touching the drive. Avoid contact with highly insulating materials, such as artificial fabrics and plastic films. Place the drive on a conductive surface.

If the packaging is damaged, check the unit for visible damage. Inform the shipper and the manufacturer of any damage to the package or product.

3.2 Packaging

The AKD2G packaging consists of recyclable cardboard with inserts and a label on the outside of the box.

| Model | Package (mm) HxWxL | Total Weight (kg) |
|------------------------|--------------------|-------------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03 to 6V12 | 158 x 394 x 292 | 4.2 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V03 to 7V12 | 158 x 394 x 292 | 4.3 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V24 | 158 x 394 x 292 | 7.6 |

NOTE

Mating connectors are **not** included in the package of a standard drive. Mating connectors are included when the drive is ordered with accessories (append "-A" to the model number).

3.3 Storage

Store the AKD2G in accordance with EN 61800-2 as follows:

- Store only in the manufacturer's original recyclable packaging.
- Store at or below a maximum stacking height of 8 cartons.
- Store only within the specified temperature ranges:
 - -25 to +55 °C, max. rate of change 20 K/hour, class 1K4.
- Store only within the specified humidity:
 - 5 to 95% relative humidity, no condensation, class 1K3.
- Store in accordance with the following duration requirements:
 - Less than 1 year: without restriction.
 - More than 1 year: capacitors must be re-formed before setting up and operating the drive.
 - Re-forming procedures are described in the KDN (Forming).

3.4 Installation, setup and normal operation

- Mechanical installation (→ # 56)
- Electrical installation (\rightarrow # 60)

Setup (→ # 176)

Normal operation tested for environmental class 3K3 according to EN 61800-2 (\rightarrow # 43). The manufacturer of the machine defines the necessary end user expertise based on the risk assessment for the machine and describes the requirements for normal operation based on the application.

3.5 Decommissioning

NOTICE

Only professional staff who are qualified in electrical engineering are allowed to decommission parts of the system.

DANGER: Lethal Voltages!

There is a danger of serious personal injury or death by electrical shock or electrical arcing.

- 1. Switch off the main switch of the switchgear cabinet.
- 2. Secure the system against restarting.
- 3. Block the main switch.
- 4. Wait at least 5 minutes after disconnecting.

3.5.1 Volatile and Non-volatile Memory

Letter of Volatility for AKD Drives: This letter of volatility describes volatile and non-volatile media as well as storage media on the AKD. Use this document to comply with security requirements.

Letter of Volatility for AKD2G Drives: This letter of volatility describes volatile and non-volatile media as well as storage media on the AKD2G. Use this document to comply with security requirements.

For the Letter of Volatility go to Letter of Volatility for AKD Drives.

For the Letter of Volatility go to https://www.kollmorgen.com/en-us/developer-network/letter-volatility-akd2g-drives.

3.6 Maintenance and Cleaning

The device does not require maintenance, it should be inspected once a year by professional staff.

NOTICE

Do not immerse or spray the device. Avoid that liquid enters the device.

The inside of the unit can only be cleaned by the manufacturer. Opening the device voids the warranty.

3.6.1 Cleaning Procedure

- Decommission the device. See "Decommissioning" (→ # 32).
- Casing: Clean with Isopropanol or similar cleaning solution.

CAUTION: Highly Flammable! Risk of injury by explosion and fire.

- Observe the safety notes given on the cleaning liquid package.
- Wait at least 30 minutes after cleaning before putting the device back into operation.
- 3. Protective grill on fan: Clean with a dry brush.

3.7 Disassembly

NOTICE

Only professional staff who are qualified in electrical engineering are allowed to disassemble parts of the system.

 Decommission the device. See "Decommissioning" (→ # 32).

2. Check temperature.

CAUTION: High Temperature! Risk of minor burns. During operation, the heat sink of the drive may reach temperatures above 80 °C (176 °F). Before touching the device, check the temperature and wait until it has cooled below 40 °C (104 °F).

- Remove the connectors.
 Disconnect the potential earth connection last.
- 4. Demount: Loosen the fastening screws. Remove the device.

3.8 System Repair

NOTICE

Only professional staff who are qualified in electrical engineering are allowed to exchange parts of the drive system.

CAUTION: Automatic Start! During replacement work a combination of hazards and multiple episodes may occur.

• Work on the electrical installation may only be performed by trained and qualified personnel, in compliance with the regulations for safety at work, and only with use of prescribed personal safety equipment.

3.8.1 Exchange of the Controller

Only the manufacturer can repair the controller.

Opening the controller or housing voids the warranty.

- Decommission the device. See "Decommissioning" (→ # 32).
- Demount the device.
 See "Disassembly" (→ # 32).
- Send the device to the manufacturer. See "Disposal" (→ # 34).
- 4. Install a new device as described in the Installation Manual.
- 5. Setup the system as described in the Installation Manual.

3.8.2 Exchange of Other Drive System Parts

Use this procedure if parts of the drive system (e.g., cables) must be replaced.

- Decommission the device. See "Decommissioning" (→ # 32).
- 2. Exchange the parts.
- 3. Check all connections for correct fastening.
- 4. Setup the system as described in the Installation Manual.

3.9 Disposal

NOTICE

- Dispose the unit after the mission time at the latest. Information on the start of the mission time can be found here: (Nameplate, → # 37)
- To dispose the unit properly, contact a certified electronic scrap disposal merchant.

In accordance with the WEEE-2012/19/EU guideline and similar, the manufacturer accepts returns of old devices and accessories for professional disposal. The sender needs to cover the costs for the transport. Contact Kollmorgen to clarify the logistics.

Send the devices in the original packaging to the manufacturer address:

| North America | South America |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| KOLLMORGEN 201 West Rock Road Radford, VA 24141, USA | Altra Industrial Motion do Brasil Equipamentos Industriais LTDA. Avenida João Paulo Ablas, 2970 Jardim da Glória, Cotia – SP CEP 06711-250, Brazil |
| Europe | Asia |
| KOLLMORGEN s.r.o Evropská 864664 42 Modřice, Brno Czech Republic | KOLLMORGEN Room 302, Building 5, Lihpao Plaza, 88 Shenbin Road, Minhang District, Shanghai, China. |

4 Package

| 4.1 | Package Supplied | . 37 |
|-----|--------------------|------|
| | Nameplate | |
| 4.3 | Part Number Scheme | . 37 |

4.1 Package Supplied

When a standard drive from the AKD2G series is delivered, the following items are included in the drive package:

- AKD2G
- Printed copy of AKD2G[®] Safety Notes
- · Panel safety label
- ATTENTION: Drive is ready to operate with pre-configured STO function.

NOTE Mating connectors are **not** included in the package of a standard drive.

Mating connectors are included when the drive is ordered with accessories (append "-A" to the model number).

Mating connectors listed below are never delivered with the drive. These mating connectors are usually part of the cables:

- Motor mating connector (X1, X2),
- SubD (X23, X41) for Feedback,
- RJ25 (X13, X14) for CAN Bus, and
- RJ45 (X11, X12, X20) Service and EtherNet Fieldbus.

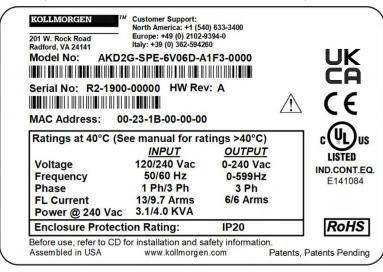
Accessories sold separately

Accessories must be ordered separately if required, see regional Accessories Manual.

- EMC filters for mains supply voltage, categories C2 or C3
- · External regen resistor
- Mating connector kits
- Motor mating connector
- · Hybrid cable, assembled hybrid motor cables are available for all regions
- · Motor cable, assembled motor cables are available for all regions
- Feedback cable, assembled feedback cables are available for all regions
- SFA (Smart Feedback Adapter)
- EtherNet service cable

4.2 Nameplate

A nameplate is attached to the side of the drive. The picture below is similar to the nameplate on the device.



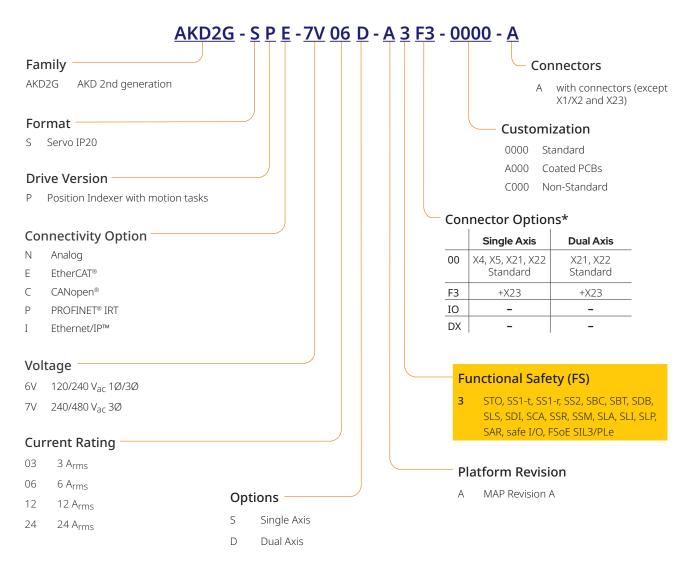
4.3 Part Number Scheme

Use the part number scheme for product identification only.

NOTE

Do not use it for the order process because not all features can always be combined among each other.

- Mating connectors are not included in the package of a standard drive.
 - Mating connectors are included when the drive is ordered with accessories (append "-A" to the model number).
 - Mating connectors X1, X2, RJ25, RJ45, SubD are always part of the used cables.



*See connector options feedback, I/O, and brake availability on the following page.

Example AKD2G-SPE-7V06D-A3F3-0000

AKD2G IP20 housing, position indexer, EtherCAT, 240 V to 480 V mains supply, 2 x 6 A rated current, dual axis, Plattform Revision A, Safe Motion Functionality SIL3 PLe with FSoE, with all possible connectors (X21, X22, X23), uncoated, no mating connectors.

Example AKD2G-SPE-6V03S-A3F3-A000-A

AKD2G IP20 housing, position indexer, EtherCAT, 120 V to 240 V mains supply, 3 A rated current, single axis, Plattform Revision A, Safe Motion Functionality SIL3 PLe with FSoE, with all possible connectors (X21, X22, X4, X5, X23), PCBs coated, with mating connectors.

4.3.0.1 Connector Options Availability

| Connector Options – Feedbacl | Availabi | lity | | | | | X1, X2 or X5 | + SFA Cable ① |
|---------------------------------|-----------------|------|----|-----|----------|--------------|--------------|---------------|
| | X1 | X2 | X5 | X21 | X22 | X23 | SFA-R00 | SFA-E00 |
| HIPERFACE DSL | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | | | |
| SFD | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| SFD3 | ~ | ~ | ~ | | | | | |
| Resolver | | | | | | \checkmark | √ | |
| BiSS B (Analog)/C (Digital) | | | | | C only | \checkmark | | ~ |
| EnDAT 2.1(Analog)/2.2 (Digital) | | | | | 2.2 only | \checkmark | | ~ |
| HIPERFACE | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Sin/Cos | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Sin/Cos +Hall | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Incr. Encoder | | | | ~ | ~ | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Incr. Encoder +Hall | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Hall | | | | | | \checkmark | | ~ |
| SSI | | | | | ~ | \checkmark | | ~ |
| Step/Direction | | | | ~ | ~ | √ | | |
| CW/CCW | | | | ~ | ~ | \checkmark | | |

Connector Options – I/O Availability

| | X21 | X22 |
|-----------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Analog-In (AIN) | 1 Differential input chann | nel |
| Analog-Out (AOUT) | 1 Channel | |
| Digital-In (DIN) | 8 Channels Total 2 IEEE EN61131-2 Standard, Fast, Differential Input Channels | 4 IEEE EN61131-2 Standard Channels |
| Digital-Out (DOUT) | 1 channel (relay) + FS1 only 4 Standard DOUT | 4 Channels – 2 Fast Channels (Volt Free) |
| Digital In/Out (DIO) | - | 2 RS-485/Single-Ended Channels |
| Encoder Emulation Output ⁽²⁾ | - | EEO2 |
| Electronic Gearing Input | \checkmark | \checkmark |
| STO | FS1 Axis 1 | FS1 Axis 2 |
| Safety In (SIN) | 2 Channels, Slow – FS2, FS3 only | 2 Channels, Slow – FS2 & FS3 only |
| Safety Out (SOUT) | 4 Channels Slow – FS2 & FS3 only | - |

| | Digital In/Out (DIO) | Zero Pulse Available | Encoder Emulation Output [®] |
|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------------------------|
| X23 | 4 Channels Total | | EEO1 |
| SFA () – X41 via X1 | 2 Differential/Single-ended input channels | \checkmark | EEO3 |
| SFA ① – X41 via X2 or X5 | 2 Single-ended input channels | | EEO4 |

Connector Options - Secondary Brake Availability: X4 only

0 The SFA (Smart Feedback Adapter) is optional and supplied seperately. 0 WorkBench configuration

5 Technical description and data

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5.1 The AKD2G Family of Digital Drives

| Connectivity | Rated Voltages | Current | Axis | Rev | Funct. Safety |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|-----|------------------|
| N-: Analog C-: CANopen E-: EtherCAT P-: PROFINET I-: EtherNet/IP | 6V: 120/240VAC 1~ 240VAC 3~ 170/340 VDC 7V: 240/400/480VAC 3~ 340/565/680 VDC | 03: 3 A 06: 6 A 12: 12 A 24: 24 A | S- : Single D- : Dual I1=I2 | A | 3: SIL3 extended |

Available AKD2G-SP (Position Indexer) versions

Connector Options

| Single Axis | Dual Axis |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 00 : Basis (X21, X22, X4, X5) | 00: Basis (X21, X22) |
| IO: Basis +X22 | |
| F3 : Basis +X23 | F3: Basis +X23 |
| DX : Basis +X22, +X23 | |

Standard features

- Single axis or dual axis in one housing
- Supply voltages:
 - DC
 - AC single phase, split phase, three phase AC neutral or leg grounded
 - Single or group supply, single or group mains fusing
- EtherNet Fieldbus on board, TCP/IP service channel and Modbus on board
- SFD3, HIPERFACE DSL motor feedback support on board
- Support for many conventional motor feedback types
- Step / Direction input on board
- Encoder emulation on board
- · Use with synchronous servomotors, linear motors, and induction machines

Power section

- Single or three phase AC supply, 5% to 110% of rated AC voltage over 47 to 63 Hz. Connection to higher AC voltage mains only by using isolating transformer.
- DC supply, voltage range 5% to 110% of rated DC voltage. Fusing to be provided by the user.
- Three phase bridge rectifier, integral soft-start circuit.
- DC bus link voltage can be connected in parallel for power sharing.
- · Floating current sensors measure actual motor current
- Regenerative circuit with dynamic distribution of the generated power between several drives on the same DC bus link circuit.
- Internal regen resistor for all models, optional external regen resistor if required.

Functional Safety Options

 FS3: STO, SS1-t, SS1-r, SS2, SOS, SLS, SSM, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP, SCA, SBC, SDB, SBT; SIL3 PLe, command by I/O or FSoE (→ # 203).

Electrical safety

- Appropriate insulation / creepage distances and electrical isolation for safe electrical separation, per IEC 61800-5-1, between the power input / motor connections and the signal electronics.
- Soft-start, over voltage detection, short-circuit protection, phase-loss detection.
- Temperature monitoring of the drive and motor.
- Electronic motor overload protection: foldback mechanism or optional fault response.

Auxiliary supply voltage 24VDC

From an external, safety approved 24 V ±10% power supply (PELV).

Parameter setting

- · WorkBench Software for setup by using TCP/IP.
- Download control parameter packages by using CoE
- Download safety parameter packages by using FSoE

Full digital control

- Digital current loop (update 1.28 μs / command 62.5 μs)
- Digital velocity loop (update period 62.5 µs)
- Digital position loop (update period 250 μs)

Inputs/Outputs (X21/X22/X23)

- 2 programmable analog input (→ # 164)
- 2 programmable analog output (→ # 166)
- 12 programmable digital inputs (\rightarrow # 166)
- 4 programmable digital outputs (\rightarrow # 171)
- 6 programmable digital input/outputs (→ # 171)
- 4 programmable safe inputs (→ # 210)
- 4 programmable safe outputs (\rightarrow # 211)

Connector Options

• F3: X23 connector for conventional motor feedbacks (Resolver, SFD, Tamagawa Smart Abs, Comcoder, 1Vp-p Sin-Cos encoders, incremental encoders, EnDAT 2.1/2.2 and HIPERFACE).

Customization

- 0000: uncoated PCBs, standard 0xxx: uncoated PCBs, customized coding
- A000: coated PCBs, standard Axxx: coated PCBs, customized coding

Connectivity

- Feedback inputs (\rightarrow # 116)
- Encoder emulation output (→ # 151)
- Digital Inputs/Outputs (→ # 162)
- Service Interface (\rightarrow # 160)
- Modbus Interface (→ # 162)
- CANopen (→ # 158)
- EtherNet Fieldbus interface (→ # 155)

Accessories

- SFA (Smart Feedback Adapter) (→ # 137).
- Hybrid motor cables, motor power cables, motor feedback cables.

• External regen resistors.

For accessories refer to your regional Accessories Manual.

5.2 Ambient Conditions, Ventilation and Mounting Position

| Storage, Transport | (→ # 31) | | | | | | | |
|--------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Normal operation | Environmental class 3K3 according to IEC 61800-2 | | | | | | | |
| Surrounding | Internal regen resistor used: | | | | | | | |
| temperature in operation | 0 to +40 °C under rated conditions | | | | | | | |
| | +40 to +60 °C with output current derating 3 % per Kelvin | | | | | | | |
| | Internal regen resistor not used: | | | | | | | |
| | 0 to +50 °C under rated conditions | | | | | | | |
| | +50 to +60 °C with output current derating 2 % per Kelvin | | | | | | | |
| Humidity in operation | Relative humidity 5 to 85%, no condensation, IEC 61800-2 class 3K3 | | | | | | | |
| Site altitude | Up to 1,000 m AMSL (above mean sea level): no restriction | | | | | | | |
| | 1,000 to 2,000 m AMSL: power derating 1.5%/100 m | | | | | | | |
| | Maximum altitude: 2,000 m AMSL | | | | | | | |
| Pollution level | Pollution level 2 as per IEC 60664-1 | | | | | | | |
| Vibration | Class 3M1 according to IEC 61800-2 | | | | | | | |
| Shock | Class L according to IEC 61800-2 | | | | | | | |
| Drive protection | IP 20 according to IEC 60529 | | | | | | | |
| Drive EMC immunity | Increased immunity according to EN 61800-5-2 | | | | | | | |
| Mounting | Vertical position, in a cabinet with protection of at least IP 54 | | | | | | | |
| | Minimum cabinet size (WxHxD): 406 x 406 x 254 mm | | | | | | | |
| Ventilation | Built-in fan in all drive variants | | | | | | | |
| NOTICE | The drive shuts down in case of excessively high temperature in the control cabinet. Make sure sufficient forced ventilation is supplied within the control cabinet. | | | | | | | |

5.3 Mechanical Data

| | | AKD2G-Sxx- | | | | | | |
|----------------------------|------|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|---------------------------|-------|--|--|
| | Unit | 6V03S, 6V06S, 6V12S | 6V03D, 6V06D | 7V03S, 7V06S | 7V03D, 7V06D, 7V12S | 7V24S | | |
| Width | mm | 76 | 76 | 75 | 75 | 100 | | |
| Height, without connectors | mm | 235 | 235 | 272 | 272 | 335 | | |
| Height, with connectors | mm | 303 | 303 | 340 | 340 | 450 | | |
| Depth, without connectors | mm | 221 | 221 | 221 | 221 | 274 | | |
| Depth, with connectors | mm | 232 | 232 | 232 | 232 | 291 | | |

NOTE

Dimension Drawing see section Mechanical Installation (\rightarrow # 56).

5.4 Performance Data

| | AKD2G-Sxx- | | | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| Performance Data | Units | 6V03S/D 6V06S/D 6V12S | 7V03S/D 7V06S | 7V06D | 7V12S | 7V24S |
| High/Quiet PWM Switching Frequency (optional setting)(dynamic) | kHz | 15.0 | 11.2 | 9.8 | 9.8 | 9.8 |

| | | AKD2G-Sxx- | | | | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------|------------------|-------|-------|-------|--|
| Performance Data | Units | 6V03S/D 6V06S/D 6V12S | 7V03S/D 7V06S | 7V06D | 7V12S | 7V24S | |
| Nominal/High Load PWM Switching Frequency (dynamic) | kHz | 10.3 | 8.1 | 6.5 | 5.9 | 6.5 | |
| High Load Stalled PWM Switching Frequency (dynamic) | kHz | 5.1 | 4.1 | 3.3 | 2.9 | 3.3 | |
| Max. Voltage rise speed dU/dt | kV/µs | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | 7.0 | |
| Current Loop Update Period | μs | 1.28* | 1.28* | 1.28* | 1.28* | 1.28* | |
| Velocity Loop Update Period | μs | 62.5 | 62.5 | 62.5 | 62.5 | 62.5 | |
| Position Loop Update Period | μs | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | 250 | |
| Max. Current Loop Bandwidth | Hz | 3000 | 2400 | 1900 | 1700 | 1900 | |
| Max. Velocity Loop Bandwidth | Hz | 750 | 650 | 600 | 550 | 600 | |
| Max. Position Loop Bandwidth | Hz | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | 350 | |
| Max. Motor Electrical Frequency | Hz | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | 599 | |

* Control updates every 1.28 µs. Current command is updated every 62.5 µs.

5.5 Electrical data

5.5.1 Single axis variants (S)

5.5.1.1 Mains supply data, 1 phase AC, type AKD2G-Sxx- (S)

| Input data | Units | 6V03S | 6V06S | 6V12S | | |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|----------|------------|-------|--|--|
| Operational supply voltage (line to line) | VAC | | 12 to 265 | | | |
| Rated supply voltage | VAC | | 100 to 240 | | | |
| Rated supply input frequency (±5%) | Hz | 50 to 60 | | | | |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | 30 | | | | |
| Rated input VA at 240 V | kVA | 1.0 | 1.7 | 3.1 | | |
| Rated input current | A | 4.0 | 7.1 | 13 | | |
| Max. inrush current | A | 10 | | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | | 300 | | | |

5.5.1.2 Mains supply data, 3 phase AC, type AKD2G-Sxx- (S)

| Input data | Units | 6V03S | 6V06S | 6V12S | 7V03S | 7V06S | 7V12S | 7V24S |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|
| Operational supply voltage (Line to Line) | VAC | | 12 to 265 | | | 24 to | 525 | |
| Rated supply voltage | VAC | | 100 to 240 |) | 200 to 480 | | | |
| Rated supply input frequency (±5%) | Hz | | | | 50 to 60 | | | |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | | | | 30 | | | |
| Rated input VA at 240 V (* at 480 V) | kVA | 1.3 | 2.2 | 4.0 | 2.7* | 4.4* | 7.2* | 15.2* |
| Rated input current | A | 3.2 | 5.3 | 9.7 | 3.2 | 5.3 | 8.7 | 18.3 |
| Max. inrush current | Α | | , | / | 10 | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | | 140 to 340 |) | | 30 2.7* 4.4* 7.2* 15.2 3.2 5.3 8.7 18.3 | | |

| Input data | Units | 6V03S | 6V06S | 6V12S | 7V03S | 7V06S | 7V12S | 7V24S |
|-----------------------------------------|-------|-------|------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Operational supply voltage (DC+ to DC-) | VDC | | 17 to 370 | | | 34 to | 740 | |
| Rated supply voltage | VDC | | 100 to 340 |) | | 200 t | o 680 | |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | | | | 30 | | | |
| Rated input power at 340 V (* at 680 V) | kW | 0.62 | 1.25 | 2.5 | 1.25* | 2.5* | 5.0* | 10* |
| Rated input current | Α | 2.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 2.0 | 4.0 | 8.0 | 16 |
| Max. inrush current through AC input | Α | 10 | | | | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | | 100 to 340 |) | | 200 t | o 680 | |

5.5.1.4 Output data, type AKD2G-Sxx- (S)

| | Units | 6V03S | 6V06S | 6V12S | 7V03S | 7V06S | 7V12S | 7V24S |
|------------------------------------------|--------------|----------|-------|------------|---------------|--------------|-------|----------|
| Continuous output current (± 3%) | Arms | 3 | 6 | 12 | 3 | 6 | 12 | 24 |
| Peak output current (for 5s, ±3%) | Arms | 9 | 18 | 30 | 9 | 18 | 30 | 72 |
| Continuous motor shaft output power at r | ated input c | urrent | | | | 1 | | |
| at 1 x 120 VAC | kW | 0.22 | 0.44 | 0.875 | - | - | - | - |
| at 1 x 240 VAC | kW | 0.44 | 0.875 | 1.8 | | | | 2.5 |
| at 3 x 120 VAC | kW | 0.31 | 0.625 | 1.25 | - | - | - | - |
| at 3 x 240 VAC | kW | 0.625 | 1.25 | 2.5 | 0.625 | 1.25 | 2.5 | 5.0 |
| at 3 x 400 VAC | kW | - | - | - | 1.05 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 8.3 |
| at 3 x 480 VAC | kW | - | - | - | 1.25 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 10.0 |
| at 170 VDC | kW | 0.31 | 0.625 | 1.25 | - | - | - | - |
| at 340 VDC | kW | 0.625 | 1.25 | 2.5 | 0.625 | 1.25 | 2.5 | 5.0 |
| at 565 VDC | kW | - | - | - | 1.05 | 2.1 | 4.2 | 8.3 |
| at 680 VDC | kW | - | - | - | 1.25 | 2.5 | 5.0 | 10.0 |
| Peak output power (for 1 s) |] | |] |] |] |] |] | 1 |
| at 1 x 120 VAC | kW | 1.1 | 2.1 | 4.1 | - | - | - | - |
| at 1 x 240 VAC | kW | 2.1 | 4.2 | 6.3 | - | - | - | 12 |
| at 3 x 120 VAC | kW | 1.5 | 3 | 4.5 | - | - | - | - |
| at 3 x 240 VAC | kW | 3.0 | 6.0 | 9.0 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 10 | 24 |
| at 3 x 400 VAC | kW | - | - | - | 5.0 | 10 | 16.5 | 40 |
| at 3 x 480 VAC | kW | - | - | - | 6.0 | 12 | 20 | 48 |
| at 170 VDC | kW | 1.5 | 3 | 4.5 | - | - | - | - |
| at 340 VDC | kW | 3.0 | 6.0 | 9.0 | 3.0 | 6.0 | 10 | 24 |
| at 565 VDC | kW | - | - | - | 5.0 | 10 | 16.5 | 40 |
| at 680 VDC | kW | - | - | - | 6.0 | 12 | 20 | 48 |
| Fan noise emission at 1m, min/max | dB(A) | |] | < 50 | / 60 |] |] | < 50 /76 |
| Thermal dissipation, disabled | W | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 12 | 15 |
| Thermal dissipation at rated current | W | 50 | 80 | 140 | 65 | 105 | 210 | 395 |
| Motor inductance | J | |] |] |] |] |] | 1 |
| minimum at 120 VAC | mH | 1.2 | 0.6 | 0.3 | - | - | - | - |
| minimum at 240 VAC | mH | 2.4 | 1.2 | 0.6 | 3.1 | 1.5 | 1.1 | 0.5 |
| minimum at 400 VAC | mH | - | - | - | 5.1 | 2.6 | 1.8 | 0.85 |
| minimum at 480 VAC | mH | - | - | - | 6.1 | 3.1 | 2.1 | 1.0 |
| maximum | mH | 240 | 120 | 60 | 610 | 310 | 180 | 80 |
| Regeneration Braking | | | 1 | (→ | # 49) | , | 1 | 1 |
| Brake output | I | | | - | | | | |
| Voltage (±10%) | VDC | 24 | | | | | | |
| Voltage power saving | VDC | 12 to 24 | | | | | | |
| Output under current fault | mA | | | 100 (requi | red for fault | t detection) |) | |
| Output over current fault | Α | | | · · | red for faul | , | | |
| Output current, maximum | A | | | | 2.1 | | | |

5.5.2 Dual axis variants (D: I1=I2)

5.5.2.1 Mains supply data, 1 phase AC, type AKD2G-Sxx- (D)

| Input data | Units | 6V03D | 6V06D | | |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|------------|-------|--|--|
| Operational supply voltage (line to line) | VAC | 12 to 265 | | | |
| Rated supply voltage | VAC | 100 to 240 | | | |
| Rated supply input frequency (±5%) | Hz | 50 to 60 | | | |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | 30 |) | | |
| Rated input VA at 240 V | kVA | 1.7 3.1 | | | |
| Rated input current | A | 7.2 | 13 | | |
| Max. inrush current | А | 10 | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | 140 to 340 | | | |

5.5.2.2 Mains supply data, 3 phase AC, type AKD2G-Sxx- (D)

| Input data | Units | 6V03D | 6V06D | 7V03D | 7V06D |
|--------------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-------|--------|
| Operational supply voltage (ine to line) | VAC | 12 to 265 24 to 525 | | | o 525 |
| Rated supply voltage | VAC | 100 to 240 200 to 480 | | | to 480 |
| Rated supply input frequency (±5%) | Hz | 50 to 60 | | | |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | 30 | | | |
| Rated input VA at 240 V (* at 480 V) | kVA | 2.2 | 4.0 | 4.4* | 7.2* |
| Rated input current | A | 5.3 | 9.7 | 5.3 | 8.7 |
| Max. inrush current (at 240 V/480 V, 20°C) | Α | 10 | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | 140 to 340 280 to 680 | | | to 680 |

5.5.2.3 Mains supply data, DC, type AKD2G-Sxx- (D)

| Input data | Units | 6V03D | 6V06D | 7V03D | 7V06D |
|-----------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------|-------|-----------|-------|
| Operational supply voltage (DC+ to DC-) | VDC | 17 to | 370 | 34 to 740 | |
| Rated supply voltage | VDC | 140 t | o 340 | 280 t | o 680 |
| Permitted switch on/off frequency | 1/h | 30 | | | |
| Rated input power at 340 V (* at 680 V) | kW | 1.25 | 2.5 | 2.5* | 5* |
| Rated input current | A | 4 | 8 | 4 | 8 |
| Max. inrush current through AC input | A | 10 | | | |
| Rated DC bus link voltage | VDC | 140 to 340 200 to 680 | | | o 680 |

5.5.2.4 Output data, type AKD2G-Sxx- (D)

Drive current and power output values are listed for Axis1/Axis2.

| Parameter | Units | 6V03D | 6V06D | 7V03D | 7V06D | |
|--------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|---------------------|------------------|-----------|--|
| Continuous output current (± 3%) | Arms | 3/3 | 6/6 | 3/3 | 6/6 | |
| Peak output current (for 5s, ±3%) | Arms | 9/9 | 18/18 | 9/9 | 18/18 | |
| Continuous motor shaft output power | at rated in | out current | | | | |
| at 1 x 120 VAC | kW | 0.22/0.22 | 0.44/0.44 | - | - | |
| at 1 x 240 VAC | kW | 0.44/0.44 | 0.875/0.875 | | | |
| at 3 x 120 VAC | kW | 0.31/0.31 | 0.625/0.625 | - | - | |
| at 3 x 240 VAC | kW | 0.625/0.625 | 1.25/1.25 | 0.625/0.625 | 1.25/1.25 | |
| at 3 x 400 VAC | kW | - | - | 1.05/1.05 | 2.1/2.1 | |
| at 3 x 480 VAC | kW | - | - | 1.25/1.25 | 2.5/2.5 | |
| at 170 VDC | kW | 0.31/0.31 | 0.625/0.625 | - | - | |
| at 340 VDC | kW | 0.625/0.625 | 1.25/1.25 | 0.625/0.625 | 1.25/1.25 | |
| at 565 VDC | kW | - | - | 1.05/1.05 | 2.1/2.1 | |
| at 680 VDC | kW | - | - | 1.25/1.25 | 2.5/2.5 | |
| Peak output power (for 1 s) | II | | | | 1 | |
| at 1 x 120 VAC | kW | 1.1/1.1 | 2.1/2.1 | - | - | |
| at 1 x 240 VAC | kW | 2.1/2.1 | 4.2/4.2 | - | - | |
| at 3 x 120 VAC | kW | 1.5/1.5 | 3.0/3.0 | - | - | |
| at 3 x 240 VAC | kW | 3.0/3.0 | 6.0/6.0 | 3.0/3.0 | 6.0/6.0 | |
| at 3 x 400 VAC | kW | - | - | 5.0/5.0 | 10/10 | |
| at 3 x 480 VAC | kW | - | - | 6.0/6.0 | 12/12 | |
| at 170 VDC | kW | 1.5/1.5 | 3.0/3.0 | - | - | |
| at 340 VDC | kW | 3.0/3.0 | 6.0/6.0 | 3.0/3.0 | 6.0/6.0 | |
| at 565 VDC | kW | - | - | 5.0/5.0 | 10/10 | |
| at 680 VDC | kW | - | - | 6.0/6.0 | 12/12 | |
| an noise emission at 1m, min/max | dB(A) | | < 50 / | 60 | | |
| Thermal dissipation, disabled | W | 15 | 15 | 15 | 15 | |
| Thermal dissipation at rated current | W | 90 | 150 | 120 | 210 | |
| Motor inductance | / | | | | | |
| minimum at 120 VAC | mH | 1.2/1.2 | 0.6/0.6 | - | - | |
| minimum at 240 VAC | mH | 2.4/2.4 | 1.2/1.2 | 3.1/3.1 | 1.9/1.9 | |
| minimum at 400 VAC | mH | - | - | 5.1/5.1 | 3.2/3.2 | |
| minimum at 480 VAC | mH | - | - | 6.1/6.1 | 3.8/3.8 | |
| maximum | mH | 240/240 | 120/120 | 610/610 | 380/380 | |
| Regeneration Braking | | | (→ # 49) | | , | |
| Brake output | | | | | | |
| Voltage (±10%) | VDC | 24 | | | | |
| Voltage power saving | VDC | | 12 to 2 | 24 | | |
| Output under current fault | mA | | 100 (required for f | ault detection) | | |
| Output over current fault | А | | 2.25 (required for | fault detection) | | |
| Output current, maximum | A | | 2.1 per b | orake | | |

5.5.3 Steady State Control Current per Brake Option

| Auxiliary 24 VDC (±10%, check voltage drop) Supply Voltage (PELV) | Units | Current |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|---------|
| Base current for all AKD2G Sxx-xV 3-12 A drives with NO brake | А | < 1 |
| Base current for an AKD2G Sxx-7V24S drive with NO brake | A | < 1.5 |
| Additional current load per brake (maximum 2 brakes)* | A | < 1.8 |

* To calculate current for a drive plus a brake, add base drive current plus the current value for each brake.

For example:

1. AKD2G-Sxx-6V06D with two brakes: Net 24 V current < 1 + 2•(1.8) = 4.6 A

2. AKD2G-Sxx-7V24S with one brake: Net 24 V current < 1.5 + 1.8 = 3.3 A

5.6 Electrical Motor Braking

5.6.1 Drive dynamic braking

Drive Dynamic braking is a method to slow down a servo system by dissipating the mechanical energy driven by the motor back EMF.

NOTE

Drive dynamic braking is not functional safe. Safe dynamic braking (SDB) requires an external SDB-Contactor (\rightarrow # 255).

The AKD2G has a built in advanced drive dynamic braking mode which operates fully in hardware. When activated, the drive powers the motor terminals with voltages to maximize the stopping force per amount of motor current. This advanced method forces all of the dynamic braking current to be stopping current and insures the fastest stopping per ampere of motor terminal current.

- When current is not being limited, the mechanical energy is being dissipated in the motor winding resistance.
- When current is being limited, energy is returned to the drive bus capacitors.
- The drive also limits the maximum dynamic braking motor terminal current by using the AXIS#.DBILIMIT parameter to insure that the drive, motor, and customer load do not see excessive currents/forces.

Whether and how the AKD2G uses dynamic drive braking depends on AXIS#.DISMODE.

5.6.2 Regeneration braking

When the amount of returned energy from the motor builds the bus capacitor voltage up enough the drive activates the regenerative braking circuit to start dumping the returned energy in the regen resistor (also called regenerative resistor or brake resistor). All AKD2G offer internal resistor plus the ability to connect an external resistor depending on the application requirements.

NOTE

External regen resistors are described in the regional Accessories Manual.

5.6.2.1 Functional description

1. Individual drives, not coupled through the DC bus link circuit (+DC, -DC)

When the energy fed back from the motor has an average or peak power that exceeds the preset level for the brake power rating, the drive generates the warning "W2010 Regen Energy Critical". If the power exceeds the set fault level, the regenerative circuit will switch off and the drive will disable.

2. Several drives coupled through the DC bus link (+DC, -DC)

Using the built-in regenerative circuit, several drives of the same series can be operated from a common DC-bus link (\rightarrow # 103), without any additional measures. 90% of the combined power of all the coupled drives is always available for peak and continuous power. If the power of the drive with the lowest switch-off threshold (resulting from tolerances) exceeds the set fault level, the regenerative circuit will switch off on that drive.

Switch-off on over voltage: With the regenerative circuit switched off, the returned energy is not dissipated and therefore the DC-bus link level increases. The drive reports an over-voltage fault if the DC-bus voltage threshold is

exceeded. When this happens, the drive power stage is immediately disabled and the load coasts to a stop with the fault message "F2006 Bus Over voltage".

The ready to operate contact (terminals X21/B5-B6) is opened (\rightarrow # 175).

NOTE

Observe the regeneration time (some minutes) after full load with peak brake power.

5.6.2.2 Technical data AKD2G-Sxx-6V

Technical data for the regenerative circuit depends on the drive type and the mains voltage. Supply voltages, capacitance, and switch-on voltages are all nominal values.

| Brake circuit | | | AC Supply |
|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------|-------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx- | Rated data | Units | 120V / 240V |
| | Regen start voltage at rated supply voltage | V | 380 |
| | Overvoltage limit | | 420 |
| | Maximum regenerative duty cycle 9 | | 35* |
| | Internal regen resistor | Ω | 15 |
| 6Vxxy all types | Continuous power, internal resistor | W | 100 |
| un typoo | Peak brake power, internal resistor (0.5s) | kW | 3/9 |
| | External regen resistor (recommended 15 Ω) | Ω | ≥10 |
| | Continuous brake power, external resistor | kW | 3 |
| | Peak brake power, external (1s) | kW | 5/14 |
| 6V03S, 6V06S | Absorption energy in capacitors (±20%) | Ws | 6 / 23 |
| 00033, 00003 | DC Bus Capacitance | μF | 1640 |
| 6V12S, 6V03D, | Absorption energy in capacitors (± 20%) | Ws | 9 / 35 |
| 6V06D | DC Bus Capacitance | μF | 2460 |

* depends on connected regen resistor power.

5.6.2.3 Technical data for AKD2G-Sxx-7V

Technical data for the regenerative circuit depends on the drive type and the mains voltage. Supply voltages, capacitance, and switch-on voltages are all nominal values.

| Brake circuit | Brake circuit | | AC Supply | |
|---------------|----------------------------------------------------|-------|-----------|-----------|
| AKD2G-Sxx- | Rated data | Units | 240V | 400V/480V |
| | Regen start voltage at rated supply voltage | V | 380 | 633 / 760 |
| | Overvoltage limit | V | 420 | 840 |
| | Maximum regenerative duty cycle | % | | 35* |
| 7V03S ,7V06S, | D3S 7V06S Internal regen resistor Ω | | 33 | |
| 7V12S, 7V03D, | | | | 100 |
| 7V06D | Peak brake power, internal resistor (0.5s) | kW | 4 | 17 |
| | External regen resistor (recommended 33 Ω) | Ω | | ≥25 |
| | Continuous brake power, external resistor | kW | 2 | 6 |
| | Peak brake power, external (1s) | kW | 6 | 24 |
| 7//028 7//068 | Absorption energy in capacitors (±20%) | Ws | 3 | 30 / 18 |
| 7V03S, 7V06S | DC Bus Capacitance | μF | | 235 |
| 7V12S, 7V03D, | Absorption energy in capacitors (±20%) | Ws | 6 | 50 / 35 |
| 7V06D | DC Bus Capacitance | μF | | 470 |

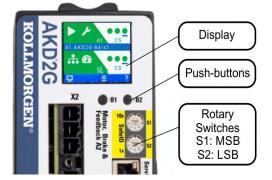
AKD2G-Sxx-7V24

| Brake circuit | | | AC | AC Supply | |
|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------|-------|-----------|--|
| AKD2G-Sxx- | Rated data | Units | 240V | 400V/480V | |
| | Regen start voltage at rated supply voltage | V | 380 | 633 / 760 | |
| | Overvoltage limit | V | 420 | 840 | |
| | Maximum regenerative duty cycle | % | | 35* | |
| Internal regen resistor | | Ω | | 15 | |
| | Continuous power, internal resistor | W | W 140 | | |
| 7V24S | Peak brake power, internal resistor (0.5s) | kW | 9 | 38 | |
| External regen resistor (recommended 15 Ω) | | Ω | ≥10 | | |
| | Continuous brake power, external resistor | kW | 3 | 10 | |
| | Peak brake power, external (1s)kWAbsorption energy in capacitors (±20%)Ws | | 14 | 55 | |
| | | | 15 | 125 / 80 | |
| | DC Bus Capacitance | μF | | 1200 | |

* depends on connected regen resistor power.

5.7 LCD Display and Push-buttons (B1, B2)

The drive offers an LCD display and two push-buttons B1 / B2 for navigation.



Push-button actions

A short button press invokes the action corresponding to the symbol directly above the button. On the dashboard for example,

- a short press on B1 causes the menu system to appear, and
- a short press on B2 causes a help screen to appear.
- A long press (greater than 2 seconds) on B2 returns the display to the previous screen.

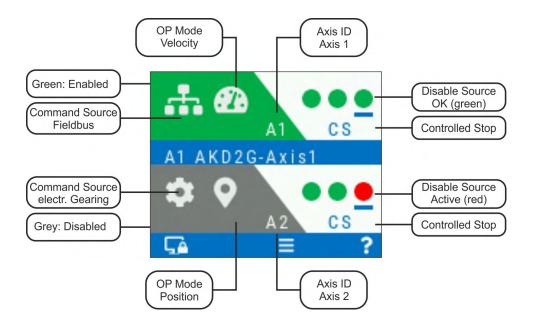
| B1 / B2 Functions | Description |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Boot from SD card | Push both buttons during power up to boot with data from SD card. Press the buttons first, then hold it down while turning on the 24 V power supply. |
| Boot from flash fallback image | Remove the SD card, then press both buttons and hold them down while turning on the 24 V power supply to boot from an on-board recovery image. The fallback image includes a set of bootloader, operational, and control FPGA that implements sufficient programming support to update missing or corrupt files. |
| SafeID Validation | Push B2 to acknowledge SafeID validation request on the display. |

LCD display

- Left Colored section
 - Color: axis status (enabled, disabled, or faulted).
 - First icon: axis command source (analog, service, electronic gearing, or fieldbus).
 - Second icon: axis operation mode (torque, velocity, or position).
 - Axis ID: A1 or A2.
- Right Non-colored section:
 - No Fault/Warning: three virtual LEDs corresponding to axis disable sources (Safe Torque Off, Hardware Enable, and Controlled Stop).
 - Faults or warnings: fault or warning code.
- Center blue bar:
 - Drive and axis names
 - IP address
 - Drive model number
 - Firmware version
- Bottom blue bar:
 - · indicates whether the service port is connected to WorkBench, and
 - shows the actions that will be invoked by pushing the B1 / B2 buttons.

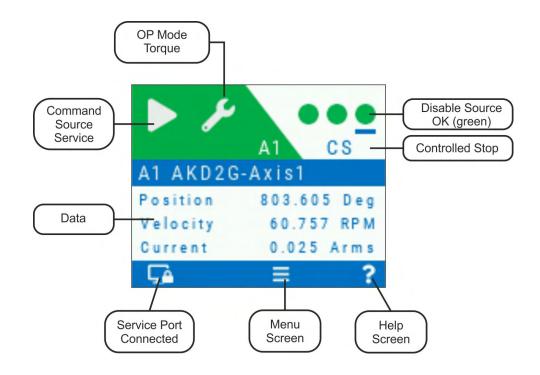
Dual axis LCD display

For dual-axis drives, the top section shows axis 1 information, the bottom section those for axis 2.



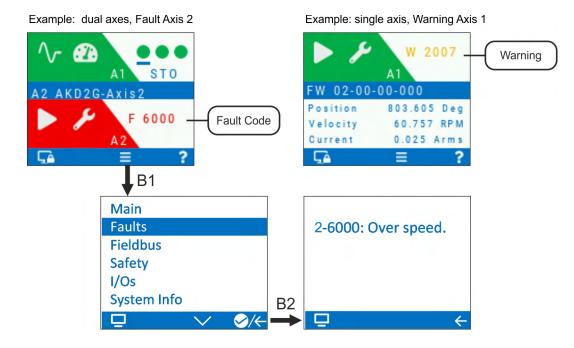
Single axis LCD display

For single axis drives, the top section shows axis 1 information while the section between the center and bottom bars is a data area where some important actual values of the axis are visible: position, velocity, current.



Faults and Warnings

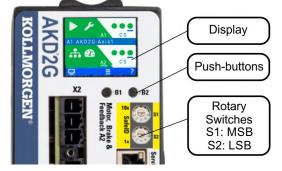
The display shows the code of the fault or warning that occurred. If a fault occurs, the color of the left section switches to red. Navigate with B1 / B2 to the Fault screen to see a short description of the fault or warning.



See WorkBench Onlinehelp for more details.

5.8 Rotary Switches (S1, S2)

AKD2G with safety option 3 offer two decimal rotary switches for setting the SafeID and FSoE node address.



Refer to section "Functional Safety" for complete information (\rightarrow # 288).

5.9 SD Card Slot



AKD2G contains an SD card slot

- to recover the drive from failure and
- to backup and restore firmware and parameters and
- to store AKD2G logs.

These features can be accessed from the drive display using push-buttons B1/B2.

Supported SD card types

SD cards are formatted by the manufacturer. The following table outlines the SD card types and AKD2G support.

| SD Type | File System | Capacity | Supported |
|-----------|-------------------|--------------|-----------|
| SD (SDSC) | FAT16 | 1MB to 2GB | YES |
| SDHC | FAT32 | 4GB to 32GB | YES |
| SDXC | exFAT (Microsoft) | >32GB to 2TB | NO |

Features

Refer to the WorkBench online help for complete information.

- To recoverAKD2G from an SD card: Remove 24V. Press the buttons B1 and B2 to apply 24V. Release buttons after the display is updated.
- Backup/Restore operations: Only possible when no program is running and the drive is disabled. Note that if a fault occurs during Backup/Restore operations, the fault number shows up in the display, error codes (→ # 191).
 - Drive Firmware Backup/Restore
 - Drive Parameters Save/Restore
 - Storing drive logs
 - Storing drive troubleshooting information in case of failure.
 - Drive recovery in case of failure.

6 Mechanical Installation

| 6.1 | Important Notes | 57 |
|-----|----------------------------------|-----|
| 6.2 | Guide to Mechanical Installation | 57 |
| 6.3 | Dimensions | .57 |

6.1 Important Notes



CAUTION High EMC Voltage Level!

Risk of electrical shock, if the servo amplifier (or the motor) is not properly EMC-grounded. Use electrically conductive mounting plates, e. g. made of aluminum or galvanized steel.

· In unfavourable circumstances, use copper mesh tape between the earthing bolts and earth potential to deflect currents.



WARNING Projection of molten particles!

If particles fall into the drive or the drive has been damaged, molten drive component particles may be ejected causing injuries. Shut down the drive and wear appropriate protective gear during maintenance work, troubleshooting and fault rectification. (\rightarrow # 34)

NOTICE

Protect the drive from impermissible stresses. In particular, do not let any components become bent or any insulation distances altered during transport and handling. Avoid contact with electronic components and contacts.

6.2 Guide to Mechanical Installation

You need at least the following tools to install the AKD2G:

- M5 hexagon socket-cap screws (ISO 4762)
- 4 mm hexagon ball head screwdriver
- No. 2 Phillips head screwdriver
- Small slotted screwdriver

Your specific installation may require additional tools.

NOTICE

Do not mount the drive right next to devices that produce magnetic fields. Strong magnetic fields can directly affect internal components. Install the drive with distance to such devices and/or shield the magnetic fields.

Install the drive unit as follows:

- 1. Mount the drive in a closed control cabinet (ambient conditions (\rightarrow #43). The site must be free from conductive or corrosive materials. For the mounting position in the cabinet see (\rightarrow # 57).
- 2. Check that the ventilation of the drive is unimpeded and keep within the permitted ambient temperature (→ # 43). Keep the required space clearance above and below the drive (\rightarrow # 57).
- 3. Ensure that there is an adequate flow of cool, filtered air into the bottom of the control cabinet, or use a heat exchanger (\rightarrow #43).

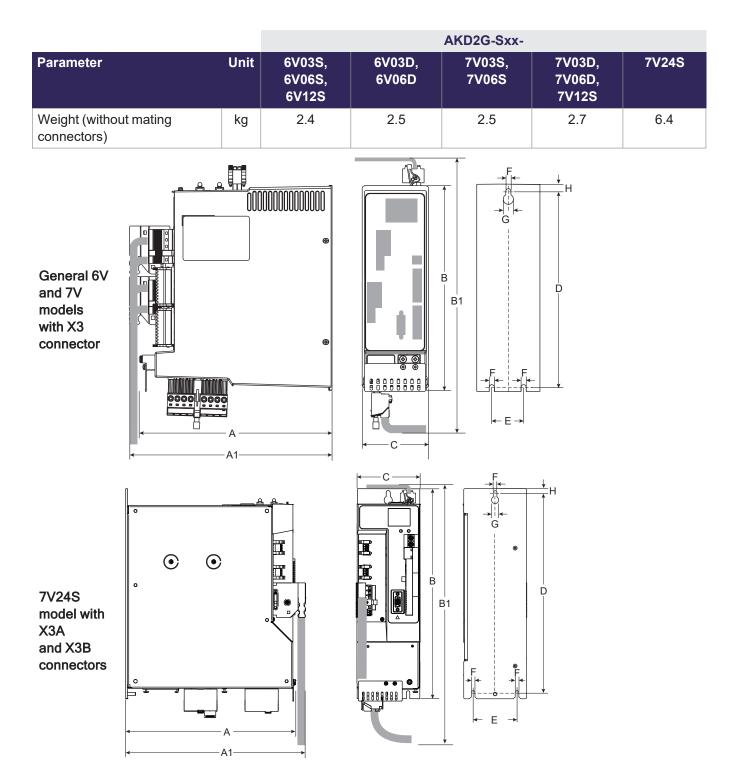
Notice: The drive will switch itself off in case of overheating.

- 4. If you are using a cooling system for the control cabinet, position the cooling system in a way that condensation water cannot drip onto the drive or peripheral devices.
- 5. Assemble the drive and power supply next to each other on the conductive, grounded mounting plate in the cabinet.
- 6. Ground the mounting plate, motor housing and CNC-GND of the control system. For EMC-compliant shielding and grounding see (\rightarrow # 66).

6.3 Dimensions

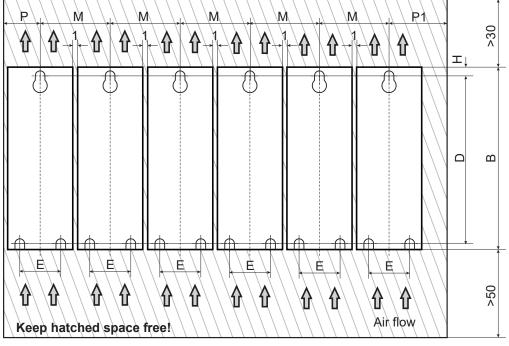
NOTE

Mounting: 3 x M5 hexagon socket screws to ISO 4762, 4 mm hexagon ball head screwdriver



NOTE

Outline width and height dimensions are measured on footprint level (mounting plate). Dimensions on the front plate are slightly smaller.



| Model | Unit | Α | A1 | В | B1 | С | D | Ε | F | G | Н | М | Р | P1 |
|-----------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|------|-----|-------|----|-----|------|---|-----|-----|----|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V (3 to 12 A) | mm | 221 | 232 | 235 | 303 | 76 | 221.5 | 36 | 5.8 | 11.5 | 7 | 77 | 40 | 40 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V (3 to 12 A) | mm | 221 | 232 | 272 | 340 | 75 | 259 | 36 | 5.8 | 11.5 | 6 | 76 | 40 | 40 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V (24 A) | mm | 274 | 291 | 335 | 450* | 100 | 319 | 70 | 5.8 | 11.5 | 6 | 105 | 55* | 55 |

*X3A and X3B with bracket option: $P \ge 125$ mm, $B1 \ge 520$ mm.

7 Electrical Installation

| 7.1 Important Notes | |
|----------------------------------------------------|--|
| 7.2 Guide to electrical installation | |
| 7.3 Wiring | |
| 7.4 EMI Noise Reduction | |
| 7.5 Connection Overview | |
| 7.6 Power and Logic Voltage Supply (X3/X10) | |
| 7.7 DC Bus link connector X3/X3B | |
| 7.8 Regen resistor connector X3/X3B | |
| 7.9 Motor Power, Brake and Feedback connection | |
| 7.10 Feedback Connection | |
| 7.11 Gearing | |
| 7.12 Ethernet Fieldbus Interface Connector X11/X12 | |
| 7.13 CAN-Bus Interface connector X13/X14 | |
| 7.14 Service Interface connector X20 | |
| 7.15 Modbus TCP connector X20 | |
| 7.16 I/O Connectors X21/X22/X23 | |

7.1 Important Notes

NOTICE

Only professional staff who are qualified in electrical engineering are allowed to install the drive. Wires with color green with one or more yellow stripes must not be used other than for protective earth (PE) wiring.



DANGER High Voltage up to 900V!

There is a danger of serious personal injury or death by electrical shock or electrical arcing. Capacitors can still have dangerous voltages present up to 5 minutes after switching off the supply power. Control and power connections can still be live, even if the motor is not rotating.

- Only install and wire the equipment when it is not live.
- Make sure that the cabinet is safely disconnected (for instance, with a lock-out and warning signs).
- Never remove electrical connections to the drive while it is live.
- Wait at least 5 minutes after disconnecting the drive from the main supply power before touching potentially live sections of the equipment (e.g. contacts) or undoing any connections.
- To be sure, measure the voltage in the DC bus link and wait until it has fallen below 50 V.



WARNING Projection of molten particles!

If particles fall into the drive or the drive has been damaged, molten drive component particles may be ejected causing injuries. Shut down the drive and wear appropriate protective gear during maintenance work, troubleshooting and fault rectification.(\rightarrow # 34)

NOTICE

Wrong mains voltage, unsuitable motor or wrong wiring will damage the drive. Check the combination of drive and motor. Compare the rated voltage and current of the units. Implement the wiring according to the matching connection diagram, see (\rightarrow # 77) and following. Make sure that the maximum permissible rated voltage at the terminals L1, L2, L3 or +DC, -DC is not exceeded by more than 10% even in the most unfavorable circumstances (see IEC 60204-1).

NOTICE

Excessively high external fusing will endanger cables and devices. The fusing of the mains power and logic power must be installed by the user. Hints for use of Residual-current circuit breakers (RCD) (\rightarrow # 26).

NOTICE Since the leakage current to PE is more than 3.5 mA, in compliance with IEC61800-5-1 the PE connection must either be doubled or a connecting cable with a cross-section >10 mm² must be used. Deviating measures according to regional standards might be possible.

NOTICE The drive status shall be monitored by the PLC to acknowledge critical situations. We recommend wiring the ready to operate relay contact in series into the emergency off circuit of the installation. The emergency off circuit must operate the supply contactor.

NOTE It is permissible to use WorkBench to change the settings of the drive. Any other alteration will invalidate the warranty.

7.2 Guide to electrical installation

Kollmorgen recommends to install the drive electrical system as follows:

- 1. Select cables in accordance with IEC 60204 (→ # 64).
- Install shielding and ground the drive.
 For EMC-compliant shielding and grounding, see (→ # 66).
 Ground the mounting plate, motor housing and CNC-GND of the control system.
- 3. For functional safety information, see (\rightarrow # 193).
- 4. Wire the drive and connectors.

Observe the "Recommendations for EMI noise reduction": (\rightarrow # 66).

- Wire the "Ready to Operate" contact into the emergency off circuit of the system.
- Connect the digital control inputs and outputs.
- Connect up analog ground (also if a fieldbus is used).
- Connect the analog input source, if required.
- Connect the motor (hybrid cable or power, brake and feedback cables).
- Connect shielding at both ends.
- If required, connect the external regen resistor (with fusing).
- Connect the mains filter FN2090/FN3288 with AKD2G-Sxx-6V (with shielded lines between filter and drive) for second environment requirements to product category C2.
- · Connect the auxiliary voltage supply
- Connect the main electrical supply. Check maximum permitted voltage value (→ # 44).
- Check proper use of residual-current circuit breakers (RCD): (→ # 26).
- Connect the PC (→ # 160) for setting up the drive.
- 5. Check the wiring against the wiring diagrams:

| Overview AKD2G single axis Overview AKD2G dual-axis Connector pinout Mains power supply: Logic power supply: DC Bus Link: External Regen Resistor: Motor single cable connection: Motor dual cable connection: Motor Holding Brake: Feedback Connection Encoder emulation: Electronic gearing: Master Slave: | $(\rightarrow \# 77)$ $(\rightarrow \# 79)$ $(\rightarrow \# 79)$ $(\rightarrow \# 92)$ $(\rightarrow \# 102)$ $(\rightarrow \# 103)$ $(\rightarrow \# 108)$ $(\rightarrow \# 108)$ $(\rightarrow \# 110)$ $(\rightarrow \# 113)$ $(\rightarrow \# 116)$ $(\rightarrow \# 151)$ $(\rightarrow \# 153)$ |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Master Slave: | (→ # 153) |
| EtherNet Fieldbus interface: CAN-Bus interface: Service interface: Modbus interface: Digital and analog I/O: | (→ # 155) (→ # 158) (→ # 160) (→ # 162) (→ # 162) |
| 0 0 . | (/ |

7.3 Wiring

NOTICE

Only professional staff who is qualified in electrical engineering are allowed to install the drive. Wires with color green with one or more yellow stripes must not be used other than for protective earth (PE) wiring. When installing or replacing cables, use only standardized components, which comply to the cable and wire requirements (\rightarrow # 64).

7.3.1 General

DANGER High Voltage up to 900V!

- There is a danger of serious personal injury or death by electrical shock or electrical arcing.
 Only install and wire the equipment when it is not live, that is, when neither the electrical supply nor the 24V auxiliary voltage nor the supply voltages of any other connected equipment is switched on.
 - Make sure that the cabinet is safely disconnected (for instance, with a lock-out and warning signs). The individual voltages are switched on for the first time during setup.

NOTE

The chassis ground symbol, which is used in all the wiring diagrams, indicates that you must take care to provide an electrically conductive connection with the largest feasible surface area between the unit indicated and the mounting plate in the control cabinet. This connection is for the effective grounding of HF interference, and must not be confused with the PE-symbol (PE = protective earth, safety measure as per IEC 60204).

7.3.2 Mating connectors

- NOTE
- Connectors X1, X2, X4, X5, X10T, X21, X22 are spring clamp connectors.
- X3/X3T connector with screw terminals, tightening torque 0.5...0.6 Nm (4.4...5.3 in-lbs).
- X3A/X3B connector with screw terminals, tightening torque 2 Nm (18 in-lbs).
- Connectors X4, X5, X22 and X23 are optional.

| # | Description | Туре | Max. Cross Section |
|---------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------|------------------------------|
| X1/2 | Motor, two wire feedback, holding brake | Connector, 4 pol. power | 10 mm², 8 awg |
| | | Connector, 4 pol. signal | 0.5 mm², 21 awg |
| X3/X3T | Mains power, regen resistor, DC-Bus | Connector or T-type, 8 pol. | 6 mm², 10 awg |
| X3A/X3B | Mains power, regen resistor, DC-Bus | Connector, 4 pol. power | 6 mm², 10 awg |
| X4 | Second brake | Connector, 3 pol. | 1.5 mm², 16 awg |
| X5 | Second feedback, two wire | Connector, 3 pol. | 1.5 mm², 16 awg |
| X10T | 24V power supply | T-type connector, 2 pol. | 2.5 mm², 14 awg |
| X11/12 | EtherNet Fieldbus | RJ45 | 0.5 mm², 21 awg |
| X13/14 | CAN In/Out | RJ25 | 0.5 mm², 21 awg |
| X20 | Service Port | RJ45 | 0,5 mm², 21 awg |
| X21 | I/O control signals | Connector, 2x11 pol. | 1.5 mm², 16 awg |
| X22 | I/O control signals | Connector, 2x10 pol. | 1.5 mm ² , 16 awg |
| X23 | Conventional feedback models | SubD 15pol. HD (female) | 0.5 mm ² , 21 awg |

7.3.3 Cable and Wire Requirements

7.3.3.1 Cable material

NOTE

For information on the chemical, mechanical, and electrical characteristics of the cables please refer to the *Kollmorgen 2G Cable Guide* or contact customer support.

To reach the maximum permitted cable length, you have to use cable material with the following capacitance requirements:

- Motor power cable: less than 150 pF/m (phase core to shield capacitance)
- Motor Feedback cable: less than 120 pF/m (signal core to shield capacitance)
- Hybrid motor cable:
 - less than 120 pF/m (phase core/core capacitance)
 - less than 210 pF/m (phase core/shield capacitance)
 - less than 120 pF/m (signal core/core capacitance)
 - less than 210 pF/m (signal core/shield capacitance)
 - BUS Element: 45 pF/m @ 800kHz & charact. wave resistance 110±10Ω @ 10MHz

7.3.3.2 Cable length

NOTICE

Cables should not exceed the maximum lengths stated below. The recommended maximum cable length of motor cables depends on the used cable material and the feedback type. Cable functionality is only guaranteed up to the maximum length when using unmodified Kollmorgen engineered cables.

Motor cables (X1, X2, X4, X5, X23, X41)

Length of motor power cables, feedback cables and motor brake cables is equal.

| AKM2G | | AKM | | | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------|-----------------|-------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Performance | Line Cables | Performance Essentials Cable Line Cables | | Value Line Cables | | | |
| Feedback | Max. Length [m] | Feedback | Max. Length [m] | Feedback | Max. Length [m] | | |
| SFD3 | 50 | All | 25 | All | 12 | | |
| DSL | 25 | | | | | | |
| Endat 2.2 | 25 | | | | | | |
| Resolver | 50 | | | | | | |

I/O cables (X21, X22)

NOTICE

Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

7.3.3.3 T-Connector wiring

If you use mating T-connectors for 24 VDC supply, mains voltage supply and DC-Bus link, you have to prepare the connecting cables with wire end ferrules.

You can prepare cables with cross-section 2.5mm² (up to to 6mm²) with a uniform length of 170mm, if the modules are lined up close together.

Use wire end ferrules with plastic collars, for example 2.5mm² x 17mm.

7.3.3.4 Cable cross sections and requirements

The tables below describe the recommended interface cross sections and cable requirements related to AKD2G in accordance with IEC 60204. For multi-axes systems, observe the specific operating conditions for your system.

| Power Cables | | Cross S | Section | Remarks |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Fower Cables | | EU | US | Reindi KS |
| Mains supply | 1x3 A: 2x3 A: 1x6 A: 2x6 A: 1x12 A: | 1.5 mm ² 1.5 mm ² 1.5 mm ² 2.5 mm ² 2.5 mm ² | 14 awg 14 awg 14 awg 14 awg 14 awg | 600 V rated ,minimum 75°C |
| 24 V supply | 1x24 A: max. | 6 mm ² 2.5 mm ² | 10 awg 14 awg | Single core Flexible Class 5 |
| DC bus link, Regen resistor | 3/6 A: 12 A: 24 A: | 1.5 mm ² 2.5 mm ² 6 mm ² | 14 awg 14 awg 10 awg | 1000 V rated, min. 75°C, shielded for lengths >0.20 m |
| Analog I/Os | min. | 0.25 mm ² | 24 awg | shielded twisted pairs |
| Digital I/Os | | 0.5 mm ² | 20 awg | single core |

Motor power cable (power) & motor combination cable (power & brake)

| Cros | s Section [mm] | Current Carrying | Remarks |
|---------|------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| Cable | Combi Cable | Capacity | Remarks |
| (4x1) | (4x1.0+(2x0.75)) | 0A < l0rms ≤ 10.1A | 1000 V Rated, 80°C |
| (4x1.5) | (4x1.5+(2x0.75)) | 10.1A < l0rms ≤ 13.1A | Current carrying capacity |
| (4x2.5) | (4x2.5+(2x1.0)) | 13.1A < l0rms ≤ 17.4A | acc. to IEC 60204-1:2006 Table 6, Column B2 |
| (4x4) | (4x4.0+(2x1.0)) | 17.4A < I0rms ≤ 23A | The brackets () show |
| (4x6) | (4x6.0+(2x1.0)) | 23A < I0rms ≤ 30A | the shielding. |

Motor feedback cable

| Туре | Cross Section [mm] | Remarks |
|-------------------|--------------------|------------------------|
| Resolver | (4x2x0.25) | |
| EnDat 2.1, BiSS B | (6x2x0.25) | 300 V rated, 80°C |
| HIPERFACE | (5x2x0.25) | Shielded twisted pairs |
| EnDat 2.2, BiSS C | (5x2x0.25) | The brackets () show |
| SFD | (3x2x0.25) | the shielding. |
| Comcoder | (8x2x0.25) | |

Motor hybrid cable

| Туре | Cross Section [mm] | Current Carrying Capacity | Remarks |
|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| SFD3/DSL | (4x1.0+(2x0.34)+(2x0.75)) | 0A < I0rms ≤ 10.1A | 1000 V rated, 80°C |
| SFD3/DSL | (4x1.5+(2x0.34)+(2x0.75)) | 10.1A < l0rms ≤ 13.1A | Current carrying capacity acc. to |
| SFD3/DSL | (4x2.5+(2x0.34)+(2x1.0)) | 13.1A < l0rms ≤ 17.4A | IEC 60204-1:2006 Table 6, Column B2 |
| SFD3/DSL | (4x4.0+(2x0.34)+(2x1.0)) | 17.4A < l0rms ≤ 23A | 4 power lines & |
| SFD3/DSL | (4x6.0+(2x0.34)+(2x1.0)) | 23A < I0rms ≤ 30A | 2 brake lines & |
| Endat 2.2 | (4x1.5+(2x0.75)+(2x2x0.14+2x0.25)) | 10.1A < l0rms ≤ 13.1A | 2 SFD3/DSL signal lines or |
| Endat 2.2 | (4x4.0+(2x1.0)+(2x2x0.14+2x0.25)) | 17.4A < l0rms ≤ 23A | 6 EnDat 2.2 signal lines |

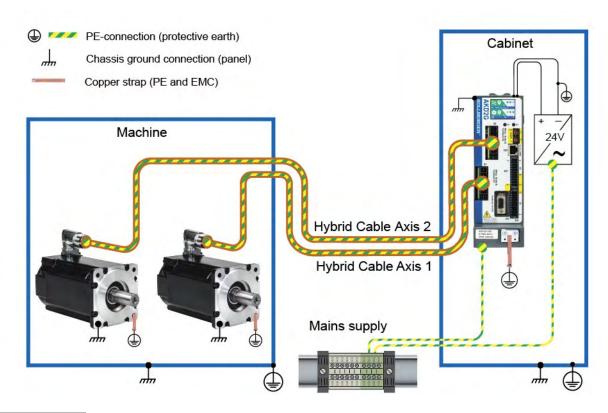
7.3.4 Protective Earth Connection

Protective Earth connection of the system components is a safety measure per IEC 60204. Ensure the proper grounding of all components with the PE rail in the control cabinet as reference potential. Connect each ground individually with the intended grounding cable (neutral point connection).

The leakage current from AKD2G against PE is more than 3.5 mA. In accordance with EN 61800-5-1, the PE connection must therefore either be double implemented or a connection cable with >10 mm² cross-section used. In order to keep the impedance as low as possible, we recommend a copper earthing strap for the PE connection on the PE block.

NOTE

Wire the PE connections immediately after installing the devices as the first electrical connection. Now you insert all the other lines and connectors. For disassembly, release the PE connections as the last connection.



NOTE

For the use of residual current protective devices (RCD), refer to (\rightarrow # 26).

7.4 EMI Noise Reduction



CAUTION Electromagnetic Fields!

Electromagnetic radiation may lead to potential hazardous danger (warming, failure of implants), when acting on electrically conductive materials.

- Work on the electrical installation may only be performed by trained and qualified personnel, in compliance with the regulations for safety at work, and only with switched off mains supply and secured against restart.
- Do not remove grounding, equipotential bonding and radiation-reducing shields.

7.4.1 Reducing EMI noise

With the help of the following instructions, you can reduce electrical interference in the application:

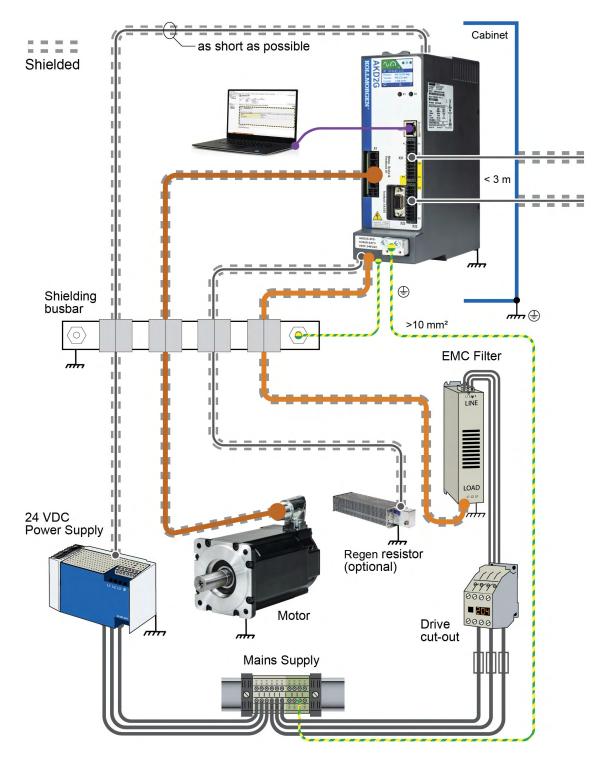
- Ensure good connections between the cabinet components. Connect the back panel and cabinet door to the cabinet body using several conductive braids. Never rely on hinges or mounting bolts for ground connections.
- Ensure good ground connection. Connect from cabinet to proper earth ground. Ground leads should be the same gauge as the leads to main power, but must cover the regional legal requirements, example (→ # 66).
- Use Kollmorgen cables. Route power and control cables separately, Kollmorgen recommends a distance of at least 200 mm to improve interference immunity.
- Ground the shielding at both ends. Ground all shielding with large areas (low impedance), with metalized connector housings or shield connection clamps wherever possible. For cables entering a cabinet, connect shields on all 360° of the cable. Never connect a simple "pigtail." For more information on shielding concepts, (→ # 67).
- With separate mains filter, maintain separation of leads entering and exiting the mains filter (line power filter). Locate the filter as close as possible to the point where the incoming power enters the cabinet. If it is necessary for input power and motor leads to cross, cross them at 90°.
- Observe cable length limits. Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.
- Do not extend feedback lines and hybrid cables, since the shielding would be interrupted and the signal processing may be disturbed. Install all feedback cables with an adequate cross-section, per IEC 60204 (→ # 64) and use the requested cable material to reach maximum cable length.
- Splice cables properly. If you need to divide cables, use connectors with metal backshells. Ensure that both shells connect along the full 360° of the shields.
- Use differential inputs for analog signals. Noise susceptibility in analog signals is greatly reduced by using differential inputs. Use twisted-pair, shielded signal lines, connecting shields on both ends.
- Shield cables between drives and filters or external regen resistors. Install all power cables with an adequate cross-section per IEC 60204 (→ # 64) and use the requested cable material to reach maximum cable length.

7.4.2 Shielding with external shielding busbar

Kollmorgen recommends a star point shield connection, for example, with a shielding busbar.

7.4.2.1 Shielding Concept

Example with AKD2G-Sxx--6Vxx, EMC filter and external regen resistor.



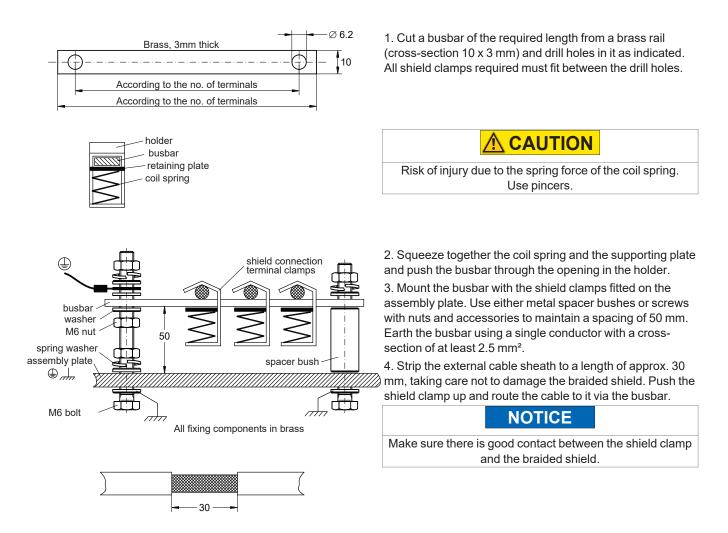
7.4.2.2 Shielding Busbar



The power cable shields (line in, motor cable, external regen resistor) can be routed to an additional busbar via shield clamps.

Kollmorgen recommends using Weidmüller KLBÜ shield clamps.

A possible scenario for setting up a busbar for the above shield clamps is described below.

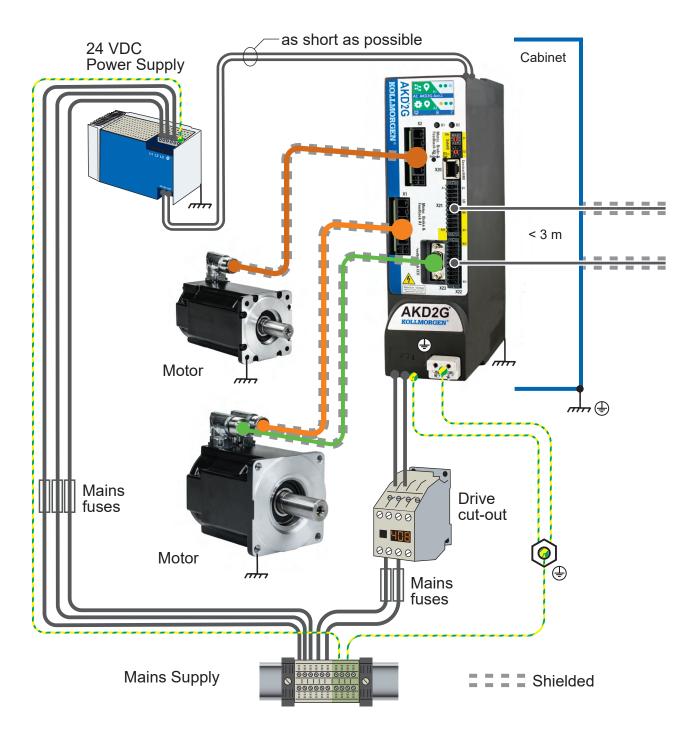


7.4.3 Shielding connection to the drive

You can connect cable shielding directly to the drive by using grounding plates, shield connection clamps, and a motor connector with strain relief and grounding plate.

7.4.3.1 Shielding Concept

Example with AKD2G-Sxx--7Vxx, dual-axis.



7.4.3.2 Grounding plates and shield connection clamps

A grounding plate is mounted to the drive.



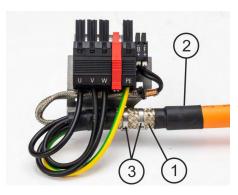
Use shield connection clamps (see accessories manual). These hook into the grounding plate and ensure optimum contact between the shield and the grounding plate.

Kollmorgen recommends using Phoenix Contact SK14 shield clamps with cable clamp range of 6-13mm.

7.4.3.3 Motor connector X1/X2 with shielding connection

Alternative connection of the motor power by mating connector with shield plate and strain relief. Kollmorgen motor power and hybrid motor cables are configured with shield plate.

To connect the motor power, proceed as follows:



- 1. Strip the external cable sheath to a length of approx. 80mm, taking care not to damage the braided shield.
- Push the braided shield (1) back over the cable and secure with a rubber sleeve (2) or shrink sleeve.
- 3. Shorten all the wires apart from the protective earth (PE) wire (green/yellow) by about 20mm so that the PE wire is now the longest wire.
- 4. Strip all wires and fit wire end ferrules.
- 5. Secure the braided shield of the cable with metal cable ties (3) and fasten the cable.
- 6. Wire the connector as shown in the connection diagram.
- 7. Plug in the connector to the socket on the front of the AKD2G and secure it with the red clip.

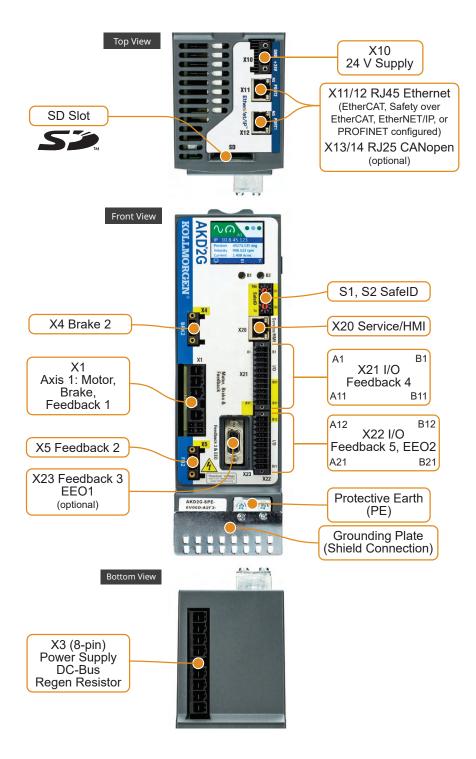
The motor power is now connected.

7.5 Connection Overview

7.5.1 Connector Position AKD2G-Sxx-6VxxS

NOTE

The graphic shows a single axis drive (supply voltage 110 V to 240 V). Optional: F3 option for additional X23 (\rightarrow # 37).

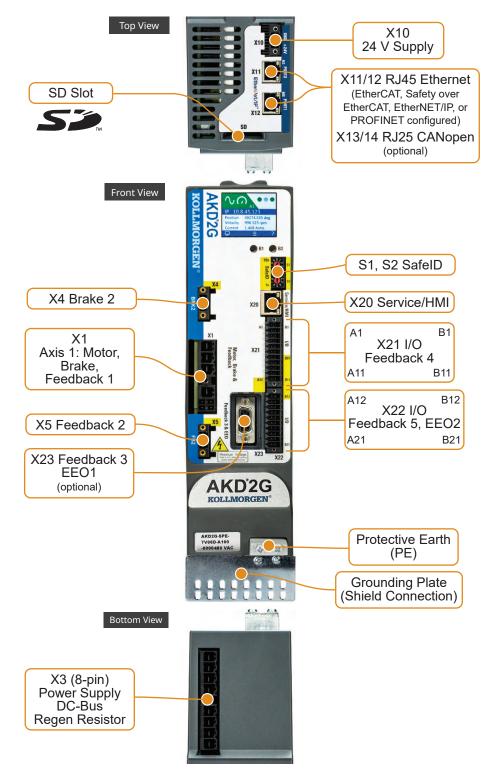


7.5.2 Connector Position AKD2G-Sxx-7VxxS



The graphic shows a single axis drive (supply voltage 240 V to 480 V). Optional: F3 option for additional X23 (\rightarrow # 37).

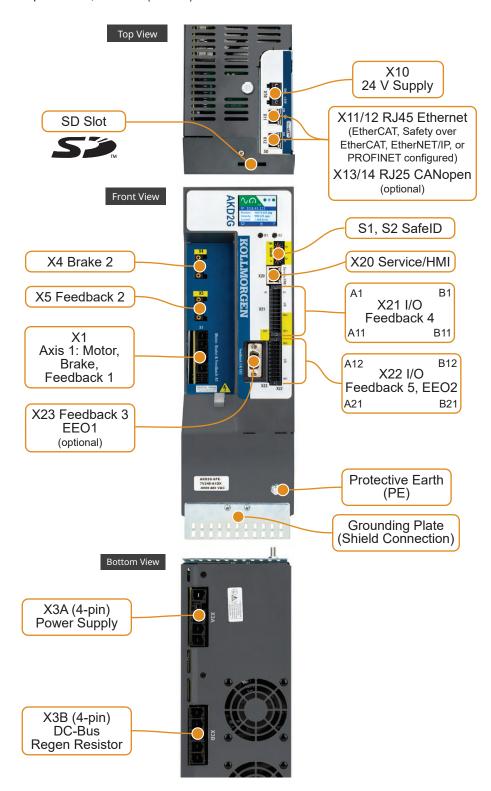
7.5.2.1 AKD2G 480 Vac, 3 to 12 Amp drives



7.5.2.2 AKD2G 480 Vac, 24 Amp drive



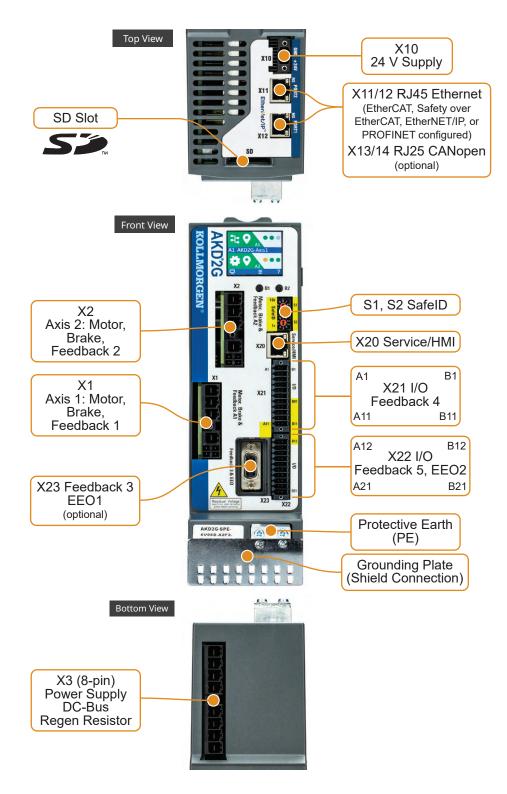
The graphics shows an AKD2G with supply voltage 480 V. Optional: I/O, F3 or DX (\rightarrow # 37).



7.5.3 Connector Position AKD2G-Sxx-6VxxD

NOTE

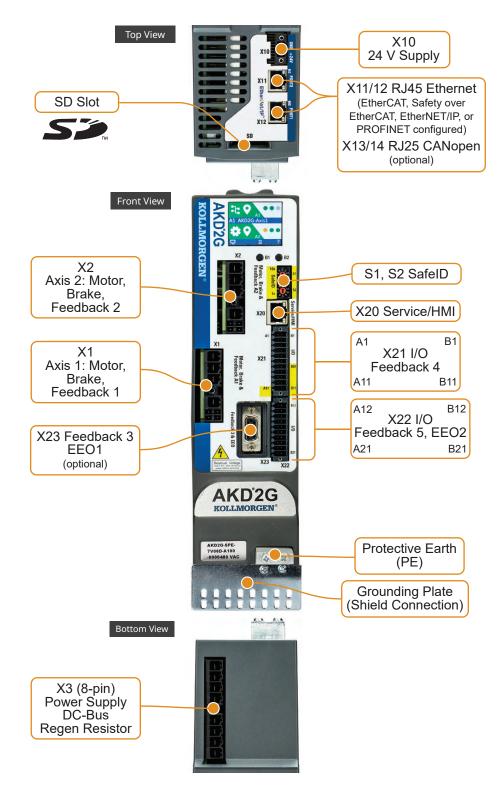
The graphics shows a dual axis drive (supply voltage 110 V to 240 V). Optional: F3 option for additional X23 (\rightarrow # 37).



7.5.4 Connector Position AKD2G-Sxx-7VxxD

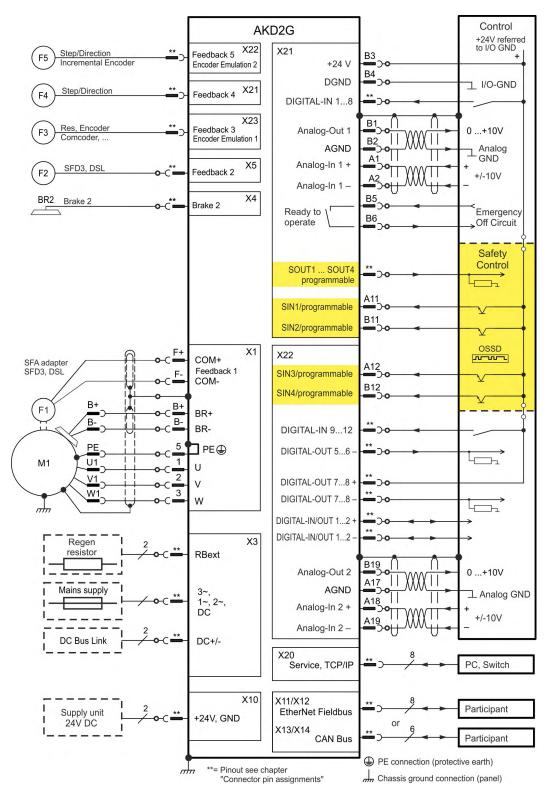
NOTE

The graphics shows a dual axis drive (supply voltage 240 V to 480 V). Optional: F3 option for additional X23 (\rightarrow # 37).

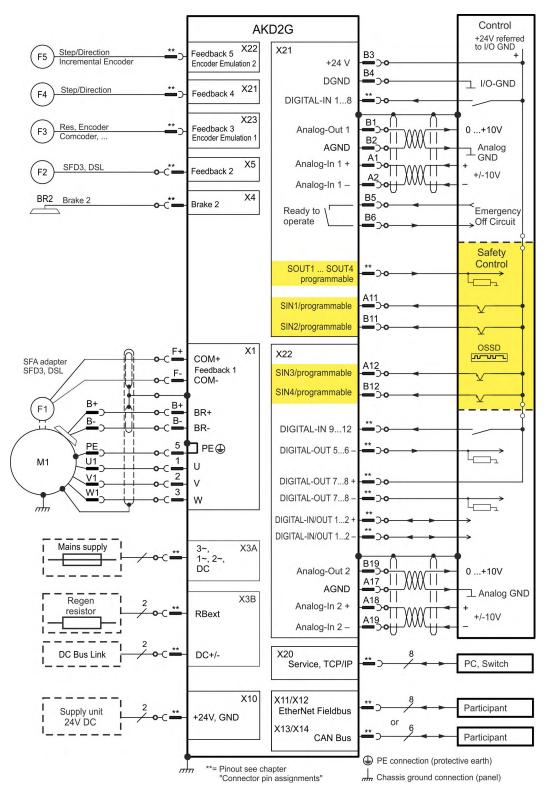


7.5.5 Wiring overview, single axis drive

AKD2G Sxx-xxS 3-12 Amp Drives



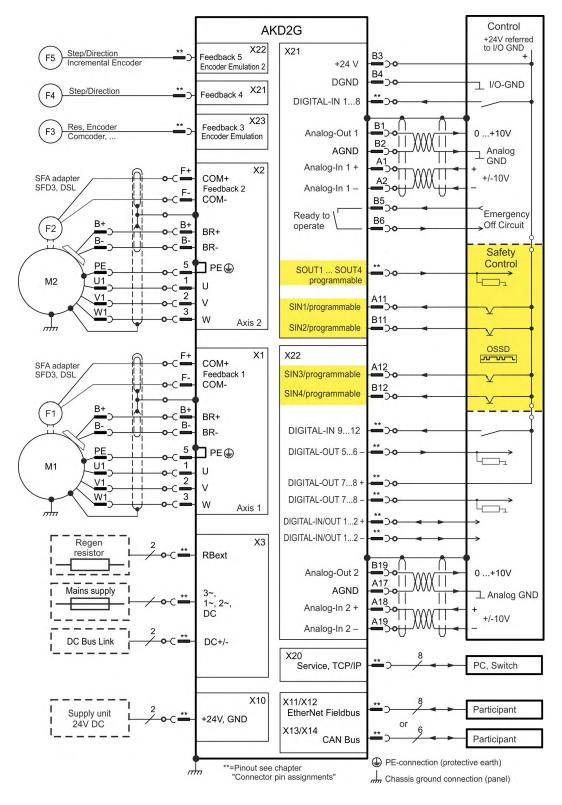
AKD2G Sxx-724S 24 Amp Drives



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7.5.6 Wiring overview, dual axis drive

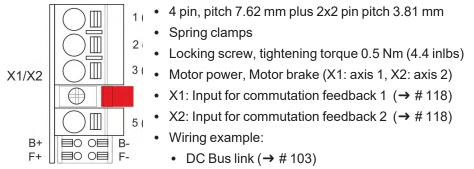
AKD2G Sxx-xxD 3-12 Amp Drives



7.5.7 Connector pinout

Information to wiring, mating connectors and cables (\rightarrow #63).





- Motor single cable connection (\rightarrow # 108)
- Motor dual cable connection (\rightarrow # 110)

| Pin | Label | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|-------------------------------|--------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | U | U | Motor phase U | | | |
| 2 | V | V | Motor phase V | | | |
| 3 | W W Motor phase W | | | | | |
| | retention latch, shield screw | | | | | |
| 5 | PE | PE | Protective earth | | | |
| B+ | B+ | BR+ | Motor holding brake + | | | |
| B- | B- | BR- | Motor holding brake - | | | |
| F+ | F+ | COM+ | SFD3 + or HIPERFACE DSL + | | | |
| F- | F- | COM- | SFD3 - or HIPERFACE DSL - | | | |

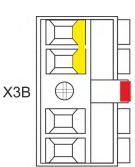
7.5.7.2 X3: Mains, regen resistor, DC-Bus

- X3 1 1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8
- 8 pin, pitch 7.62 mm
 - Screw terminals, tightening torque 0.5 to 0.6 Nm (4.4 to 5.3 in-lbs)
 - Locking screw, tightening torque 0.5 Nm (4.4 in-lbs)
 - Optional T version
 - Mains supply, external regen resistor, DC-Bus
 - X3/5 to X3/6 must be shorted to use the built-in regen resistor. Remove the jumper to connect an external regen resistor.
 - Wiring example:
 - Power supply (\rightarrow # 91)
 - DC Bus link (→ # 103)
 - External regen resistor (→ # 106)

| Pin | Label | Signal | Description |
|-----|-------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| 1 | PE | PE | Protective earth |
| 2 | R | L1 | 3~ mains supply L1, 1~ supply L, DC supply + |
| 3 | S | L2 | 3~ mains supply L2 |
| 4 | Т | L3 | 3~ mains supply L3, 1~ supply N, DC supply - |
| 5 | Ri | RBint | internal regen resistor |
| 6 | RE | -RB | external regen resistor - |
| 7 | +DC | +DC (+RBext) | DC Bus link+ and/or external regen resistor + |
| 8 | -DC | -DC | DC Bus link - |

7.5.7.3 X3A/X3B: Mains, regen resistor, DC-Bus

- 2x 4 pin, pitch 10.16 mm
- Screw terminals, tightening torque 2 Nm (18 in-lbs)
- Mains supply, external regen resistor, DC-Bus
- X3A/5 to X3B/6 must be shorted to use the built-in regen resistor. Remove the jumper to connect an external regen resistor.
- Wiring example:
 - Power supply (\rightarrow # 91)
 - DC Bus link (→ # 103)
 - External regen resistor (→ # 106)



X3A

| Pin | Label | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|-------|--------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | PE | PE | Protective earth | | | |
| 2 | R | L1 | 3~ mains supply L1, 1~ supply L, DC supply + | | | |
| 3 | S | L2 | 3~ mains supply L2 | | | |
| 4 | Т | L3 | 3~ mains supply L3, 1~ supply N, DC supply - | | | |

X3B

| Pin | Label | Signal | Description | |
|-----|-------|--------------|-----------------------------------------------|--|
| 5 | Ri | RBint | internal regen resistor | |
| 6 | RE | -RB | external regen resistor - | |
| 7 | +DC | +DC (+RBext) | DC Bus link+ and/or external regen resistor + | |
| 8 | -DC | -DC | DC Bus link - | |

7.5.7.4 X4: Second Brake



Use with single axis drives and Safety Option 3 for safety functions, which require a second brake.

- 3 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
- Spring clamps
- Second motor brake
- Required for SIL3 brake control

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|--------|---------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | PE | Protective earth | | | |
| 2 | BR2- | Second (external) brake - | | | |
| 3 | BR2+ | Second (external) brake + | | | |

7.5.7.5 X5: Feedback 2

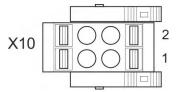


Use with single axis drives and Safety Option 3 for application, which require a second feedback.

- X5 0 1 2 0 3
- 3 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
- Spring clamps
- Input for feedback 2 (→ # 119)

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|--------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | PE | Protective earth | | | |
| 2 | COM2- | Second SFD3 - or Second/Safe HIPERFACE DSL - | | | |
| 3 | COM2+ | Second SFD3 + or Second/Safe HIPERFACE DSL + | | | |

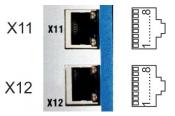
7.5.7.6 X10: 24 VDC



- 2 pin, pitch 5.08 mm
- Spring clamps
- T version
- 24 VDC supply voltage
- Wiring example: (\rightarrow # 102)

| Pin | Signal | Description | | |
|-----|--------|----------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | + 24 V | +24 VDC supply voltage, PELV | | |
| 2 | GND | Ground for 24 VDC supply voltage, PELV | | |

7.5.7.7 X11, X12: EtherNet Fieldbus



- RJ45 with built-in green/red dual-color LED
- EtherCAT, EtherNet/IP, PROFINET
- Interface Details: (\rightarrow # 155)

| Pin | Signal | Description | Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|-----|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Tx+ | Transmit + | 5 | Term. | Termination |
| 2 | Tx- | Transmit - | 6 | Rx- | Receive - |
| 3 | Rx+ | Receive + | 7 | Term. | Termination |
| 4 | Term. | Termination | 8 | Term. | Termination |

7.5.7.8 X13, X14: CAN bus (optional)

1.....8



- RJ25
- X14 IN port, X13 OUT port
- Up to 1 Mbit operation
- Node ID to be set by WorkBench
- Interface Details: (→ # 158)

| Pin | Signal | Description | Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|----------|---------------------|-----|---------|--------------------|
| 1 | n.c. | not used | 4 | CAN_low | CAN bus low signal |
| 2 | Shield | Chassis | 5 | CAN_GND | CAN bus ground |
| 3 | CAN_high | CAN bus high signal | 6 | n.c. | not used |

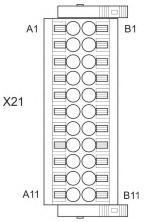
7.5.7.9 X20: Service



- RJ45 with built-in green and yellow LEDs
- 100/10 Mbit EtherNet TCP/IP, Modbus/TCP
- · Supports auto-IP, DHCP and fixed IP addressing
- Supports point-to-point (i.e. Auto-IP) and connection by using network switches
- Supports automatic discovery in WorkBench if in the same sub-net.
- Interface Details: (→ # 160)

| Pin | Signal | Description | Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|-----|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Tx+ | Transmit + | 5 | Term. | Termination |
| 2 | Tx- | Transmit - | 6 | Rx- | Receive - |
| 3 | Rx+ | Receive + | 7 | Term. | Termination |
| 4 | Term. | Termination | 8 | Term. | Termination |

7.5.7.10 X21: I/O, Feedback 4



- 2 x 11 pins (left column A, right column B), pitch 3.5 mm
- Spring clamps
- Analog and digital I/O
- Input for feedback 4 (\rightarrow # 120)
- Wiring examples:
 - Analog input (\rightarrow # 164)
 - Analog output (\rightarrow # 166)
 - Digital input (\rightarrow # 166)
 - Digital Output (\rightarrow # 171)
 - Feedback (→ # 120)

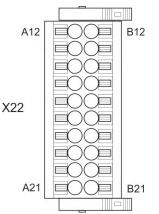
Digital I/O connectivity

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A1 | Analog-In (AIN) 1 + | Analog Input +/- 10 V | | | |
| A2 | Analog-In (AIN) 1 - | | | | |
| A3* | Digital-In (DIN) 1 | Fast, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A4* | Digital-In (DIN) 2 | Fast, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A5 | Digital-In (DIN) 3 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A6 | Digital-In (DIN) 4 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A7 | Digital-In (DIN) 5 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A8 | Digital-In (DIN) 6 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A9 | Digital-In (DIN) 7 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A10 | Digital-In (DIN) 8 Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | | |
| A11 | SIN1 | Slow, isolated, sink, fail-safe, functional safety input 1 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| B1 | Analog-Out (AOUT) 1 | Analog Output, 0 to +10 V | | | |
| B2 | AGND | Ground for analog I/O | | | |
| B3 | +24 V | +24 VDC for digital I/O and STO | | | |
| B4 | DGND | Ground for digital I/O and STO | | | |
| B5 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 9 + | Relay contact, normally open, 24 VDC, 1A | | | |
| B6 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 9 - | Relay contact, normally open, 24 VDC, 1A | | | |
| B7 | SOUT1 | Isolated, high-side, safety: 172 mA, safe output | | | |
| B8 | SOUT2 | Isolated, high-side, safety: 172 mA, safe output | | | |
| B9 | SOUT3 | Isolated, high-side, safety: 172 mA, safe output | | | |
| B10 | SOUT4 | Isolated, high-side, safety: 172 mA, safe output | | | |
| B11 | SIN2 | Slow, isolated, sink, fail-safe, functional safety input 2 | | | |

*Feedback 4 connectivity, Step/Direction CW/CCW (input)

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|----------------|----------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A3 | Step, CW | Fast, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A4 | Direction, CCW | Fast, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |

7.5.7.11 X22: I/O, EEO2, Feedback 5



- 2 x 10 pins (left column A, right column B), pitch 3.5 mm
- Spring clamps
- Analog and digital I/O
- Input for feedback 5 (→ # 121)
- Output for incremental encoder emulation (EEO2)
- Wiring examples:
 - Analog input (\rightarrow # 164)
 - Analog output (→ # 166)
 - Digital input (→ # 166)
 - Digital output (\rightarrow # 171)
 - Feedback (→ # 121)
 - Encoder emulation (EEO2) (→ # 151)
 - Master-Slave (\rightarrow # 153)

Digital I/O connectivity

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|------|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| A12 | SIN3 | Slow, isolated, sink, fail-safe, functional safety input 3 | | | |
| A13 | Digital-In (DIN) 9 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A14 | Digital-In (DIN) 10 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A15 | Digital-In (DIN) 11 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A16 | Digital-In (DIN) 12 | Slow, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1 | | | |
| A17 | AGND | Ground for analog I/O | | | |
| A18 | Analog-In (AIN) 2+ | Analog Input, +/- 10 V | | | |
| A19 | Analog-In (AIN) 2- | | | | |
| A20* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 1 + | RS485 input or output | | | |
| A21* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 1 - | RS485 input or output | | | |
| | | | | | |
| B12 | SIN4 | Slow, isolated, sink, fail-safe, functional safety input 4 | | | |
| B13 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 5 | Isolated, high-side, 100 mA | | | |
| B14 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 6 | Isolated, high-side, 100 mA | | | |
| B15 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 7 + | Fact isolated eight or source 100 mA | | | |
| B16 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 7 - | Fast, isolated, sink or source, 100 mA | | | |
| B17 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 8 + | Fast, isolated, sink or source, 100 mA | | | |
| B18 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 8 - | rasi, isolated, sink of source, too ma | | | |
| B19 | Analog-Out (AOUT) 2 | Analog Output, 0 to +10 V | | | |
| B20* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 2 + | RS485 input or output | | | |
| B21* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 2 - | RS485 input or output | | | |

*Feedback 5 (input) *EEO2 (output) Pin Step/ CW/ **BiSS C** SSI Pin Increm. Increm. Dir CCW EnDAT 2.2 Encoder Encoder A20 Track A + Step + CW+ CLK+ CLK+ A20 A+ A -A21 Track A -Step -CW -CLK-CLK-A21 B20 Track B + CCW+ DAT+ DAT+ B20 B+ Dir + DAT-B21 Track B -Dir -CCW -DAT-B21 В-

7.5.7.12 X23: I/O, EEO1, Feedback 3

- 1 X23 5 000 000 000 10
- Sub-D high density 15 pin, female
- Locking screws, tightening torque 0.4 Nm (3.5 inlbs)
- Input for feedback 3 (→ # 122)
- Output for incremental encoder emulation (EEO1)
- Additional Digital-In/Out
- Wiring examples:
 - Feedback (→ # 122)
 - Encoder emulation (EEO1) (→ # 152)
 - Master-Slave (\rightarrow # 153)
 - Digital input (\rightarrow # 166)
 - Digital output (\rightarrow # 171)

Feedback 3 connectivity (input)

| Pin | SFD | Resolver | BiSS B | BiSS C | EnDat [®] 2.1 | EnDat [®] 2.2* | HIPERFACE® | Sine/ Cos | Sine/ Cos +Hall | Incr. Enc. | Incr. Enc. +Hall | Hall | SSI | Step/ Dir | CW/ CCW |
|-----|------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|------|--------------|------------|
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Hall U | _ | Hall U | Hall U | - | - | |
| 2 | - | - | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | _ | - | Hall V | - | Hall V | Hall V | - | - | - |
| 3 | - | - | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | - | - | Hall W | - | Hall W | Hall W | - | - | - |
| 4 | SEN+ | - | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | SEN- | - | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | COM+ | R1 Ref+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | - | D+ | - | - |
| 7 | COM- | R2 Ref- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | - | D- | - | - |
| 8 | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | - | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ |
| 9 | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | - | Th- | Th- | Th- |
| 10 | +5 V | - | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | 8-9 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V |
| 11 | 0 V | - | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V |
| 12 | - | S1 SIN+ | A+ | - | A+ | - | SIN+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | - | - | Step+ | CW+ |
| 13 | - | S3 SIN- | A- | - | A- | - | SIN- | A- | A- | A- | A- | - | - | Step- | CW- |
| 14 | - | S2 COS+ | B+ | - | B+ | - | COS+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | - | - | CCW+ | CCW+ |
| 15 | - | S4 COS- | B- | - | B- | - | COS- | B- | B- | B- | B- | - | - | CCW- | CCW- |

CL = CLOCK, D = DATA, S = SENSE, Th = Thermal control, Z = Zero

DC Terminated, can be overridden with DIO#.TERMDIO#.TERM

= Optional

= Information digitally communicated on COM+/- channel.

| EEO1 | EEO1 connectivity (output) | | | | | |
|------|----------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Pin | n Incremental Encoder | | | | | |
| 6 | Zero+ | | | | | |
| 7 | Zero- | | | | | |
| 11 | 0 V | | | | | |
| 12 | A + | | | | | |
| 13 | A- | | | | | |
| 14 | B+ | | | | | |
| 15 | B- | | | | | |
| | | | | | | |

|) | Digital | /O connectivity |
|---|---------|--------------------|
| | Pin | Digital I/0 |
| | 2 | Digital-In/Out 6 + |
| | 3 | Digital-In/Out 6 - |
| | 6 | Digital-In/Out 5 + |
| | 7 | Digital-In/Out 5 - |
| | 10 | +5 V |
| | 11 | 0 V |
| | 12 | Digital-In/Out 3 + |
| | 13 | Digital-In/Out 3 - |
| | 14 | Digital-In/Out 4 + |
| | 15 | Digital-In/Out 4 - |

7.5.7.13 X41: SFA Feedback converter, EEO3/EEO4 EXX3/EXX4 (accessory)

- 5 1 000000 10 00000 15 11 FE + -X41 X2 X5
- Sub-D high density 15 pin, female
- Locking screws, tightening torque 0.4 Nm (3.5 in•lbs)
- 1 m cable, 3 flying leads with ferrules for connection to X1, X2, X5 (only on 24 A model)
- Input for electronic gearing
- When connected to X1: Input for feedback 1 (→ # 116)
- When connected to X2: Input for feedback 2 (→ # 116)
- When connected to X5 (only on 24 A model): Input for feedback 2 (→ # 116)
 - Output for incremental encoder emulation (EEO3 / EEO4)(EXX3 / EXX4) (→ # 151) -Only available on "-EXX" (Encoder) models
- SFA adapter converts conventional feedback signals to 2 wire feedback format
- Wiring examples:
 - Feedback and Encoder emulation (→ # 137)
 - Master-Slave (→ # 153)

Feedback 1/2 connectivity (input)

| Pin | SFD | Resolver | BiSS B | BiSS C | EnDat [®] 2.1 | EnDat [®] 2.2* | HIPERFACE® | Sine/ Cos | Sine/ Cos +Hall | Incr. Enc. | Incr. Enc. +Hall | Hall | SSI |
|-----|------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|------|
| 1 | - | - | _ | - | - | - | - | - | Hall U | - | Hall U | Hall U | - |
| 2 | - | - | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | - | - | Hall V | - | Hall V | Hall V | - |
| 3 | - | - | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | - | - | Hall W | - | Hall W | Hall W | _ |
| 4 | SEN+ | - | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | - | _ |
| 5 | SEN- | - | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | - | _ |
| 6 | COM+ | R1 Ref+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | - | D+ |
| 7 | COM- | R2 Ref- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | - | D- |
| 8 | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | - | Th+ |
| 9 | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | - | Th- |
| 10 | +5 V | - | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | 8-9 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V |
| 11 | 0 V | - | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V |
| 12 | - | S1 SIN+ | A+ | - | A+ | - | SIN+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | - | - |
| 13 | - | S3 SIN- | A- | - | A- | - | SIN- | A- | A- | A- | A- | - | _ |
| 14 | - | S2 COS+ | B+ | - | B+ | - | COS+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | - | _ |
| 15 | - | S4 COS- | B- | - | B- | - | COS- | B- | B- | B- | B- | - | - |

CL = CLOCK, D = DATA, S = SENSE, Th = Thermal control, Z = Zero

(1) : Resolver with AKD2G-CON-SFA-R00 only, all other feedback devices with AKD2G-CON-SFA-E00 only

DC Terminated, can be overridden with <u>DIO#.TERM</u>

= Optional

= Information digitally communicated on COM+/- channel.

EEO3 / EEO4 Connectivity (output)

X41 Pin Incremental Encoder

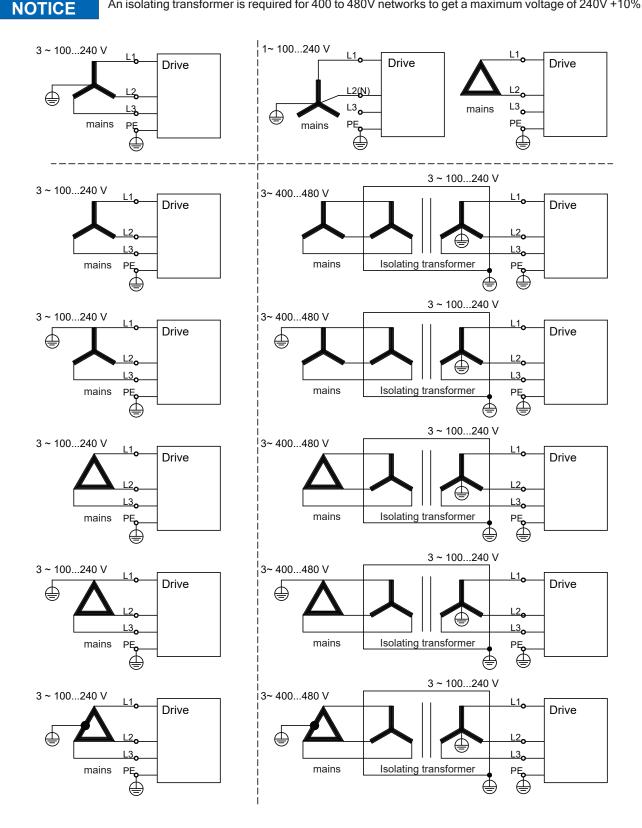
| 6 | Zero+ |
|----|-------|
| 7 | Zero- |
| 11 | 0 V |
| 12 | A + |
| 13 | A- |
| 14 | B+ |
| 15 | B- |

7.6 Power and Logic Voltage Supply (X3/X10)

7.6.1 Electrical Supply Connection

7.6.1.1 Connection to various mains supply networks AKD2G-Sxx-6V (100V to 240V)

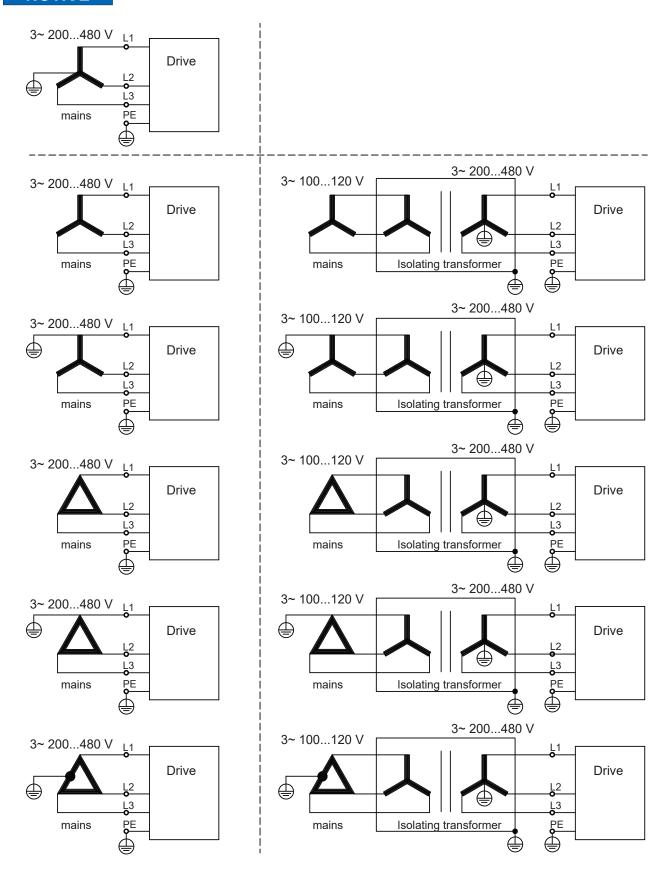
An isolating transformer is required for 400 to 480V networks to get a maximum voltage of 240V +10%.



7.6.1.2 Connection to various mains supply networks AKD2G-Sxx-7V (240V to 480V)

NOTICE An

An isolating transformer is required for 120V networks to get a minimum voltage of 240V + 10%.



7.6.2 Mains power supply connector X3/X3A

Drives in the AKD2G series can be supplied as follows:

AKD2G-Sxx-6V

- 1, 2 or 3 phase industrial AC supply networks (TN-S or TT, see <u>KDN</u>): (→ # 44)
- DC supply networks: (→ # 44)

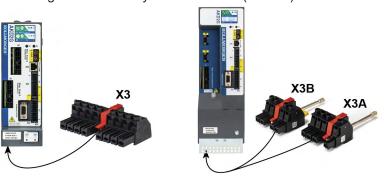
AKD2G-Sxx-7V

- 3 phase industrial AC supply networks (TN-S or TT, see KDN): (→ # 47)
- DC supply networks: (→ # 47)

For connection to corner grounded delta supply networks contact Kollmorgen customer support.

Periodic overvoltages between phases (L1, L2, L3) and the PE/housing of the drive must not exceed 1,000V peak. In accordance with IEC 61800, voltage spikes (< 50 μ s) between phases must not exceed 1,000V. Voltage spikes (< 50 μ s) between a phase and the PE/housing must not exceed 2,000V.

- 8/4 pin, pitch 7.62/10.16 mm
- optional T version
- Wiring example:
 - 1 phase AC supply (→ # 92)
 - 2 phase AC supply (→ # 92)
 - 3 phase AC supply (→ # 93)
 - DC supply (→ # 95)
- AKD2G-Sxx-6V requires external EMC filter for use in industrial environment, product category C.
- Mating connector data (→ # 63)
- Fusing with different system structures (→ # 97) ff



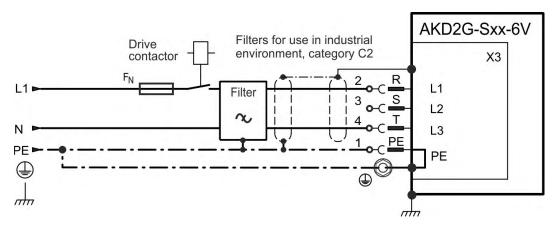
| Pin | Label | Signal | 1~ Supply | 2~Supply | 3~ Supply | DC Supply |
|-----|-------|--------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| 1 | PE | PE | Protective earth | Protective earth | Protective earth | Protective earth |
| 2 | R | L1 | Phase L1 | Phase L1 | Phase L1 | + DC |
| 3 | S | L2 | n.c. | n.c. | Phase L2 | n.c. |
| 4 | Т | L3 | Neutral N | Phase L2 | Phase L3 | - DC |

For DC supply: observe notes (\rightarrow # 95).

7.6.2.1 Wiring examples mains power supply

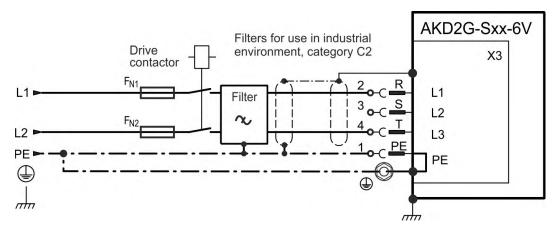
One phase AC mains (AKD2G-Sxx-6V)

- Directly to one phase supply network with neutral line.
- Activate single phase supply (VBUS.THREEPHASE = 0).
- Set VBUS.ACNOMINAL to desired nominal AC line voltage for lines other than nominal rated VAC.
- For complete information refer to WorkBench online help, AKD2G-S User Manual, section Power Setting.
- AC line filtering to be provided by the user. Use filter type FN2090, refer to the *Accessories Manual* for more information. Use shielded cable between filter and drive.



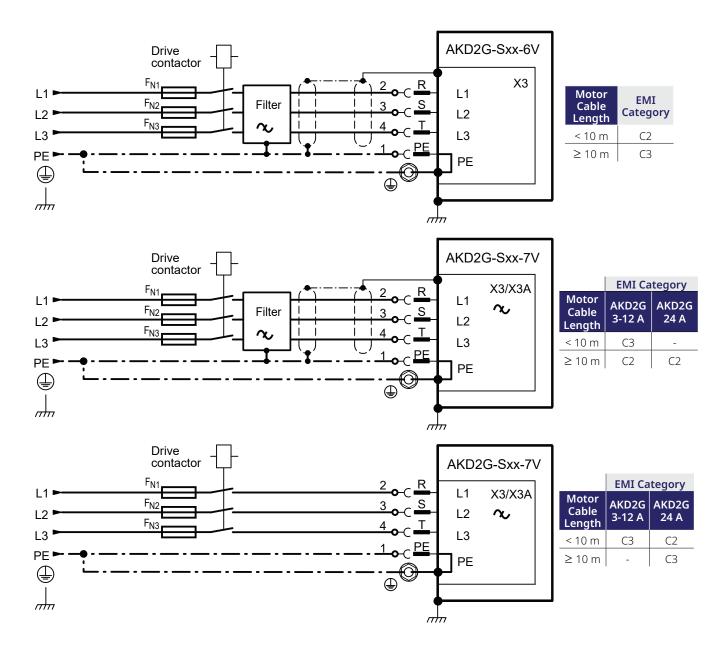
Two phases AC mains (AKD2G-Sxx-6V)

- · Directly to two-phase supply network without neutral line.
- Activate single phase supply (VBUS.THREEPHASE = 0).
- Set VBUS.ACNOMINAL to desired nominal AC line voltage for lines other than nominal rated VAC.
- For complete information refer to WorkBench online help, AKD2G-S User Manual, section Power Setting.
- AC line filtering to be provided by the user. Use filter type FN2090, refer to the *Accessories Manual* for more information. Use shielded cable between filter and drive.



Three phases AC mains (all AKD2G-Sxx-)

- Directly to 3-phase supply network.
- Activate 3-phase supply (VBUS.THREEPHASE = 1).
- Set VBUS.ACNOMINAL to desired nominal AC line voltage for lines other than nominal rated VAC.
- For complete information refer to WorkBench online help, AKD2G-S User Manual, section Power Setting.
- AC line filtering to be provided by the user. Refer to the *Accessories Manual* for more filter description. Use shielded cable between filter and drive.
 - AKD2G-Sxx-6V: Motor cable < 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C3.
 - AKD2G-Sxx-7V up to 12 Amps: Motor cable < 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C3. Motor cable < 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C3.
 - AKD2G-Sxx-7V 24: Motor cable < 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C2. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C3. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2.

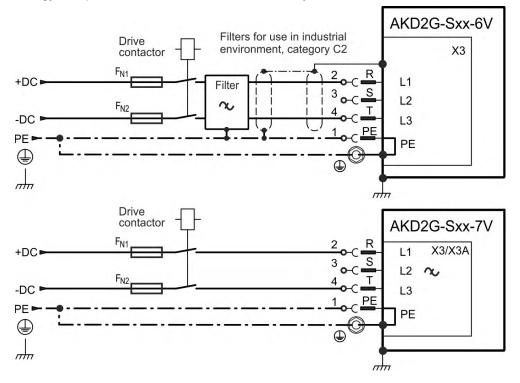


DC supply (all AKD2G-Sxx-)

- Activate DC supply (VBUS.DCOPERATION = 1) and set VBUS.DCNOMINAL.
- Any DC supply filtering for AKD2G-Sxx-6V to be provided by the user.

DC Supply to mains lines R/T (L1/L3)

DC power source is connected to the drive AC line inputs. This wiring provides soft start of the energy storage capacitors inside the drive and the AC rectifier diodes prevents motor regeneration energy from returning to the dc power source. That is, by powering the drive from the AC line input connections, the drive's energy absorption and energy dissipation mechanisms can work normally.

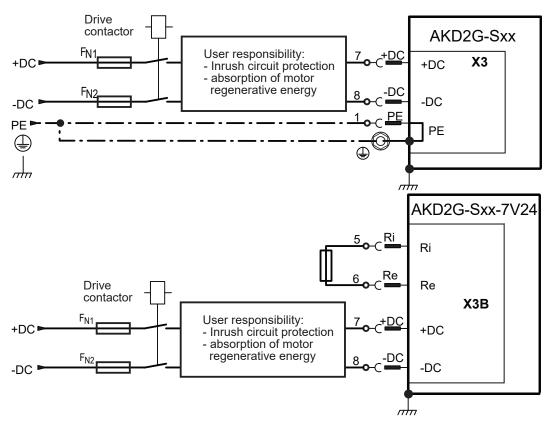


DC Supply to DC Bus lines X3/7-8

NOTICE

When wiring DC power supply to the drive DC Bus terminals X3/X3B pins 7 and 8, the user is responsible for current and power management using additional external devices. For more information refer to <u>KDN (AKD2G Low Voltage DC Operation)</u>. **User responsibility:**

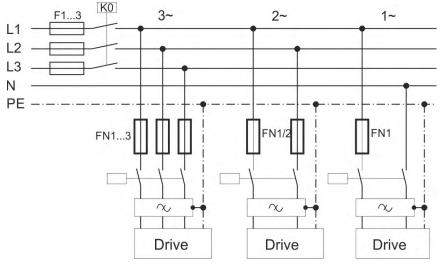
- The power supply system design must ensure inrush current protection by limiting input current during power up.
- Provide a means to safely absorb energy from the motor when slowing down/regenerating. UL Rating for DC requires that DC is created from an AC source. Other forms of DC are not covered by the UL listing.
- DC supply polarity must be properly wired. Improper polarity of DC power will damage the drive and void warranty.



7.6.2.2 Fusing

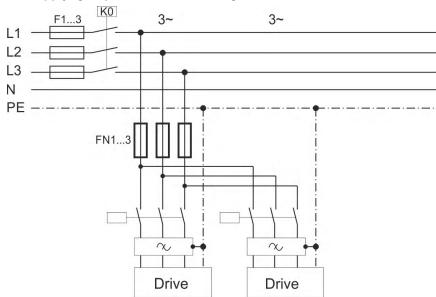
| Fuse types | Description |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Class J, 600 VAC, 200 kA SCCR, time-delay |
| US fuses | must be UL and CSA listed Alternate fuses and breakers to Class J must have similar or better Ip and I²T performance per UL 508A SB4.2 at max. 10 kA SCCR rating. |
| EU fuses | • Types gS or gG, 400 V/500 V, time-delay |
| | • max. 10 kA SCCR |
| Semiconductor | • max. 65 kA SCCR |
| Fuse holders | Use finger-safe fuse holders according to EN 60529 in combination with the standard fuse blocks. |
| Automatic circuit breakers | • max. 30 A |
| Automatic circuit breakers | • max. 10 kA SCCR |
| Group installation fusing | • max. 30 A |

AC supply, single drives, line fusing



- F1, F2, F3: depends on sum of application's required input currents and cabinet requirements.
- Filters for special EMC requirements only (→ # 549).
- FN1, FN2, FN3 maximum rating: 30 A.
- FN1, FN2, FN3 recommended rating see table below:

| Drive Model | FN1, FN2, FN3: Ampere rating | Example class J Eaton Bussmann | Example class J Mersen |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S | 10 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ10SP, DFJ10 | AJT10, HSJ10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S AKD2G-Sxx-6V03D | 10 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ10SP, DFJ10 | AJT10, HSJ10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V12S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06D | 15 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ15SP, DFJ15 | AJT15, HSJ15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V03S | 10 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ-10SP, DFJ-10 | AJT10, HSJ10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V06S AKD2G-Sxx-7V03D | 10 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ-10SP, DFJ-10 | AJT10, HSJ10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V12S AKD2G-Sxx-7V06D | 15 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ-15SP, DFJ-15 | AJT15, HSJ15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V24S | 25 A (Time-Delay) | LPJ-25SP, DFJ-25 | AJT25, HSJ25 |
| Drive | FN1, FN2, FN3: Ampere rating | Semi-conductor | Semi-conductor |
| Model | | Eaton/Bussmann | Mersen |
| Model AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S | 10 A | Eaton/Bussmann FWP-10G14F | FR14GR69V10 |
| | 10 A 10 A | | |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S | | FWP-10G14F | FR14GR69V10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S AKD2G-Sxx-6V03D AKD2G-Sxx-6V12S | 10 A | FWP-10G14F FWP-10G14F | FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S AKD2G-Sxx-6V03D AKD2G-Sxx-6V12S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06D | 10 A 15 A | FWP-10G14F FWP-10G14F FWP-16G14F | FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V16 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S AKD2G-Sxx-6V03D AKD2G-Sxx-6V12S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06D AKD2G-Sxx-7V03S AKD2G-Sxx-7V06S | 10 A 15 A 10 A | FWP-10G14FFWP-10G14FFWP-16G14FFWP-10G14F | FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V10 FR14GR69V16 FR14GR69V10 |



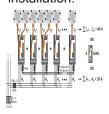
AC supply, group of drives, line fusing

- F1, F2, F3: depends on sum of application's required input currents and cabinet requirements.
- Filters for special EMC requirements only (\rightarrow # 549).
- FN1, FN2, FN3 maximum rating: fuse size for group installation is limited to 30 A max. and 32 A max. for Semiconductor fuses.
- FN1, FN2, FN3 rating should be 1.25 * sum current.

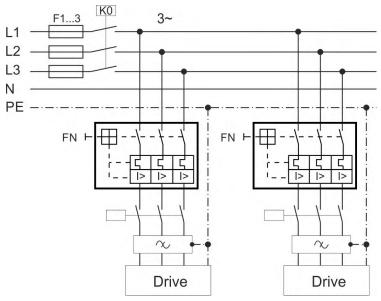
| Group sum current | FN1, FN2, FN3: Ampere rating | Eaton Bussmann | Mersen |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| 6 A to 30 A | 30 A (Time-Delay) | Example class J LPJ30SP, DFJ30 | Example class J AJT30, HSJ30 |
| 6 A to 30 A | 32 A | Semiconductor FWP-32G14F | Semiconductor FR14GR69V32 |

NOTE

The sum of the AC input currents $(A_{1...n})$ is less than 30 A (32 A when semiconductor fuses are used). Additionally, the sum of the axes currents $(I_{1...n})$ in parallel DC bus groupings must be less than 48 A. The maximum number of axes is limited to 8 drive enclosures per group installation.

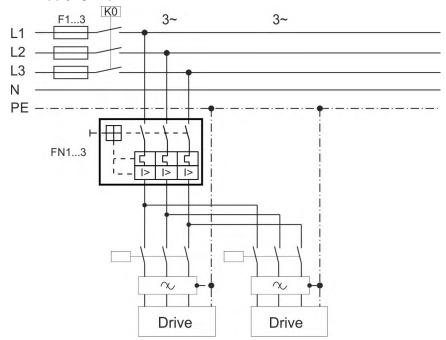


AC supply, single drives, automatic circuit breakers



- F1, F2, F3: depends on the sum of application's required input currents and cabinet requirements.
- Filters for special EMC requirements only (\rightarrow # 549).
- FN maximum rating: 30 A
- FN recommended rating and regional approvals see table below:

| Drive Model | Ampere rating | SCCR rating | Example ABB |
|-----------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V | 15 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V | 15 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V24x | 30 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K30 |

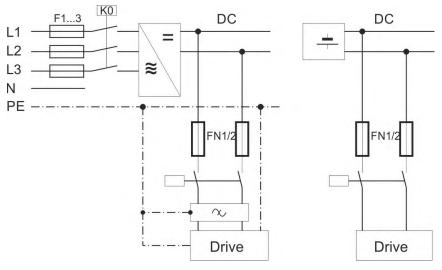


AC supply, group of drives, automatic circuit breakers

- F1, F2, F3: depends on sum of application's required input currents and cabinet requirements.
- Filters for special EMC requirements only (→ # 549).
- FN maximum rating: circuit breaker size for group installation is limited to 30 A max.
- FN rating should be 1.25 * sum current.
- FN recommended rating and regional approvals see table below:

| Group sum current | Ampere rating | SCCR rating | Example UL ABB |
|-------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V | rating | Tating | ADD |
| 6 A to 9 A | 15 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K15 |
| 12 A to 15 A | 20 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K20 |
| 18 A to 24 A | 30 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K30 |
| 27 A to 36 A | 30 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K30 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V | | | / |
| 6 A to 9 A | 15 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K15 |
| 12 A to 15 A | 20 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K20 |
| 18 A to 24 A | 30 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K30 |
| 27 A to 36 A | 30 A | 10 kA | SU203M-K30 |

DC supply, single drives, line fusing



- F1, F2, F3: depends on sum of application's required input currents and cabinet requirements.
- Filters for special EMC requirements only (→ # 549).
- FN1, FN2 maximum rating 30 A
- FN1, FN2 recommended rating see table below:

| Drive Model | Ampere rating | Example Eaton Bussmann | Example Mersen |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V03S | 10 A (Time-Delay) | DFJ-10 | HP6M10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V06S AKD2G-Sxx-6V03D | 15 A (Time-Delay) | DFJ-15 | HP6M15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V12S AKD2G-Sxx-6V06D | 15 A (Time-Delay) | DFJ-15 | HP6M15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V03S | 10 A (Time-Delay) | FWP-10B | HP10M10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V06S AKD2G-Sxx-7V03D | 10 A (Time-Delay) | FWP-10B | HP10M10 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V12S AKD2G-Sxx-7V06D | 15 A (Time-Delay) | FWP-15B | HP10M15 |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V24S | 25 A (Time-Delay) | FWP-25B | HP10M25 |

7.6.3 Auxiliary voltage power supply connector X10

The following diagram describes external 24 VDC power supply (PELV). The required supply current rating depends on the use of motor brake (\rightarrow # 44) or (\rightarrow # 44).



- 2 pin, pitch 5.08 mm
- T-type mating connector data (\rightarrow # 63)
- Undervoltage fault limit 19 V
- Overvoltage fault limit 30 V

Top View

| Pin | Signal | Description | | | |
|-----|--------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | + 24 V | +24 VDC supply voltage, PELV | | | |

| Pin | Signal | Description | | |
|-----|--------|----------------------------------------|--|--|
| 2 | GND | Ground for 24 VDC supply voltage, PELV | | |

For control supply current requirement specifications see section (\rightarrow #49).

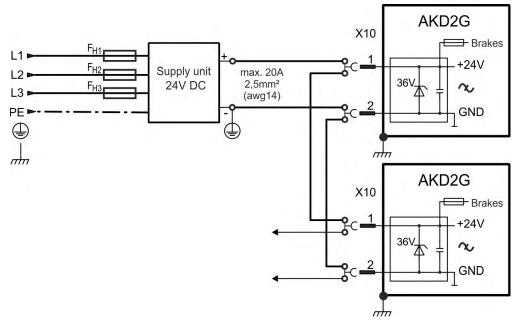
7.6.3.1 Fusing

Use 24 VDC supply manufacturer's recommendation for fusing.

7.6.3.2 Wiring example 24 VDC supply

Maximum current for one string of daisy-chained X10T connectors is 20 A. The sum of the control currents of the connected drives should not exceed 20 A. With the data given in the table above, you can connect for example: 6 single axis drives, or 4 dual axis drives, or 3 single + 2 dual axis drives.

Wiring example with three phase power supply unit:



7.7 DC Bus link connector X3/X3B

The DC bus link can be connected in parallel so that the power returned from slowing down motors is divided between all the drives that are connected to the same DC bus link circuit. Every drive must have its own power connection to mains voltage sharing the same branch, over current protection devices, even if the DC bus link is used. Drives working generatively very often should be placed beside drives, which need energy. That reduces current flow on longer distances.

NOTICE

The drives can be destroyed if DC bus link voltages are different. Only drives with mains supply that share the same AC branch, over current protection devices (identical mains supply voltage) may have the DC bus links interconnected.

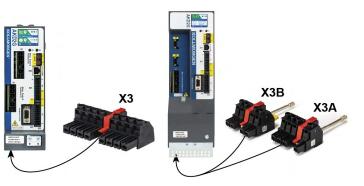
Interconnection of DC bus links works best in systems powered by 3-phase AC or DC power. Consult Kollmorgen for DC bus linking with single phase AC power input.

NOTE

The sum of the application currents in the connected in parallel DC bus wires must not exceed 48 A. Wiring: Use 6 mm² unshielded single cores with a max. length of 200 mm; use 6 mm² shielded cables for longer lengths. In this case no fuse for line protection is required.

- 8/4 pin, pitch 7.62/10.16 mm
- Optional T version (not available for 7V24 drives)
- Mating connector data (→ # 63)

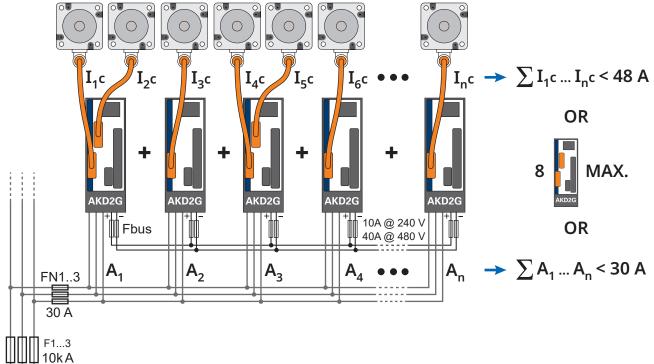
AKD2G-S Installation Manual, Safety 3 | 7 Electrical Installation



| Pin | Label | Signal | Description |
|-----|-------|--------|----------------------|
| 7 | +DC | +DC | DC Bus link positive |
| 8 | -DC | -DC | DC Bus link negative |



In addition to the sum of the axes currents $(I_{1...n})$ in parallel DC bus groupings being less than 48 A, the sum of the AC input currents $(A_{1...n})$ must be less than 30 A (32 A when semiconductor fuses are used). The maximum number of axes is limited to 8 drive enclosures per group installation. Group AC fusing and breaker guidelines should also be followed for DC bus groupings.(\rightarrow # 99)





7.7.1 Fusing

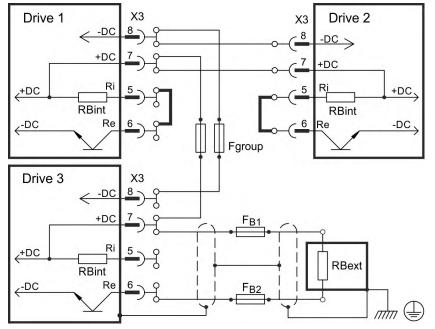
External regen fusing FB1/FB2 (→ # 106). DC bus link fusing depends on topology (see (→ # 105)).

| Wiring topology | Ampere Ampere rating@240V rating@480V | | Example Eaton: | Example Mersen: | | | |
|--------------------|------------------------------------------|------|----------------|-----------------|--|--|--|
| AKD2G-Sxx-6V | | | | | | | |
| Group: Fgroup | max. 30 A | na | DFJ-30 | HP6M30 | | | |
| Busbar: Fbus | max. 15 A na | | DFJ-15 | HP6M15 | | | |
| AKD2G-Sxx-7V | | | | | | | |
| Group: Fgroup | max. | 30 A | FWP-30B | HP10M30 | | | |
| Busbar: Fbus | max. 15 A | | FWP-15B | HP10M15 | | | |

NOTE

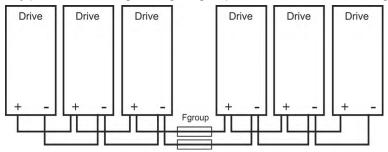
Also follow group AC fusing and breaker guidelines when sharing or grouping regen resistors. $(\rightarrow \# 99)$

7.7.2 Wiring example with T connectors



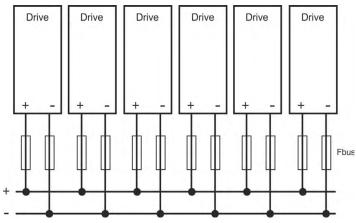
Note: T connectors are not available for 7V24 drives.

Without DC Bus fuses, other devices can become damaged or destroyed if, for example, a device fails due to an internal short circuit. If multiple drives are connected in parallel, then it is usual to insert DC Bus fuses (Fgroup) between groups of drives (with a group consisting of two or three devices, depending on the current) in order to limit any possible resulting damage. Fgroup fuses cannot avoid damage by current peaks completely.



7.7.3 Wiring example with busbar

If a device fails in this system due to a short-circuit, only its fuses (Fbus) are tripped and the rest of the network continues uninterrupted. The solid busbars can conduct significantly larger currents than T connectors, because the compensating current does not flow through the connector as above.



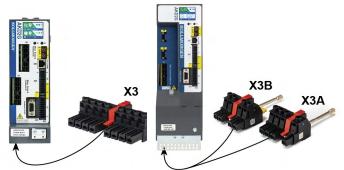
7.8 Regen resistor connector X3/X3B

For technical data on the regenerative brake circuit (\rightarrow #49).

NOTE

Fusing (such as fusible cut-outs or power switches) to be provided by the user.

- 8/4 pin, pitch 7.62/10.16 mm
- Optional T version (not available on 7V24S model)
- Mating connector data (\rightarrow #63).
- X3/5 to X3/6 must be shorted to use the built in regen resistor. Remove the jumper to connect an external regen resistor.
- Refer to the WorkBench online help for parameter setting (REGEN.EXT, REGEN.REXT, REGEN.WATTEXT)

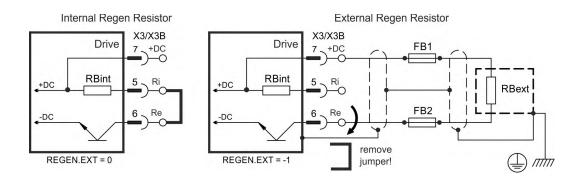


| Pin | Label | Signal | Description |
|-----|-------|--------|---------------------------|
| 5 | Ri | RBint | internal Regen resistor |
| 6 | Re | -RB | external Regen resistor - |
| 7 | +DC | +RBext | external Regen resistor + |

7.8.1 Fusing and Wiring

FB1 / FB2 fusing

| AmpereAmpereDrive Modelrating@240Vrating@480V | | Example: Eaton | Example: Siba | | |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----|----------------|---------------|-------------------------------------------|--|
| all AKD2G-Sxx | 10A | 40A | FWP-xxA14F | 110V to 400V: gRL(gS) 400V to 480V: aR | |



7.9 Motor Power, Brake and Feedback connection

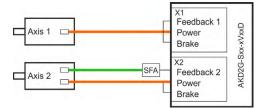
The AKD2G drive is able to protect the connected motor from overloading, if the parameters are set correctly and the thermal protection sensor is connected and supervised. With Kollmorgen motors the valid data are automatically set by the WorkBench motor database. Refer to parameter AXIS#.MOTOR.RTYPE for supported thermal sensors.

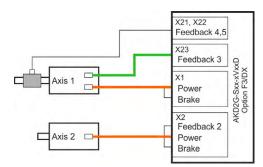
NOTICE

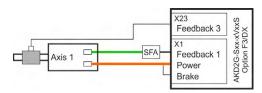
The dynamic voltage rise can lead to a reduction in the motor operating life and, on unsuitable motors, to flashovers in the motor winding.

- Only install motors with insulation class F (acc. to IEC60085) or above.
- Only install cables that meet the requirements (→ # 64).

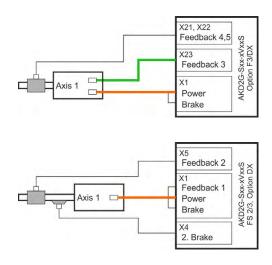
7.9.1 Motor connectivity, some examples







- Axis 1: single cable connection (\rightarrow # 108)
- commutation feedback: SFD3 or DSL
- Axis 2: dual cable connection (→ # 108)
 - commutation feedback: EnDAT, HIPERFACE, Resolver etc. by using SFA
- Axis 1: dual cable connection (\rightarrow # 110)
 - commutation feedback: Resolver, SFD, EnDAT, HIPERFACE, BiSS, SinCos, ComCoder, Hall, SmartAbs etc. by using X23
 - position feedback:
 X21: Step/Direction
 - X22: Step/Direction or incremental encoder
- Axis 2: single cable connection (\rightarrow # 108)
 - commutation feedback: SFD3 or DSL
- Axis 1: dual cable connection (\rightarrow # 110)
 - commutation feedback: EnDAT, HIPERFACE, Resolver etc. by using SFA
 - position feedback: Resolver, SFD, EnDAT, HIPERFACE, BiSS, SinCos, ComCoder, Hall, SmartAbs etc. by using X23



- Axis 1: dual cable connection (\rightarrow # 110)
 - commutation feedback: Resolver, SFD, EnDAT, HIPERFACE, BiSS, SinCos, ComCoder, Hall, SmartAbs etc. by using X23
 - position feedback:
 - X21: Step/Direction
 - X22: Step/Direction or incremental encoder
- Axis 1: single cable connection (→ # 108)
 - commutation feedback: SFD3 or DSL
 - position feedback: SFD3 or DSL or SFA at X5
 - secondary brake by using X4

7.9.2 Single motor cable connection

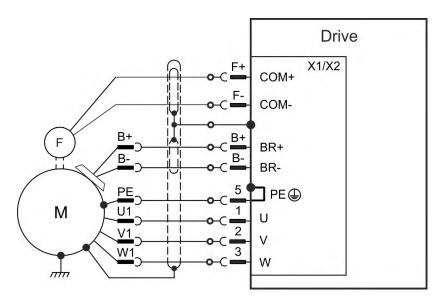
Motors with two wire feedback systems like SFD3 or Hiperface DSL can be connected to AKD2G by using a single Kollmorgen hybrid cable. Depending on the AKD2G version (single or dual axis), one or two single cable motor connections are possible.

| Drive type | Commutation Axis 1 | Commutation Axis 2 | 2nd Brake | Velocity/Position loop clo | | | closure |
|----------------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|--------------|----------------------------|-----|-----|---------|
| Single axis with Option F3 | X1 | - | X4 | X5 | X21 | X22 | X23 |
| Dual axis with Option F3 | X1 | X2 | - | - | X21 | X22 | X23 |

7.9.2.1 Motor Power, Brake and Feedback connectors X1, X2



- X1 (Feedback 1) / X2 (Feedback 2)
 - Motor Power: 4 pin, pitch 7.62 mm
 - Motor Brake: 2 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
 - Motor Feedback: 2 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
- Cable length: $(\rightarrow \# 64)$
- Use Kollmorgen cables
- Mating connector data (→ #63).
- Feedback types: SFD3, HIPERFACE DSL
 - Rated voltage 11 V.
 - Rated current is 350 mA simultaneously for X1 and X2.



Pinout is identical for connectors X1 and X2.

| Pin | Signal | Description | |
|-----|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | U | Motor phase U | |
| 2 | V | Motor phase V | |
| 3 | W | Motor phase W | |
| 5 | PE | Protective earth | |
| B+ | BR+ | Brake positive line (safety notes and details (\rightarrow # 113)) | |
| B- | BR- | Brake negative line (safety notes and details (\rightarrow # 113)) | |
| F+ | COM+ | SFD3, HIPERFACE DSL | |
| F- | COM- | | |

7.9.2.2 Feedback connectors X5, X41, X21, X22, X23

- Velocity/Position loop closing
- Use Kollmorgen cables
- Mating connector data (→ # 63).
- Cable length: (→ # 64)

| Connector | Functionality | Pinout, Wiring |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| X5 For single axis drives only. SFD3, DSL, SFA $(\rightarrow \# 119)$ | | (→ # 119) |
| X41 | SFA at X5, several conventional feedback types | (→ # 137) |
| X21 Step/Direction, CW/CCW $(\rightarrow \# 120)$ | | (→ # 120) |
| X22 | Step/Direction, CW/CCW, Incr.Encoder, EnDAT, BiSS | (→ # 121) |
| X23 | Several conventional feedback types | (→ # 122) |

7.9.2.3 Secondary Brake connector X4

Connector X4 is standard on single axis drives with functional safety and is used for applications that require a second safety brake.

- Mating connector data (→ # 63).
- Cable length: $(\rightarrow \# 64)$

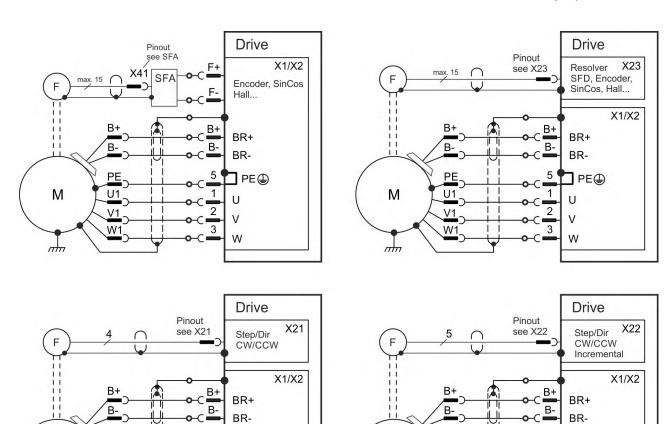
| Connector | Functionality | Pinout, Wiring |
|-----------|-----------------------------|-----------------------|
| X4 | For single axis drives only | (→ # 115) |

7.9.3 Dual motor cable connection

Motors with conventional commutation feedback systems like resolver or sine encoder can be connected to AKD2G with separated power/brake and feedback cables. Feedback functions are assigned with parameters in WorkBench. Scaling and other settings are performed in WorkBench, too. Velocity / Position loop closing and electronic gearing / master-slave connection are possible by using X5, X21, X22, X23 depending on the drive version and physical restrictions.



- X1 (Feedback 1) / X2 (Feedback 2)
 - Motor Power: 4 pin, pitch 7.62 mm
 - Motor Brake: 2 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
 - SFA connection: 2 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
 - Feedback types: see SFA connectivity (→ # 137)
- X23 (Feedback 3)
 - SubD HD 15 poles
 - Feedback types: see X23 connectivity (→ # 122)
- X21 (Feedback 4)
 - 2 x 11 pins (left connector A, right connector B)
 - Feedback types: see X21 connectivity (→ # 120)
- X22 (Feedback 5)
 - 2 x 10 pins (left connector A, right connector B)
 - Feedback types: see X22 connectivity (→ # 121)
- Mating connector data (\rightarrow #63).



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7.9.3.1 Motor power and motor brake connectors X1, X2

Usually these lines are part of the Kollmorgen motor cable connected to X1 or X2. For motor brake safety notes and functional details (\rightarrow # 113).

- Use Kollmorgen cables
- Mating connector data (→ # 63).
- Cable length: $(\rightarrow \# 64)$

| Pin | Signal | Description | | |
|-----|--------|---------------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | U | Motor phase U | | |
| 2 | V | otor phase V | | |
| 3 | W | Notor phase W | | |
| 5 | PE | Protective earth | | |
| B+ | BR+ | Brake positive, with Kollmorgen cables only | | |
| B- | BR- | Brake negative, with Kollmorgen cables only | | |

7.9.3.2 Feedback connectors X1, X2, X5, X41, X21, X22, X23

- Use Kollmorgen cables
- Mating connector data (→ # 63).
- Cable length: $(\rightarrow \# 64)$
- For feedback connection overview (→ # 116)

| Connector | Functionality | Pinout, Wiring |
|-------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| X1/X2 | SFD3, DSL, SFA | (→ # 118) |
| X5 (only on 24 A model) | For single axis drives only. SFD3, DSL, SFA | (→ # 119) |
| X41 | SFA at X1 or X2 or X5, several conventional feedback types | (→ # 137) |
| X21 | Step/Direction, CW/CCW | (→ # 120) |
| X22 | Step/Direction, CW/CCW, Incr. Encoder, EnDAT, BiSS | (→ # 121) |
| X23 | Several conventional feedback types | (→ # 122) |

Feedback connector X1, X2, X5, X41

Conventional feedback systems can be connected to X1 or X2 or X5 by using the optional feedback adapter SFA. SFA offers the additional connector X41.

- X1 is a standard connector. Input for SFD3, DSL, or SFA.
- X2 is standard for dual-axis drives. Input for SFD3, DSL, or SFA.
- X5 is optional for single axes drives. Input for SFD3, DSL, or SFA.
- SFA: adapter for several conventional feedback types

Feedback connector X21

- Connector X21 is a standard connector.
- Input for Step/Direction and CW/CCW.

Feedback connector X22

- Connector X22 is standard connector .
- Input for Step/Direction, CW/CCW, Incremental encoder

Feedback connector X23

- Connector X23 is part of option F3.
- Input for several conventional feedback types.

7.9.3.3 Secondary Brake connector X4

Connector X4 is part of the single axis drive. Use for applications, which require a second safe brake for functional safety.

- Mating connector data: (→ # 63).
- Cable length: $(\rightarrow \# 65)$

| Connector | Functionality | Pinout, Wiring | |
|-----------|-----------------------------|----------------|--|
| X4 | For single axis drives only | (→ # 115) | |

7.9.4 Motor Holding Brake Connection

A 24 V holding brake in the motor can be controlled directly by the drive. For proper function, check voltage drop, measure voltage at brake input and check brake function (on and off).

Brake voltage supply by using 24 V \pm 10% auxiliary voltage supply of the drive on X10. Minimum and maximum brake current see Electrical Data (\rightarrow # 46) respectively (\rightarrow # 48).

AKD2G offers motor brake outputs on connectors X1, X2 and X4. The outputs can be mapped to the required axis with WorkBench.

| Connector | Usable for | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| X1 | X1 Primary motor brake axis 1 or secondary brake for axis 2 | |
| X2 Primary motor brake axis 2 or secondary brake for axis 1 | | |
| X4 Secondary motor brake axis 1, for single axis drives only (\rightarrow # 115) | | |



WARNING No functional safety!

Serious injury could result when the load is not properly blocked. The internal brake function does not ensure functional safety.

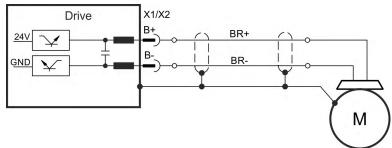
- Functional Safety can be ensured with configured SBC (→ # 240) only.
- For SIL 3 a second (external) motor brake for an axis is required. For single axis drives this brake can be connected to X4 (→ # 115). For dual axis drives the additional brake must be controlled from another source (e.g. from the other axis or externally from a safety controller). The brakes can be mapped to an axis with WorkBench.
- The Hardware Enable does not initiate a controlled stop but switches off the power stage immediately.
- Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the brake immediately after faults or Hardware Disable.

Pinout X1 / X2

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|---------------------|
| B+ | BR+ | Brake positive line |
| B- | BR- | Brake negative line |

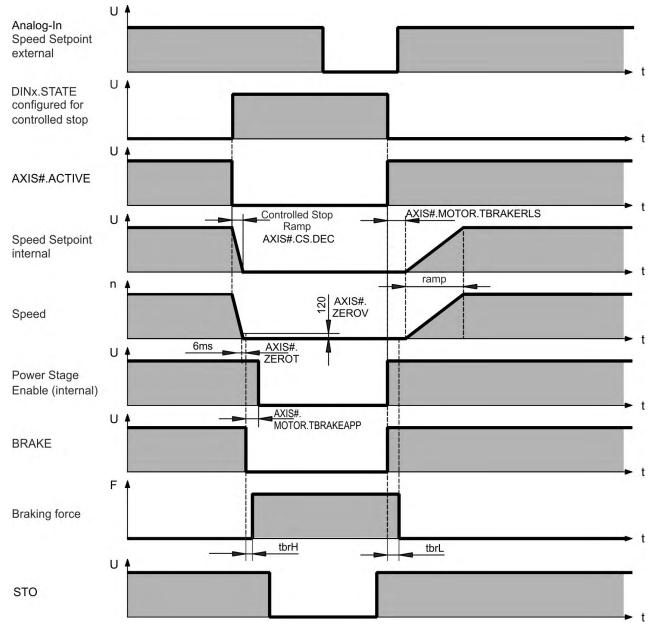
Wiring

Usually the brake lines are part of Kollmorgen cable connections to X1 and X2 (\rightarrow # 108).



Functionality

The brake function must be enabled through a parameter. The diagram below shows the timing and functional relationships between the controlled stop signal, speed, and braking force. All values can be adjusted with parameters; values in the diagram are default values.



The drive speed setpoint is internally driven down an adjustable ramp (AXIS#.CS.DEC) to 0 V.

With default values the output for the brake is switched on when the speed has reached 5 rpm (AXIS#.ZEROV) for at least 6 ms (AXIS#.ZEROT). The rise (t_{brH}) and fall (t_{brL}) times of the holding brake that is built into the motor are different for the various types of motor.

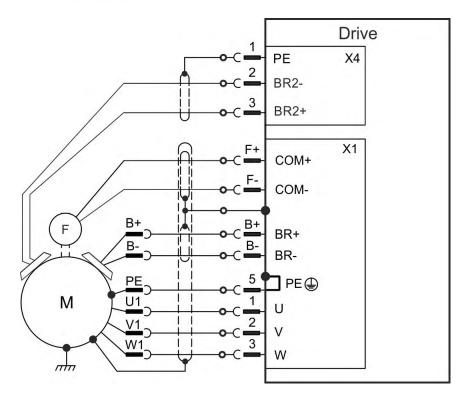
7.9.4.1 Secondary Brake connector X4

Connector X4 is standard on single axis drives with functional safety and is used for applications that require a second safety brake.



- 3 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
- Second (safe) motor brake
- Required for SIL3 brake control
- Mating connector data (→ # 63).





| X4 Pin | Signal | Description | |
|--------|--------|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | PE | Protective earth | |
| 2 | BR2- | Second (external) brake - | |
| 3 | BR2+ | Second (external) brake + | |

7.10 Feedback Connection

7.10.1 Overview

AKD2G offers up to five feedback channels which can serve

- to commutate the motor (single cable (→ # 108) or dual cable (→ # 113)),
- · to close the velocity and/or position loops,
- to act as a command source (electronic gearing, flying sheer, master-slave (→ # 151)),

The usage of the five channels may be freely configured in software, subject only to a few restrictions that are not physically sensible.

- Exactly one feedback channel per axis can commutate the motor.
- At most one feedback channel per axis can serve as the command source and the same feedback channel cannot also commutate the motor.
- A feedback channel can serve as the command source for more than one axis.
- FB1 cannot commutate axis 2. FB2 cannot commutate axis 1.

There are different variants of some encoders such as BiSS and SSI. Setups with third-party encoders should be tested in advance.

| Feedback channel | Connector | Usable for | Pinout |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|
| Feedback 1 | X1 | Axis 1: commutation feedback | (→ # 118) |
| Feeuback I | X41 | Axis 1 by using SFA on X1: commutation feedback | (→ # 137) |
| Feedback 2 | ack 2 X2 Axis 2: commutation feedback $(\rightarrow \# 1)$ | | (→ # 118) |
| Feedback 2 | X41 | Axis 2 by using SFA on X2: commutation feedback | (→ # 137) |
| Feedback 2 | X5 | Single axis drive: velocity/position, command, safety | (→ # 119) |
| Feedback 2 | X41 | Single axis drive using SFA on X5: velocity/position, command, safety | (→ # 137) |
| Feedback 3 X23 commutation feedback, velocity/position, command (- | | (→ # 122) | |
| Feedback 4 | X21 | commutation feedback, velocity/position, command | (→ # 120) |
| Feedback 5 X22 commutation feedback, velocity/position, command (- | | (→ # 121) | |

7.10.2 Feedback to Connector

7.10.3 Feedback Type to Connector

| Feedback Types | Connectors |
|--------------------------------|--------------------|
| SFD3 | X1, X2, X5 |
| Encoder HIPERFACE DSL | X1, X2, X5 |
| Resolver | X23, X41 |
| SFD | X23, X41 |
| SinCos Encoder BiSS B (analog) | X23, X41 |
| Encoder BiSS C (digital) | X22, X23, X41 |
| SinCos Encoder EnDat 2.1 | X23, X41 |
| Encoder EnDat Digital 2.2 | X22, X23, X41 |
| Encoder HIPERFACE | X23, X41 |
| Sine Encoder | X23, X41 |
| Sine Encoder + Hall | X23, X41 |
| Incremental Encoder | X21, X22, X23, X41 |

| Feedback Types | Connectors |
|---------------------------------------|---------------|
| Incremental Encoder + Hall (Comcoder) | X23, X41 |
| Hall Sensors | X23, X41 |
| SSI | X22, X23, X41 |
| Step/Direction | X21, X22, X23 |
| CW/CCW | X21, X22, X23 |

7.10.4 Maximum Cable Lengths by Feedback Type

| Feedback Type | Single motor cable? | Up to 265 VAC / 375 VDC | Up to 528 VAC / 750 VDC |
|---------------------------|---------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Resolver | No | 100 | 100 |
| SFD Gen 2 (4 wire) | No | 50 | 50 |
| SFD Gen 2 (4 wire) | Yes | 50 | 35 |
| SFD Gen 3 (2 wire) | Yes | 50 | 25 |
| Hiperface DSL | Yes | 25 | 25 |
| BiSS (B) Analog | No | 50 | 50 |
| BiSS (C) Digital | No | 35 | 25 |
| EnDat (2.1) Analog | No | 50 | 50 |
| EnDat (2.2) Digital | No | 50 | 50 |
| Hiperface Analog | No | 50 | 50 |
| 1 Vpp with/without Hall | No | 35 | 25 |
| Inc Dig with/without Hall | No | 35 | 25 |
| Hall Only | No | 35 | 25 |
| SSI | No | 35 | 25 |

Max. cable lengths in m.

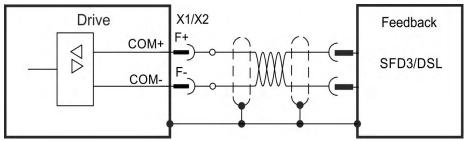
7.10.5 Feedback Connectors X1, X2

- 4 pin, pitch 7.62 mm + 2x2 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
- Input for commutation feedback: SFD3, DSL, SFA

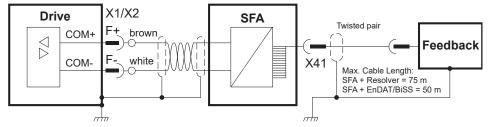


• Input for commutation reedback. SFD3, DSL, S

Wiring example SFD3 or HIPERFACE DSL



Wiring example conventional Feedback types with SFA



Electrical data

- Rated voltage 11 V.
- Rated current is 350 mA simultaneously for X1 and X2.

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|--------------------------------|
| F+ | COM+ | SFD3 +, HIPERFACE DSL +, SFA + |
| F- | COM- | SFD3 -, HIPERFACE DSL -, SFA - |

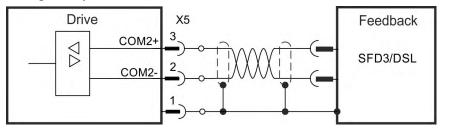
7.10.6 Feedback Connector X5

Connector X5 is part of the single axis drives. Use this input for applications which require a safe feedback.

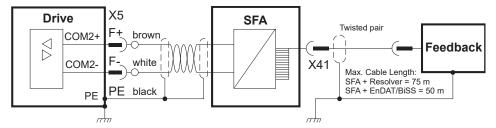
- 3 pin, pitch 3.81 mm
 - Second 2 wire feedback, SFA
 - Input for safe feedback.
 - Feedback types: SFD3, HIPERFACE DSL
 - Required for SIL3 feedback control
 - Mating connector data (\rightarrow #63).



Wiring example SFD3 or HIPERFACE DSL



Wiring example conventional Feedback types with SFA



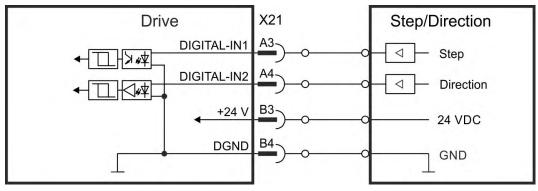
See the SFA X41 connector pinout summary and available feedback pinouts starting on (\rightarrow # 137).

| X5 Pin | Signal | Description |
|--------|--------|----------------------------------------|
| 1 | PE | Cable shield (PE) |
| 2 | COM2- | Safe HIPERFACE DSL - or SFD3 - or SFA- |
| 3 | COM2+ | Safe HIPERFACE DSL + or SFD3 + or SFA+ |

7.10.7 Feedback Connector X21

- 2 x 11 pins (left connector A, right connector B), pitch 3.5mm
- Fast input, isolated, sink, type EN 61131-2 type 1
- Input for commutation or position feedback.
- Input for Electronic Gearing, (\rightarrow # 151)
- Mating connector data (\rightarrow # 63).

Wiring example



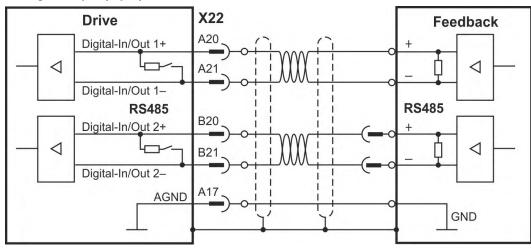
| X21 Pin | Step/Direction | CW/CCW | Incr. Encoder |
|---------|----------------|---------------|---------------|
| A3 | Step | CW | А |
| A4 | Direction | CCW | В |
| B3 | 24 VDC | 24 VDC | 24 VDC |
| B4 | Common (DGND) | Common (DGND) | Common (DGND) |

7.10.8 Feedback Connector X22



- 2 x 10 pins (left connector A, right connector B), pitch 3.5 mm
- RS485 inputs
- Input for commutation or position feedback.
- Input for Electronic Gearing, (→ # 151)
- Output for encoder emulation (EEO2), (→ # 151)
- Mating connector data (→ # 63).

Wiring example (Input)



EEO output connection is similar.

| X22 Pin | Step / Direction | CW / CCW | Increm. Encoder | BiSS C | EnDAT 2.2 | SSI |
|---------|---------------------|-------------|--------------------|--------|-----------|------|
| A20 | Step + | CW + | Track A + | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ |
| A21 | Step - | CW - | Track A - | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- |
| B20 | Direction + | CCW + | Track B + | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ |
| B21 | Direction - | CCW - | Track B - | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- |
| A17 | AGND | AGND | AGND | AGND | AGND | AGND |

E DC Terminated, can be overridden with DIO#.TERM

NOTE

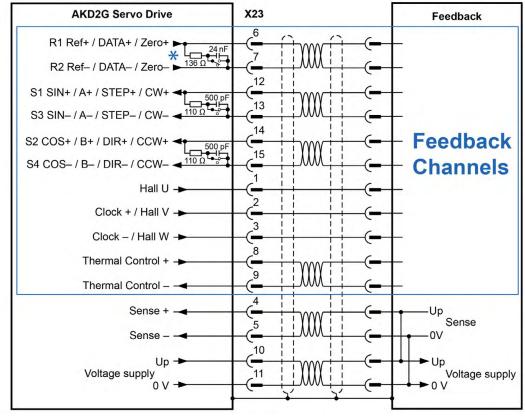
Feedback power supply must be supplied and controlled by the user.

7.10.9 Feedback Connector X23

X23

- Sub-D high density 15 pin, female
- Use Kollmorgen feedback cables
 - Input for several feedback types
 - Input for Electronic Gearing, (\rightarrow # 151)
 - Output for encoder emulation (EEO1), (→ # 151)
 - Digital input (\rightarrow # 166), Digital output (\rightarrow # 171)
 - Mating connector data (→ # 63).

7.10.9.1 X23 Connector Pinout Summary





*AC / DC Selectable Termination: Older drives may not include a DC termination switch across pins 6 and 7. Please contact Kollmorgen Support for more information

Encoder power supply (X23 pins 10/11):

- Maximum voltage 9 V with shorted sense contacts (4/5), rated voltage 5 V +/-3.5%.
- Rated supply current is 350 mA.
- + Voltage rise time $\widetilde{}\,4$ ms with full load and 220 μF of capacitance.
- + Encoder power lines capacitance 10 μF to 220 μF

| Pin | SFD | Resolver | BiSS B | BiSS C | EnDat [®] 2.1 | EnDat [®] 2.2* | HIPERFACE® | Sine/ Cos | Sine/ Cos +Hall | Incr. Enc. | Incr. Enc. +Hall | Hall | SSI | Step/ Dir | CW/ CCW |
|-----|------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|------|--------------|------------|
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Hall U | - | Hall U | Hall U | - | - | - |
| 2 | - | - | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | - | - | Hall V | - | Hall V | Hall V | - | - | - |
| 3 | - | - | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | - | - | Hall W | - | Hall W | Hall W | - | - | - |
| 4 | SEN+ | - | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | - | - | - | - |
| 5 | SEN- | - | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | - | - | - | - |
| 6 | COM+ | R1 Ref+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | - | D+ | - | - |
| 7 | COM- | R2 Ref- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | - | D- | - | - |
| 8 | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | - | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ |
| 9 | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | - | Th- | Th- | Th- |
| 10 | +5 V | - | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | 8-9 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V |
| 11 | 0 V | - | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V |
| 12 | - | S1 SIN+ | A+ | - | A+ | - | SIN+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | - | - | Step+ | CW+ |
| 13 | - | S3 SIN- | A- | - | A- | - | SIN- | A- | A- | A- | A- | - | - | Step- | CW- |
| 14 | - | S2 COS+ | B+ | - | B+ | - | COS+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | - | - | CCW+ | CCW+ |
| 15 | - | S4 COS- | B- | - | B- | - | COS- | B- | B- | B- | B- | - | - | CCW- | CCW- |

CL = CLOCK, D = DATA, S = SENSE, Th = Thermal control, Z = Zero

E DC Terminated, can be overridden with DIO#.TERMDIO#.TERM

= Optional

= Information digitally communicated on COM+/- channel.

7.10.10 X23 Feedback Wiring Pinout Diagrams

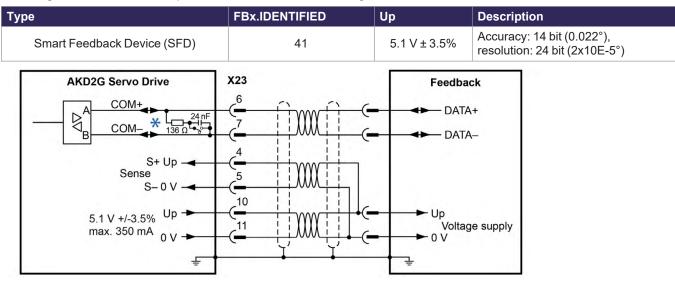
7.10.10.1 X23 SFD Feedback

The diagram below shows the connection of the four-wire Kollmorgen SFD feedback system.

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NOTE
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When SFD cable total resistance for 5V out (Up) and 5V return (0V) is less than 3.3 Ohm, then remote sensing is not needed. For a typical cable this means remote sensing is not needed up to 25m.

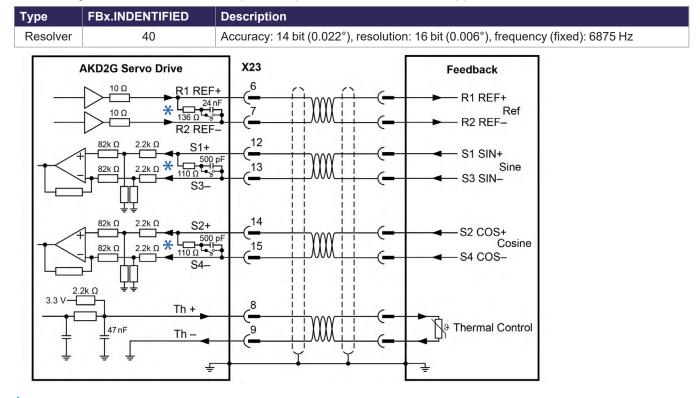
Kollmorgen cables are rated up to 50m with no remote sensing.



*SFD must always use AC coupled termination - DC termination switch open.

7.10.10.2 X23 Resolver Feedback

The diagram below shows the connection of a resolver (2 to 36-poles) as a feedback system. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the Resolver cable and evaluated in the drive. If no thermal control is in the motor, the cable must short pins 8 and 9.



If cable lengths of more than 100m are planned, please contact customer support.

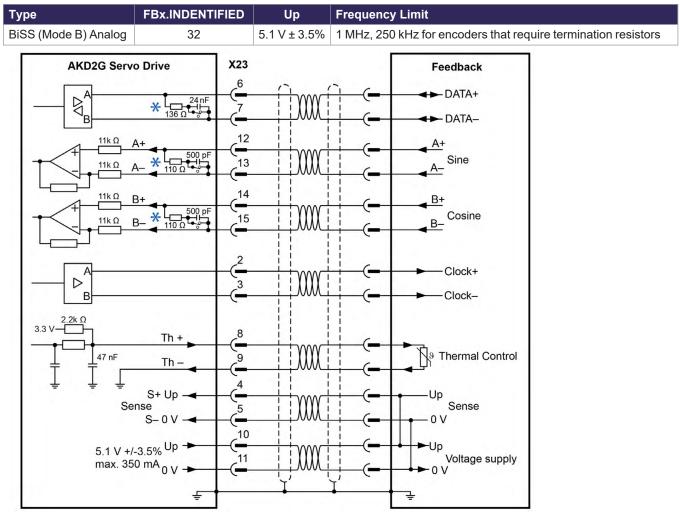
* Resolver Sine/Cosine channels must be high impedance - DC termination switch open.

*DC termination is not compatible with the REF channel - DC termination switch open.

7.10.10.3 X23 BiSS (Mode B) Analog Feedback

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn encoder with BiSS Mode B interface as a feedback system. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.

If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.

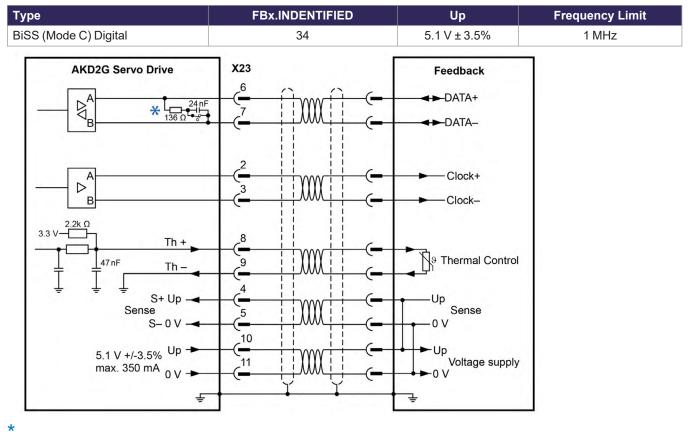


DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.4 X23 BiSS (Mode C) Digital Feedback

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn encoder with BiSS Mode C interface from Renishaw (specifically model Resolute RA26B) as a feedback system.

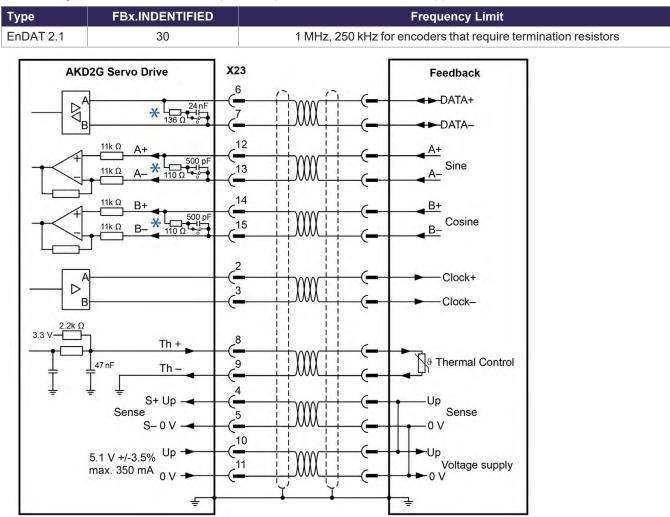
If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.



DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.5 X23 EnDAT 2.1 Feedback (with 1V p-p analog signals)

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn sine-cosine encoder with EnDat 2.1 interface as a feedback system. Preferred types are the ECN1313 and EQN1325 encoders. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive. All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.



If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.

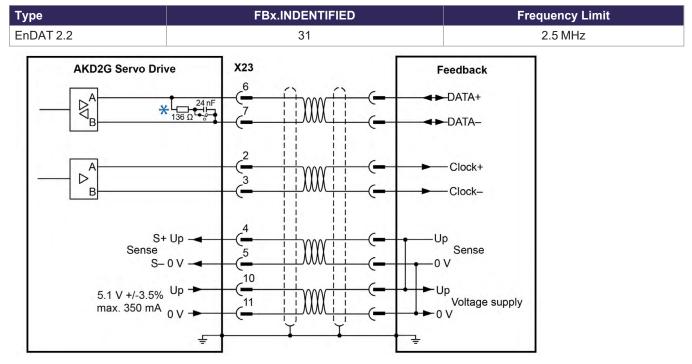
* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.6 X23 EnDAT 2.2 Digital Feedback

Single-turn or multi-turn encoders with EnDat 2.2 interface can be connected either to X23 or X41 as a primary motor feedback system.

All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.

If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.



* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

NOTE

From AKD: Analog I/O functionality must be selected in the related WorkBench screen. If the set limit is exceeded, then warning n256 is created. *For use as primary motor feedback, set parameters DRV.EMUEMODE, PL.FBSOURCE,

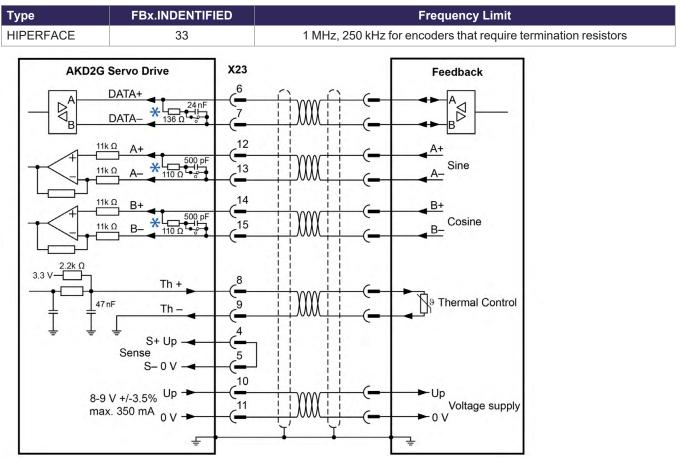
IL.FBSOURCE, VL.FBSOURCE.

7.10.10.7 X23 HIPERFACE Feedback

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn sine-cosine encoder with Hiperface interface as a feedback system.

The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive. All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.

If cable lengths of more than 50 m are planned, please consult customer support.



DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

NOTE

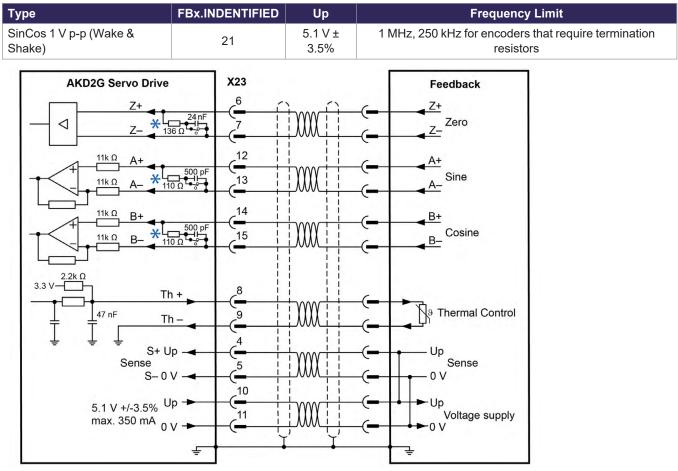
*

Connecting pin 4 and 5 together causes Up to be 8 to 9V.

7.10.10.8 X23 Sine Encoder Feedback

This feedback device does not deliver absolute information for commutation and works with wake&shake commutation (WorkBench Online Help). All signals are connected to X23 / X41 and evaluated there.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

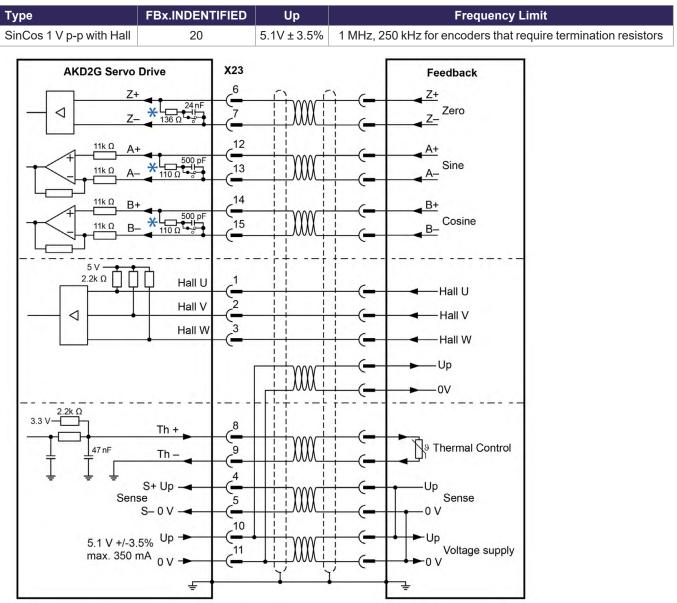


* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.9 X23 Sine Encoder with Hall Feedback

This feedback device delivers absolute information for commutation and can be used as a complete feedback system. All signals are connected to X23 / X41 and evaluated there.

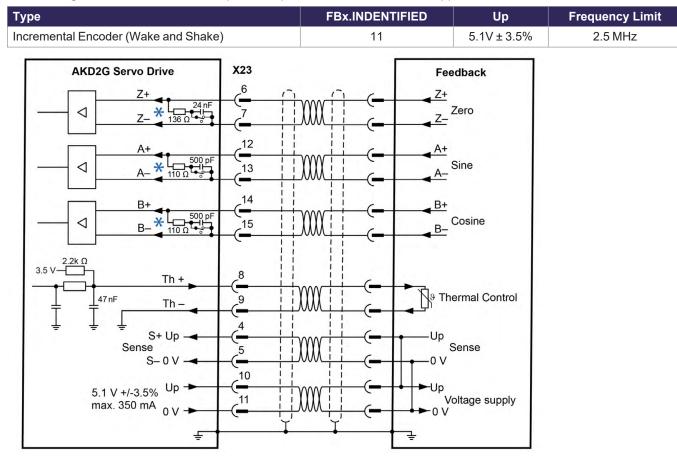
If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.



* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.10 X23 Incremental Encoder Feedback

This feedback device does not deliver absolute information for commutation and works with Wake and Shake commutation (see WorkBench Online Help). All signals are connected using a pre-assembled comcoder connection cable. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.



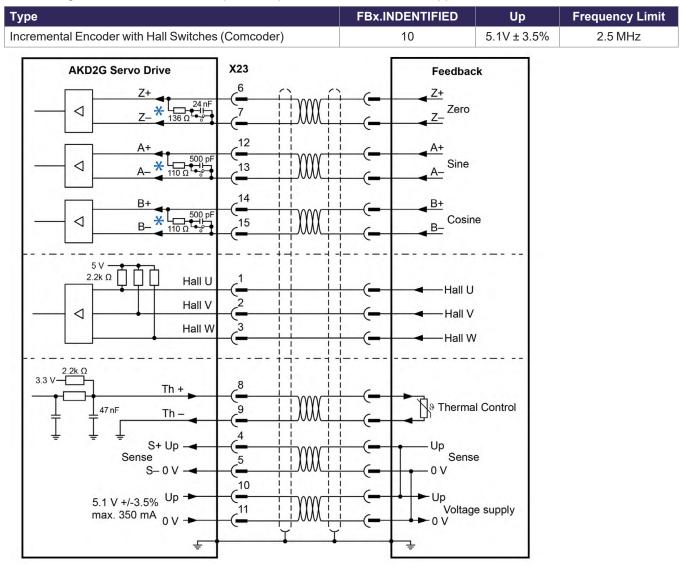
If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

*

7.10.10.11 X23 Incremental Encoder with Hall Feedback

This feedback device delivers absolute information for commutation and can be used as a complete feedback system. All signals are connected using a pre-assembled comcoder connection cable. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.



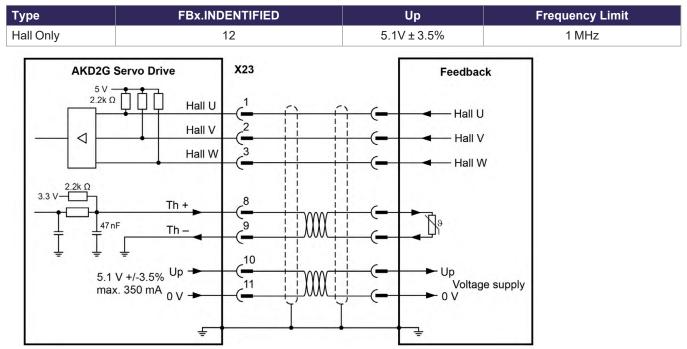
If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.10.12 X23 Hall Feedback

This feedback type only supports operating in Torque mode and Velocity mode.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

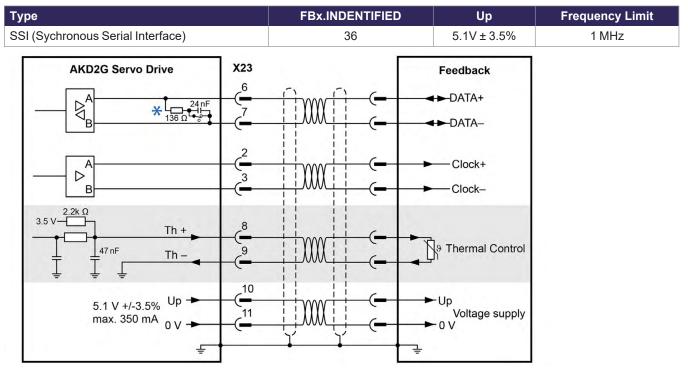


For more information concerning Hall feedback setting refer to WorkBench Online Help.

7.10.10.13 X23 SSI Feedback

Sychronous Serial Interface (SSI) is a standard industrial serial interface based on RS-422 standards.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.



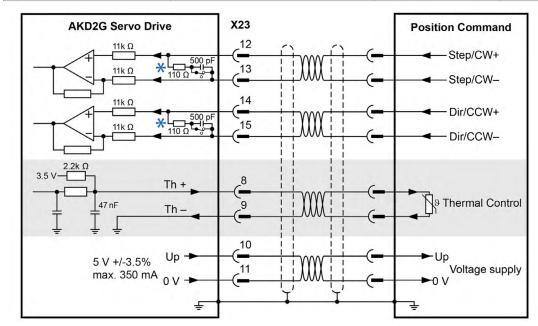
DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

Optional

7.10.10.14 X23 Step / Direction and CW / CCW Feedback

These feedback options are intended to be used by controllers to provide an Electronic Gearing source signal. If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

| Туре | FBx.INDENTIFIED | Up | Frequency Limit |
|-------------------|-----------------|-------------|-----------------|
| Step / Direcction | 13 | 5.1V ± 3.5% | 1 MHz |
| CW/CCW | 14 | 5.1V ± 3.5% | |



* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

Optional

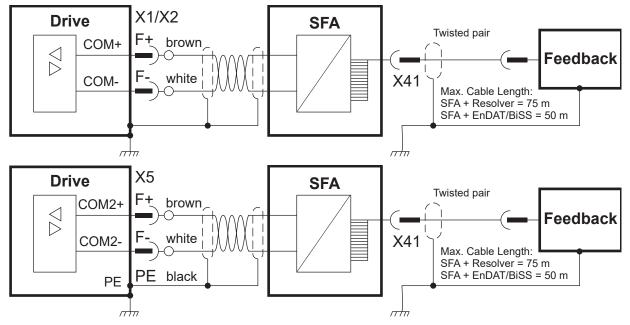
7.10.11 Feedback Connector X41 (SFA, accessory)

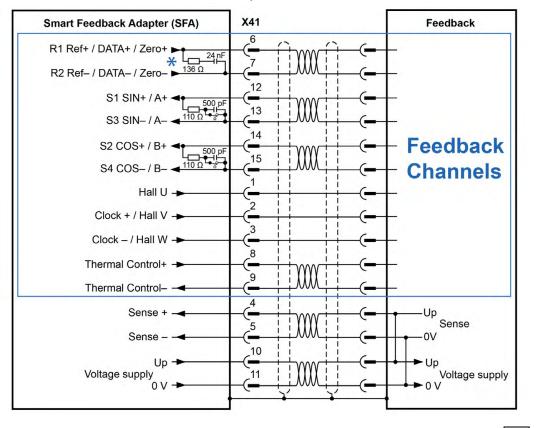
SFA (Smart Feedback Adapter) converts conventional feedback signals to a 2-wire serial signal. SFA can be laid into the cable duct or may be mounted to a DIN rail using a standard DIN rail clip.

SFA provides a 15 pole HD Sub-D female connector X41 to the system for connection of a Kollmorgen motor feedback cable (see *Kollmorgen 2G Cable Guide*). Dimensions (LxWxD): 88.6 x 55.6 x 21.2 (28.6 with rail clip). Order codes see regional Accessories Manual.

• Sub-D high density 15 pin, female 1 m shielded cable with 3 flying leads for connection to X1 or X2 or X5 • 1 The cable shield is connected by using shield wire to X5/1 or with cable ties to 00000 the X1/X2 shield plates. \cap 10 6 • Connected feedback must be set in WorkBench. 15 11 Only use Kollmorgen feedback cables. The cable shield must be grounded on the end near the SFA. • SFA models with a metal DIN clip must be mounted inside a cabinet. Input for Electronic Gearing, (\rightarrow # 151) ar Output for encoder emulation (EXX3/EXX4), (\rightarrow # 151) - Only available on "-PE X41 EXX" (Encoder) models X1 X2 X5 • Master-Slave (\rightarrow # 153)

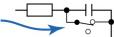
Connect the flying leads of the SFA cable to X1 (FB1, EXX3) or X2 (FB2, EXX4) or X5 (FB2, EXX4):





7.10.11.1 X41 Connector Pinout Summary

*The SFA does not include a DC termination switch across pins 6 and 7.



Operating Voltage: 7 V to 12 V, max. Load Current: 350 mA Max. A/B signal input frequency: 3 MHz

| Pin | SFD | Resolver | BiSS B | BiSS C | EnDat [®] 2.1 | EnDat [®] 2.2* | HIPERFACE® | Sine/ Cos | Sine/ Cos +Hall | Incr. Enc. | Incr. Enc. +Hall | Hall | SSI |
|-----|------|----------|-----------|-----------|---------------------------|----------------------------|------------|--------------|-----------------------|---------------|------------------------|--------|------|
| 1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | Hall U | _ | Hall U | Hall U | - |
| 2 | - | - | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | CLK+ | - | - | Hall V | _ | Hall V | Hall V | |
| 3 | - | - | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | CLK- | - | - | Hall W | - | Hall W | Hall W | _ |
| 4 | SEN+ | - | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | SEN+ | - | _ |
| 5 | SEN- | - | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | SEN- | - | _ |
| 6 | COM+ | R1 Ref+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | DAT+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | Zero+ | - | D+ |
| 7 | COM- | R2 Ref- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | DAT- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | Zero- | - | D- |
| 8 | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | Th+ | - | Th+ |
| 9 | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | Th- | - | Th- |
| 10 | +5 V | - | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | 8-9 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V | +5 V |
| 11 | 0 V | - | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V | 0 V |
| 12 | - | S1 SIN+ | A+ | - | A+ | - | SIN+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | A+ | - | - |
| 13 | - | S3 SIN- | A- | - | A- | - | SIN- | A- | A- | A- | A- | - | - |
| 14 | - | S2 COS+ | B+ | - | B+ | _ | COS+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | B+ | - | - |
| 15 | - | S4 COS- | B- | - | B- | - | COS- | B- | B- | B- | B- | - | - |

CL = CLOCK, D = DATA, S = SENSE, Th = Thermal control, Z = Zero

(1): Resolver with AKD2G-CON-SFA-R00 only, all other feedback devices with AKD2G-CON-SFA-E00 only

DC Terminated, can be overridden with <u>DIO#.TERM</u>

= Optional

= Information digitally communicated on COM+/- channel.

7.10.12 X41 Feedback Wiring Pinout Diagrams

7.10.12.1 X41 SFD Feedback

The diagram below shows the connection of the four-wire Kollmorgen SFD feedback system.

When SFD cable total resistance for 5V out (Up) and 5V return (0V) is less than 3.3 Ohm, then remote sensing is not needed. For a typical cable this means remote sensing is not needed up to 25m.

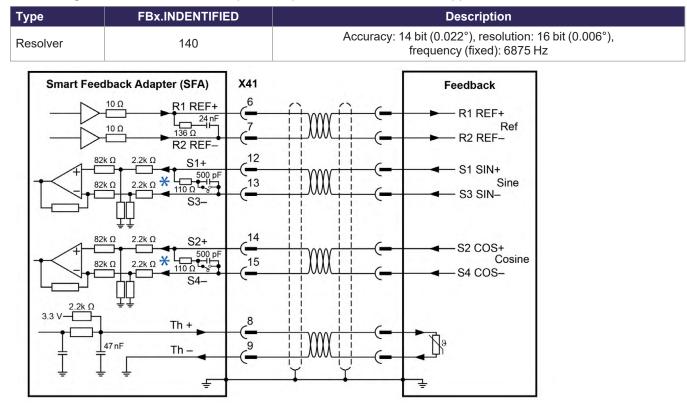
Kollmorgen cables are rated up to 50m with no remote sensing.

| Туре | FBx.INDENTIFIED | Up | Description |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Smart Feedback Device (SFD) | 141 | 5.1 V ± 3.5% | Accuracy: 14 bit (0.022°), resolution: 24 bit (2x10E-5°) |
| AKD2G Servo Drive | X41 6 24nF 7 1 Ω | | Feedback DATA+ DATA- |
| S+ Up Sense S– 0 V 5.1 V +/-3.5% Up max. 350 mA 0 V | | | Up Voltage supply ↓ 0 V |

NOTE

7.10.12.2 X41 Resolver Feedback

The diagram below shows the connection of a resolver (2 to 36-poles) as a feedback system. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the Resolver cable and evaluated in thedrive. If no thermal control is in the motor, the cable must short pins 8 and 9.



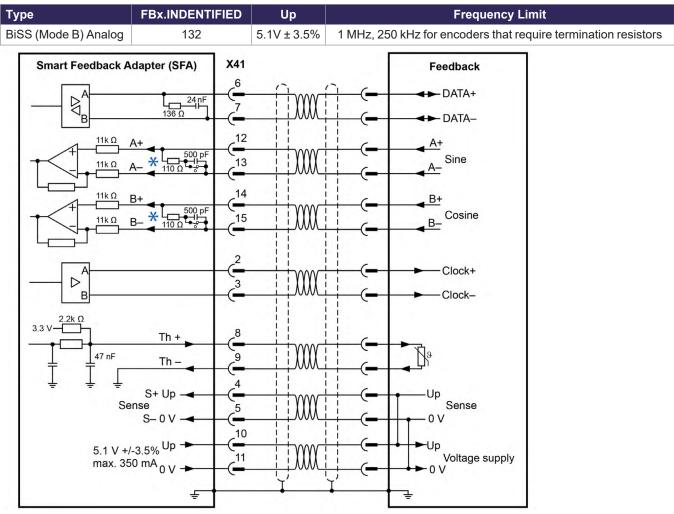
If cable lengths of more than 100m are planned, please contact customer support.

* Resolver Sine/Cosine channels must be high impedance - DC termination switch open.

7.10.12.3 X41 BiSS (Mode B) Analog Feedback

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn encoder with BiSS Mode B interface as a feedback system. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.

If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.

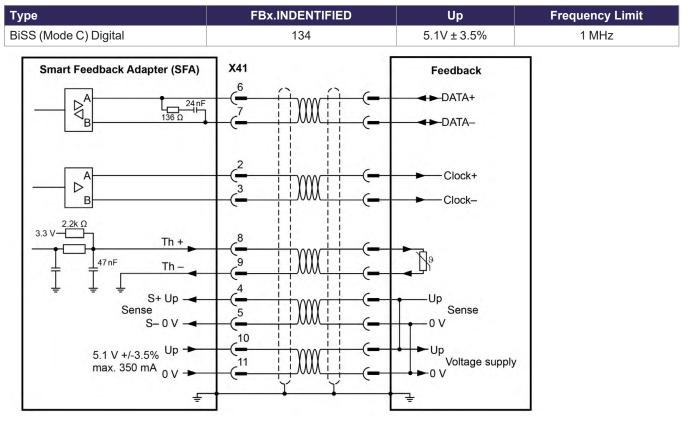


DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.4 X41 BiSS (Mode C) Digital Feedback

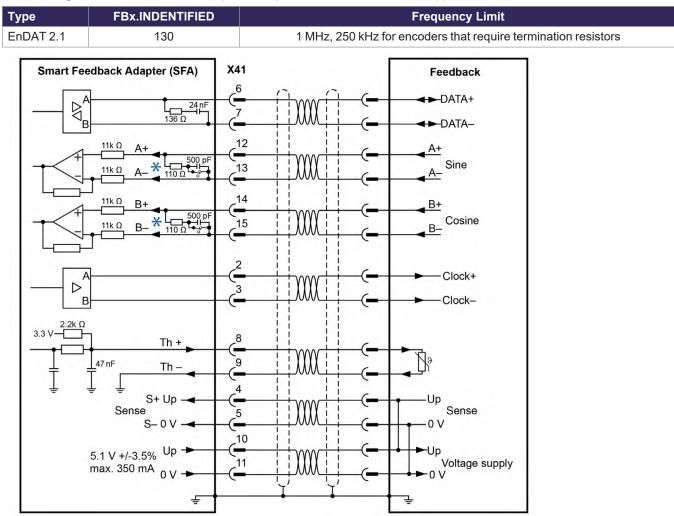
The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn encoder with BiSS Mode C interface from Renishaw (specifically model Resolute RA26B) as a feedback system.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.



7.10.12.5 X41 EnDAT 2.1 Feedback (with 1 V p-p analog signals)

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn sine-cosine encoder with EnDat 2.1 interface as a feedback system. Preferred types are the ECN1313 and EQN1325 encoders. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive. All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.



If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.

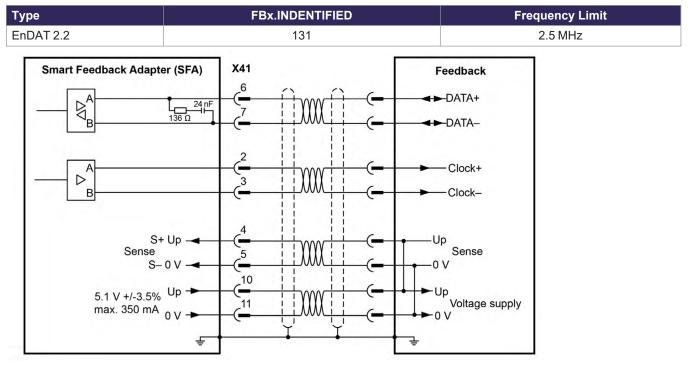
DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.6 X41 EnDAT 2.2 Digital Feedback

Single-turn or multi-turn encoders with EnDat 2.2 interface can be connected either to X23 or X41 as a primary motor feedback system.

All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.

If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.





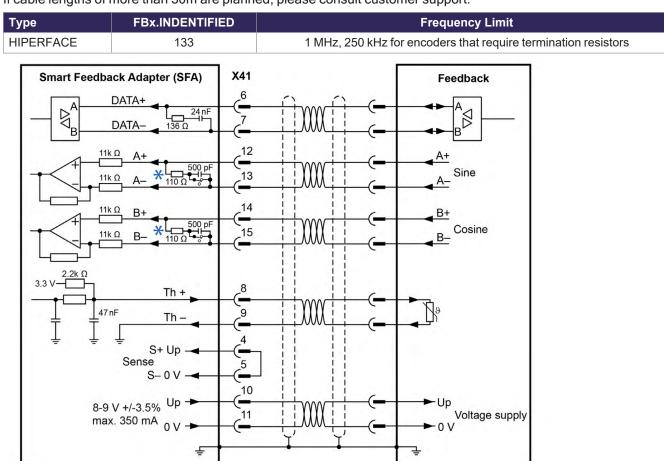
Select the analog I/O functionality in the related WorkBench screen on the drive. Warning n256 is issued if the set limit is exceeded.

For use as primary motor feedback, set parameters DRV.EMUEMODE, PL.FBSOURCE, IL.FBSOURCE, VL.FBSOURCE.

7.10.12.7 X41 HIPERFACE Feedback

The diagram below shows the wiring of a single-turn or multi-turn sine-cosine encoder with Hiperface interface as a feedback system.

The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive. All signals are connected using our pre-assembled encoder connection cable.



If cable lengths of more than 50m are planned, please consult customer support.

* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

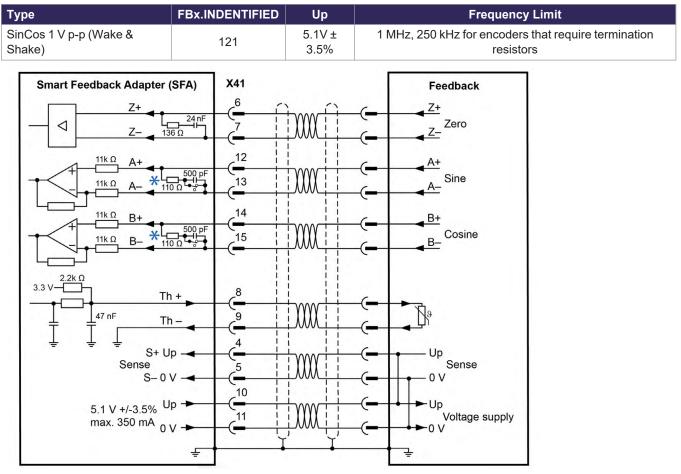
NOTE

Connecting pin 4 and 5 together causes Up to be 8 to 9 V.

7.10.12.8 X41 Sine Encoder Feedback

This feedback device does not deliver absolute information for commutation and works with Wake&Shake commutation (WorkBench Online Help). All signals are connected to X23 / X41 and evaluated there.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

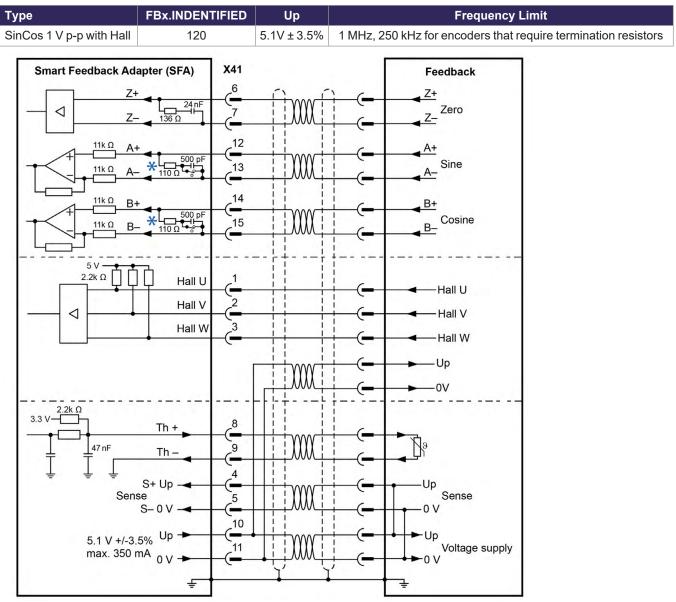


* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.9 X41 Sine Encoder with Hall Feedback

This feedback device delivers absolute information for commutation and can be used as a complete feedback system. All signals are connected to X23 / X41 and evaluated there.

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.



DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.10 X41 Incremental Encoder Feedback

This feedback device does not deliver absolute information for commutation and works with Wake&Shake commutation (see WorkBench Online Help). All signals are connected using a pre-assembled comcoder connection cable. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.

| Туре | FBx.INDENTIFIED | Up | Frequency Limit |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|-----------------|
| Incremental Encoder (Wake and Shake) | 111 5.1V ± 3.5% | | 2.5 MHz |
| Smart Feedback Adapter (SFA) X41 $Z+$ 6 $Z 136 \Omega$ $Z 136 \Omega$ $A+$ 12 $A+$ 12 $A 10 \Omega^{\text{FF}}$ | | Zero <u> t</u> Sine | |
| $\square \qquad B+ \qquad 14 \qquad 14 \qquad B+ \qquad 15 \qquad 15 \qquad 15 \qquad 15 \qquad 15 \qquad 15 \qquad 10 \ \Omega^{+} = 1$ | | ± Cosine = | |
| $3.5 \vee - 10$ $47 nF$ $Th +$ $47 nF$ $Th -$ 9 4 $Sense$ $S - 0 \vee -$ 5 10 10 11 11 1 $max. 350 mA$ $0 \vee -$ 11 | | Sense / / Voltage supply | |

If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

* DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.11 X41 Incremental Encoder with Hall Feedback

This feedback device delivers absolute information for commutation and can be used as a complete feedback system. All signals are connected using a pre-assembled comcoder connection cable. The thermal control in the motor is connected via the encoder cable and evaluated in the drive.

FBx.INDENTIFIED Туре Up Frequency Limit Incremental Encoder with Hall Switches (Comcoder) 110 5.1V ± 3.5% 2.5 MHz Smart Feedback Adapter (SFA) X41 Feedback 6 Z+ <u>Z+</u> 24 n Zero 0 36 Ω <u>Z–</u> 12 A+ A+ 500 pl Sine 0 13 -> A <u>A-</u> 14 B+ B+ 500 pl Cosine 0 15 B-B-5 V 2.2k Ω Hall U Hall U Hall V Hall V \triangleleft 3 Hall W Hall W 2.2k Ω 3.3 \ 8 Th+ 9 47 nF Th-S+ Up -Up Sense Sense XXXX 5 S-0V 0 V 10 Up Up 5.1 V +/-3.5% max. 350 mA 0 V -11 Voltage supply 0 V ÷

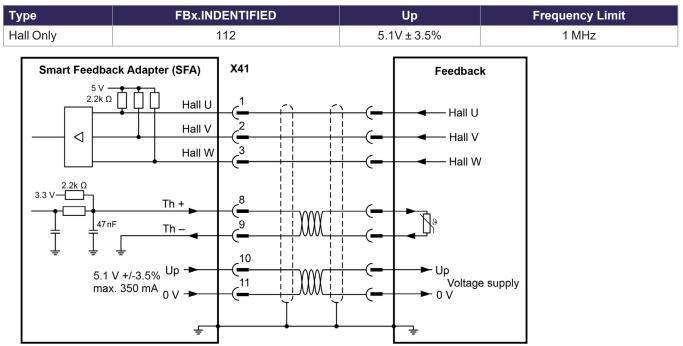
If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

DC terminated by default - DC switch closed.

7.10.12.12 X41 Hall Feedback

This feedback type only supports operating in Torque mode and Velocity mode.





For more information concerning Hall feedback setting refer to WorkBench Online Help.

7.10.12.13 X41 SSI Feedback

Sychronous Serial Interface (SSI) is a standard industrial serial interface based on RS-422 standards. If cable lengths of more than 25m are planned, please consult customer support.

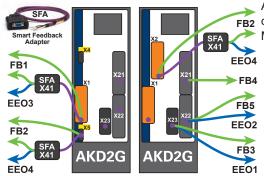
|)e | FBx.INDENTIFI | ED | Up | Frequency Limit | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|-----|----|---------------------------------|-------|
| (Sychronous Serial Interface) | | 136 | | 5.1V ± 3.5% | 1 MHz |
| Smart Feedback Adapter (SFA) | X41 | | | Feedback | |
| | -(6 -(7 -(- | | | <->DATA+ →DATA- | |
| | 2 3 | | | Clock+ | |
| $3.5 \vee \underbrace{-1}_{47 \text{ nF}} \underbrace{-1}_{1} \underbrace{-1}_{47 \text{ nF}} \underbrace{-1}_{1} $ | -(<mark>8</mark> -(<u>9</u> -(- | | | ₽ | |
| 5.1 V +/-3.5% Up → max. 350 mA 0 V → | | | | ► Up Voltage supply ► 0 V | |
| ÷ | | • • | ÷ | C | |

Optional

7.11 Gearing

7.11.1 Overview

Electronic Gearing, EEO, Master-Slave



AKD2G offers up to 5 feedback channels, which may be used as the FB2 command source for electronic gearing or EEO (Emulated Encoder Output) or Master-Slave.

| Feedback channel | EEO channel | Connector | Pinout and wiring example | Parameter to configure the sensor type |
|---------------------|----------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Feedback 1 | N/A | X1 | (→ # 118) | FB1.SELECT |
| Feedback I | EEO3 | X41 via X1 | (→ # 137) | - FDI.SELECT |
| | | X2 | (→ # 118) | |
| Feedback 2 | | X5 | (→ # 119) | FB2.SELECT |
| | EEO4 | X41 via X2 or X5 | (→ # 137) | |
| Feedback 3 | EEO1 | X23 | (→ # 122) | FB3.SELECT |
| Feedback 4 | N/A | X21 | (→ # 120) | FB4.SELECT |
| Feedback 5 | EEO2 | X22 | (→ # 121) | FB5.SELECT |

7.11.2 Input - Electronic Gearing

AKD2G offers up to 5 feedback channels. Any of these channels may be used as the gearing command source. The gearing source is selected for each axis using AXIS#.GEAR.FBSOURCE. Refer to the WorkBench Online Help Electronic Gearing for more information.

7.11.3 Output - Emulated Encoder Output (EEO)

The drive calculates the motor shaft position from the cyclic- absolute signals of the commutation feedback. generating incremental-encoder compatible pulses or CW/CCW signals or Pulse/Direction signals from this information.

The resolution and the index (zero) position can be set in WorkBench. The outputs are driven from an internal supply voltage. Refer to the WorkBench Online Help for more information.

NOTE

When using a multispeed resolver (more than 2 poles) as commutation feedback, the EEO will create only one zero pulse per each mechanical revolution of the motor. The zero pulse is dependent on the motor starting position!

NOTICE

EEO1-4 are NOT compatible with 24V signal level and will be damaged if connected to +24V!

Technical characteristics connector X22, EEO2

Pulse outputs on the connector X22 are 2 signals: track A and B with 90° phase difference (i. e. in quadrature, hence the alternative term "AquadB" output).

- RS-485, current 100 mA
- Max. number of connected slaves is determined by the loading characteristics of the slaves. 32 slaves can be driven if the input impedance of the bias network is $10k\Omega$ and only one slave has a DC termination resistor.

- Max. signal (channel) output frequency: 3 MHz
- The pulses per revolution value is settable, pulse phase shift: 90°±20°

| X22 | Signals EEO2 | Description |
|-----|--------------|---------------------------------|
| A17 | AGND | Analog ground |
| A20 | Track A+ | EEO2 output, channel A positive |
| A21 | Track A- | EEO2 output, channel A negative |
| B20 | Track B+ | EEO2 output, channel B positive |
| B21 | Track B- | EEO2 output, channel B negative |

Technical characteristics connector X23, EEO1

Pulse outputs on the SubD connector X23 are 3 signals: A, B and Index with 90° phase difference (i.e. AquadB) and a zero pulse.

- 5V TTL, current 60 mA
- Max. number of connected slaves is determined by the loading characteristics of the slaves, 32 slaves can be driven if the input impedance of the bias network is 10kΩ and only one slave has a DC termination resistor.
- Max. signal (channel) output frequency: 3 MHz
- The pulses per revolution value is settable, pulse phase shift: 90°±20°

| X23 | Signals EEO1 | Description |
|-----|--------------|---------------------------------|
| 6 | Zero+ | EEO1 output, index positive |
| 7 | Zero- | EEO1 output, index negative |
| 11 | 0 V | EEO1 output, ground |
| 12 | Track A+ | EEO1 output, channel A positive |
| 13 | Track A- | EEO1 output, channel A negative |
| 14 | Track B+ | EEO1 output, channel B positive |
| 15 | Track B- | EEO1 output, channel B negative |

Technical characteristics connector X41 (SFA), EEO3/EEO4

Pulse outputs on the SubD connector X41 are 3 signals: A, B and Index with 90° phase difference (i.e. "AquadB") and a zero pulse.

If SFA is connected to X1 the logical output is EEO3.

If SFA is connected to X2 or X5 the logical output is EEO4.

- 5V TTL, current 60 mA
- Max. number of connected slaves is determined by the loading characteristics of the slaves, 32 slaves can be driven if the input impedance of the bias network is 10kΩ and only one slave has a DC termination resistor.
- Max. signal (channel) output frequency: 3 MHz
- The pulses per revolution value is settable, pulse phase shift: 90°±20°

| X41 | Signals EEO3/EEO4 | Description |
|-----|-------------------|--------------------------------------|
| 6 | Zero+ | EEO3/EEO4 output, index positive |
| 7 | Zero- | EEO3/EEO4 output, index negative |
| 11 | 0 V | EEO3/EEO4 output, ground |
| 12 | Track A+ | EEO3/EEO4 output, channel A positive |
| 13 | Track A- | EEO3/EEO4 output, channel A negative |
| 14 | Track B+ | EEO3/EEO4 output, channel B positive |
| 15 | Track B- | EEO3/EEO4 output, channel B negative |

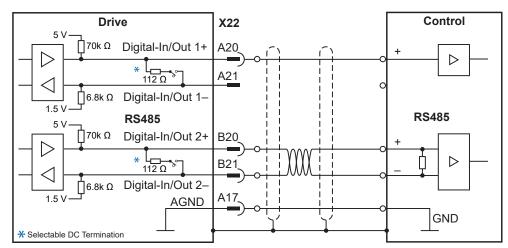
7.11.4 Master-Slave control

Several AKD2G can be connected as slave drives to another AKD2G which acts as a master. The slave drives use the master's encoder output signal (EEO, (\rightarrow # 151)) as command input and follow these commands (velocity and direction).

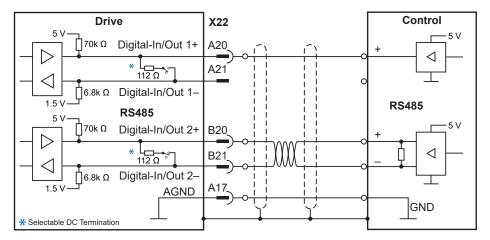
7.11.4.1 Examples

Master-Slave using feedback connector X22

The master is configured for EEO2 (\rightarrow # 151) on X22 for command output.

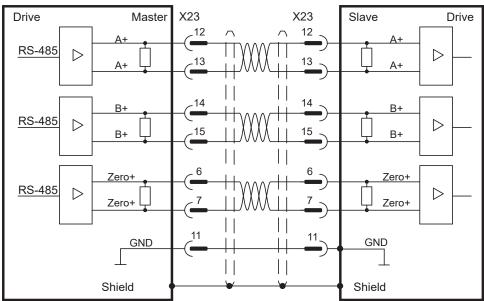


The slave is configured using Feedback 5 (FB5) on X22 for command input.



Master-Slave using optional feedback connector X23 or X41

The master is configured for EEO1 (\rightarrow # 152) on X23 or EEO3/EEO4 ((\rightarrow # 151) with SFA) on X41, the slave uses Feedback 3 (FB3) on X23 (or X41 with SFA) for command input.



7.12 Ethernet Fieldbus Interface Connector X11/X12

The Ethernet fieldbus interface has two RJ45 connectors.

RJ45 with built-in green/red dual-color LED





- EtherNet/IP®
- PROFINET®

Top View

NOTICE

Do not connect the Service line for the PC with the set up software to the Ethernet fieldbus interface X11/X12 when using EtherCAT. The service Ethernet cable must be connected to X20. Ethernet fieldbus interface X11/X12 pinout depends on the protocol used. Refer to the matching fieldbus communication manual.

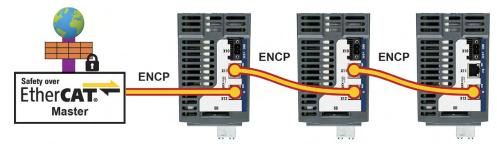
7.12.1 EtherCAT® and Safety over EtherCAT®

AKD2G drives (connectivity option E) can be connected as slaves to the EtherCAT® network (CoE) by using RJ45 connectors X11 (out port) and X12 (in port). The communication status is indicated by the built-in connector LEDs.

| | Conn | ector | Name | Function | |
|-----------------------|-----------------|-------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| X11 | X11 "Out" "ERR" | | "ERR" | Returns potentials communication failures: Off = No Error Blinking = Invalid configuration Single Flash = Local error Double Flash = Process data watchdog | |
| | X11 " | Out" | Link/ Activity | On/Blinking: Physical link/Data Traffic on. Static off: No link. | |
| Siteyore Starton 2 | X12 | "In" | "RUN" | Returns the device state: Off = INIT Blinking = PRE-OPERATIONAL Single Flash = SAFE-OPERATIONAL On = OPERATIONAL Flickering = Initialization or BOOTSTRAP | |
| | X12 | "In" | Link/ Activity | On/Blinking: Physical link/Data Traffic on. Static off: No link. | |

Bus topology example (EtherCAT®)

We suggest to use Kollmorgen ENCP cables. For more possible system solutions refer to the WorkBench Online Help.



Communication profile

For EtherCAT® communication profile description refer to the manual "AKD2G EtherCAT® Communication". Notes to FSoE also see (\rightarrow # 213).

Scope of the tests:

7.12.2 PROFINET

AKD2G with connectivity option **P** can be connected as slaves to a PROFINET network by using RJ45 connectors X11 (Port 2) and X12 (Port 1). PROFINET RT or IRT protocols can be used.



AKD2G with connectivity option **P** (PROFINET) has successfully passed the certification tests of "PROFIBUS Nutzerorganisation e.V."

- PNIO Version: V2.35
- Conformance Class: C
- Optional Features: Legacy, MRP
- Application Class: Isochronous
- Netload Class: III

The certificate $(\underline{Z12974})$ can be downloaded from the Kollmorgen website.

Address

The field bus address must either be set automatically or by using the memory card.

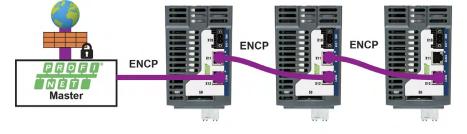
LEDs

The communication status is indicated by the built-in connector LEDs.

| | Connector | Name | Function |
|-----------------------|---------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| X11 BF OFF = No Error | | BF | ON = No Configuration, low speed, no link OFF = No Error Flashing 2Hz = No data exchange |
| x11 BF Link | X11 Port 2 | Link/ Activity | ON = Connection to the EtherNet OFF = No connection to the EtherNet Flashing = Sends/receives EtherNet frames |
| X12 Link | X12 Port 1 | SF | ON = Watchdog timeout; channel / generic / extended diagnosis present; system error OFF = No Error Flashing 2Hz = DCP signal service is initiated via the bus |
| | X12 Port 1 | Link/ Activity | ON = Connection to the EtherNet OFF = No connection to the EtherNet Flashing = Sends/receives EtherNet frames |

Bus topology example (PROFINET)

Kollmorgen suggest to use ENCP cables. For more possible system solutions refer to the WorkBench Online Help.



Communication profile

For PROFINET communication profile description refer to the manual "AKD2G PROFINET Communication".

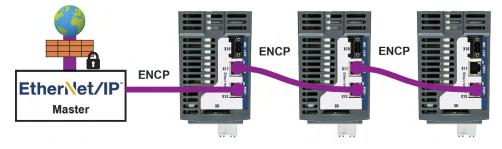
7.12.3 EtherNet/IP

AKD2G with connectivity option I can be connected as slaves to a EtherNet/IP network by using RJ45 connectors X11 (Port 2) and X12 (Port 1). The communication status is indicated by the built-in connector LEDs.

| Connector | Name | LED Indicator | Status | Function |
|-------------|---------------|---------------------|----------|-------------------------|
| | | | On | Connection |
| | | | Flashing | No Connection |
| | | | Off | No power, No IP Address |
| | S 🔰 | Network Status (NS) | On | Duplicate IP Address |
| | | | Flashing | Connection Time-Out |
| X11 | PORT2 | | Flashing | Self-Test |
| | m 🗾 💦 | Link/Activity | On | Ethernet Connection |
| the | | | Off | No Ethernet Connection |
| en | | | On | Device Operational |
| e | SW | | Flashing | Standby |
| EtherNet/IP | PORT1 | | Off | No Power |
| | - 3 | | On | Unclearable Fault |
| X12 | | | Flashing | Clearable Fault |
| | | | Flashing | Self-Test |
| | | | On | Ethernet Connection |
| | Link/Activity | | Off | No Ethernet Connection |

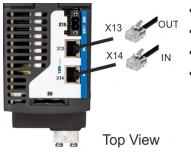
Bus topology example (EtherNet/IP)

We suggest to use Kollmorgen ENCP cables. For more possible system solutions refer to the WorkBench Online Help.



7.13 CAN-Bus Interface connector X13/X14

AKD2G drives with connectivity option C can be connected to a CAN-Bus by using two 6-pin RJ25 connectors X13/X14.



- RJ25
- Up to 1000 kbit/s operation
- Node ID to be set by WorkBench
- Baudrate to be set by WorkBench

| Pin | Signal | Description | | |
|-----|-------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Termination | Internal Termination Resistor | | |
| 2 | Shield | Chassis | | |
| 3 | CAN_high | CAN bus high signal | | |
| 4 | CAN_low | CAN bus low signal | | |
| 5 | CAN_GND | CAN bus ground | | |
| 6 | Termination | Internal Termination Resistor | | |

7.13.1 CAN-Bus Topology

We recommend the use of Kollmorgen CBP000 cables.



Cable requirements

To meet ISO 11898, a bus cable with a characteristic impedance of 120 Ω should be used. The maximum usable cable length for reliable communication decreases with increasing transmission speed.

As a guide, you can use the following values measured by Kollmorgen; however, these values are not assured limits:

- Characteristic impedance: 100-120 Ω
- Cable capacitance max.: 60 nF / 1000 m
- Lead loop resistance: 159.8 Ω / 1000 m

| Transmission Rate (kBaud) | 1000 | 500 | 250 | 125 |
|---------------------------|------|-----|-----|-----|
| Maximum Cable Length (m) | 25 | 100 | 250 | 500 |

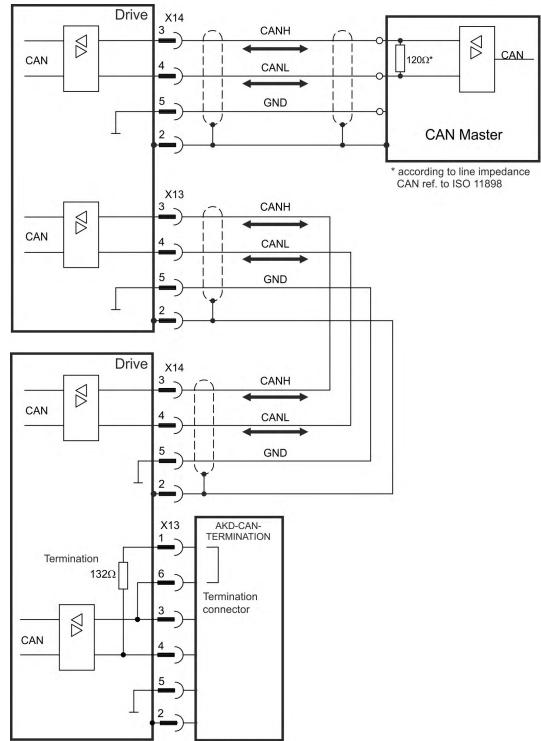
Lower cable capacitance (max. 30 nF / 1000 m) and lower lead resistance (loop resistance,

115 Ω / 1000 m) allow larger distances. The characteristic impedance 150 \pm 5 Ω requires terminating resistor 150 \pm 5 Ω .

Communication profile

For CANopen communication profile description refer to the manual "AKD2G CAN-Bus Communication".

7.13.2 CAN-Bus Wiring



7.13.3 Baud rate for CAN-Bus

The transmission rate can be set by using the parameter CANBUS.BAUD in WorkBench.

| Baud rate [kBit/s] | CANBUS.BAUD |
|--------------------|---------------|
| 125 | 125 (default) |
| 250 | 250 |
| 500 | 500 |
| 1000 | 1000 |

With a fix baud rate, the drive sends the boot up message with the baud rate saved in the drive's non volatile memory after a power cycle.

7.13.4 Node Address for CAN-Bus

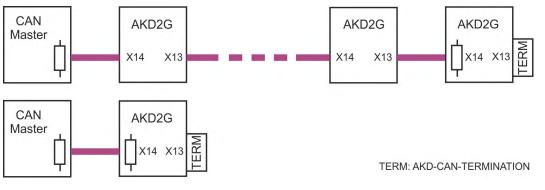
The node address can be set by using parameter CANBUS.NODEID in WorkBench.

After changing the node address, you must turn off the 24 V auxiliary supply for the drive and then turn it on again.

7.13.5 CAN-Bus Termination

NOTE

The last bus device on both ends of the CAN-Bus system must have termination resistors. The AKD2G has built-in 132 Ω resistors that can be activated by connecting pins 1 and 6. An optional termination plug is available for AKD2G (*AKD-CAN-TERMINATION*). The optional termination plug is an RJ25 connector with an enclosed wire jumper between pins 1&6. The termination plug should be inserted into the X13 connector of the last drive in the CAN network.



NOTE

Remove the termination connector if the AKD2G is not the last CAN-Bus device and use X13 for connecting the next CAN node.

7.14 Service Interface connector X20



- RJ45 with built-in green/red dual-color LED
- 100/10 Mbit EtherNet TCP/IP
- Supports Auto-IP, DHCP and fixed IP addressing
- Supports point-to-point (i.e. Auto-IP) and connection by using network switches
- Supports automatic discovery in WorkBench if in the same sub-net.

| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|-------------|
| 1 | Tx+ | Transmit + |
| 2 | Tx- | Transmit - |

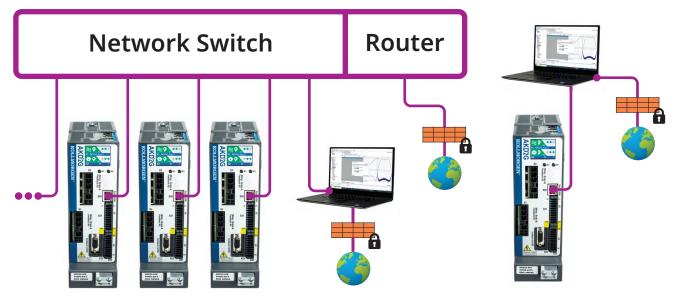
| Pin | Signal | Description |
|-----|-------------|-----------------------|
| 3 | Rx+ | Receive + |
| 4 | Termination | Bob Smith termination |
| 5 | Termination | Bob Smith termination |
| 6 | Rx- | Receive - |
| 7 | Termination | Bob Smith termination |
| 8 | Termination | Bob Smith termination |

Operating, position control and motion-block parameters can be set up by using WorkBench on an ordinary commercial PC (\rightarrow # 182).

Connect the service interface X20 of the drive to an EtherNet interface on the PC directly or by using a network switch, while the supply to the equipment is switched off. Use standard Cat. 5 EtherNet cables for connection. In some cases crossover cables will also work.

Make sure that the link LED on the AKD2G (RJ45 connector) and on your PC (or network switch) are both illuminated. The electrical connection is well established if both LED's light up green.

7.14.1 Possible Network Configurations



7.15 Modbus TCP connector X20

The drive can be connected to Modbus HMI by using RJ45 connector X20. The protocol allows reading and writing of drive and axis parameters.

The communication status is indicated by the built-in LED.

| Connector | LED | Name | Function | | | |
|-----------|-----|--------------|----------------------------------|--|--|--|
| X20 | LED | IN port Link | green = active, red = not active | | | |

Connect the service interface (X20) of the drive to an EtherNet interface on the Modbus HMI directly or by using a network switch, while the supply to the equipment is switched off. Use standard Cat. 5 EtherNet cables for connection.

Confirm that the link LED on the AKD2G (the green LED on the RJ45 connector) and on your HMI or switch are both illuminated. If both LEDs are illuminated, then you have a good electrical connection.

The following are required to connect an HMI to the drive:

- The HMI must support Modbus TCP.
- It must have EtherNet hardware and a driver for Modbus TCP, though the driver does not have to be made specifically for the AKD2G family.

The subnet mask of the AKD2G is 255.255.255.0. The first three octets of the drive's IP address must be the same as the first three octets of the HMI's IP address. The last octet must be different.

Modbus TCP and WorkBench/KAS-IDE can operate simultaneously if a switch is used.

Communication profile

For Modbus communication profile description refer to the WorkBench Online Help.

7.16 I/O Connectors X21/X22/X23

X21

X22

standard

X23

- standard
- SubD 15 pins HD
- Mating connector: male

- 2 x 11 pins, pitch 3.5 mm
- A: left connector

standard

- B: right connector
- A: left connector

• 2 x 10 pins, pitch 3.5 mm

• B: right connector

| X21 | Pin | Signal | | Pin | Signal |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------|---|-----|--------------------------------|
| | A1 | Analog-In (AIN) 1 + | _ | B1 | Analog-Out (AOUT) 1 |
| | A2 | Analog-In (AIN) 1 - | | B2 | AGND |
| | A3* Digital-In (DIN) 1 | | | B3 | +24 V |
| X21 | A4* | Digital-In (DIN) 2 | | B4 | DGND |
| | A5 | Digital-In (DIN) 3 (HW-Enable Axis 1) | | B5 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 9 + (Relay) |
| | A6 | Digital-In (DIN) 4 (HW-Enable Axis 2) | | B6 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 9 - (Relay) |
| 5 5 5 F | A7 | Digital-In (DIN) 5 | | B7 | SOUT1 |
| The second secon | A8 | Digital-In (DIN) 6 | | B8 | SOUT2 |
| 8 8 8 8 | A9 | Digital-In (DIN) 7 | | B9 | SOUT3 |
| | A10 | Digital-In (DIN) 8 | | B10 | SOUT4 |
| | A11 | SIN1 | | B11 | SIN2 |

| X22 | Pin | Signal | F | Pin | Signal |
|------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------|
| | A12 | SIN3 | E | 312 | SIN4 |
| | A13 | Digital-In (DIN) 9 | E | 313 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 5 |
| | A14 | Digital-In (DIN) 10 | E | 314 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 6 |
| | A15 | Digital-In (DIN) 11 | E | 315 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 7 + |
| x1 2F x21 2F x21 | A16 | Digital-In (DIN) 12 | E | 316 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 7 - |
| X22 | A17 | AGND | E | 317 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 8 + |
| | A18 | Analog-In (AIN) 2+ | E | 318 | Digital-Out (DOUT) 8 - |
| | A19 | Analog-In (AIN) 2- | E | 319 | Analog-Out (AOUT) 2 |
| | A20* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 1 + | В | 820* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 2 + |
| | A21* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 1 - | В | 821* | Digital-In/Out (DIO) 2 - |
| L | | II | | | |
| X23 (optional) | Pin | | Sig | nal | |
| X23 (optional) | Pin 2 | Digital | | | O) 6 + |
| X23 (optional) | | Digital- Digital | -In/Ou | ut (DI | |
| X23 (optional) | 2 | | -In/Ou -In/O | ut (DI ut (DI | O) 6 - |
| X23 (optional) | 2 3 | Digital | -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou | ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI | O) 6 - O) 5 + |
| X23 (optional) | 2 3 6 | Digital Digital- | -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou | ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI | O) 6 - O) 5 + |
| | 2 3 6 7 | Digital Digital- | -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou | ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI | O) 6 - O) 5 + |
| X23 (optional) | 2 3 6 7 10 | Digital Digital- | -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou +5 | ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI 5 V V | O) 6 - O) 5 + O) 5 - |
| | 2 3 6 7 10 11 | Digital Digital Digital | -In/Ou -In/Ou -In/Ou +5 0 ` -In/Ou | ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI ut (DI 5 V V ut (DI | O) 6 - O) 5 + O) 5 - O) 3 + |
| | 2 3 6 7 10 11 12 | Digital Digital Digital Digital Digital | -In/Qu -In/Qu -In/Qu +5 0 \ -In/Qu -In/Qu | ut (DI put (DI put (DI put (DI s V V ut (DI put (DI | O) 6 - O) 5 + O) 5 - O) 3 + O) 3 - |

7.16.1 Technical data

| Interface | Electrical Data |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Analog inputs Analog-In (AIN) 1 to 2 | ±10 VDC common mode rejection ratio: > 30 dB at 60 Hz resolution 16 bit and full monotonic update rate: 16 kHz non-linearity < 0.1% of full scale offset drift max. 250 μV/°C input impedance > 13 kΩ |
| Analog outputs Analog-Out (AOUT) 1 to 2 | 0 to +10 VDC, max 20 mA resolution 16 bit and full monotonic update rate: 4 kHz non-linearity < 0.1% of full scale offset drift max. 250 μV/°C short circuit protected to AGND output impedance 110 Ω |
| Digital inputs Digital-In (DIN) 1 to 2 IEC 61131-2 Type 1 | ON: 15 VDC to 30 VDC, 2 mA to 15 mA OFF: -5 VDC to 5 VDC, max.15 mA galvanic isolation for 60 VDC activation / deactivation delay: < 1 µs / < 1 µs |

| Interface | Electrical Data |
|------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Digital inputs Digital-In (DIN) 3 to 12 IEC 61131-2 Type 1 | ON: 15 VDC to 30 VDC, 2 mA to 15 mA OFF: -5 VDC to 5 VDC, max.15 mA galvanic isolation for 60 VDC delay activation / deactivation: about 5 µs / 500 µs |
| Digital outputs Digital-Out (DOUT) 5 to 6 | max. 30 VDC, 100 mA short circuit proof galvanic isolation for 60 VDC delay activation / deactivation: about 5 µs / 300 µs |
| Digital outputs Digital-Out (DOUT) 7 to 8 | volt-free contacts, max 30 VDC, 100 mA sink or source galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE delay activation / deactivation: about 5 µs / 50 µs |
| Digital inputs/outputs Digital-In/Out (DIO) 1 to 6 | RS485, 5V, max 100mA reference potential X22: AGND, X23: 0V input OFF: -0.3 V to +0.3 V selectable termination, difference/single ended delay activation / deactivation: about 50 ns |
| Digital output Digital-Out (DOUT) 9 | max. 30 VDC, 1A max. 42 VAC, 1 A galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE delay open/close: 10 ms / 10 ms |
| Safe digital inputs SIN1 to SIN4 | ON: > 15 VDC, > 2 mA, OFF: < 5 VDC, < 1 mA galvanic isolation for 60 VDC delay activation / deactivation about: 1.5 ms / 3.5 ms test pulse are required |
| Safe digital outputs SOUT1 to SOUT4 | volt-free contacts, max 30 VDC, 172 mA short circuit proof galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE activation delay (0->1) depends on the safety function hardware deactivation delay (1>0) about 300 µs emits test pulses |

7.16.2 Analog Input

The drive is fitted with differential inputs for analog torque, velocity, or position control. The standard drive offers one analog input on X21, dual axis drives and drives with built-in option IO or DX offer a second analog input on X22.

NOTICE

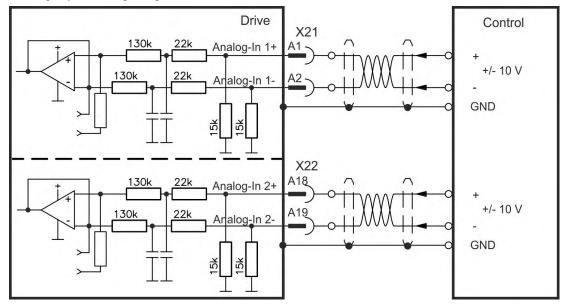
Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

Technical characteristics

- Differential input voltage range: ± 10 V
- Maximum input voltage referring to I/O Return: -12.5, +16.0 V
- Resolution: 16 Bit and fully monotonic
- Firmware update rate: 16 kHz
- Unadjusted offset: < 50 mV
- Offset drift typ: 250 μ V / ° C
- Gain or slope tolerance: +/- 3%

- Nonlinearity: < 0.1% of full scale or 12.5 mV
- Common Mode Rejection Ratio: > 30 dB at 60 Hz
- Input impedance: > 13k Ωs
- Signal to noise ratio referred to full scale:
- AIN.CUTOFF = 3000 Hz: 14 bit
 - AIN.CUTOFF = 800 Hz: 16 bit

Analog Input Wiring Diagram



Application examples for set point input Analog-In:

- reduced-sensitivity input for setting-up/jog operation
- pre-control/override

Defining the direction of rotation

Standard setting: clockwise rotation of the motor shaft (looking at the shaft end) affected by positive voltage between terminal (+) and terminal (-)

To reverse the direction of rotation, swap the connections to terminals +/- or change parameter AXIS#.DIR in WorkBench.

7.16.3 Analog Output

Analog Outputs can be used to output converted analog values of digital measurements recorded in the drive. The standard drive offers one analog output on X21, dual axis drives and drives with built-in option IO or DX offer a second analog output on X22.

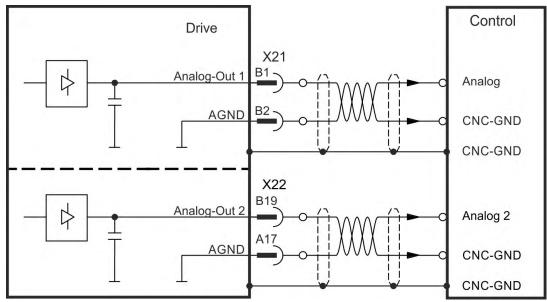
NOTICE

Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

Technical characteristics

- Output voltage range referring to AGND: 0 to 10 V
- Resolution: 16 Bit and fully monotonic
- Update rate: 4 kHz
- Unadjusted offset: < 50 mV
- Offset drift typ: 250 μV/°C
- Gain or slope tolerance: +/- 3%
- Nonlinearity: < 0.1% of full scale or 20 mV
- Output impedance: 110 Ω
- Specification complies with IEC 61131-2 Table 11
- -3 dB Bandwidth: >8 kHz
- Maximum output current: 20 mA
- · Capacitive load: any value but response speed limited by max lout and by Rout
- Protected for short circuit to AGND

Analog Output Wiring Diagram



7.16.4 Digital Inputs

The drive provides 8 digital inputs on X21. Dual axis drives and drives with built-in option IO or DX offer additional 4 inputs on X22 and 2 programmable Input/Outputs on X22. If X23 is built-in and not used for feedback or EEO function, then it offers 4 additional programmable Input/Outputs.

All inputs can be used to initiate pre-programmed actions. A list of actions is included in WorkBench. If an input is programmed, it must be saved to the drive.

The drive provides 4 safe digital inputs on X21 and X22. These inputs can be used as safe inputs, based on the installed functional option (\rightarrow # 210).

NOTICE

NOTE

Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

Depending on the selected function, the inputs are high or low active. Digital input filter can be set in WorkBench to change sensitivity of the inputs (see Online Help).

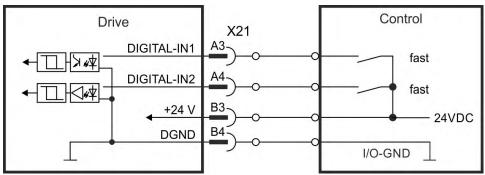
7.16.4.1 Digital-In 1 and 2

These inputs (IEC 61131-2 Type 1) are particularly fast and are therefore suitable for position latch functions. They can also be used as 24 V inputs for electronic gearing (\rightarrow # 151).

Technical characteristics

- Floating, reference common line is DGND
- High: 15 to 30 V/2 to 15 mA , Low: -5 to +5 V/<15 mA
- Update rate: firmware reads hardware input state every 250 μs
- High accuracy latch: motor feedback position or interpolated time is latched or captured within 2 µs of input signal transition (with digital input filter set to 40 ns)
- The AKD2G capture engine is polled every 62.5 μs (16 kHz) by the firmware

Wiring example



7.16.4.2 Digital-In 3 to 12

These inputs (IEC 61131-2 Type 1) are programmable with WorkBench.

Manufacturer setting:

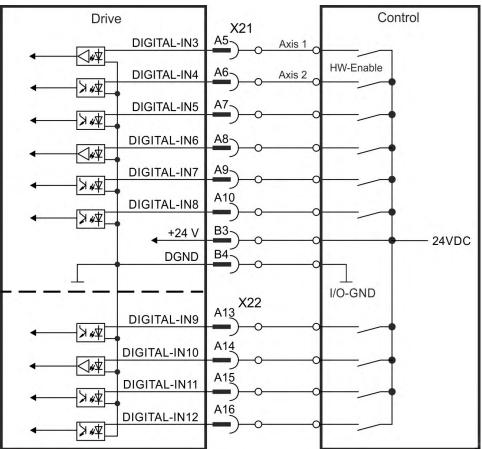
- Digital-In 3: HW-Enable Axis 1
- Digital-In 4: HW-Enable Axis 2
- Digital-In 5 ... 12: off

Choose the function you require in WorkBench and refer to the software for more information.

Technical characteristics

- Floating, reference common line is DGND
- High: 15 to 30 V/2 to 15 mA , Low: -5 to +5 V/<15 mA
- Update rate: firmware reads hardware input state every 250 μs

Wiring example



7.16.4.3 Digital-In/Out 1 and 2

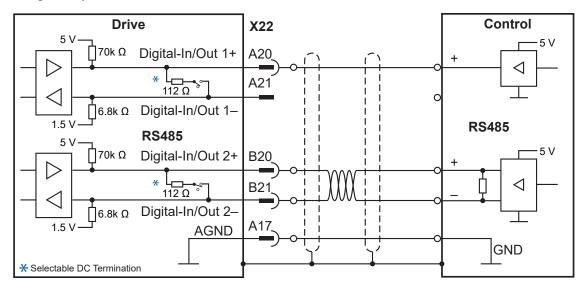
Pins X22/A20-A21 (Digital-In/Out 1) and X22/B20-B21 (Digital-In/Out 2) can be defined as either inputs or outputs. For programming refer to WorkBench.

NOTICE NOT compatible with 24V signal level! Will be damaged if connected to +24V!

Technical characteristics when configured for input:

- RS485 common is AGND; not optically isolated
- No wire break detection
- Termination Selection: Unterminated or DC Terminated
- Differential or Single-ended
- For single-ended:
 - Negative terminal is open circuit; Positive input high signal = 3 5 V.
 - Force input high with 5 V driver applied to DIO1/2+; pull input low by sinking DIO1/2+ to AGND.
 Open circuit (floating) input will typically be high.
- Update rate: firmware reads hardware input state every 250 μs When used for capture, timing resolution is <1 μs

Wiring example



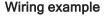
7.16.4.4 Digital-In/Out 3 to 6

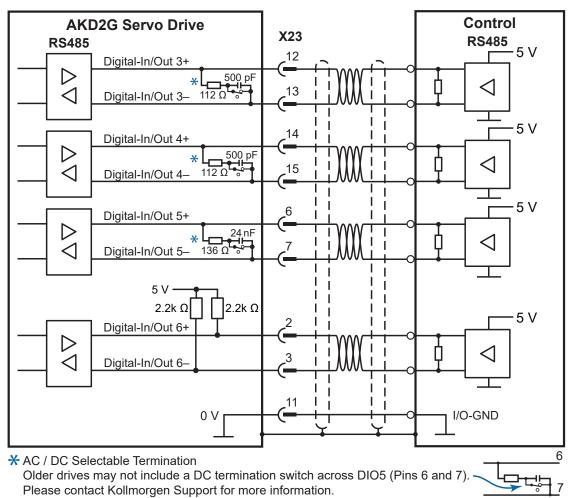
X23 can be used for digital I/O. The channels can be defined as inputs or outputs. For programming refer to WorkBench.

NOT compatible with 24 V signal level! Will be damaged if connected to +24 V!

Technical characteristics when configured for input:

- RS485 reference common line is 0 V
- No wire break detection
- DIO 3/4 Termination Selection: Unterminated (AC Termination) or DC Terminated
- DIO 5 Termination Selection: Unterminated (AC Termination) or DC Terminated on newer models*
- DIO 6 Termination Selection: Unterminated (AC Termination) Only
- Differential only
- Update rate: firmware reads hardware input state every 250 μs
 When used for capture, timing resolution is <1 μs





7.16.5 Digital Outputs

The drive provides 4 safe digital outputs on X21. These outputs can be used as safe outputs see (\rightarrow # 211). For more information refer to WorkBench.

Dual axis drives and drives with built-in option IO or DX offer additional 4 digital outputs and 2 programmable Input/Outputs. If X23 is built-in and not used for feedback or EEO function, then it offers 4 additional programmable Input/Outputs.

The relay output can be used as fault or ready to operate signal.

NOTICE

Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

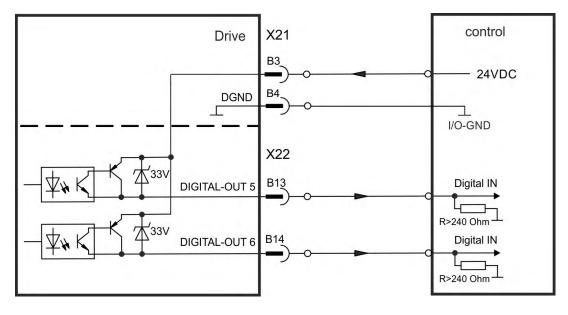
Choose the required action in WorkBench. A list of actions is included in the software. If an output is programmed, it must be saved to the drive.

7.16.5.1 Digital-Out 5 to 6

These outputs are programmable with WorkBench. By default, all outputs are not programmed (off).

Technical characteristics

- The outputs can switch +5 V to +30 V
- · All digital outputs are floating
- High side, output current max.100 mA
- Update rate: 250 µs



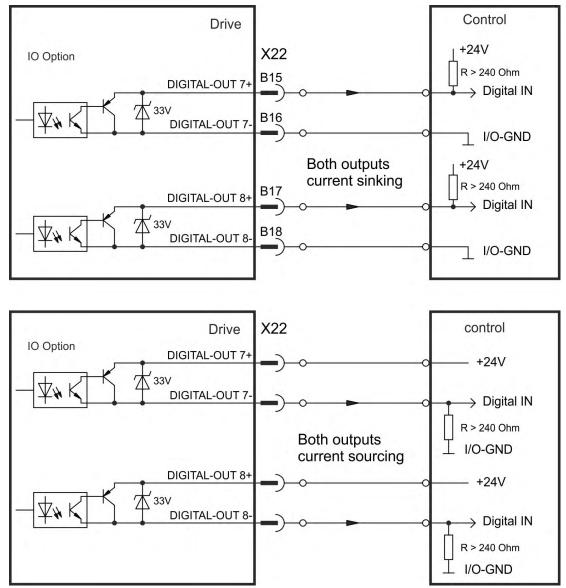
7.16.5.2 Digital-Out 7 and 8

These outputs are programmable with WorkBench. By default, all outputs are not programmed (off).

Technical characteristics

- The outputs can switch +5 V to +30 V
- Galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE
- The two channels are isolated from one another and not referred to a common potential
- Output current max.100 mA
- · Can be wired as sinking or sourcing (see examples below)
- Update rate: 250 µs

Wiring examples

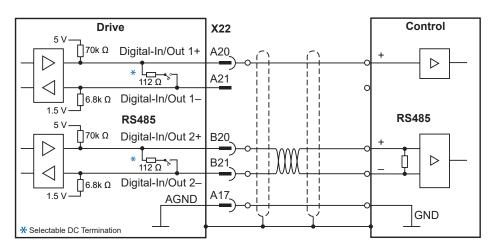


7.16.5.3 Digital-In/Out 1 and 2

Pins X22/A20-A21 (Digital-In/Out 1) and X22/B20-B21 (Digital-In/Out 2) can be used as either inputs or outputs. For programming refer to WorkBench.

Technical characteristics if configured as output

- RS485, reference common line is AGND
- No wire break detection
- Termination Selection: Unterminated (recommended) or DC Terminated
- Differential or single-ended
 For single-ended: Negative terminal is open circuit
- Update rate: 250 µs

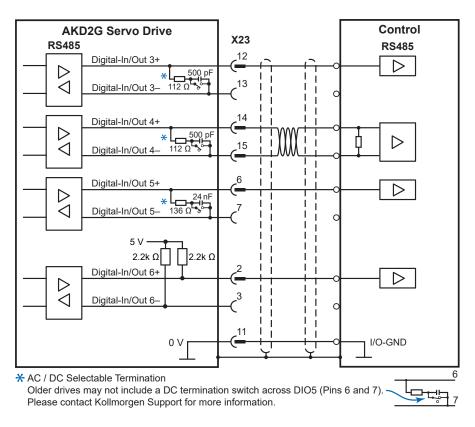


7.16.5.4 Digital-In/Out 3 to 6

X23 can be used for digital I/O. The channels can be defined as inputs or outputs. For programming refer to WorkBench.

Technical characteristics if configured as output

- RS485, reference common line is 0V
- No wire break detection
- DIO 3/4 Termination Selection: Unterminated (AC Termination) (recommended) or DC Terminated
- DIO 5 Termination Selection: Unterminated (AC Termination) (recommended) or DC Terminated on newer models*
- DIO 6 Termination Selection: AC termination only
- Differential or single-ended
 For single-ended: Negative terminal is open circuit
- Update rate: 250 µs



7.16.5.5 Digital-Out 9, Relay contacts

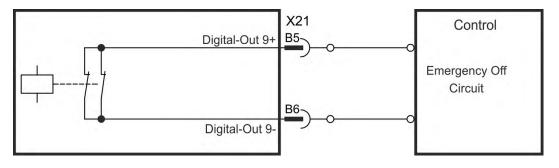
Digital-Out 9 is programmable with WorkBench.

By default, the output function is defined as ready to operate output by action parameter.

NOTICE If an inductive load (relay or similar) is used, a freewheeling diode must be added to the load.

Technical characteristics

- Relay output, max. 30 VDC or 42 VAC, 1 A
- Galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE
- Time to close: max. 10 ms
- Time to open: max. 10 ms



8 Setup

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| 8.2 | Guide to drive setup | |
| | Switch-On and Switch-Off Behavior | |
| 8.4 | Fault and Warning Messages | 191 |
| 8.5 | Troubleshooting | 192 |

8.1 Important Notes

NOTICE

Only professional personnel with extensive knowledge in the fields of electrical engineering and drive technology are allowed to test and set up the drive.



DANGER Lethal Voltage!

There is a danger of serious personal injury or death by electrical shock. Lethal danger exists at live parts of the device.

- Built-in protection measures such as insulation or shielding may not be removed.
- Work on the electrical installation may only be performed by trained and qualified personnel, in compliance with the regulations for safety at work, and only with switched off mains supply, and secured against restart.
- In normal operation, the cabinet door must be closed and the device must not be touched.



WARNING Automatic Restart!

Risk of death or serious injury for humans working in the machine. The drive might restart automatically after power on, voltage dip or interruption of the supply voltage, depending on the parameter setting. If parameter AXIS#.ENDEFAULT is set to 1,

- then place a warning sign ("WARNING: Possible Automatic Restart" or similar) to the machine.
- Ensure, that power on is not possible, while humans are in a dangerous zone of the machine.



CAUTION High Temperature!

Risk of minor burns. The heat sink of the drive can reach temperatures up to 80°C in operation.

- Check the heat sink temperature before handling the drive.
- Wait until the heat sink has cooled down to 40°C before touching it.



WARNING Projection of molten particles!

If particles fall into the drive or the drive has been damaged, molten drive component particles may be ejected causing injuries. Shut down the drive and wear appropriate protective gear during maintenance work, troubleshooting and fault rectification. (\rightarrow # 34)



NOTE

If the drive has been stored for more than 1 year, you must re-form the capacitors in the DC bus link circuit. Re-forming procedures are described in the KDN (Forming).

Additional information on setting up the equipment:

- Programming parameters and control loop behavior are described in the AKD2G User Manual (Online Help), see Configuring the Command Source and Operating Mode.
- The setup of any fieldbus is described in the corresponding manual.

8.2 Guide to drive setup

NOTICE

Setup must be done in two major steps:

- 1. Drive setup (this section). This section presents an example to test the drive initially. If the drive (motor, feedback, control circuits, I/Os) is well parameterized, then proceed with the
- 2. Functional Safety setup (\rightarrow # 201).

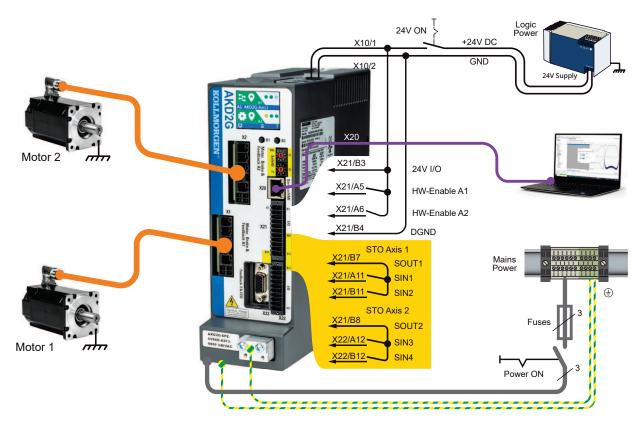
8.2.1 Initial Drive Test Procedure

8.2.1.1 Unpacking, mounting, and wiring the AKD2G

- 1. Unpack the drive and accessories.
- 2. Mount the drive.
- 3. Wire the drive or apply the minimum wiring for drive testing as described below.
- 4. Make sure you have on hand the following information about the drive components:
 - · rated mains supply voltage
 - motor type (motor data, if the motor type is not listed in the motor database)
 - feedback unit built into the motor (type, poles/lines/protocol)
 - moment of inertia of the load

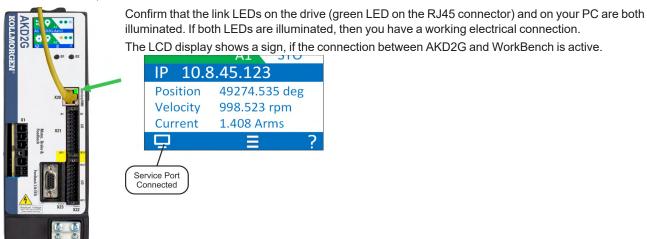
8.2.1.2 Minimum wiring for drive test without load, example

NOTICE This wiring diagram based on default settings is for general illustration only and does not fulfill any requirements for EMC, functional safety, or functionality of your application.



8.2.1.3 Confirm connections (example: directly to PC)

You can turn on logic power to the drive through the X10 connector (mains power voltage is not needed for communications).



Use WorkBench to configure the drive by using the service interface.

8.2.1.4 System integration

MAC Address

The unique MAC address is pre-defined by the manufacturer (see nameplate).

Service IP Address

The AKD2G service port X20 supports auto-IP, DHCP and static IP addressing.

The drive is delivered with IP address 0.0.0.0. Depending on the connection (switch or PC) either DHCP or auto-IP mechanism assignes a unique IP address.

WorkBench uses the IP address to detect AKD2G devices in the LAN and start communication. With WorkBench you can set a static IP address for the drive (parameter *IP.ADDRESS*).

EtherCAT Node Address

The EtherCAT node address is assigned automatically by the EtherCAT master.

CAN Node ID

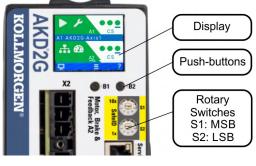
Set a CAN node ID for the drive in WorkBench (parameter CANBUS.NODEID).

PROFINET

The station name and IP address must be set manually through the PROFINET master.

SafeID

Every module must have a unique SafeID in the safety system. Set the SafeID for every module with the two decimal rotary switches in the front.



Process to set the SafeID

- 1. Switch off 24V supply voltage.
- 2. Set S1 and S2 to a unique SafeID.
- 3. Switch on the 24V supply voltage.

The SafeID is calculated based on the rotary switches setting:

SafeID = 10 • S1 + S2

Example

Rotary switches: S1 = 2, S2 = 3 \rightarrow SafeID = 10 • 2 + 3 = 23

Factory default setting

Rotary Switch setting S1 = 0, S2 = 1. Resulting SafeID is 1.

FSoE Address

The unique FSoE address for every axis is derived from the set SafeID.

FSoE address for axis 1 = SafeID • 100 +1 FSoE address for axis 2 = SafeID • 100 +2

Example

Rotary switches setting: S1 = 2, S2 = $3 \rightarrow$ SafeID = $10 \cdot 2 + 3 = 23$ Resulting FSoE address for axis 1 = $23 \cdot 100 + 1 = 2301$ Resulting FSoE address for axis 2 = $23 \cdot 100 + 2 = 2302$

Factory default setting

Rotary Switch setting S1 = 0, S2 = 1. Resulting SafeID is 1. Resulting FSoE address for axis $1 = 1 \cdot 100 + 1 = 101$ Resulting FSoE address for axis $2 = 1 \cdot 100 + 2 = 102$

8.2.1.5 Install and start WorkBench

WorkBench is available on the Kollmorgen website. Select the install file and follow the instructions given by the installer.

Once the installation is complete, click the WorkBench icon to start the program.

8.2.1.6 Setup the axis in WorkBench

Use the setup wizard and

- 1. Connect the axis
- 2. Setup the axis
- 3. Save the parameter set to the drive

Refer to the WorkBench Online Help for details.

8.2.1.7 Enable the axis (Hardware)

- 1. Switch 24 V to the STO inputs (X21/A11-B11 for axis 1 or X21/A12-B12 for axis 2)
- 2. Switch 24 V to the digital inputs for Hardware Enable Axis 1 (X21/A5) or 2 (X21/A6).

8.2.1.8 Move the motor axis

- 1. Select the Axis in WorkBench
- 2. Under Motion, select Service Motion
- 3. Select Reversing, check the default velocity and time settings for plausibility
- 4. Select Start.

8.2.1.9 Tune the axis

Details see WorkBench Online Help

8.2.2 WorkBench Installation

This chapter describes the installation of the WorkBench software for AKD2G drives. Kollmorgen offers training and familiarization courses on request.

| iollmorgen WorkBench Edit View Tools Help | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Kollmorgen WorkBench | KOLLMORGE |
| Quick Start Connect to an Ethernet device on your network. WorkBench has found the following devices. | Are no devices shown? |
| Name Status IP Addr Protocols MAC Ad Model Number | Serial Number Firmware Version |
| | |
| < | Bink Connect |
| | |
| Start | |
| Create a new project or open an existing one. <u>New Project</u> <u>Open Project</u> | |

8.2.2.1 Use as directed

With the software to set up your drive you can alter and save the operating parameters for the AKD2G series of drives. The attached drive can be set up with the help of this software. During this procedure the drive can be controlled directly by the service functions.

Only professional personnel who have the relevant expertise (\rightarrow #23) are permitted to carry out online parameter setting for a drive that is running.

Sets of data that have been stored on data media are not safe against unintended alteration by other persons. The use of unchecked data can result in unexpected movement. After loading a set of data always validate parameters which are relevant for the application before enabling the drive.

8.2.2.2 Software description

Each drive must be configured according to the requirements of your machine. For most applications you can use a PC and WorkBench (the software to setup your drive) to set up the operating conditions and parameters for your drive.

An EtherNet cable connects the PC with the drive (\rightarrow # 160) WorkBench establishes the communication between PC and drive.

Please find the software to set up your drive in the download area of the Kollmorgen website.

With WorkBench you can

- easily change parameters and directly see what happens with your drive due to a continuous online connection to the drive,
- read important and actual values from the drive which are displayed on the PC (oscilloscope functions),
- save data sets on data media (archiving) and load them onto other drives or use them for backup and
- print data sets.

Most standard feedback systems are plug and play compatible. Motor nameplate data is stored in the feedback device and read by the drive automatically at startup. Non-plug and play Kollmorgen motors are stored in WorkBench and can be loaded with one-click using the Motor screen in the software.

An extensive online help with integrated description of all variables and functions supports you in each situation.

8.2.2.3 Hardware requirements

The Service interface (X20, RJ45) of the drive is connected to the EtherNet interface of the PC by an EtherNet cable (\rightarrow # 160).

Minimum requirements for the PC:

Processor: at least 1 GHz RAM: 2 GB Graphics adapter: Windows compatible, color, minimum 1024 x 768 dpi Drives: hard disk with at least 500 MB free space Interface: one free Ethernet Interface or Switch port

8.2.2.4 Operating systems

Windows 7/8/10/11

- WorkBench works with Windows 7, 8, 10 and 11
- .Net framework 4.8.1 or higher is required
- Visual C++ Redistributable (2010, 2013, 2015)
- Internet Explorer 10 or higher

Unix, Linux

The software does not run on Unix/Linux.

8.2.2.5 Installation under Windows 7/8/10/11

Use WorkBench to setup your drive. You can download the latest version from the Kollmorgen website.

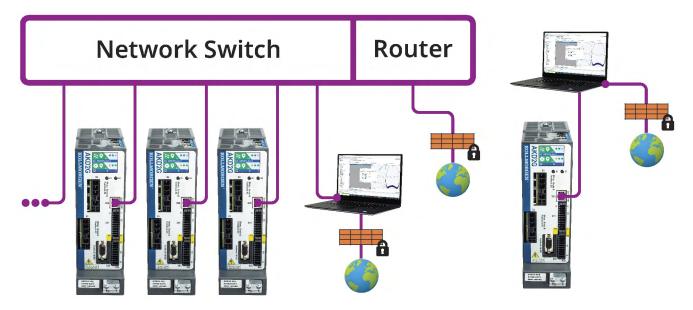
Install the WorkBench as follows:

- 1. Download one of the following installation packages from www.kollmorgen.com:
 - Standard installation: Contains the application with complete help files. Dependencies like for example the .NET Framework will be downloaded from the internet if not already installed.
 - Full installation: Contains the application with complete help files and embedded dependencies like for example the .NET Framework.

2. After complete download, double-click on the downloaded file and follow the instructions.

EtherNet interface connection

 Connect the interface cable to an EtherNet interface on your PC or to a switch and to the AKD2G service interface X20 (→ # 160).



The LCD display shows a sign when AKD2G and WorkBench are connected.



8.3 Switch-On and Switch-Off Behavior

This chapter describes the switch-on and switch-off behavior of the AKD2G with STO.

Behavior of "holding brake" function

Drives with an enabled holding brake function have a special timing for switching on and off the output stage (\rightarrow # 113). Events that remove the AXIS#.ACTIVE signal trigger the holding brake to apply. As with all electronic circuits, the general rule applies that there is a possibility of the internal holding brake module failing.

If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (as configured by AXIS#.ZEROT and AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs during a stop procedure, the brake is applied. Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the motor holding brake (\rightarrow # 113) immediately after faults or Hardware Disable.

Behavior when undervoltage condition is present

The behavior in an undervoltage condition depends on the VBUS.UVMODE setting.

| VBUS.UVMODE | DC Bus Undervoltage Mode. Consult the WorkBench Online Help for configuring the parameter. |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | The drive will report a F2007 undervoltage fault any time an undervoltage condition occurs. |
| 1 (default) | The drive will report a warning W2007 if not enabled. The drive will report a fault if the drive is enabled when the condition occurs, or an attempt is made to enable while an under voltage condition occurs. |

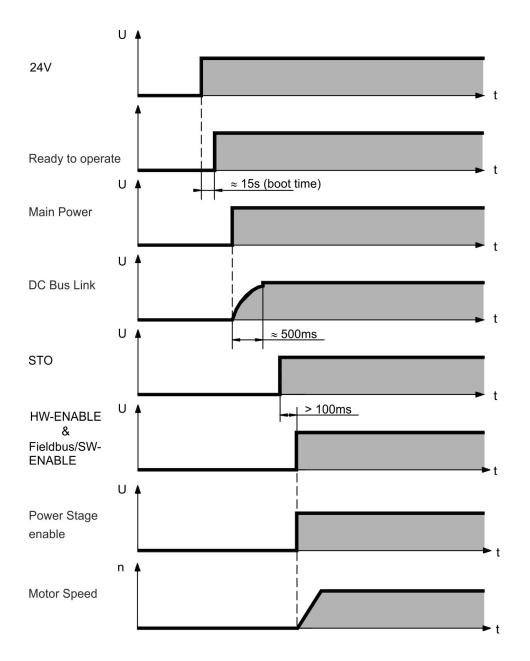
Functional Safety

The drive can be braked down using SS1 and SDB and secured to standstill with SBC and STO. Even when power is being supplied, the drive shaft is protected against unintentional restart. The chapter "Functional Safety" describes how to use the safety functions (\rightarrow # 195).

- Functional Safety can be ensured with configured SBC (→ # 240) only.
- For SIL 3 a second (external) motor brake for an axis is required. For single axis drives this brake can be connected to X4 (→ # 115). For dual axis drives the additional brake must be controlled from another source (e.g. from the other axis or externally from a safety controller). The brakes can be mapped to an axis with WorkBench.
- The Hardware Enable does not initiate a controlled stop but switches off the power stage immediately.
- Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the brake immediately after faults or Hardware Disable.

8.3.1 Switch-on behavior in standard operation

The diagram below illustrates the correct functional sequence for switching the drive on.



8.3.2 Switch-off behavior

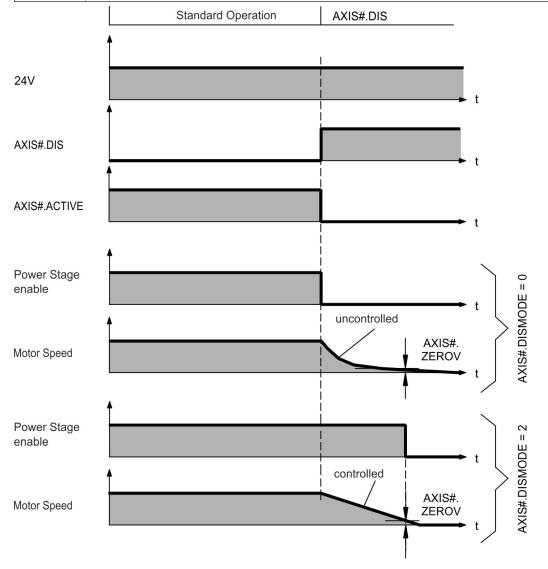
NOTE

The drive's 24V supply must remain constant. STO disables the power stage immediately. Configured digital inputs and fieldbus commands can be used to perform controlled stops.

8.3.2.1 Switch-off behavior using the AXIS#.DIS command

The enable/disable button in WorkBench issues a *AXIS#.DIS* command internally to the drive. See *WorkBench Online Help*for configuring inputs and software commands. Sometimes this enable signal is called "Software Enable" (SW-Enable).

| AXIS#. DISMODE | AXIS#.DISMODE controls the behavior of the AXIS#.DIS command issued through WorkBench, or terminal, or fieldbus. |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | Disable axis immediately, if the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity $AXIS#.ZEROV$ or timeout occurs brake is applied. Category 0 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28). |
| 2 | Use controlled stop to disable drive, if the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity AXIS#.ZEROV or timeout occurs brake is applied. Category 1 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28). |

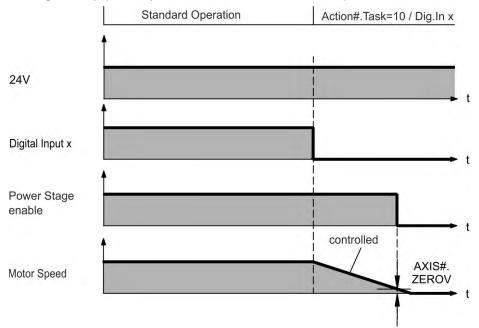


If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113).

8.3.2.2 Switch-off behavior using a digital input (controlled stop)

This is a category 1 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28).

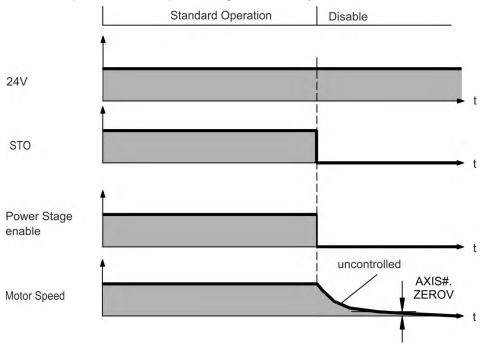
A digital input can be configured to bring the motor to a controlled stop and then disable the drive and apply the holding brake (if present). See the *WorkBench Online Help* for information on configuring Digital Inputs.



If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113).

8.3.2.3 Switch-off behavior using STO input (uncontrolled stop)

This is a category 0 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28). The STO input disables the power stage immediately.



If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113). Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR. BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the motor holding brake immediately after STO.

8.3.2.4 Switch-off behavior in the event of a fault

The behavior of the drive always depends on the fault type and the setting of a number of different parameters (AXIS#.DISMODE, VBUS.UVFTHRESH, AXIS#.ZEROV, and others; see the WorkBench Online Help for more details). See the Drive Fault and Warning Messages and Remedies section of the WorkBench User Manual for a table describing the specific behavior of each fault. The next pages show examples for the possible fault behaviors. The fault relay output (DOUT9) switches the main contactor (Emergency Off circuit).

t

t

1

t

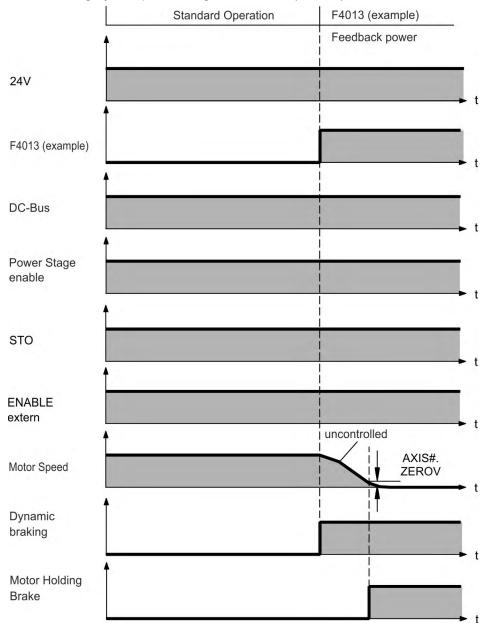
Switch-off behavior for faults that cause an immediate power stage disable

This is a category 0 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28). Standard Operation F5000 (example) Motor overheat (Power stage disable) 24V F5000 (example) Ready-to-operate (RTO) Relay Turned off via Main Power mains contactor / RTO relay DC-Bus Power Stage enable STO ENABLE extern uncontrolled AXIS#. Motor Speed ZEROV Motor Holding Brake

If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113). Set parameter AXIS#.MOTOR. BRAKEIMM to 1 with vertical axes, to apply the motor holding brake immediately after faults.

Switch-off behavior for faults that cause dynamic braking

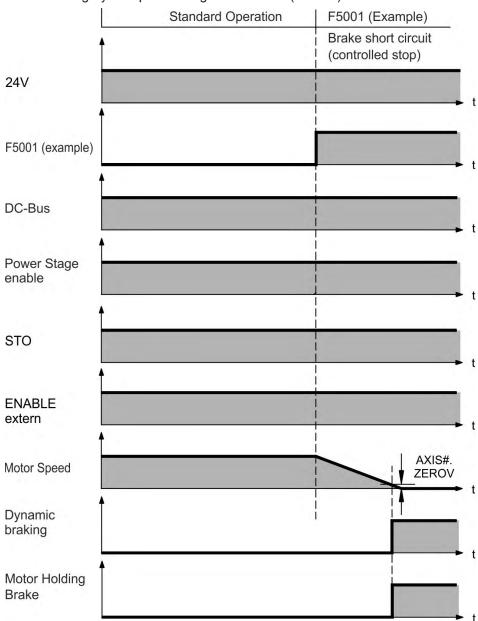
This is a category 2 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28).



If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113).

Switch-off behavior for faults that cause a controlled stop

This is a category 2 stop according to IEC 60204 (\rightarrow # 28).



If the drive detects the motor to be at zero velocity (AXIS#.ZEROV) or timeout occurs (AXIS#.ZEROT), the motor brake is applied (\rightarrow # 113).

8.4 Fault and Warning Messages

8.4.1 Fault and warning messages AKD2G

A Fault is generally a notification of a critical system failure which will stop machine operation. Depending on the severity of the fault will depend on which system-stop mechanism is used.

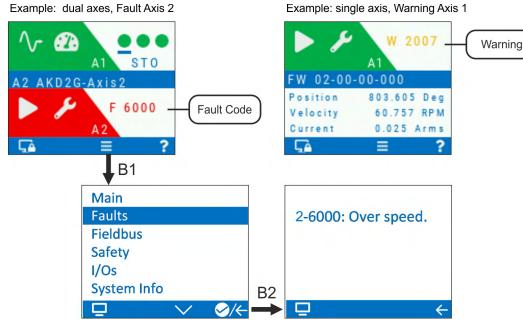
A Warning is generally a notification to the user which is not critical and does not require the machine to immediately shut off.

Faults and Warnings follow the same pattern and are identified by a four digit code:

G G X X, where GG is a two digit group code, and XX is a two digit ID.

| GG | Group | GG | Group |
|----|-------------|----|----------------------------------------|
| 10 | System | 4# | Feedback (# indicates feedback number) |
| 11 | File | 50 | Motor |
| 15 | Hardware | 55 | Wake and Shake |
| 20 | Power | 60 | Motion |
| 25 | Temperature | 70 | Fieldbus |
| 30 | Software | 90 | Safety |

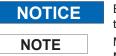
The display on the front panel of the drive shows the code of the fault or warning that occurred. Navigate with B1 / B2 to the Fault screen to see a short description of the fault or warning.



You can retrieve faults on a per-axis basis with the parameter: AXIS#.FAULTS, where # is the Axis number. For retrieving warnings use AXIS#.WARNINGS, or DRV.WARNINGS.

Multiple faults may be present when a fault condition is occurring. Check the WorkBench Fault Screen or read the status of DRV.FAULTS and AXIS#.FAULTS for the entire list of faults.

DRV.FAULTS will return all faults across all axes, with the format #-GGXX where # is the axis number and GGXX is the four digit fault/warning code.



Eliminate errors and faults in compliance with work safety rules. Troubleshooting only by qualified and trained staff.

More information about fault messages, remedy and clearing faults can be found in the WorkBench User Manual.

8.5 Troubleshooting

Drive problems occur for a variety of reasons, depending on the conditions in your installation. The causes of faults in multi-axis systems can be especially complex. If you cannot resolve a fault or other issue using the troubleshooting guidance presented below, customer support can give you further assistance.

NOTICE

Eliminate errors and faults in compliance with work safety rules. Troubleshooting only by qualified and trained staff.

NOTE

More details on the removal of faults can be found in the WorkBench User Manual.

| Problem | Possible Causes | Remedy | | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| HMI message: Communication fault | 1. wrong cable used, cable plugged into wrong position on drive or PC | 1. plug cable into the correct sockets on the drive and PC | | | |
| Communication lauit | 2. wrong PC interface selected | 2. select correct interface | | | |
| | 1. HW Enable configured but not | 1. connect HW Enable to the selected input | | | |
| Drive does not enable | wired 2. HW or SW Enable not set | 2. Apply 24V to HW Enable and select SW Enable in WorkBench / Fieldbus | | | |
| | 1. drive not enabled | 1. apply ENABLE signal | | | |
| | 2. software enable not set | 2. set software enable | | | |
| | 3. break in setpoint cable | 3. check setpoint cable | | | |
| Motor does not rotate | 4. motor phases swapped | 4. correct motor phase sequence | | | |
| Motor does not rotate | 5. brake not released | 5. check brake control | | | |
| | 6. drive is mechanically blocked | 6. check mechanics | | | |
| | 7. motor pole no. set incorrectly | 7. set motor pole no. | | | |
| | 8. feedback set up incorrectly | 8. set up feedback correctly | | | |
| | 1. gain is too high (speed controller) | 1. reduce AXIS#.VL.KP (speed controller) | | | |
| Motor oscillates | 2. feedback cable shielding broken | 2. replace feedback cable | | | |
| | 3. AGND not wired up | 3. join AGND to CNC-GND | | | |
| | 1. Irms or Ipeak set too low | 1. verify motor/drive sizing | | | |
| Drive reports following error | 2. current or velocity limits apply | 2. verify that AXIS#.IL.LIMITN/P, AXIS#.VL.LIMITN/P are not limiting the drive | | | |
| | 3. accel/decel ramp is too long | 3. reduce AXIS#.ACC/AXIS#.DEC | | | |
| | 1 motor constitution of over its ration | 1. verify motor/drive sizing | | | |
| Motor overheating | motor operating above its rating motor current settings incorrect | 2. verify motor continuous and peak current values are set correctly | | | |
| | 1. AXIS#.VL.Kp (velocity) too low | 1. increase AXIS#.VL.KP (velocity) | | | |
| Drive too soft | 2. AXIS#.VL.Ki (velocity) too low | 2. increase AXIS#.VL.KI (velocity) | | | |
| Drive too solt | ANG#.VL.N (velocity) too low filters set too high | refer to documentation regarding reducing filtering (AXIS#.VL.AR*) | | | |
| | 1. AXIS#.VL.Kp (velocity) too high | 1. reduce AXIS#.VL.KP (velocity) | | | |
| Drive runs roughly | 2. AXIS#.VL.Ki (velocity) too high | 2. reduce AXIS#.VL.KI (velocity) | | | |
| | 3. filters set too low | refer to documentation regarding increasing filtering (AXIS#.VL.AR*) | | | |

9 Safety Manual for FS3

Revision History for Safety Manual

| Revision | Remarks |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| S301, 05/2021 | Functional Safety Option 3 |
| S302, 07/2022 (withdrawal) | some limitations solved with new SMM FW 1.12, diagrams edited for SS2, SS1-r, SLS and SSR, new SDB timing and state machine diagram, new chapter "Update the SMM firmware", commissioning chapter: no mapping for switching state (bulletpoint removed), chapter recommissioning: layout modified, chapter safety properties overview: ISO->IEC, table "activation by FSoE" modified, table "dual channel activation" and "single channel activation" modified, dual channel graphic changed, t3 added to "encoder position change" table, chapter save digital inputs revised, changes in chapter motor brake requirements and motor feedback requirements, all safety function chapters revised, settings chapter revised, validation and operation chapters revised, chapter safety faults/safety warnings revised |
| S303, 03/2023 | Hardware Revision table edited, note added under SS1-t and SS1-r timing diagram, limitation table edited, SDB timing diagram changed, add FW 02-10-00-103 |
| S304, 03/2024 | Added a note at the end of 10.4.1.4 Safety Function Response Time Calculation regarding a possible safe encoder internal fault, updated Safety Manual version compatibility table. |
| S305,10/2024 (INTERNAL) | Chapter "versions" removed from SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1 parameter, SMM2 content added: default values for parameters changed, parameter range changed, paragraph removed ("AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE#"), encoder source removed, t_SDB removd and frozen to 6ms, AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.DELAYBEFOREDIAGNOSE removed, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERENDATTYPE removed, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1 updated, SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES1 new, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE2 updated, SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES2 new, SAFE.ERROR updated, table "Safety Function Response Time Calculation" updated, description for SS2 added, descriptions in Operation States table changed, SAR timing diagram corrected, SOS state diagram changed |
| S306,02/2025 | Chapter "versions" removed from SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1 parameter, SMM2 content added: default values for parameters changed, paragraph removed ("AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE#"), encoder source removed, t_SDB removd and frozen to 6ms, AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.DELAYBEFOREDIAGNOSE removed, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERENDATTYPE removed, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1 updated, SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES1 new, SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE2 updated, SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES2 new, SAFE.ERROR updated, table "Safety Function Response Time Calculation" updated, description for SS2 added, descriptions in Operation States table changed, SAR timing diagram corrected, SOS state diagram changed |

The Safety Manual is valid for:

AKD2G with Functional Safety Option 3 (FS3):

AKD2G - xxx - xxxxx - x<mark>3</mark>xx - xxxx

Integrated SafeMotion Monitor (SMM), activation by digital I/O or FSoE

Extended Safety Functions: STO, SS1-t, SS1-r, SS2, SOS, SLS, SSM, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP, SCA, SBC, SDB, SBT; SIL3 PLe

| Hardware Revision | Drive Firmware | WorkBench | SMM Firmware | Comment |
|-------------------|----------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| A | 02-12-00-105 | 2.15.0.10823 | R_02-07-000 | |

Note: Previously listed combinations remain valid.

SMM Firmware Version 1.12 has been withdrawn.

Refer to the list of limited safety features (Limitations, \rightarrow # 553).

Contents:

| 9.1 | General Notes | |
|-----|--------------------------------------------|--|
| | Updating the SMM Firmware | |
| | Commissioning | |
| | Safety Functions Option 3 (FSoE, SIL3 PLe) | |
| 9.5 | Settings | |
| | Validation | |
| 9.7 | Operation | |
| 9.8 | Safety Faults, Safety Warnings | |
| 9.9 | Functional Safety Parameter Reference | |

9.1 General Notes

Resulting Functional Safety classification (SIL and/or PL level) is calculated across the drive system. The drive system usually consists of the following:

- motion controller (e.g. AKC/KAS),
- safety controller (e.g. KSM),
- servo drives (AKD2G) and servo motors (e.g. AKM2G),
- motor brakes, feedback systems,
- cables to connect drive and motor,

Safe State:

sensors/actors

The safety properties listed in this chapter can be reached with Kollmorgen components.

NOTICE

The user must ensure the compliance of the application with all relevant directives and local electrical code. The user is responsible for implementation and validation of the drive system and safety system. Only properly qualified personnel are permitted to perform installation, setup and verification/validation tasks.

- Mechanical installation: only by qualified personnel with mechanical expertise according to IEC 60417-6183.
- Electrical installation: only by gualified personnel with electrotechnical expertise according to IEC 60417-6182.
- Parameterizing Functional Safety: only by trained personnel with expertise appropriate to the complexity and safety integrity level of the drive system.
- Verification/Validation: only by trained personnel after any changes to the installation. The expertise of the personnel must be appropriate to the complexity and safety integrity level of the drive system.

NOTE

In a safe state the drive removes the motor torque is removed from all axes, applies the brake(s), deactivates all of the safe digital outputs, and sets the safe fieldbus connection to the safe state (if applicable).

Trigger I/O failure and internal failure (such as problems detected on the drive or on conditions: the safety system itself) lead to safe state.



CAUTION High electrical voltage!

Risk of electrical shock! The safety functions do not provide an electrical separation from the power output. If manual access to the motor or drive power terminals is necessary,

- · disconnect the drive from mains supply,
- consider the discharging time of the DC-Bus link,
- · ensure the cabinet is safely disconnected and protected against unintended switch-on (for instance, with a lock-out and warning signs).





WARNING Projection of molten particles!

If particles fall into the drive or the drive has been damaged, molten drive component particles may be ejected causing injuries. Shut down the drive and wear appropriate protective gear during maintenance work, troubleshooting and fault rectification. (\rightarrow # 34)

9.1.1 Use as directed

Safety functions are intended to reduce the risk of the machine operation to the required tolerable risk. To achieve functional safety, the wiring of the safety circuits must meet the safety requirements of IEC 60204, ISO 12100 and ISO 13849.

- The network the drive is connected to must be secured according to state-of-the-art information technology security requirements.
 - The IT specialists shall analyze whether further security requirements are applicable to ensure functional safety.
 - The drive firmware can be updated. The parameter sets must be reloaded, verified and proof tested before normal operation is started.
 - The SafeMotion Monitor (SMM) firmware can be updated by the user, see (→ # 199). For training and certification please contact Kollmorgen. The safety parameter set must be reloaded, verified and proof tested before normal operation is started.
 - In certain types of machinery, two motors drive a single mechanical axis. It is the
 responsibility of the user to ensure that a fault reaction on the first motor-drive set is also
 carried out on the second motor-drive set and vice versa. Safe I/O and/or a safe fieldbus
 such as FSoE can be used to achieve this.

9.1.2 Prohibited use

The safety functions must not be used if the drive is to be made inactive for Emergency-Off situations. In an Emergency-Off situation, the main relay is switched off by the Emergency-Off button.

The device does not require maintenance. Opening the device voids the warranty. In case of damage or malfunction, the drive must be sent for repair or replacement if it cannot be repaired.

NOTICE

The drive may not be connected directly to the Internet. It could be a functional safety risk if the network the drive is connected to is not secured according to state-of-the-art information technology. The SafeMotion Monitor (SMM) does not fulfill requirements regarding the IEC 62443.

9.1.3 Abbreviations used for functional safety

More abbreviations see (\rightarrow #21).

| Abbreviation | Meaning |
|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A#, AXIS# | A# or AXIS# are placeholders for the axis number. Used with parameters (AXIS#.SAFE.STO.ACTIVE) or signal names (STO-A-A#) |
| (→ # 53) | "see page 53" in this document |
| → xyz | "see chapter xyz" in this document |
| CCF | Common Cause Failure |
| CRC | Cyclic Redundancy Check |
| DGUV | Deutsche Gesetzliche Unfallversicherung |
| FS3 | Functional Safety Option 3 (Safe Stop and Safe Motion functions) |
| FSoE | Fail Safe over EtherCAT |
| HFT | Hardware Fault Tolerance |
| MTTFd | Mean time to dangerous failure |
| OSSD | Output Switching Signal Device |
| PELV | Protective Extra Low Voltage |
| PFH | Probability of dangerous failure per hour |
| PL | Performance Level |
| SAR | Safe Acceleration Range |
| SBC | Safe Brake Control |
| SBT | Safe Brake Test |
| SC | Systematic Capability |
| SCA | Safe Cam |
| SDB | Safety Dynamic Break |
| SDI | Safe Direction |
| SFF | Safe Failure Fraction |
| SIL | Safety Integrity Level |
| SLA | Safely Limited Acceleration |
| SLI | Safely Limited Increment |
| SLP | Safely Limited Position |
| SLS | Safely Limited Speed |
| SMM | SafeMotion Monitor |
| SRA CRC | Safety-Related Application CRC |
| SS1 | Safe Stop 1 |
| SS1-t | Safe Stop 1 time based |
| SS1-r | Safe Stop 1 deceleration monitoring |
| SS2 | Safe Stop 2 |
| SSM | Safe Speed Monitor |
| SSR | Safe Speed Range |
| STO | Safe Torque Off |
| ТМ | Mission Time |

9.1.4 Enclosure, wiring

Enclosure

Since the drive meets IP20, you must select an enclosure that permits safe operation of the drive. The enclosure must at least meet IP54 .

| Transport in accordar | nce with IEC 61800-2 |
|------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| NOTE | Transport only in the manufacturer's original recyclable packaging. |
| Temperature | -25 to +70 °C, maximum rate of change 20 K/hour, class 2K3. |
| Relative Humidity | max. 95% at +40 °C, no condensation, class 2K3. |
| Shock | NOTICE: Avoid shocks while transporting. AKD2G modules are tested for environmental class 2M1 of IEC 60721-3-2. |
| Storage in accordance | e with IEC 61800-2 |
| Temperature | -25 to +55 °C, maximum rate of change 20 K/hour, class 1K4. |
| Relative Humidity | 5 to 95% , no condensation, class 1K3. |
| Operation in accordar | nce with IEC 61800-2 |
| Environmental Class | Environmental class 3K3 |
| Temperature | Internal regen resistor used: • 0 to +40 °C under rated conditions • +40 to +60 °C with current derating 3 % per Kelvin Internal regen resistor not used: |
| | 0 to +50 °C under rated conditions +50 to +60 °C with current derating 2% per Kelvin |
| Relative Humidity | 5 to 85%, no condensation, IEC 61800-2 class 3K3 |
| Site Altitude | Up to 1000 m above mean sea level (AMSL): no restriction 1,000 to 2,000 m AMSL: power derating 1.5%/100 m Maximum altitude: 2000 m AMSL |
| Drive EMC Immunity | Increased immunity according to EN 61800-5-2 |
| Drive Pollution Level | Pollution level 2 as per IEC 60664-1 |
| Drive Vibration Class | Class 3M1 according to IEC 61800-2 |
| Drive Shock Class | Class L according to IEC 61800-2 |
| Drive Protection Class | IP20 according to IEC 60529 |
| Enclosure | Minimum cabinet size (WxHxD): 406 x 406 x 254 mm |
| | |

Wiring

Wiring inside the specified enclosure (IP54) must meet the requirements of the standard IEC 60204-1 and ISO 13849-2 (Table D.4). Use copper wires, 0.5 mm² (20 awg), wire ferrules. Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

Wiring outside the specified enclosure must be laid durably protected from outside damage (for example, by laying the cable in a duct, placed in different sheathed cables, or protected individually by grounding connection).

NOTICE

When wiring the digital inputs and outputs, take care that short circuits between the inputs, outputs, or to supply lines are avoided.

9.2 Updating the SMM Firmware

Before updating the SMM firmware, please read the following information carefully:

NOTICE

- Replace certified SMM firmware only with another certified SMM firmware, see (→ # 193).
- Changing the SMM firmware means changing the drive firmware, its ESI file and the WorkBench version. Only use a consistent firmware package. For information on compatibility see (→ # 193).
- Only trained and qualified personnel shall update the SMM firmware.
- Safety parameters will be removed and need to be re-validated.

To perform the update, you need the following:

- · Kollmorgen WorkBench with a safety project
- update password
- SMM firmware binary file
- checksum of the new firmware (sometimes called the CRC in firmware release notes)

Follow these steps to update the SMM firmware on one or more drives:

- 1. Navigate to the **Safety** tab and select the drive(s) you want to update in the WorkBench view. **Note:** Make sure the axes are disabled before you update the firmware.
- 2. Select the Update button.

| Device Topology Motion Safety | Safety D | rive Overview | Learn more about this to |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Project (Full Configuration) Safety Group | | to the SafeMotion Monitor. | |
| 🄰 Day-1 (Online) | Name: | | Day-1 |
| Add New Group | Device Model: | AKD2G-SPE-6V03D-A3F3-0000 | |
| 🔺 🥑 Day-1 (Online) | SMM Serial Number: | 520190028 | |
| Terminal Parameters Viewer | SMM HW Revision: | R3.0 | |
| Diagnostics Safe I/O Safe Brake Test | SMM FW Revision: | 0.59 | Update |

3. The **Safety Firmware Update** view will appear. Select the drive(s) and fill in the required information: the update password, firmware checksum, and firmware file.

4. Make sure the current Firmware Version (FW Ver.) is correct.

| Select Name | e | Model | Connected | SafeID | Update Allowed | HW Rev. | FW Ver. | Status | Ident | Action |
|--------------------------------------------------|---------------------|------------------|----------------|-------------|----------------|---------|---------|--------|-----------|--------------|
| ☑ Day-1 | AKD2G-SPE | -6V03D-A3F3-0000 | 4 | 01 | 4 | R3.0 | 0.59 | | Blink | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| date SafeMotion N | Monitor Firmware F | ile — | | | | | | | Connect A | II Disable |
| | Monitor Firmware F | ile Password: | | •••••• | | | | | Connect A | II Disable / |
| date SafeMotion N er Name: mware Checksum: | | Password: | decimal values | | prefixed by 0x | | | | Connect A | II Disable |
| er Name: | User1 | Password: | decimal values | should be p | | | | | Connect A | I Disable / |
| er Name: mware Checksum: | User1 0xcd1e191f | Password: | decimal values | should be p | | | | 1 | Connect A | |

5. Select the **Update** button. **Note:** If the current SMM version

Note: If the current SMM version and the targeted version are not compatible, a warning message will say that the safety parameters will be lost.

6. Ensure that the new firmware version is correct.

9.3 Commissioning

NOTICE

The safety features of the AKD2G only fulfill their purpose and can only function properly when the machine was developed according to ISO 12100, ISO 13849 and EN 62061. Depending on the use case, further standards may apply.

The machine manufacturer is responsible for proper and safe commissioning. Violating the applicable standards can result in potential unsafe conditions or dangerous machine behavior. Only properly qualified and trained personnel are permitted to perform the following tasks.

9.3.1 First time commissioning

| Situation | Action |
|-------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Before commissioning | A risk assessment must be carried out, covering all risks originating from the machine. Safety functions for risk reduction require sufficient definition such as functionality, PLr / SIL, reaction times, etc. Analyze your machine accordingly. |
| | The safety functions must be specified: components, SIL/PL, PFH, category, TM, CCF measures for tests like SBT, MTTFd, DC, combinations of functions, etc |
| | Take precautionary measures against foreseeable misuse or manipulation which result in bypassing the safety functions. |
| | Calculate and analyze whether the specified safety chain is sufficient to reach the required PLr / SIL. |
| | • Set up a commissioning plan that specifies all actions of the verification and validation. |
| | Take quality assurance measures for all steps such as: reviews, FMEAs, independent and qualified personnel, and four-eyes principle. |
| During commissioning | • Verify that the hardware configuration is set up as specified (components, architecture, wiring, CCF measures, etc.). |
| | Verify that the software configuration is done according to the specification. Suitable measures can be: reviews, black-box tests, simulations, and function tests. Make sure that only the required functions are configured. |
| | Make sure that the safety functions are executed as expected and that the configuration is suitable for the application. Suitable measures are function tests and fault injection tests (error condition tests). |
| | Validate the machine (→ # 307) Test the final product with all safety functions and in all operation modes and states. |
| | Validate that the safety functions do not interfere with each other or other functions in an undesired way. If used, check if all instances are assigned to the right use cases. Pay special attention to the correct use of safety function muting. |
| | Make sure that all safety functions and all possible situations are covered by the validation process. |
| | Document all actions and decisions according to the requirements of the standards (→ # 308). |
| After commissioning | Document and validate all information relevant to the end user in a suitable way. This includes the capabilities and limitations of the safety functions as well as maintenance instructions. |
| | Change default passwords and store them somewhere inaccessible to unqualified or unauthorized personnel. Protect the hardware from unwanted or unauthorized modifications. |

For detailed information refer to the applicable standards.

| Situation | Action |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| After disassembling, reassembling or drive replacement (Field Replacement, → # 310) | Verify the correct reassembling according to the original specification. Verify that the correct safe parameter package was uploaded to the correct drive. Check all components and wiring for correct installation and for signs of damage. Carry out function tests and fault injection tests again. Validate all functions and combinations of functions again. |
| After long standstill | Check all components for their TM and signs of damage or unacceptable wear. Components that have exceeded their TM or show signs of damage need to be replaced. |
| After modification | Reevaluate and revalidate the safety functions according to (First time commissioning, → # 201) Alternatively: Set up a modification process by carrying out an analysis to identify all possible influences on safety. Reverify the affected aspects and revalidate the machine. Update your documentation and end user information accordingly. |

9.3.2 Recommissioning

Only properly qualified and trained personnel is permitted to perform these tasks.

9.3.3 Diagnostic Testing of safe inputs, safe outputs and STO

Safe inputs require test pulses (OSSD, \rightarrow # 212) and there is no further requirement for diagnostic testing of the input wiring. There may however be additional diagnostic requirements for the device connected to the safe input. STO is continuously diagnosed internally. There is no further requirement for diagnostic testing.

9.3.4 Diagnostic Testing of safe brake control

The BRAKE+ and BRAKE- emit test pulses (\rightarrow # 241). There is no further requirement for diagnostic testing of the brake wiring. Depending on the target SIL/PL, there is a periodic requirement to test the brake itself, see documentation on SBC (Safe Brake Control) (\rightarrow # 240) and SBT (Safe Brake Test) (\rightarrow # 249).

9.4 Safety Functions Option 3 (FSoE, SIL3 PLe)

The safety functions on the AKD2G with functional safety option 3 are certified.

| NOTICE | The drive is ready to operate with a pre-configured STO function. |
|--------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Each safety function can either be activated through FSoE, digital input, both. Configure the source of activation inside the safety parameters so it matches the system requirements. |
| | Review the default setting and check if it matches the requirements. If it does not match, modify and validate the safety parameters. |
| | For Digital I/O commanding, use WorkBench to map safety functions to Safe I/Os. |
| | With <u>FSoE</u> the safety functions can be activated with the safePLC of the FSoE Master. |
| | With dual axis drives every safety function can be activated for either one axis or for both axes (axis 1 or axis 2 or axes 1 and 2). |
| NOTE | The systematic safety integrity indicated by the systematic capability can be achieved only when the instructions and constraints are observed. Where violations occur, the claim for systematic capability is partially or wholly invalid. |

Standards

| Standard | Content |
|----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| ISO 13849:2024 | Safety of machinery: Safety-related parts of control systems |

Available Safety Functions

Activation and reachable Performance level / Category (\rightarrow # 204).

| Abbr. | Function | Category | Refer to |
|-------|--------------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| STO | Safe Torque Off | Safe Stop | (→ #219) |
| SS1-t | Safe Stop 1, time based | Safe Stop | (→ #223) |
| SS1-r | Safe Stop 1, deceleration monitoring | Safe Stop | (→ #228) |
| SS2 | Safe Stop 2 | Safe Stop | (→ #232) |
| SOS | Safe Operating Stop | Safe Stop | (→ #236) |
| SBC | Safe Brake Control | Safe Stop | (→ #240) |
| SBT | Safe Brake Test | Safe Stop | (→ #249) |
| SDB | Safe Dynamic Brake | Safe Stop | (→ #255) |
| SLS | Safely Limited Speed | Safe Speed | (→ #261) |
| SSM | Safe Speed Monitor | Safe Speed | (→ #264) |
| SSR | Safe Speed Range | Safe Speed | (→ #266) |
| SDI | Safe Direction | Safe Speed | (→ #269) |
| SLA | Safely Limited Acceleration | Safe Speed | (→ # 273) |
| SAR | Safe Acceleration Range | Safe Speed | (→ #276) |
| SLI | Safely Limited Increment | Safe Position | (→ #280) |
| SLP | Safely Limited Position | Safe Position | (→ #283) |
| SCA | Safe Cam | Safe Position | (→ #286) |

Rotary switches S1/S2 and push-buttons B1/B2

Switches and buttons on the device front (\rightarrow # 289) are used to set the SafeID (\rightarrow # 289).

9.4.1 Safety Properties Overview

| General properties | Values |
|--------------------------------------|---------|
| Hardware fault tolerance (IEC 61508) | HFT = 1 |

| General properties | Values |
|---------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Classification element (IEC 61508) | Type B subsystem |
| Systematic capability | SC = 3 |
| Mission time | TM = 20 Years |
| Proof test interval | > 20 Years |
| Safe failure fraction | SFF = 99% |
| PFH fraction of SIL 3 | 1.7% |
| Probability of dangerous failure per hour | PFH _d = 1.7E-09 1/h |
| Mean time to dangerous failure | MTTF _D = 55.6 Years |
| Diagnostic coverage | DC _{AVG} = 99.6% |
| Common cause failure (see annex F of ISO 13849-1) | CCF: score = 75 |

Calculation example for safety chain PFH_d:

- Safety PLC that is the FSoE master.
- EtherCAT cabling etc.
- Two drives configured for STO activation over FSoE.

Contribution to the safety chain of the safety PLC: PFH_{PLC} refer to manufacturer data. Contribution to the safety chain of using FSoE via EtherCAT cabling etc. is 1.0E-9 1/h. Contribution to the safety chain of the two drives PFH_d is 2 x 1.7E-9 1/h.

Total value: $PFH_d = PFH_{PLC} + 2 \times 1.7E-9 1/h + 1.0E-9 1/h = PFH_{PLC} + 4.4E-9 1/h$

9.4.1.1 Activation by FSoE

| Safety Function | ISO 13849-1 | IEC 62061 (IEC 61508) | Maximum Response Time | Comment |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| STO | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL3 | < 10 ms | |
| SS1-t | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL3 | < 10 ms | followed by STO* |
| SS1-r | | | | followed by STO* |
| SS2 | | .e, Cat.4, SIL3 or PLd, Cat.3, SIL2 | < 10 ms | followed by SOS |
| SOS, SSM, SSR, SCA, SDI, SLA, SLI, SLP, SLS, SAR | | l by the safe encoder) | - 10 113 | |

* = configured delay (time to STO) see "AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO" (→ # 464).

9.4.1.2 Activation by Safety Functions

| Safety Function | ISO 13849-1 | IEC 62061 (IEC 61508) | Maximum Response Time | Comment | | |
|---------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| SBC with one brake | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL2 | < 10 ms | | | |
| SBC with two brakes | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL3 | < 10 ms | Needs to be configured for | | |
| SDB single channel | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL2 | < 10 ms | activation during STO process | | |
| SDB dual channel | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL3 | < 10 ms | | | |

9.4.1.3 Activation By Safe Digital Inputs

NOTICE

When activated by using safe digital inputs, a safety device with test pulses is required (OSSD, (\rightarrow # 212)).

Safe inputs must be driven from a source containing test pulses, this can be a safe digital output or a safety device with suitable outputs. If the SMM is configured to detect distinct test pulses, then no fault exclusion is required against wiring shorts and cross-talk.

Electromechanical devices such as relays and emergency stop switches can be wired in series with a source of test pulses; the B10d value of the mechanical contacts may limit the achievable safety level.

| Safety Level | Single Safe Input | Dual Safe Inputs | |
|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| SIL2, PLd Cat. 3 | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| SIL3, PLe Cat. 4 | _ | \checkmark | |

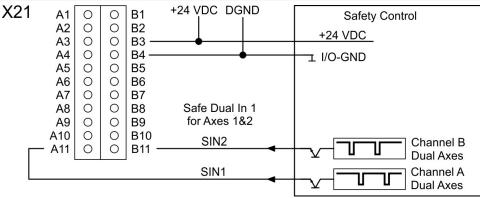
Safety functions that monitor motion require a safe encoder. The safety properties of the safe encoder may limit the achievable safety level.

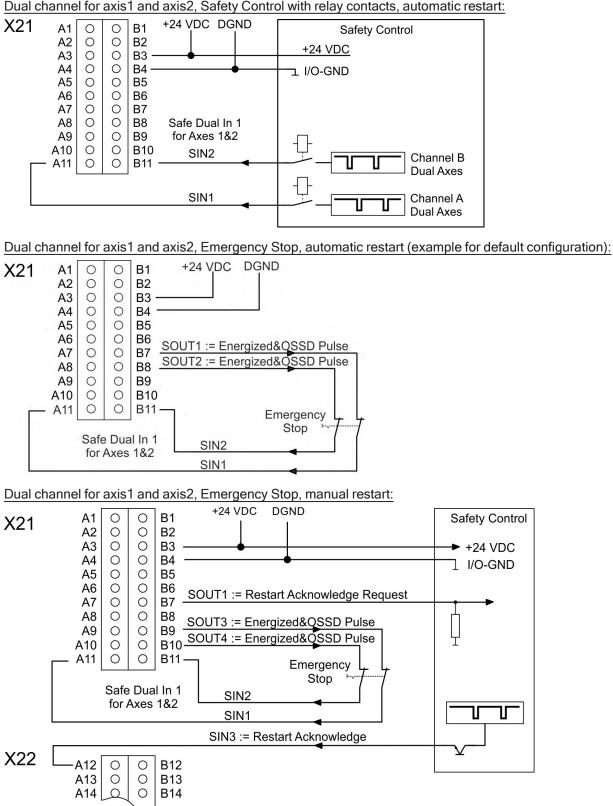
Dual Channel Activation

| Safety Function | ISO 13849-1 | IEC 62061 (IEC 61508) | Maximum Response Time | Comment |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|----------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| STO | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL 3 | < 10 ms | |
| SS1-t | PLe, Cat.4 | SIL 3 | < 10 ms | followed by STO* |
| SS1-r | | | | followed by STO* |
| SS2 | | e, Cat.4, SIL 3 or Ld, Cat.3, SIL 2 | < 10 ms | followed by SOS |
| SOS, SSM, SSR, SCA, SDI, SLA, SLI, SLP, SLS, SAR | | by the safe encoder) | | |

* = configured delay (time to STO) see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO</u>

Dual channel for axis1 and axis2, Safety Control with electronic outputs, automatic restart:





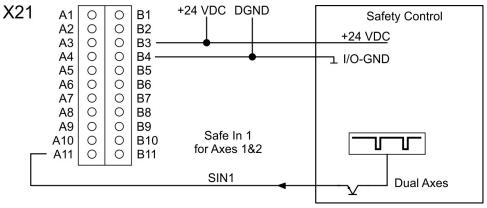
Dual channel for axis1 and axis2, Safety Control with relay contacts, automatic restart:

Single Channel Activation

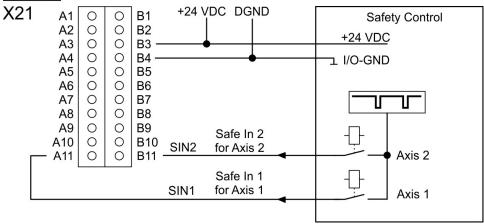
| Safety Function | ISO 13849-1 | IEC 62061 (IEC 61508) | Maximum Response Time | Comment |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|------------------|
| STO | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL 2 | < 10 ms | |
| SS1-t | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL 2 | < 10 ms | followed by STO* |
| SS1-r | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL 2 | < 10 ms | followed by STO* |
| SS2 | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL 2 | < 10 ms | followed by SOS |
| SOS, SSM, SSR, SCA, SDI, SLA, SLI, SLP, SLS, SAR | PLd, Cat.3 | SIL 2 | < 10 ms | |

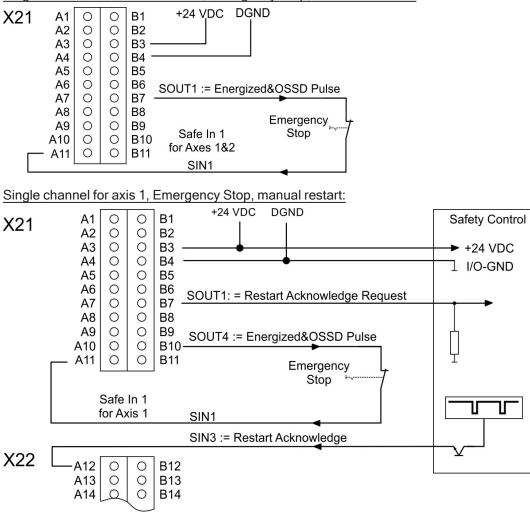
* = configured delay (time to STO) see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO</u>

Single channel for axis1 and axis2, Safety Control with electronic outputs, automatic restart:



Single channel, 2 axes, Safety Control with relay contacts, automatic restart (distinct pulse monitoring must be disabled):





Single channel for axis1 and axis2, Emergency Stop, automatic restart:

9.4.1.4 Safety Function Response Time Calculation

| Abbreviation | Process | PST |
|-----------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|
| SIN_PST | Single Input / Dual Input | 2.8 ms |
| Func_PST | Safety function computation | 1 ms |
| STO_Out_PST | STO output change | 2.2 ms |
| FSoE_PST | Minimum FSoE cycle time | 5 ms |
| Pos_Change_PST | Max time to propagate a position change on the encoder to the safety function in the SMM | 2.4 ms |
| Speed_Acceleration_ PST | Speed and acceleration computation diagnostic time | 6 ms |
| Brake_Out_PST | Brake output change | 4 ms |
| SOUT_PST | Safe Output change | 4 ms |
| SIN_Fault_Reaction_ Time | Safe Input Fault Reaction | 5.1 ms |

Basic values, process safety time (PST)

Calculation examples

Time to be set with safety parameters:

- t1 (brake time delay) see AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKETIMEDELAY

- t2 (time to STO) see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO</u>

Activated by safe inputs (dual or single channel)

| Functions | Calculation | Response Time |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|
| STO without SBC | SIN_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST | 6 ms |
| STO with SBC (1 or 2 brakes) without SDB | SIN_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST + Brake_Out_PST + t1 | 9 ms + t1 |
| STO with SBC with SDB | SIN_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST | 6 ms |
| SS1-t with STO (time to activate STO) | SIN_PST + Func_PST + t2 | 3.8 ms + t2 |
| SS1-t with STO with SBC without SDB (time to change brake output) | SIN_PST + Func_PST(SS1-t) + t2 + Func_PST(STO) + Brake_Out_PST | 8.8 ms + t2 |

Activated by FSoE

| Functions | Calculation | Response Time |
|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|---------------|
| | | - |
| STO without SBC | FSoE_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST | 8.2 ms |
| STO with SBC (1 or 2 brakes) without SDB | FSoE_PST + Func_PST + Brake_Out_PST | 10 ms |
| STO with SBC without SDB | FSoE_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST + t1 | 8.2 ms + t1 |
| STO with SBC with SDB | FSoE_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST | 8.2 ms |

Encoder Position Change

| Functions | Calculation | Response Time |
|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------|---------------|
| Position change to STO | Pos_Change_PST + Func_PST + STO_Out_PST + t3 | 5.6ms + t3 |
| Position change to safe output | Pos_Change_PST + Func_PST + SOUT_PST + t3 | 7.4ms + t3 |

The SMM is using moving average filters to compute both the velocity and the acceleration. This filtering impacts the response time of the safety functions using speed and/or acceleration and must be considered. When computing the response time, the length of the filter (Speed Computation Time Interval/Acceleration Computation Time Interval) must be added to the numbers of the tables above (t3). The time of these filters is configurable (see AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SPEEDCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL and AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ACCCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL).

NOTE

In the highly unlikely event that the safe encoder develops an internal fault simultaneously to a feedback reliant safety function being demanded, Pos_Change_PST increases by 5 ms.

9.4.2 Technical Data

9.4.2.1 Safe Digital Inputs

The drive supports 4 safe digital inputs. The safe inputs are configurable for single channel or dual channel, for axis1 or for axis2 or for both axes.

- Reference ground is DGND
- Galvanic isolation for 60 VDC
- Activation delay about 5 µs
- Deactivation delay about 500 µs
- Use 24 VDC ±15% PELV power supply
- High level > 15 VDC, > 2 mA
- Low level < 5 VDC, < 1 mA
- OSSD test pulses required (→ # 212)

| Safety Level | Single Safe Input | Dual Safe Inputs | |
|------------------|-------------------|------------------|--|
| SIL2, PLd Cat. 3 | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| SIL3, PLe Cat. 4 | | \checkmark | |

Pinout

| Conr | ı./Pin | Signal | Description | |
|------|--------|--------|--------------------------------------------------|--|
| X21 | B3 | +24 V | +24 VDC for digital I/O | |
| X21 | B4 | DGND | Ground for digital I/O | |
| X21 | A11 | SIN1 | Configurable, for example SS1 channel A axes 1&2 | |
| X21 | B11 | SIN2 | Configurable, for example SS1 channel B axes 1&2 | |
| X22 | A12 | SIN3 | Configurable, for example STO channel A axis 2 | |
| X22 | B12 | SIN4 | Configurable, for example STO channel B axis 2 | |

Input parameters (setting see "Parameters Editor" (→ # 293))

| Parameter | Name | Description | Default |
|-----------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAFEPARAM.SINDUAL1.EN | Dual safe input 1 | Associates safe inputs SIN1 and SIN2 to dual channel input 1 for an axis. | disabled |
| SAFEPARAM.SINDUAL2.EN | Dual safe input 2 | Associates safe inputs SIN3 and SIN4 to dual channel input 2 for an axis. | disabled |
| SAFE.IOFAILUREACKSOURCE | Failure acknowledgement via I/O | Specifies the safe digital input, which can be associated for the acknowledgment of the IO failures. | |
| SAFEPARAM.SIN.DISTINCTPULSE | Digital input distinct test pulse monitoring | Specifies if the safe digital input monitoring for distinct test pulses is enabled | disabled |

NOTE

For wiring strategy to be able to reach the necessary SIL/PL, refer to "Activation By Safe Digital Inputs" (\rightarrow # 205).

For descriptions of safety parameters, refer to the *Functional Safety Parameter Reference* "Functional Safety Parameter Reference" (\rightarrow # 315).

If dual channel mode is selected, the drive supervises whether the two inputs are in a different state for longer than 100 ms. If they are different for more than 100 ms, a fault reaction is triggered (see the specific safety function for details).

NOTE

If you configure the safe inputs to accept non-distinct test pulses then you should make a fault exclusion on the input wiring or provide other justification that input wiring faults cannot be dangerous such as cable segregation or individual shielding.

NOTE

The Safety Controller used must be compatible with OSSD (Output Switching Signal Device) according to IEC 61496-1. OSSD requirements (\rightarrow # 212).

9.4.2.2 Safe Digital Outputs

The drive has 2 paired or 4 single safe digital outputs in order to signal the safety condition of the drive to an external safety PLC or to activate external devices (for example a (SDB) relay). The safe digital outputs are current sourcing when activated. They are deactivated to indicate a fault condition or activate a safety device.

- Reference ground is DGND (X21/B4)
- High Level 23.5 V ±15%, 172 mA
 Low level < 1 VDC, < 1 mA
- Galvanic isolation for 24 VDC from PE
 Use PELV power supply, 24 V ±15%
 - Emits OSSD test pulses according to IEC 61496-1 (→ # 212)
- Activation delay depends on safety function

If an inductive load (relay or similar) is used, a freewheeling diode must be added to the load.

| Safety Level | Single safe output | Dual safe outputs | |
|------------------|--------------------|-------------------|--|
| SIL2, PLd Cat. 3 | \checkmark | \checkmark | |
| SIL3, PLe Cat. 4 | — | \checkmark | |

Pinout

| X21 | Signal | Description |
|-----|--------|------------------------------------------------|
| B7 | SOUT1 | Configurable, for example STO status of axis 1 |
| B8 | SOUT2 | Configurable, for example STO status of axis 2 |
| B9 | SOUT3 | Configurable |
| B10 | SOUT4 | Configurable |

Output parameters (setting see "Parameters Editor" (→ # 293))

| Parameter | Name | Description | Default |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.EN | Dual safe output | Associates two safe outputs to a dual channel output for axis #. | Disabled |
| SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.SOURCE | Source selection of safe dual output | Selects the state of a safety function, which is provided for a safe dual output 1/2. | Off |
| SAFEPARAM.SOUT#.SOURCE | Source selection of safe digital output | Selects the state of a safety function, which is provided for SOUT1 to 4. | Off |

NOTE

For descriptions of safety parameters refer to *Functional Safety Parameter Reference* (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.2.3 Factory Defaults without FSoE

NOTICE: After delivery, the drive is ready for operation with a pre-configured STO function.

| ltem | Parameter | Factory Default |
|--------------|------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| SafeID | SAFE.ID | Rotary switches: "01" (S1 = 0, S2 = 1). |
| FSoE Address | AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.CONNECTIONID | Axis 1: 101 (SafeID*100+1) Axis 2: 102 (SafeID*100+2) |

| Item | Parameter | Factory Default |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| SIN1, 2 | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.SAFEINPUT | Axis 1: STO |
| SIN3, 4 | | Axis 2: STO (dual axis drives only) |
| SOUT1, 2, 4 | SAFEPARAM.SOUT#.SOURCE | 0xFF (On) |
| SOUT3 | SAFEPARAM.SOUT#.SOURCE 0x00 (Off) | |
| Password | "SafeMotionMonitorxyz" where "xyz" = last three digits of drive serial number | |

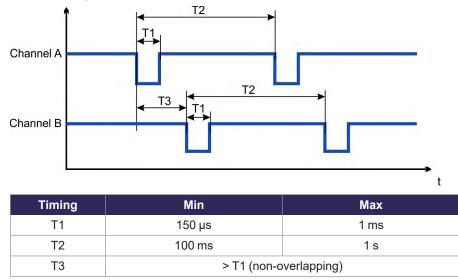
Different default settings apply when using SRA parameters.

9.4.2.4 OSSD

Test pulses on safe digital inputs (SIN1 to SIN4)

The Safety Controller used must be compatible with OSSD (Output Switching Signal Device) according to IEC 61496-1.

Safety controllers check their outputs periodically during normal operation. Their self-test processes create pulses to the safe inputs of the drive.



NOTE

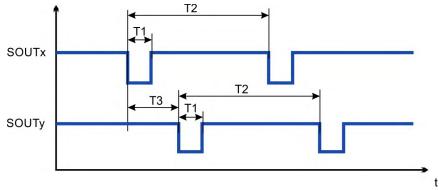
Test pulses with 150 μ s \leq T1 \leq 1 ms and T2 \geq 100 ms will not have any influence on the safety function. Test pulses, which are outside of this specification, will switch the safety function but will not create a dangerous situation.

The SMM software enters the I/O Failure State (fault reaction time ≤ 2ms)

- if no test pulse is detected for a period of 5 seconds,
- if three test pulses on different channels overlap three times in succession.

Test pulses on safe digital outputs (SOUT1 to SOUT4)

The safe digital outputs can be used as 24 V source voltage to be switched by an external safety relay to STO inputs.



NOTE

| Timing | Min | Мах |
|--------|------------------------|--------|
| T1 | 450 µs | 550 µs |
| T2 | 810 ms | 990 ms |
| Т3 | > T1 (non-overlapping) | |

NOTE

The output test pulses are compatible with the safe digital input requirements. There is only one test pulse on all four outputs at a time. They do not overlap each other. Be sure to use a force-guide relay, converter, or controller that does not respond to these test pulses.

9.4.2.5 FSOE Safety over EtherCA

NOTE

AKD2G drives (connectivity option ${\rm E}$) are connected as slaves to the EtherCAT® network by using RJ45 connectors X11 (out port) and X12 (in port).

- Interface details, see (→ # 155)
- FSoE address setting, see (→ # 290)
- FSoE drive profile, see AKD2G EtherCAT Manual
- Activation of FSoE for safety functions, see (→ # 534)
- Parameter download through FSoE, see (→ # 298)

The FSoE safety architecture of the AKD2G is supported from TwinCAT 3 (Beckhoff). For use of an FSoE master from another manufacturer, contact customer service.

The SMM implements an FSoE slave with a single endpoint per axis. The SMM implements the FSoE drive profile and supports fixed data structures for the safe fieldbus only. If configured, the software inverts the error bit of the FSoE status word at the associated safe digital output. The output is off if the error bit is set.

The software of the SMM responds to FSoE Messages within 2 ms after receiving the messages by using the Safe Fieldbus Interface. For examples of response time calculation depending on the safety function combination see (\rightarrow # 209).

The SMM software receives the following data in the parameter state of the FSoE Protocol:

- The checksum of the parameters and the drive type identification. With this the software uses this checksum to validate the parameters received by using CoE.
- No parameter block or a zero checksum (without other parameter). With this the software uses the parameters transmitted by using other means.

The required data to create the EtherCAT Slave Information file (.ESI file) are provided, including the safety parameters for the transmission by using the safe fieldbus.

| FSoE telegram frame RxPDO | FSoE telegram frame TxPDO |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Size per frame per axis is 88 bits resulting in a total of 176 bits (22 bytes) for both axes. If an axis is not used, the data are transmitted anyway. | Size per frame per axis is 248 bits resulting in a total of 496 bits (62 bytes) for both axes. If an axis is not used, the data are transmitted anyway. |

Related Parameters

| Name | Default | Parameter |
|---------------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Activation for safety functions | 0 | (→ # 534) |
| Application parameter length | - | (→ # 333) |
| Communication parameter length | - | (→ # 334) |
| Connection ID | - | (→ # 335) |
| Connection type (Slave) | - | (→ # 336) |
| Protocol Version | - | (→ # 338) |
| FSoE address | - | (→ # 339) |

| Name | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------------|---------|-------------------|
| Safety-related application CRC | - | (→ # 340) |
| Command word send by master | - | (→ #341) |
| Actual watchdog time | 100 ms | (→ # 342) |

Activate FSoE in WorkBench

Select the Parameters Editor view (\rightarrow #291). Choose Common (1) and General (2).



| Type: Description: Import file: | Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion - | Monitor | |
|---------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|------|
| | | | |
| | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| Comn | Parameter non - General | Value | Unit |
| Comn SafelD | non - General | Value | Unit |
| SafelD | non - General | Value 1 Activated | Unit |

9.4.2.6 Motor Brake Requirements

Zero, one, or two brakes can be configured under safe brake control SBC (\rightarrow # 240). The brake must be a fail-safe brake with multiple springs. A fail-safe brake is applied when the 24V brake voltage is removed.

Important notes

NOTICE

External brakes must allow operation at 100% duty cycle at 24V. In case of a failure the brake must be rated for the full current at full time.

Brakes are subject to wear. Wear increases by frequency and intensity of use. Avoid overloading the brakes by reducing motor speed with electrical braking before engaging the brakes when possible. When a brake is used to reduce a risk (usage with SBC), it is part of a safety chain. As part of a safety chain, the brake must fulfill the requirements for functional safety depending on the target SIL or PLr. The brake PFH_d value shall not occupy more than 50% of the PFH_d value of the whole safety chain. Keep in mind that the PFH_d value of a brake depends on frequency of usage. Kollmorgen brakes offer a B10_d of >15,000,000 use cycles. For more information, refer to the respective *Motor Documentation*. **Example**:

A use rate n_{op} of 2/h will result in a PFH_d of 13.3 FIT. PFH_d = 1 / [B10_d / (0.1 * n_{op})] = 1 / [15 * 10⁶ / (0.1 * 2/h)] = 13.3 FIT

Connection

- The first motor brake (built into the motor) can be connected to X1 respectively X2 connectors (→ # 113).
- See (SBC (Safe Brake Control), → # 240).

| | | Connector / Pin | |
|-------|---------|-------------------|-----------------|
| Brake | Signal | Single Axis Drive | Dual Axes Drive |
| 1 | BRAKE1+ | X1/E | 3+ |
| | BRAKE1- | X1/B- | |
| 2 | BRAKE2+ | X4/3 | X2/B+ |
| | BRAKE2- | X4/2 | X2/B- |

Configuration

Safety functions can be configured to use SBC (\rightarrow # 240) as part of their fault reaction. You have the option of configuring the fault reaction of a safety function to use:

- No brake.
- One brake per axis. For axis 1 use BRAKE1, for axis 2 use BRAKE2. These brake lines are normally prewired on the motor cable.
- Two brakes on a single axis drive. BRAKE1 is normally pre-wired on the motor cable, BRAKE2 is brought out to a separate connector X4.
- Two brakes on axis 1 of a dual axis drive. BRAKE1 is normally pre-wired on the motor cable, BRAKE2 must be wired across from X2.

9.4.2.7 Motor feedback requirements

- Feedback: HIPERFACE DSL
- SIL2 versions of encoder models: EDS35, EDM35, EKS36, EKM36, EES37, EEM37
- Possible connectors: X1 or X2 or X5 (Connector pinout, → # 79)
- **NOTICE** Encoder and motor housing shall have a positive fit against each other or an adhesive shall be used between both housings. The fitting shall be over dimensioned according to EN IEC 61800-5-3 Annex G to all breakaway torque values. The fatigue strength of the mechanical connection between the encoder shaft and the motor shaft must be shown to have a shaft breakage fault exclusion in accordance with IEC61800-5-2.

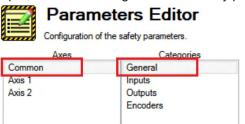
HIPERFACE DSL - Initial safety setup

AKD2G SMM can use two safe encoders at the same time (one for each axis). For safety reasons, the safety system must ensure the encoder data are coming from the correct physical encoder. This requires a link between the Axis ID - where you intend to use the safe position - and the physical encoder by writing an encoder index to the encoder memory.

As a result, when the encoder is new or the encoder has been used as a safe feedback with AKD2G but on another Axis ID, you will encounter an I/O failure ("25 - encoder fault: invalid association") after the setup of the safe encoder in the safety parameters. This is an expected error. Acknowledge the I/O failure in order for the SMM to write the new encoder index in the encoder memory and start operating normally.

Proceed as follows:

1. Use the I/O failure acknowledgement in order to create the link between the axis and the encoder. You can acknowledge I/O failure using FSoE (see FSoE control word) or you can use a safe input. If you use a safe input, it must be configured in the safety parameters:



[SafeID: 1] Common > General

| ppe: Kollmorgen AKD2G S escription: Kollmorgen AKD2G S port file: - | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|
| Parameter | Value |
| Common - General | |
| SafelD | 1 |
| Safe Fieldbus Activation | Not Activated |
| VO Failure Acknowledgement | Not used |
| | Not used |
| | Safe input 1 (SIN1) |
| | Safe input 2 (SIN2) |
| | |
| | Safe input 3 (SIN3) |

2. Connect the new HIPERFACE DSL encoder and configure it as a safe feedback in the safety parameter:

| Axes Common Axas 1 Axis 2 | Categories General Inputs Outputs Encoders | Increment<=>Encoder U | nits ratio |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| SafeID: 1] Comr Encoders (for information Encoder 1 (HF-DSL): | | 1 [rev] = 131072 [counts] | |
| Encoder 2 (HF-DSL): | None | N/A | |
| Encoder 3 (EnDat): | None | N/A | |
| | rgen AKD2G SMM | 4 | |
| | rgen AKD2G SafeMotion I | | |
| Description: Kollmon Import file: - | Parameter | Value | |
| Description: Kollmon Import file: - Common - Enco | Parameter oders | Value | |
| Description: Kollmon Import file: - | Parameter oders SL) | | ~ |

3. Define the encoder source for the axis that you intend to use. The goal is to create a link between the axis ID and the encoder:

| Axes | Categories | G | eneral | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| non | General | Encoder | | |
| | Safe Stop | User Units | | Scaling |
| 2 | Safe Speed Safe Position | | | Information |
| | | | | Goto Safety Parameter [|
| eID: 1] Axis | s 1 > General > I | Encoder | - | |
| Units Scaling (for | information only) | | Resolution | (for information only) |
| oder: 1 [rev] = 131 | | 600 [ddeg] = 1 [rev] | Pos: 1 fo | ounts] = 0,0274658203125 [ddeg] |
| | | | | |
| | Vel: 60 | | | unts/s] = 0.000457763671875 [rom |
| | | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s]) [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s^2] | Vel: 1 [co | unts/s] = 0,000457763671875 [rpm punts/s ²] = 0,000457763671875 [r |
| | Acc: 60 | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s] | Vel: 1 [co | |
| | Acc: 60 morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMo | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s]) [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ²] tion Monitor | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | ounts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r |
| scription: Kollr port file: - | Acc: 60 norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMo Parameter | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s]) [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ²] | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | |
| scription: Kollr port file: - Axis 1 - Gene | Acc: 60 norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMo Parameter eral - Encoder | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s] 0 [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s [*] 2] tion Monitor Value | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | ounts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r |
| Axis 1 - Gene Encoder Source | Acc: 60 norgen AKD26 SMM morgen AKD26 SafeMo Parameter eral - Encoder ce | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s] 0 [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ²] tion Monitor Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | ounts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r |
| scription: Kollr port file: - Axis 1 - Gene Encoder Sourc Speed Comput | Acc: 60 morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMo Parameter eral - Encoder -2e tation Time Interval | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s]) [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ² 2] tion Monitor <u>Encoder 1 (HF-DSL)</u> 10 | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | unts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r Unit |
| scription: Kollr port file: - Axis 1 - Gene Encoder Sourc Speed Comput | Acc: 60 norgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMo Parameter eral - Encoder se ataion Time Interval computation Time Interval | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s] 0 [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ²] tion Monitor Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | ounts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r |
| Axis 1 - Gene Encoder Source Speed Comput Acceleration C | Acc: 60 morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMor Parameter eral - Encoder sation Time Interval computation Time Interval ion | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s]) [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s*2] tion Monitor Value Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) 10 10 | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | unts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r Unit |
| Axis 1 - Gene Encoder Source Speed Comput Acceleration C Absolute Posit | Acc: 60 morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMor Parameter eral - Encoder sation Time Interval computation Time Interval ion | [rpm] = 1 [rev/s] 0 [rpm/s] = 1 [rev/s ²] tion Monitor Ualue Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) 10 10 Disabled | Vel: 1 [cc Acc: 1 [c | unts/s^2] = 0,000457763671875 [r Unit |

4. Download and validate the parameters.

If the drive returns I/O Failure 25 continue to step 5:

5. Acknowledge the failure by using FSoE or the configured safe input.

The encoder is now ready to operate as a safe feedback.

For scaling of user units see (Parameterization of User Units, \rightarrow # 304).

After correct setup each encoder is assigned to the configured axis.

NOTE Swapping encoders will result in I/O Failure 25. If you swapped the encoders:

- intentionally, repeat step 5.
- by mistake, swap them back without repeating step 5.

The field replacement of the drive is not impacted. The drive can be changed and reconfigured with the encoders plugged in the same connectors. Some examples:

- You swap the safe feedback between axis 1 and axis 2 on the same drive => I/O failure
- You swap the axis 1 safe feedback on one drive to the axis 2 safe feedback on another drive => I/O failure
- You swap the axis 2 safe feedback on one drive to the axis 1 safe feedback on another drive => I/O failure
- You swap axis 1 safe feedback on one drive to the axis 1 safe feedback on another drive => No failure
- You swap axis 2 safe feedback on one drive to the axis 2 safe feedback on another drive => No failure
- You change the drive and plug encoders at the same position => No failure

9.4.3 STO (Safe Torque Off)

This topic describes the Safe Torque Off drive option for Functional Safety 2 or 3.

9.4.3.1 Description

STO turns off the drive output stage that powers the motor. STO function corresponds to an uncontrolled stop according to IEC 60204-1, stop category 0.

Important Notes

| WARNING No Brake Power! | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
| Serious injury could result when a suspended load is not properly blocked. The drive cannot h a vertical load when STO is active. | old |
| a vertical load when STO is active. Add a safe mechanical blocking (for instance, a motor holding brake). | |

• Configure Safe Brake Control SBC (SBC (Safe Brake Control), → # 240).

NOTICE

It is not possible to perform a controlled stop according to IEC 60204-1 category 1, if STO function is active as standalone function. If controlled stop category 1 is necessary, you should use the SS1-t function (SS1-t (Safe Stop 1), \rightarrow # 223) respectively SS1-r function (SS1-r (Safe Stop 1), \rightarrow # 228).

Function Input/Output Variables



Inputs

- STO Activate can be activated by:
 - FSoE
 - SS1
 - a fault reaction
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- STO Restart Acknowledge is used for manual restart. The signal can be activated by:
 - FSoE
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped)

Outputs

- STO Active is the logical status of the STO function.
- STO Restart Request is used for manual restart. The signal can be evaluated by using FSoE or safe digital outputs (must be mapped).

Number of instances

One instance per axis.

| 9.4.3.2 Activation | |
|--------------------|--|
|--------------------|--|

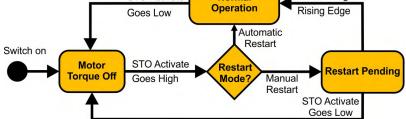
| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |

| Activation with configurable time | Refer to |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|
| after SS1 | SS1-t function (SS1-t (Safe Stop 1), → # 223) |
| | • SS1-r function (SS1-r (Safe Stop 1), \rightarrow # 228). |

9.4.3.3 Restart

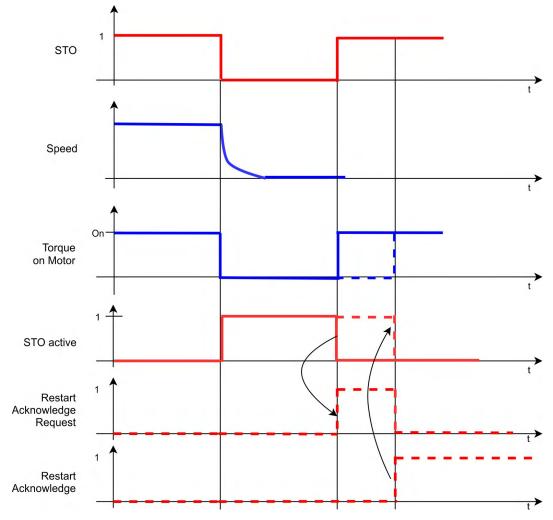
Restart can be set to either Automatic or Manual (STO Restart Mode, AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKMODE (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKMODE, → # 492)).

| Automatic Restart | A restart request signal will be sent to the safety control, when STO is required. With STO restart acknowledge, STO will be deactivated and the axis can be enabled for restart. |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Manual Restart | The axis restarts when STO is deactivated and the axis is enabled. |
| STO Activ Goes Lov | Operation |



9.4.3.4 Timing

Timing for activation by SS1-t: Refer to SS1-t/r function (SS1-r (Safe Stop 1), \rightarrow # 228). Timing for activation by FSoE: Refer to the *AKD2G EtherCAT Manual*.



9.4.3.5 Related Parameters

Safety Parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|---------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 1 (Ready for activation) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FUNCTIONACTIVATION, → # 491) |
| Safe Input | - | Axis 1 – 5 (Safe Dual 1) Axis 2 – 6 (Safe Dual 2) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.SAFEINPUT, → #494) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FSOE, → #490) |

Diagnostic Parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|
| Function Actual Active Status | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.STO.ACTIVE, → # 382) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------|
| Reportfault | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT, → # |
| | | | 383) |

When using manual restart, map the Restart Request Source to a safe output, see (Parameters Editor, \rightarrow # 293).

9.4.3.6 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (Parameters Editor, \rightarrow # 293).

| | eters Editor | | | Learn more about this topic | |
|--------|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|--|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Stop | Instances | | |
| Common | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 (Fault Reaction) | | |
| Axis 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | | | |
| Axis 2 | Safe Speed Safe Position | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | | | |
| 1 | 2 | SBC (Safe Brake Control) SBT (S 3 ke Test) SDB (San ynamic Brake) | 4 | Goto Safety Parameter Download | |

- 1. Choose the axis.
- 2. Select the Category.
- 3. Select the STO function.
- 4. The instance number is not applicable for STO.

| Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM iption: Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Mor file: - | nitor | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|
| Parameter | Value | Unit |
| Axis 1 - Safe Stop - STO - Instance 1 (Fault Re | action) | |
| Function Activation | Ready for Activation | |
| Safe Input | Safe input 2 (SIN2) | |
| FSoE | Not Used | |
| Restart Acknowledge Behavior | Manual Restart | |
| Restart Acknowledge Source | Safe input 3 (SIN3) | |

Note: If you want to have one dual input (e.g. SIN1/SIN2) activate STO for both axis 1 and axis 2, then you must set the activation parameter for both axes to the same input.

9.4.3.7 Fault Reaction/ Failure Messages

If dual channel mode is selected, the AKD2G observes to see if the two inputs are in a different state for longer than 100 ms. If the two inputs are in different states for more than 100 ms, an I/O failure activates SS1_1 and then the axis torque is switched off by STO.

An I/O failure warning is issued when the AKD2G is disabled or a fault when the AKD2G is enabled and AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT (AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT, \rightarrow # 383) is set to 1.

9.4.3.8 Safety Diagnostic for the Safe I/O view in WorkBench

The WorkBench Safe I/O view shows the current status on the safe inputs and the logical status of the STO function for every axis.

| | Safe I/O Safety functions monitoring |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| General | Safe I/Os |
| uts SIN 1 SIN 2 SIN 3 SIN 4 | |

9.4.3.9 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.4 SS1-t (Safe Stop 1)

SS1-t (time controlled) description for drive option Functional Safety 2 or 3.

9.4.4.1 Description

With the time based function "Safe Stop 1" (SS1-t) the drive is stopped by a controlled stop with the configured deceleration ramp. When the time t_SS1 (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO, \rightarrow # 464) is elapsed, STO is activated. SS1 Instance 1 can be configured as the fault reaction for safety functions SS2, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI,SLP and SLS.

SS1 function corresponds to a controlled stop according to IEC 60204-1, stop category 1. The controlled stop is executed in the unsafe part of the drive. The deceleration ramp (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.DEC, \rightarrow # 371) is part of the standard drive parameter. The STO function is a safe function.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- SS1 Activate can be activated by
 - FSoE,
 - I/O failure (instance 1 only),
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped) or
 - other safety functions as fault reaction.

Outputs

- SS1 Active: logical status of the SS1 function
- STO Active: logical status of the STO function
- STO Activate is activated by SS1

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

9.4.4.2 Activation

NOTE To use SS1-t, Velocity & Deceleration Monitoring must be disabled in the safety parameters on a FS3 drive. On a FS2 drive, only SS1-t is available. If SS1_2 or SS1_3 is set to "Not Used", the corresponding FSoE activation bit is ignored even if (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION, \rightarrow # 534) is 1.

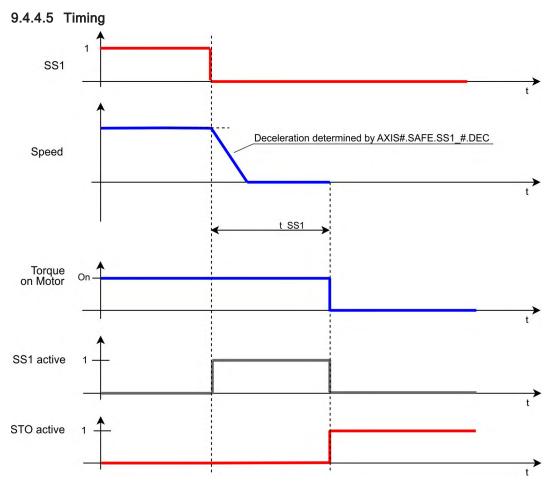
| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |

9.4.4.3 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.4.4 Restart

(STO (Safe Torque Off), → # 219)



Notes:

- SS1 is fully completed after activation until STO is activated, even if the request (SS1_Activate) is reset in between.
- The additional time for the optional closing of the brakes is not included in this diagram. For more information refer to (SBC (Safe Brake Control), → # 240)
- See limitations for FSoE (→ # 1, Limitations for SMM1) (Limitations, → # 553)

9.4.4.6 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|------------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | Inst. 1: 1 (Ready for activation) Inst. 2,3: 0 (Never active) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.FUNCTIONACTIVATION, → #460) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.SAFEINPUT, → #461) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.FSOE, → # 459) |
| Time To STO | t_SS1 | 2 ms | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.TIMETOSTO, → # 464) |
| Velocity & Deceleration Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.VELDECMONITOREN, → #465) |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|----------------------------------------------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE, → # 370) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.INTERNALSTATE, → # 372) |

Device parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------|----------------------------------|
| Deceleration Mode | - | 0 (Drive driven) | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.MODE, → # 373) |
| Deceleration Ramp | - | 9999.946 rpm/s | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.DEC, → # 371) |

9.4.4.7 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (Parameters Editor, \rightarrow # 293).

| | | ers Editor | | | Learn more about this topic |
|--------|----|-----------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Axe | es | Categories | Safe Stop | Instances | |
| Common | | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 (Fault Reaction) | |
| Axis 1 | | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | Instance 2 | |
| Axis 2 | | Safe Speed Safe Position | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | Instance 3 | |
| C | Ð | 2 | SBC (Son Strake Control) SBT (Son Strake Test) SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake) | 4 | Goto Safety Parameter Download |

- 1. Choose the axis
- 2. Select the category
- 3. Select the SS1 function
- 4. Select the instance number

| Parameter Axis 1 - Safe Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fault Reaction) Function Activation Ready for Act Safe Input Safe Input Not Used FS0E Not Used | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|----------|
| Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used | ivation | |
| Safe Input Not Used | ivation | |
| | | |
| FSoE Not Used | | |
| | | |
| Time to STO (t_SS1) 2 | ms | |
| Velocity & Deceleration Monitoring Disabled | | |
| Velocity Zero Window (n_Zero_SS1) 1 | Velocity User Un | its |
| Time for Velocity Zero (t_L_SS1) 1 | ms | |
| Deceleration Limit (a_SS1) 0 Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring (t.D. SS1) 1 | Acceleration Use | er Units |
| ation Results (0) | ms | _ |

If one dual input (e.g. SIN1/SIN2) activates SS1-t for both Axis 1 and Axis 2, set the Activation parameter for both axes to the identical input (e.g. Safe Dual Input 1).

9.4.4.8 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

If dual channel mode is selected, the AKD2G sees if the two inputs are in a different state for more than 100 ms. If the two inputs are in different state for more than 100 ms, an I/O failure activates SS1_1 and then STO is activated. An I/O failure warning is displayed.

SS1 Instance 1 can be configured as the fault reaction for other safety functions. Functions which support this feature are SS2, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP and SLS.

9.4.4.9 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (OSSD, \rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description see (Functional Safety Parameter Reference, \rightarrow # 315).

9.4.5 SS1-r (Safe Stop 1)

SS1-r description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

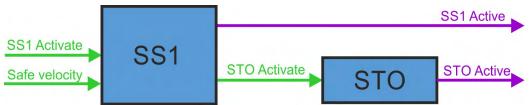
9.4.5.1 Description

SS1-r , when activated, monitors the controlled stop of the axis until the STO function can be activated. SS1 Instance 1 can be configured as the fault reaction for safety functions SS2, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP and SLS. During the process, the SS1-r function monitors the velocity. If the velocity stays in the range (n_Zero_SS1) within the time (t_L_SS1) STO activates in advance. In any case, STO activates as soon as the timer (t_SS1) elapsed. Optionally, SS1-r can monitor the ramp of the controlled stop. The parameter a_SS1 defines the deceleration limit that the axis is not allowed to pass. The parameter t_D_SS1 is used to delay the start of the deceleration monitoring after the SS1 function activated.

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- SS1 Activate can be triggered by
 - FSoE,
 - a fault reaction,
 - I/O failure (instance 1 only) or
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped).
- STO Activate is triggered by SS1.

Outputs

- SS1 Active: logical status of the SS1 function
- STO Active: logical status of the STO function

9.4.5.2 Activation

 NOTE
 To activate SS1-r, Velocity & Deceleration Monitoring must be enabled in the safety parameters. If not, SS1-t is used.

 The safety function can be mapped with WorkBench or by using FSoE to the safe digital inputs or other functions.

 If SS1_2 or SS1_3 is set to "Not Used", the corresponding FSoE activation bit is ignored even if SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is 1 (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION, → # 534).

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). |
|--------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | • For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |

| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |

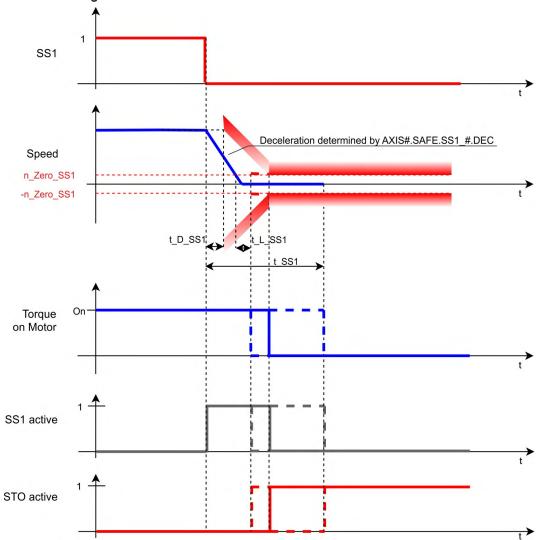
9.4.5.3 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.5.4 Restart

Refer to (SS1-t (Safe Stop 1), \rightarrow # 223).





Note:

- SS1 is fully completed after activation until STO is activated, even if the request (SS1_Activate) is reset in between.
- See limitations for FSoE (\rightarrow # 1, Limitations for SMM1) (Limitations, \rightarrow # 553)

9.4.5.6 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|---------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | Inst. 1: 1 (Ready for activation) Inst. 2,3: 0 (Never active) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.FUNCTIONACTIVATION, → # 460) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.SAFEINPUT, → #461) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.FSOE, → #459) |
| Time To STO | t_SS1 | 2 ms | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.TIMETOSTO, → #464) |
| Velocity & Deceleration Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.VELDECMONITOREN, → # 465) |
| Velocity Zero Window | n_Zero_SS1 | 1 | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.VELZEROWINDOW, → #466) |
| Time For Velocity Zero | t_L_SS1 | 1 ms | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.TIMEFORVELZERO, → # 463) |
| Deceleration Limit | a_SS1 | 0 | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.DECLIMIT, → #458) |
| Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring | t_D_SS1 | 1 ms | (AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_ #.TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING, → # 462) |

Diagnostic Parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_ #.ACTIVE, → # 370) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_ #.INTERNALSTATE, → # 372) |

Device Parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Deceleration Mode | - | 0 (Drive driven) | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_ #.MODE, → # 373) |
| Deceleration Ramp | - | 9999.946 rpm/s | (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_ #.DEC, → # 371) |

9.4.5.7 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (Parameters Editor, \rightarrow # 293).

| | eters Editor the safety parameters. | | | | | 2 | Select the Category. |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|---------|---------------------------------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | S | afe Stop | Instances | | ۷. | Celebrarie Category. |
| mmon | General | 1 | Torque Off) | Instance 1 (Fault Read | ction) | 3. | Select the SS1 function |
| is 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe S | | Instance 2 | , | | |
| is 2 | Safe Speed | SS2 (Safe S | Stop 2) | Instance 3 | | 4. | Select the Instance |
| | Safe Position | | Operating Stop) | | | | number. |
| | 6 | | Prake Control) ake Test) | 4 | | | number. |
| \mathbf{O} | | | Dynamic Brake) | 4 | | 5 | Enable Velocity & |
| | | 500 (5816 | Dynamic Drakey | | Goto Safety Parameter D | ownload | • |
| - | s 1 > Safe Stop > S | S1 (Safe S | top 1) > Ins | stance <mark>1 (</mark> Fault | Reaction) | 2 | Deceleration Monitor to activate SS1-r. |
| er Units (for information osition: N/A | | elocity: N/A | | Accelera | tion: N/A | | |
| SIDON. 1975 | | citrary. 1975 | | Accentio | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Description: Kollin | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion | Monitor | | | | | |
| Description: Kollin | norgen AKD2G SafeMotion | Monitor | | Veha | 1 | | |
| Description: Kolln Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter | | 1 | Value | Unit | | |
| Description: Kolln Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau | | Ready for Activ | | Unit | | |
| Description: Kolln Import file: - | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau | | Ready for Active | | Unit | | |
| Description: Kolln Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Active | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau | | - | | Unit | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t_ | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 | | Unit | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t Velocity & Decc | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | | Not Used | | ms | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero V | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 | | ms Velocity User Units | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ: Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero Time for Veloc | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ty Zero (t_L_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 | | ms Velocity User Units ms | | |
| Description: Kollin Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (<u>1</u> Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero V Deceleration Li | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ty Zero (t_L_SS1) tyt Zero (t_L_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 | | ms Velocity User Units | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (<u>1</u> Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero V Deceleration Li | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ty Zero (t_L_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (<u>1</u> Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero V Deceleration Li | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ty Zero (t_L_SS1) tyt Zero (t_L_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollin Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activit Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Deceleration LL Time Delay Dec | Parameter Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollm Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Active Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Deceleration LL Time Delay Dec | Parameter Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollm Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ: Safe Input FSoE Time to STO (t, Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero Deceleration Li Time for Veloc Deceleration Li Time Delay Dec | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ity Zero (t_L_SS1) mit (a_SS1) seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) Seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollin Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ: Safe hept FSoE Time to STO (t, Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero Deceleration Li Time for Veloc Deceleration Li Time Delay Dec | Parameter Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollin Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ: Safe hept FSoE Time to STO (t, Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero Deceleration Li Time for Veloc Deceleration Li Time Delay Dec | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) tty Zero (t_L_SS1) mt (a_SS1) seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) seleration Statement (0) Parameters (2) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |
| Description: Kollin Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ: Safe hept FSoE Time to STO (t, Velocity & Dec Velocity & Dec Velocity Zero Deceleration Li Time for Veloc Deceleration Li Time Delay Dec | Parameter Stop - SS1 - Instance 1 (Fau ation SS1) eleration Monitoring Window (n_Zero_SS1) ity Zero (t_L_SS1) mit (a_SS1) seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) Seleration Monitoring (t_D_SS1) | It Reaction) | Not Used Not Used 2 Enabled 1 1 0 | | ms Velocity User Units ms Acceleration User Units | | |

If one dual input (e.g. SIN1/SIN2) activates SS1-r for both axis 1 and axis 2, then set the Activation parameter for both axes to the same input (e.g. Safe Dual Input 1).

9.4.5.8 Fault Reaction / Failure Message

If dual channel mode is selected, the AKD2G observes to see if the two inputs are in a different state for more than 100 ms. If the two inputs are in different states for more than 100 ms, an I/O failure activates SS1_1 and then the axis is switched off by STO. An I/O failure warning is displayed.

SS1 Instance 1 can be configured as the fault reaction for other safety functions. Functions which support this feature include: SS2, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP and SLS.

9.4.5.9 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE (AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE, \rightarrow # 370) can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (OSSD, \rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter descriptions see (Functional Safety Parameter Reference, \rightarrow # 315).

9.4.6 SS2 (Safe Stop 2)

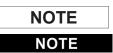
Description of SS2 with deceleration monitoring enabled for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.6.1 Description

SS2, when activated, monitors the controlled stop on a given axis until it is ready to activate SOS.

The SS2 function monitors the velocity of the controlled stop. If the velocity stays in the range (n_Zero_SOS) within the time (t_L_SS2) SOS activates in advance. In any case, SOS activates as soon as the timer (t_SS2) elapsed.

Optionally, the ramp of the controlled stop can be monitored. The parameter a_SS2 defines the deceleration limit that the axis cannot pass. The parameter t_D_SS2 is used to delay the start of the deceleration monitoring after the SS2 function activated.



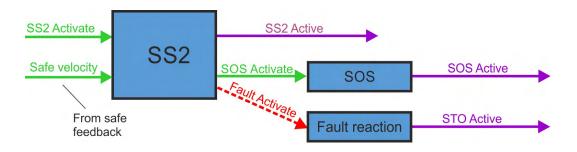
SMM R_02-XX-XXXX

- In order to use SS2, enable SOS velocity monitoring and set a valid n_ Zero_SOS velocity limit.
- SS2 instance 1 uses SOS instance 1 and SS2 instance 2 uses SOS instance 2.

Number of Instances

Two instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- SS2 Activate can be triggered by any of the following:
 - FSoE
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
 - other safety functions as fault reaction*.
- Safe velocity: velocity signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SS2 Active: logical status of the SS2 function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

*SS2 instance 1 can be configured as fault reaction for: SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP and SLS.

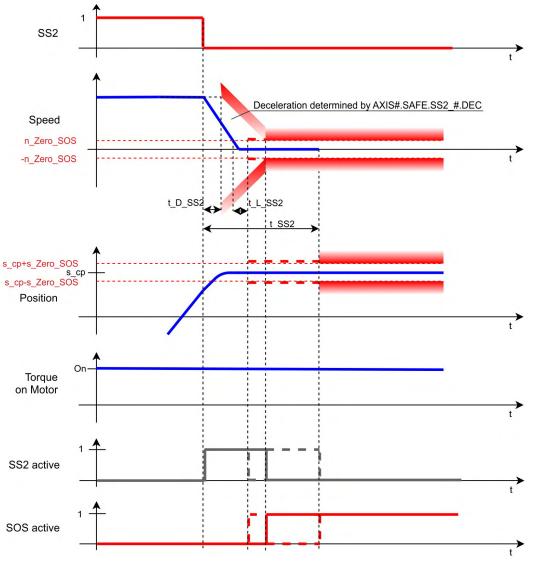
| 9.4.6.2 | Activation |
|---------|------------|
|---------|------------|

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | • For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |

9.4.6.3 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.6.4 Timing



Note:

• SS2 is fully completed after activation until SOS is activated, even if the request (SS2_Activate) is reset in between.

The position s_cp is defined when the monitoring of the SOS function begins. It is used to compute the range of allowed position values that the axis can take while the position monitoring is activated. The range is computed by adding or substracting s_Zero_SOS to/from the parameter s_cp .

9.4.6.5 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #471) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 472) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 470) |
| Time To SOS | t_SS2 | 2 ms | (→ # 475) |
| Time For Velocity Zero | t_L_SS2 | 1 ms | (→ # 474) |
| Deceleration Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | (→ # 468) |
| Deceleration Limit | a_SS2 | 0 (Dec user units) | (→ #467) |
| Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring | t_D_SS2 | 1 ms | (→ # 473) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ # 469) |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ # 374) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 376) |

Device parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------|-----------|------------------|-------------------|
| Deceleration Mode | - | 0 (Drive driven) | (→ # 377) |
| Deceleration Ramp | - | 9999.946 rpm/s | (→ # 375) |

9.4.6.6 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

| Pa | rameters Editor | | | <u>Learn more abou</u> 1. | Choose the Axis |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Config | uration of the safety parameters. | | | 2. | Select the Category |
| Ахе | s Categories | Safe Stop | Instances | 3 | Select the SS2 function |
| Common | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 (Fault Reaction) | 5. | |
| Axis 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | Instance 2 | 4 | Select the Instance |
| Axis 2 | Safe Speed | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) | | | |
| | Safe Position | SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | | | number |
| G | | SBC (Safe Poke Control) | | | |
| U U |) (2) | SBT (Safe 3 Test) | 4 | | |
| | | SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake) | | Goto Safety Parameter | |
| - | information only) | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) > Ins Velocity: N/A | stance 1 (Fault Rea Acceleration: N | <u>u</u> | |
| Type: Description: Import file: | Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMol - | tion Monitor | | | |

| Parameter | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| Axis 1 - Safe Stop - SS2 - Instance 1 (Fault Reaction | n) | |
| Function Activation | Ready for Activation | |
| Safe Input | Not Used | |
| FSoE | Not Used | |
| Time to SOS (t_SS2) | 2 | ms |
| Time For Velocity Zero (t_L_SS2) | 1 | ms |
| Deceleration Monitoring | Enabled | |
| Deceleration Limit (a_SS2) | 0 | Acceleration User U |
| Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring (t_D_SS2) | 1 | ms |
| Fault Reaction | STO | |

| Device | Related | Parameters | (2) |) |
|--------|---------|------------|-----|---|
|--------|---------|------------|-----|---|

| Mode: | 0 - Drive Driven | ~ | |
|--------------------|------------------|---------|-------|
| | | | |
| Deceleration Ramp: | 9. | 999,946 | rpm/s |

9.4.6.7 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SS2 has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, the internal state (AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.INTERNALSTATE) is set to failed state (5).

SS2 Instance 1 can be configured as the fault reaction for other safety functions. Functions which support this feature are SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP and SLS.

9.4.6.8 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.7 SOS (Safe Operating Stop)

SOS description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.7.1 Description

SOS monitors the position of the axis and ensures that it stays in a position window. The position of this window is defined when the monitoring starts. The upper and the lower limit of the position window are defined by the parameter s_Zero_SOS. If the position leaves the position window, the fault reaction STO will be activated.

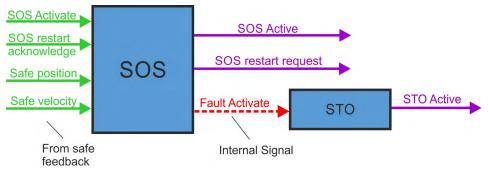
Optionally, the velocity can be monitored to ensure that it stays in a window defined by the parameter n_Zero_SOS. The start of the position/velocity monitoring can be delayed by using the parameter t_D_SOS. This delay gives the axis the necessary time to stop.

SOS can be activated by a safe input and/or FSoE and/or the SS2 function. The SS2 function, when used, will detect whether the velocity is low enough to activate SOS by means of the parameter n_Zero_SOS. This is why it is important to set a correct value to n_Zero_SOS. A value of 0 will most likely lead to a SS2 failure so that SS2 will activate its fault reaction.

Number of Instances

Two instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- · SOS Activate can be triggered by
 - FSoE,
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped) or
 - the SS2 function.
- Safe position: signal from safe feedback
- Safe velocity: velocity signal derived from safe feedback position
- SOS Restart Acknowledge is used for manual restart. The signal can be triggered by
 - FSoE or
 - safe digital inputs (must be mapped).

Outputs

- SOS Active: logical status of the SOS function
- Fault Activate: activate STO fault reaction
- SOS Restart Request: request for manual restart.

9.4.7.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | • For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → #210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |

9.4.7.3 Restart

Restart can be set as "automatic" or "manual".

| Automatic restart | SOS will be deactivated automatically |
|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Manual restart | To deactivate SOS, send a safe restart request to the safety control by using FSoE or safe input |

For further information see State Diagram (\rightarrow # 236).

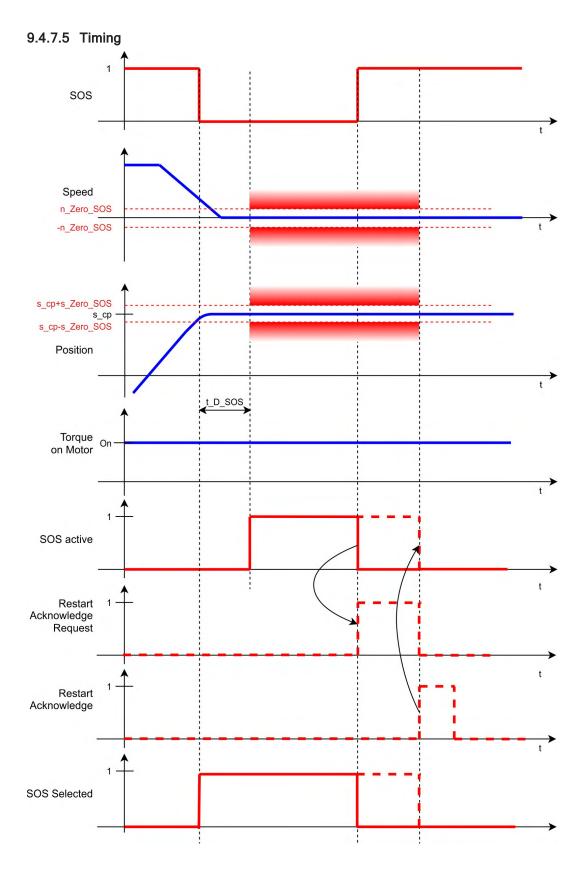
9.4.7.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|----------------------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.FUNCTIONACTIVATION |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.SAFEINPUT |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.FSOE |
| Position Zero Window | s_Zero_ SOS | 1 (Pos user units) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.POSZEROWINDOW; usable value range depends on used encoder type, see (Limitations, → # 553) |
| Velocity Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.VELMONITOREN |
| Velocity Zero Window | n_Zero_ SOS | 0 (Vel user units) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.VELZEROWINDOW |
| Time Delay Monitoring | t_D_SOS | 1 ms | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.TIMEDELAYMONITORING |
| Restart Acknowledge Bevaviour | - | 0 (Automatic restart) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.RESTARTACKBEHAVIOR |
| Restart Acknowledge Source | - | 0 (Not used) | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS.RESTARTACKSOURCE |

Diagnostic parameters

| Diagnostic parameters | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------------------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | AXIS#.SAFE.SOS.ACTIVE |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | AXIS#.SAFE.SOS.INTERNALSTATE |



9.4.7.6 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SOS function (3) and the instance number (4).

| | f the safety parameters. | | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Stop | Instances | |
| mon | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 | |
| 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | | |
| 2 | Safe Speed | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) | | |
| | Safe Position | SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | | |
| \bigcirc | | SBC (Safe Brake Control) SBT (\$ 2 rake Test) | | |
| (1) | | SDB (Sour Dynamic Brake) | 4 | |
| | | SDB (Sale Dynamic Brake) | | Goto Safety Parameter Do |
| | morgen AKD2G SMM | elocity: N/A | Accelera | ntion: N/A |
| sition: N/A ype: Kolli | | | Accelera | ntion: N/A |
| sition: N/A ype: Kolli escription: Kolli | morgen AKD2G SMM | | Accelera | tion: N/A |
| sition: N/A yppe: Kolli escription: Kolli apport file: - | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion | | | |
| sition: N/A yppe: Kolli escription: Kolli apport file: - | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 | | Value | |
| sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll pport file: - | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 | Monitor | Value | |
| sition: N/A ype: Kolli escription: Kolli port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 | Monitor Ready for Activ | Value | |
| sition: N/A ypp:: Kolli escription: Kolli pport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 | Monitor Ready for Activ Not Used | Value | |
| sition: N/A ypp:: Kolli escription: Kolli pport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 ration Window (s_Zero_SOS) | Monitor Ready for Actin Not Used Not Used | Value | Unit |
| sition: N/A vppe: Koll escription: Koll aport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Position Zero 1 Velocity Zero | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 ation Window (s_Zero_SOS) oring Window (n_Zero_SOS) | Monitor Ready for Actin Not Used Not Used 1 | Value | Unit |
| sition: N/A vpp:: Koll escription: Koll port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Position Zero Velocity Monit Velocity Zero Time Delay Mo | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 ation Window (s_Zero_SOS) oring Window (n_Zero_SOS) nitoring (t_D_SOS) | Monitor Ready for Actin Not Used Not Used 1 Disabled | Value | Unit Position User Units |
| sition: N/A vpp:: Koll escription: Koll port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Position Zero Velocity Monit Velocity Zero Time Delay Mo | morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SOS - Instance 1 ation Window (s_Zero_SOS) oring Window (n_Zero_SOS) | Monitor Ready for Activ Not Used Not Used 1 Disabled 0 | Value vation | Unit Position User Units Velocity User Units |

9.4.7.7 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

The fault reaction of the SOS function is STO.

9.4.7.8 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SOS_x.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.7.9 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.8 SBC (Safe Brake Control)

Safe Brake Control description for drive option Functional Safety 2 or 3.

9.4.8.1 Description

The safety function SBC (Safe Brake Control) is used for controlling the brakes wired to X1, X2 or X4 of the AKD2G. The connected brake is engaged and released by switching both lines (BR+ and BR-).

- The safety function SBC makes a motor with a motor brake suitable for the usage scenarios A1, A2, E1, E2, E3 according to DGUV.
- The safety function SBC makes a motor with a motor brake and a second brake on the same axis suitable for the usage scenarios A1, A2, A3, E1, E2, E3 according to DGUV.
- The brake can be configured with or without (SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake), \rightarrow # 255).
- For requirements to the motor brakes refer to (Motor Brake Requirements , \rightarrow # 215).

| Drive Type | Brake 1 | Brake 2 | max. SBC Safety Level | |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------------------------------------|--|
| Single Axis | Axis 1 (X1) | Axis 1 (X4) | Axis 1 : SIL3 / PLe | |
| Single Axis | Axis 1 (X1) | Not used | Axis 1 : SIL2 / PLd | |
| Single Axis | Not used | Axis 1 (X1) | Axis 1 : SIL2 / PLd | |
| Dual Axes | Axis 1 (X1) | Axis 2 (X2) | Axis 1 : SIL2 / PLd Axis 2: SIL2 / PLd | |
| Dual Axes | Axis 1 (X1) | Axis 1 (X2) | Axis 1 : SIL3 / PLe Axis 2 : no brake | |

Association of brake outputs to drive axes

NOTE

To achieve SIL 3 / PLe for SBC,

- two brakes per axis must be used. With one brake the axis can reach SIL 2 / PLd only.
- the brake function must be tested periodically with SBT (→ # 249)

Important Notes



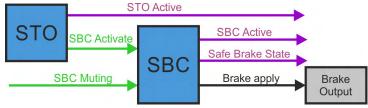
NOTE

Hoist and crane support: The drive will safely ensure a holding position, as long as SBC (braking ramp, delay time) is configured correctly.

- Any brake must be connected to one of the SBC interfaces (X1, X2, X4).
- The user is responsible for the execution of the safe brake test SBT (→ # 249).

For requirements to the motor brakes refer to (\rightarrow # 215).

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- SBC Delay: brake delay tSBC
- SBC Muting:
 - can be used for enabling manual override of the brakes while STO is active.
 - muting can be activated by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped).
- SBC Activate:

- can be triggered by STO only without delay.
- the trigger with delay depends on the configuration, with/without SDB.

Outputs

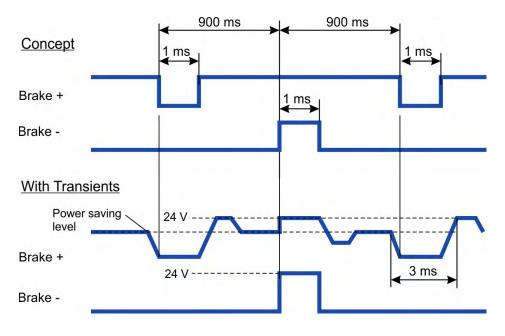
- SBC Active: logical status of the SBC function
- Safe Brake State: state of the brake outputs (24V or 0V)

Number of Instances

One instance per axis.

9.4.8.2 Test Pulses

Test pulses are applied to the Brake+ and Brake- outputs (X1, X2, X4) alternately to ensure valid feedback. The test pulses are 1ms at the bottom but are 3ms long due to their slow edges.



9.4.8.3 Activation

SBC for one or two brakes can be configured to be activated during STO process.

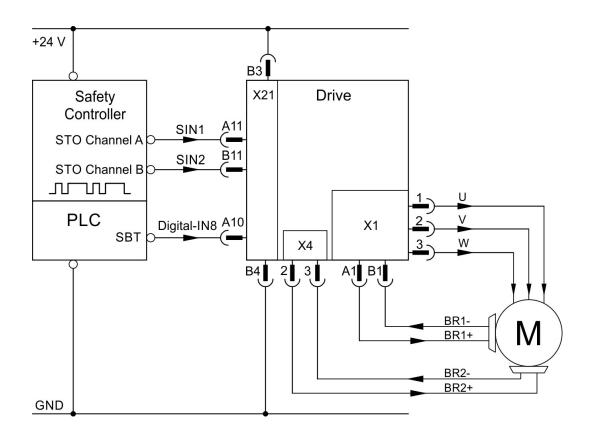
The controlled brake(s) can be configured to be engaged while motor torque is available (STO not active yet) or with STO became active (no motor torque).



The safety function can be configured with WorkBench or via FSoE.

Example:

STO activated by safe digital inputs, one axis, SIL3 PLe, SBC with two brakes, SBT, without SDB



9.4.8.4 Restart

The brakes controlled by SBC will disengage simultaneously with the deactivation of STO if AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT is set to 0.

If <u>AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT</u> is set to 1, the brake will release when the axis is enabled again. See STO (\rightarrow # 221).

9.4.8.5 SBC Muting Function

NOTICE

SBC muting is critical with regards to safety and has important influence on the safety level of an application. It has to be ensured that the use of SBC muting has no negative impact on the required safety level within the complete operational range of the application. The reliability has to be independent from the application.

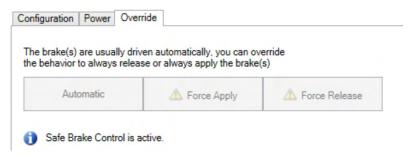
Consult your notified body for further information and approval.

For servicing purposes, manual control of the brakes may be necessary.

When SBC muting is active, the brakes can be overwritten even if STO/SBC is active. The SBC active signal will be suppressed and manual control via WorkBench, digital input or EtherCAT is possible.

| Configuration Power Overr | ide | | |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------|-----------------|--|
| The brake(s) are usually drive the behavior to always releas | | | |
| Automatic | A Force Apply | ⚠ Force Release | |

Manual control of the brakes is prohibited when SBC muting is not active and STO/SBC is active at the same time.



NOTICE

Overwriting the brake(s) behavior may create unsafe situations and/or damage. If the axis is used for a vertical load, forcing the brake(s) to release may damage the load.

- Only use this function when safety is ensured by other measures.
- Deactivate SBC Muting before reentering normal operation.

If SBC Muting is active during STO activation and brake control is set to "automatic", brake behavior is determined by standard brake parameters.

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| SBC Brake 1 | - | 0 | (→ #400) |
| SBC Brake 2 | - | 0 | (→ #400) |
| Brake Delay | tSBC | 100 ms | (→ # 399) |
| SBC Muting | - | 0 | (→ #401) |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ #350) |
| Safe Brake State | - | - | (→ #331) |

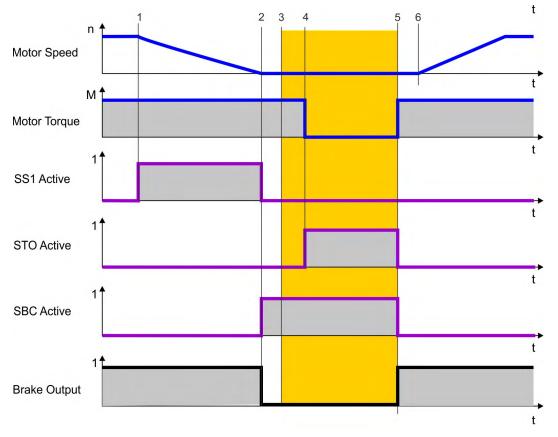
Device parameters

| Name | | | |
|-------------------|--------------|--------------------------|-------------------|
| BRAKEX.AXIS | For dovice p | aramatara rafar ta MarkP | anah anlina haln |
| AXISx.MOTOR.BRAKE | FOI device p | arameters refer to WorkB | ench online help. |

9.4.8.6 Timing: SS1 followed by SBC without SDB

Process:

- 1. STO is requested.
- 2. The brake output is deactivated.
- 3. The system activates STO after the configured brake delay elapsed.

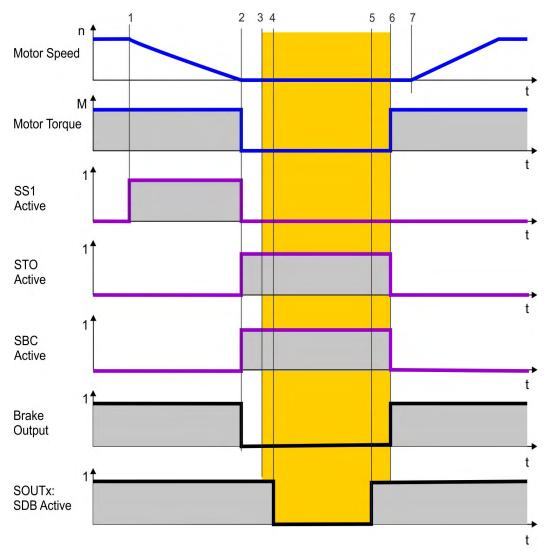


| Timing | Max. | Remarks |
|----------|---------------------|---------------------------------------|
| t1 | | SS1 activate |
| t1 to t2 | configurable | t_SS1: Time window for deceleration |
| t2 | | SBC activate brake output 0V |
| t2 to t3 | see brake datasheet | Brake engaging |
| t3 | | Brake is applied |
| t2 to t4 | configurable | tSBC: Brake time delay |
| t4 | | STO activate |
| t5 | | STO, SBC deactivate, Brake output 24V |
| t5 to t6 | see brake datasheet | Brake disengaging |
| t6 | | Brake is released |

9.4.8.7 Timing: SS1 followed by SBC with SDB

Process:

- 1. STO is requested.
- 2. The brake output and the output power stage are deactivated simultaneously.



| Timing | Max. | Remarks |
|----------|---------------------|-------------------------------------|
| t1 | | SS1 activate |
| t1 to t2 | configurable | t_SS1: Time window for deceleration |
| t2 | | SBC activate. Brake output 0V |
| t2 to t3 | see brake datasheet | Brake engaging |
| t3 | | Brake is applied |
| t2 to t4 | fixed | Delay of 6ms |
| t5 | | SDB active. SOUTx active |
| t5 to t6 | fixed | Delay of 6ms |
| t6 | | STO and SBC deactivates |
| t6 to t7 | see brake datasheet | Brake disengaging |
| t7 | | Brake is released |

Note: tSBC is not used in case SDB is configured.

9.4.8.8 Setup in WorkBench

Select Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 291). Choose the axis (1), category (2) and SBC function (3). The instance number (4) is not applicable for SBC.

| Axes | Categories General | Safe Stop STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 | 15 |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|----------------------------|
| is 1 is 2 | Safe Stop Safe Speed Safe Position | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) SS2 (Safe Stop 2) SOS (Safe Operating Stop) SBC (Safe Brake Control) SBT (3 Frake Test) SDB 3 ynamic Brake) | 4 | Goto Safety Parameter Dowr |
| Type: Kolli | norgen AKD2G SMM | BC (Safe Brake Contr | ol) > Instand | |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli | | | | |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter | | OI) > Instand | Le 1 |
| Type: Kollin Description: Kollin Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion | Monitor | Value | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe SBC Brake 1 | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter | Monitor Configured with | Value pout SDB | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SBC - Instance 1 | Monitor | Value pout SDB | |

Device Related Parameters (3)

| Brake 1 used by: | 1-Axis 1 | 5 | * |
|------------------|--------------|----------------|---|
| Brake 2 used by: | 2 - Axis 2 | 6 | * |
| Axis 1 Brake(s): | 0 - Not Used | \overline{O} | * |

Each brake needs to be assigned to its controlling axis with the device related parameters:

Assigne the axis for Brake1 (5), assigne the axis for Brake2 (6).

(7) indicates whether the drive has detected a brake for the corresponding axis.

NOTICE

The device related parameter settings are not safe. Changing the configuration in this view will affect the device related parameters. If the configuration collides with the safe settings, warning 9007 will be issued when the axis is disabled. Enabling the affected axis will be prohibited in this case.

On single axis drives, axis 1 can be configured to control brake 1 and 2 with SBC. For dual axis drives, the brake configuration must be considered:

| Assignment | Axis# | Brake1 | Brake2 | Comment | |
|------------|-------|------------|--------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| Example 1 | Axis1 | SBC | SBC | If both brakes are assigned to axis1, axis2 cannot control any of those two | |
| | Axis2 | - | - | brakes. | |
| Example 2 | Axis1 | SBC | - | If axis1 controls brake1 with SBC, axis2 can control brake2 with SBC. | |
| | Axis2 | kis2 - SBC | | | |
| Example 3 | Axis1 | - | - | If both brakes are assigned to axis2, only brake2 can be controlled with | |
| | Axis2 | no SBC | SBC | SBC. Brake1 will be controlled, but not safe (no SBC). | |

9.4.8.9 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

It is not possible to detect a malfunctioning brake through SBC. Therefore diagnosis with SBT is necessary in regular time intervals (see (SBT (Safe Brake Test), \rightarrow # 249)).

A disconnected brake or an open circuit on the brake connectors (X1, X2 or X4) will result in an I/O failure causing SS1_1 (fault reaction) to be triggered followed by STO.

An I/O failure warning is issued when the AKD2G is disabled.

A fault will be issued when the AKD2G is enabled and <u>AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT</u> is set to 1.

9.4.8.10 Safety State / Status Signals

See Fault reaction/Failure messages in chapter (SBT (Safe Brake Test), → # 249)

9.4.8.11 Safety Properties

Refer to (Safety Properties Overview, \rightarrow # 203).

9.4.9 SBT (Safe Brake Test)

Safe Brake Test description for drive option Functional Safety 2 or 3.

9.4.9.1 Description

The function SBT (Safe Brake Test) can be used for testing the brakes connected to X1, X2 or X4 of the AKD2G. SBT is carried out by applying a configured torque against the closed brake and supervising the motion on the connected axis. The test is successful if the axis motion does not exceed a parameterized tolerance. If the axis motion exceeds the tolerance, the test is failed and therefore the safety functions using the brake are lost. After a failed brake test, safe brake operation cannot be assumed anymore. Brake replacement or service will be necessary.

- SBT is a diagnostic function for holding brakes. In order to operate brakes (SBC) that are part of a safety function (PLd / SIL2 or higher), frequent tests with SBT are required.
- SBT must be triggered regularly by the end customer.
- SBT considers the derating factor for brakes used in safety functions.
- During SBT, 130% of the max. possible application torque will be applied to the brake. Additional forces caused by vertical loads will be taken into account automatically.
- Brake slippage will be detected with a resolution of at least 1°.
- Two brakes can be assigned to one axis. Each brake can be configured with an independent slippage tolerance.
- SBT is only functional with SBC.
- SBT does not lead to wear of the brakes.

Important Notes

| NOTICE | The user is responsible for the trigger of the SBT function. For correct operation of SBT the axis must be free to move when the drive releases the brake or releases both brakes as appropriate; if the machine has further motors and/or brakes mechanically coupled to the same axis, these devices must be set to states where they do not impede motion before SBT is carried out. In this case only one brake shall be tested at a time. Each brake must be tested independently. |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | • The machine manufacturer has to determine the SIL / PL reached by SBC + SBT according to the configuration and parameterization. |
| NOTICE | When using external position command/PLC At the end of SBT there is a mismatch between the set command value and the current position value of the axis. It is important that the master PLC executes an alignment of the set command position and the current axis position before SBT finishes to avoid a jump of the axis. |
| Execute a brake te | est |
| at least everat the start of | y 8 hours, If a machine or at the transition to operation mode using the brake, |

- after long standstill of the machine,
- after drive reboot,
- after brake service or replacement.

Depending on the target SIL / PL of the safety function that is performed by the brakes, it can be necessary to carry out SBT more often. In high safety demand applications (SIL3 / PLe, DC = high), it can be necessary to execute SBT every time prior to demand. For example if access to a dangerous area is prohibited by a safety interlock, SBT must be executed successfully before access can be granted.

Restrictions

The maximum motion for the brake during safe brake test (see "Maximum Motion" parameters (Related Parameters, \rightarrow # 251)) cannot be set to a greater or equal value than 10800 arcminute. Otherwise, the SMM will return an error code once SBT function is started. The error code can be read by the keyword <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.ERROR</u>, which will report "0x6 - SMM System Error".

In general, it is expected to set the maximum motion for the "tested" brake as small as possible to prevent any mechanical hazards when the brake loses its holding function. However, an application might need a larger tolerance window because of a mechanical gearing between encoder and motor shaft.

The maximum slippage velocity in [RPM] is calculated by:

(10800 [arcmin] - "Max. Motion" [arcmin]) * 600 / 216 Example:

- For "Max. Motion" = 300 arcmin (5°), the max. slippage velocity is (10800-300) * 600/216 = 29167 rpm.
- For "Max. Motion" = 7200 arcmin (120°), the max. slippage velocity is (10800-7200) * 600/216 = 10000 rpm.
- NOTE

The user has to consider for his application the worst case max. acceleration of motor shafts load including the additional "applied" test torque of the drive during SBT.

Preconditions for a brake test:

- The motor is at standstill.
- The tested brake is released.
- The drive is enabled.
- STO is not active.

Encoder requirements

NOTE

The encoder verification is not required for safe encoders that can be configured on drives with option FS3.

The SBT function can be executed with any encoder type. However, the encoder shall have at least a resolution and accuracy of 1 degree.

Encoder verification:

The user shall verify that the encoder works properly by his application. As example the following types of machine motion can be used to verify the function of the encoder:

- Perform a home move which includes a physical motion.
- A position move of at least 1 mechanical revolution of the encoder.
- A relative move to reach the start position of SBT.

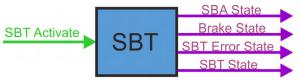
After a long downtime of the machine, the encoder verification shall be repeated.

Current measurement verification

The verification check of drive current measurement should be done during machine commissioning and during recommissioning due to changes such as replacement of the drive or firmware update.

The current measurement should verify expected current reported by the drive when holding a reference load. A small movement may be needed to overcome static friction.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

- SBT Activate can be activated by
 - EtherCAT, CANopen
 - Digital input (must be mapped)
 - WorkBench

Outputs

- SBA State: logical status providing information on SBT. Can be mapped to a safe output and retrieved through FSoE status word.
 - 0 = SBT execution necessary or failed in last attempt
 - 1 = SBT was executed successfully within the parameterized period
- SBT State: for status information on the actual brake condition see (AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.STATE, → # 354).

Number of Instances

One instance per axis.

9.4.9.2 Activation

- By a non safe fieldbus: EtherCAT or CANopen SDO
- By a non safe digital input (DIGITAL-IN1 to DIGITAL-IN12, (→ # 166)).
- By WorkBench

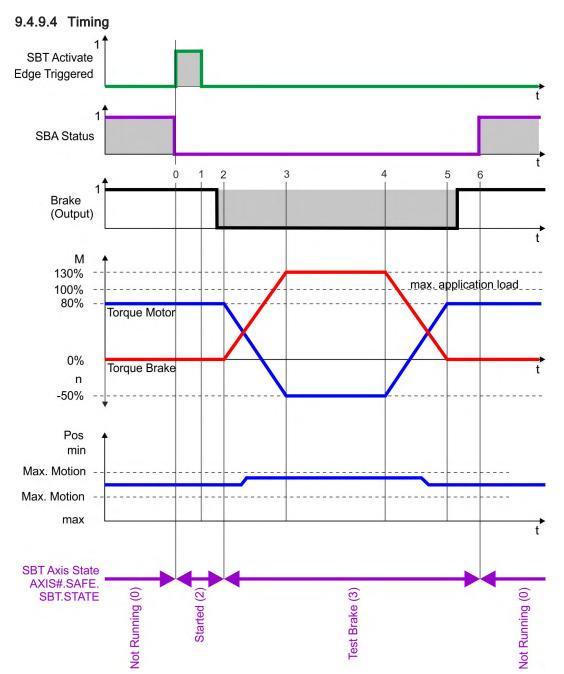
9.4.9.3 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter | |
|-----------------------------------|-----------|------------------|------------------|--|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #402) | |
| Maximum Time Interval | - | 480 min | (→ #405) | |
| Max Application Load | - | 1000 mA | (→ #403) | |
| Maximum Motion 1st Attached Brake | - | 300 arcmin | (→ #404) | |
| Maximum Motion 2nd Attached Brake | - | 300 arcmin | (→ #404) | |
| Torque Duration | - | 500 ms | (→ #406) | |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| SBT Actual Status | - | - | (→ #354) |
| SBT Move | - | - | (→ #352) |
| SBT SBA Active | - | - | (→ #353) |
| SBT Error | - | - | (→ #351) |
| Brake SBT Elapsed | - | - | (→ # 507) |
| Brake SBT State | - | - | (→ # 508) |



| Timing | max | Remarks |
|----------|------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| tO | | Start SBT |
| t0 to t1 | 200 ms | Measuring actual application load on motor |
| t1 to t2 | 300 ms | Brake applies |
| t2 | | Brake is applied. Position monitoring is started. Drive is switched to torque mode internally. |
| t2 to t3 | 1/3 * (t3 to t4) | Ramp-up to apply 130% torque on the brake |
| t3 to t4 | Configurable | Torque duration |
| t4 to t5 | 1/3 * (t3 to t4) | Ramp-down torque on the brake |
| t5 to t6 | 300 ms | Release brake |
| t6 to t0 | Configurable | Maximum time interval between tests |

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9.4.9.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 291).

Choose the axis (1), category (2) and SBT function (3). The instance number (4) is not applicable for SBT.

| | eters Editor | | | Learn more about this to |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------|
| Configuration o | f the safety parameters. Categories | Safe Stop | Instances | |
| ommon | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 | |
| dis 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | | |
| dis 2 | Safe Speed Safe Pos 2 | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) SOS (Sa 3) trating Stop) SBC (Safe Take Control) SBT (Safe Brake Test) | 4 | |
| | | SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake) | | Goto Safety Parameter Downlo |
| Type: Kolli | norgen AKD2G SMM | BT (Safe Brake Test) | > Instance 1 | |
| Type: Kolli | | | > Instance 1 | |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli | norgen AKD2G SMM | Monitor | > Instance 1 | Unit |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion | Monitor | | Unit |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SBT - Instance 1 | Monitor | alue | Unit |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SBT - Instance 1 ation | Monitor | alue | |
| Type: Kolla Description: Kolla Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SBT - Instance 1 ation Interval | Monitor | alue | |
| Type: Kolla Description: Kolla Import file: - | norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Stop - SBT - Instance 1 ation Interval n Load | Monitor | alue | ute |
| Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Maximum Time Max Applicatio | Parameter Stop - SBT - Instance 1 Interval n Load on Brake 1 | Monitor Ready for Activatio 480 1000 | alue | ute |

9.4.9.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

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If not all the preconditions are fulfilled and SBT is requested, the SBT button will be grayed out:

_

| 2 | Safe Brake Test | | | |
|-------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|------------------|
| | Safe brake test activation and monitoring. | | | |
| xis 1 | | | | |
| | Brake Test Enabled: | 1 - Ready for Activation | | Start Brake Test |
| | Max Time Between Test: | 00:01:00 | hh:mm:ss | |
| | | | | |
| | Brake Test State: | 0 - Not running | | |
| | Brake Test Error: | 0 - No error |] | |

When a brake test fails, further operation shall be prohibited by means of an external safe PLC. SBA will remain 0 and the Safety Diagnostics will show a "Brake Slippage Occurred":

| Brake Test Enabled: | 1 - Ready for Activation | | Start Brake Tes |
|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------|-----------------|
| Max Time Between Test: | 00:01:00 | hh:mm:ss | |
| | • | | |
| Brake Test State: | 0 - Not running | | |
| Brake Test Error: | 6 - Brake slippage occurred | 7 | |

A controlled stop will be executed immediately when a brake slippage is detected during the brake test. The drive remains enabled.

9.4.9.7 Safety State / Status Signals

Status of each axis and the assigned brakes can be observed in the SBT diagnostics view.

| R) | Safe Brake Test | | | |
|--------|--------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------|------------------|
| | Safe brake test activation and monitoring. | | | |
| Axis 1 | | | | |
| | Brake Test Enabled: | 1 - Ready for Activation | | Start Brake Test |
| | Max Time Between Test: | 00:10:00 | hh:mm:ss | |
| | | | | |
| | Brake Test State: | 0 - Not running | | |
| | Brake Test Error: | 0 - No error | | |
| Bra | ake 1 | | | |
| | | | | |
| | State: | U - Not tested | | |
| | Time Remaining Until Next Check: | 00:09:39 | hh:mm:ss | |
| | State: Time Remaining Until Next Check: | 0 - Not tested 00:09:39 | hh:mm:ss | |

The view gives information about:

Axis

1

1

Туре

ω

⚠

- Status, if the test is running or not
- Test result (Not tested, Failed, Passed)
- Time until next and in-between test

Group

Safety

Safety

Disable Fault auto popup. Disable Warning auto popup.

· Status information on the test, if and which error occurred

ld

9000

9008

If a brake test is not executed within the parameterized time interval, the Safe Brake Test Diagnostics will inform that the test validity is expired.

Description

Warning: Brake Test Time Overflow.

Details

Help

Help

Сору

| Time Remaining Until Next Check: | 00:00:00 | hh:mm:ss | ⚠ | Test validity expired! | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|----------|----------|---|------------------------|--|
| The warning 9008 "Brake Test Time Overflow" will be issued. | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Safe torque off.

| 254 | Kollmorgen | kdn.kollmorgen.com | S305, February 2025 |
|-----|------------|--------------------|---------------------|
|-----|------------|--------------------|---------------------|

9.4.10 SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake)

Safe Dynamic Brake description for drive option Functional Safety 2 or 3.

9.4.10.1 Description

If the motor brake allows standstill braking only, dynamic braking is a method to slow down a servo system by dissipating the mechanical energy driven by the motor back EMF. When activated, the optional external Safe Dynamic Brake Contactor shortens the motor terminals. This forces all of the dynamic braking current to be stopping current. While the lines to the motor are shorted, the SDB status signal will be applied. When configured, SDB gets executed simultaneously along with STO.

Use this function when operating with high inertia loads.

Important Notes

| | WARNING No Brake Power at and near standstill! |
|--------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | Serious injury could result when the load is not properly blocked. This function does not ensure functional safety. |
| | Add a safe mechanical blocking (for instance, a motor holding brake). |
| | Configure (SBC (Safe Brake Control), → # 240) to be used with SDB. |
| NOTICE | If SDB function is active, it is not possible to perform a controlled stop according to IEC 60204-1 category 1. If controlled stop category 1 is necessary, use the SS1 function. |
| | A failure in the SDB-Contactor can only be detected when changing states. In order to detect a loss of the safety function, SDB (STO) needs to be activated regularly according to the SIL/PL of the safety function. |
| | • The SDB-Contactor is a safety related electromechanical component. The frequency of use contributes to its PFH value and therefore to the whole safety chain. |
| | Activating the SDB-Contactor (0V, closing contacts) will result in a short circuit on the output stage which could impair the drive when enabled. Therefore pay close attention to the parameterized timings especially during restart. Keep in mind the mechanical reaction time of the SDB-Contactor for activation and deactivation. |
| | Brake power depends on the inertia and speed of the decelerated mass. Activating SDB when the motion contains high amounts of energy can result in a very fast stop or very high currents. The braking energy and therefore the braking speed can be limited by external resistors. |
| | For assistance with determining stopping time and braking current when using the SBD function of the AKD2G refer to the online <u>AKD2G Safe Dynamic Braking Tool</u> or contact Kollmorgen technical support. |

Function Input / Output Variables

| | CTO Asting | | Activate | 000 |
|-----|------------|-----|----------|---------------|
| STO | STO Active | SDB | Readback | SDB Module |

Inputs

- STO Active: refer to (STO (Safe Torque Off), → # 219)
- SDB Readback: input for diagnosis signal returning from the SDB-Contactor

Outputs

• SDB Activate: signal for activating the SDB-Contactor auxiliary contacts

Number of Instances

One instance per axis.

9.4.10.2 Activation

SDB can be configured to be activated during the STO process. The SDB-Contactor function must be supervised using the status path. AKD2G can supply a signal with OSSD pulses to the SDB-Contactor (set SOUTx to "ON") for diagnosis. This OSSD signal can also be provided by the safe PLC. The SDB-Contactor output status is evaluated by the drive. Use <u>SDB.READBACKSOURCE</u> for mapping the safe input to the SDB status signal.

NOTICE

The used SDB-Contactor must have a freewheeling diode in parallel to the coil. The braking energy can be limited using external resistors (Rext) limiting the back EMF current. Contact Kollmorgen Technical support for usable SDB-Contactors or component sizing.

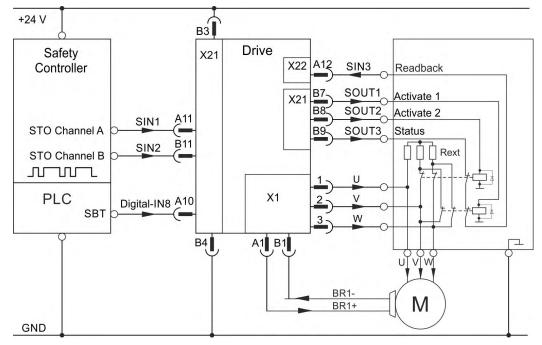
Example: STO activated by safe inputs, SDB single channel, SIL2 PLd, SBC, SBT

+24 V В3 Drive X21 Safety A12 SIN3 Readback Controller X22 A11 SIN1 SOUT2 **B**8 STO Channel A Status **B11** SIN2 X21 SOUT1 B7 STO Channel B Activate U PLC X1 V 2 Digital-IN8 A10 Rext SBT W 3 B4 A1 B1 vw U BR1-M **BR1+** GND

Setting : SOUT1 = Activate SDB, SOUT2 = on, SIN3 = Readbacksource

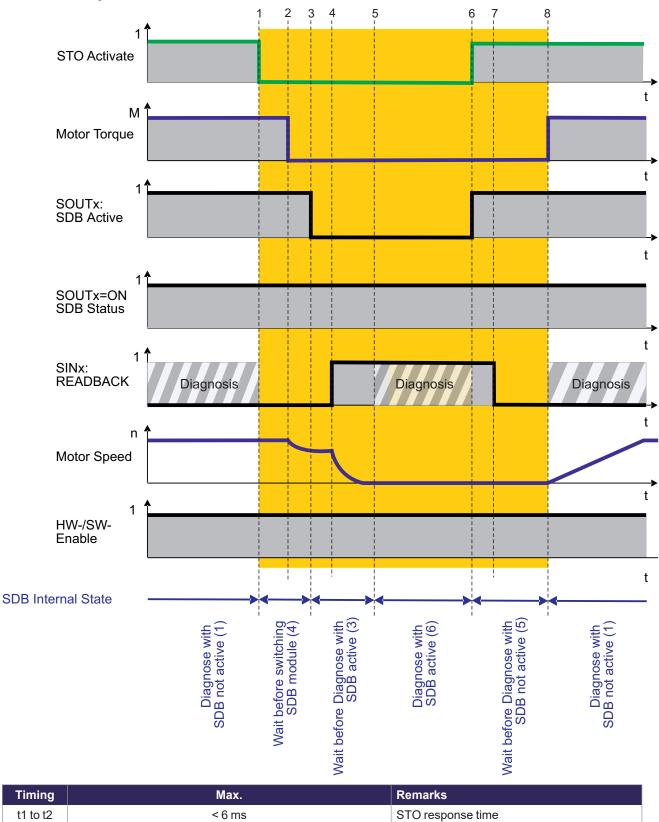
Example: STO activated by safe inputs, SDB dual channel, SIL3 PLe, SBC, SBT

Setting : SOUT1 = Activate SDB channel 1, SOUT2 = Activate SDB channel 2, SOUT3 = on, SIN3 = Readbacksource



9.4.10.3 Restart

Refer to STO for restart conditions (Restart, \rightarrow # 220). When all conditions for a STO restart are fulfilled and SDB is configured, the SDB-Contactor will be deactivated and the readback diagnosis will be disabled. After the configured delay (same as during SDB activation) the STO will disable, allowing torque. The readback diagnosis will reengage after the configured time.



9.4.10.4 Timing

| Timing | Max. | Remarks |
|----------|---------------|-----------------------------------------|
| t1 to t3 | fixed | Delay of 6ms |
| t3 to t4 | see datasheet | Mechanical delay SDB-Contactor |
| t3 to t5 | configurable | t_D_SDB:Delay until readback diagnosis |
| t6 to t7 | see datasheet | Mechanical delay SDB-Contactor |
| t6 to t8 | configurable | t_D_SDB: Delay until readback diagnosis |

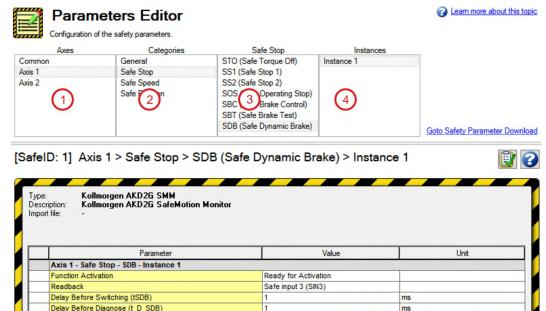
9.4.10.5 Related Parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-----------------------|-----------|------------------|-----------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #411) |
| Readback | - | Not Used | (→ #412) |
| Delay Before Diagnose | t_D_SDB | 1 ms | (→ # 1) |

9.4.10.6 Setup in WorkBench

Select Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 291).

Choose the axis (1), category (2) and SDB function (3).



9.4.10.7 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

The drive supervises the safe input(s) assigned as readback. An OSSD pulsed signal, either from a safe output or a safe PLC, is required. When the readback signal becomes static, an I/O error will be detected.

During the activation and deactivation of the SDB function, the readback diagnosis will be interrupted for the parameterized amount of time. When STO/SDB are active, a high signal (24V) is expected. When STO/SDB are not active, a low signal (0V) is expected. Deviating this expected behavior will additionally result in a SDB failure recognizable from the diagnostics view.

Diagnostics

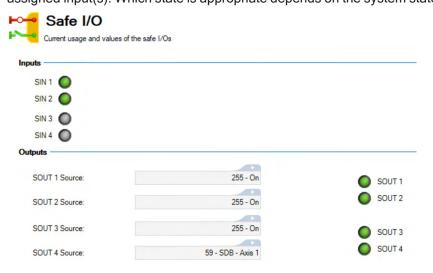
Current status and configuration of the safe module monitor.

| Identification / Validation | |
|-----------------------------|-----------------|
| Safe ID: | 01 |
| System CRC | 0x32DEB5C7 |
| Current State | |
| System State: | 8 - I/O failure |
| Current Error: | 2 - SDB failure |

For detailed information on the signal states refer to (\rightarrow # 257).

9.4.10.8 Safety State / Status Signals

The WorkBench view "Safety Diagnostics - Safe I/O" shows the current status off the safe inputs and outputs. The target status can be read of the assigned output(s). The status of the SDB readback can be read from the assigned input(s). Which state is appropriate depends on the system state.



For detailed information on the signal states refer to (\rightarrow # 257).

9.4.10.9 Safety Properties

9.4.11 SLS (Safely Limited Speed)

SLS description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.11.1 Description

SLS, when activated, monitors the absolute velocity of the axis and ensures that it does not go above the configured limit. If it does, the function will activate a configurable fault reaction.

Once the activation request is received, SLS will become active, depending on whichever happens first:

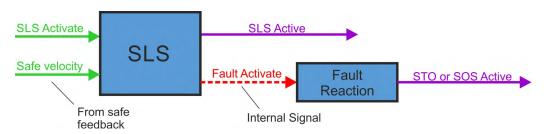
- The time to velocity monitoring is elapsed (t_SLS).
- The minimum deceleration limit ramp hits the configured limit (n_SLS).
- The current velocity remains below the configured limit (n_SLS) for a given amount of time (t_L_SLS) (only when deceleration monitoring configured).
- Immediately, when the velocity is already below the configured limit (n_SLS) (only when deceleration monitoring not configured).

Optionally, the deceleration ramp could be monitored after some delay (t_D_SLS) checking that the actual velocity is below the computed velocity ramp (a_SLS). If the velocity is above the computed velocity ramp, SLS will activate the fault reaction.

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

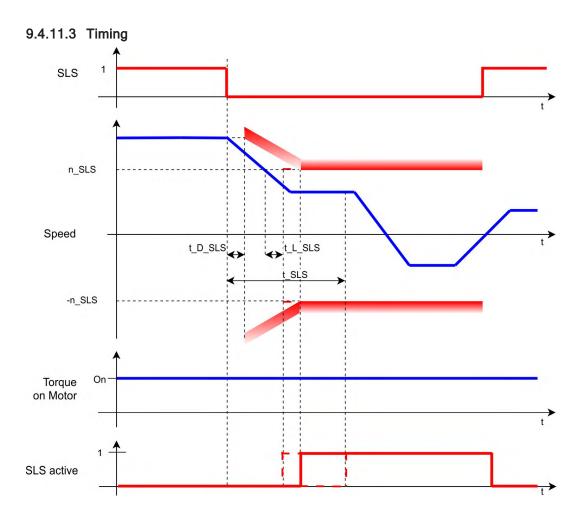
- SLS Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- Safe velocity: velocity signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SLS Active: logical status of the SLS function
- · Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.11.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |



9.4.11.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #446) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #447) |
| FSOE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #445) |
| Time to Velocity Monitoring | t_SLS | 2 ms | (→ #450) |
| Velocity Limit | n_SLS | 1 (Vel user units) | (→ #451) |
| Time for Velocity in Limits | t_L_SLS | 1 ms | (→ #449) |
| Deceleration Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | (→ #443) |
| Deceleration Limit | a_SLS | 0 (Dec user units) | (→ #442) |
| Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring | t_D_SLS | 1 ms | (→ #448) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ # 444) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ #367) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ #368) |

9.4.11.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SLS function (3) and the instance number (4).

| Innmon General SLS (Safe Limited Speed) Instance 1 s 1 Safe Stop SSM (Safe Speed Monitor) Instance 2 s 2 Safe Speed SSR (Safe Speed Range) Instance 3 | |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2 Safe Speed SSR (Safe Speed Range) Instance 3 | |
| | |
| | |
| Safe Position SDI (Safe Direction) | |
| SLA (Sayimited Accelerati | |
| SAR Sacceleration Rang | |
| < State Stat | Safety Parameter Dow |
| feID: 1] Axis 1 > Safe Speed > SLS (Safe Limited Speed) > Instance 1 | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM vescription: Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM rescription: poort file: - | |
| Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor mport file: Parameter Value | Unit |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD26 SMM kollmorgen AKD26 SafeMotion Monitor port file: Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 | Unit |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Velocity: N/A Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor port file: Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation | Unit |
| In the station: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A Sestion: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A Sestiption: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Safe Input Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used | Unit |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A Vype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM Vescription: Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor mport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Not Used | Unit |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM rescription: Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor mport file: - Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Not Used Time to Velocity Monitoring (t_SLS) 2 ms | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM escription: mport file: Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Safe Input Function Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Not Used Time to Velocity Monitoring (t_SLS) 2 ms Velocity Limit (n_SLS) 1 Velocity User Units | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD2G SMM rescription: Kollmorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor mport file: Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Not Used FSoE Not Used Time to Velocity Monitoring (t_SLS) 2 ms Velocity Limit (n_SLS) 1 Velocity User Units Time for Velocity in Limits (t_LSLS) 1 ms | |
| sition: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD26 SMM escription: Kollmorgen AKD26 SafeMotion Monitor nport file: Parameter Value Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Time to Velocity Monitoring (t_SLS) 2 ms Velocity Limits (t_L_SLS) 1 Velocity User Units Time for Velocity in Limits (t_L_SLS) 1 ms Deceleration Monitoring Enabled | nits |
| Sittion: N/A Velocity: N/A Acceleration: N/A ype: Kollmorgen AKD26 SMM escription: Kollmorgen AKD26 SafeMotion Monitor nport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Speed - SLS - Instance 1 Function Activation Ready for Activation Safe Input Not Used FSoE Not Used Time to Velocity Monitoring (t_SLS) 2 ms Velocity Limit (n_SLS) 1 Velocity User Units Time for Velocity in Limits (t_LSLS) 1 ms | nits |

9.4.11.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SLS has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SLS remains active and the internal state (<u>AXIS#.SAFE.SLS</u><u>#.INTERNALSTATE</u>) is set to failed state (5).

9.4.11.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SLS_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.11.8 Safety Properties

9.4.12 SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)

SSM description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.12.1 Description

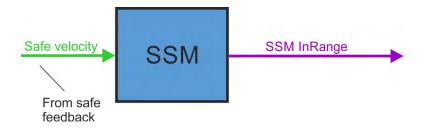
SSM is a pure monitoring function which has no fault reaction. Once configured, it stays activated monitoring whether the velocity stays within a velocity window or not. The parameter n_UL_SSM defines the upper limit and the parameter n_LL_SSM defines the lower limit of this window.

The SSM function returns a logical status, called InRange, which tells whether the velocity is currently located in the velocity window or not.

Number of Instances

Two instances per axis.

Function Input / Output variables



Input

· Safe velocity: velocity signal from safe feedback

Outputs

• SSM InRange: logical status telling if the velocity is in the range defined by the SSM function

9.4.12.2 Activation

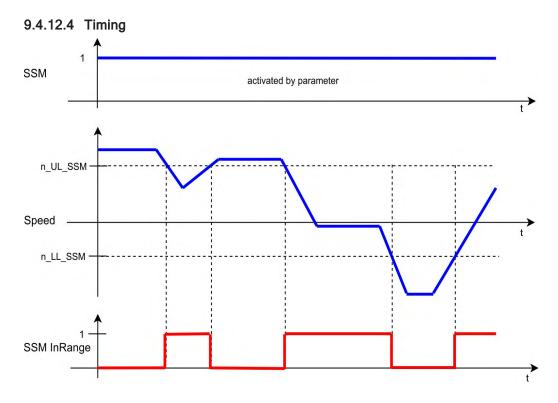
No activation source. Once configured in the safety parameters, it stays activated.

9.4.12.3 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #476) |
| Velocity Upper Limit | n_UL_SSM | 0 (Vel user units) | (→ #478) |
| Velocity Lower Limit | n_LL_SSM | 0 (Vel user units) | (→ #477) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| SSM InRange | - | - | (→ #378) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 379) |



9.4.12.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SSM function (3) and the instance number (4).

| Axes | Categories | Safe Speed | Instances | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| ommon | General | SLS (Safe Limited Speed) | Instance 1 | |
| dis 1 | Safe Stop | SSM (Safe Speed Monitor) | Instance 2 | |
| as 2 | Safe Speed | SSR (Safe Speed Range) | | |
| | Safe Position | SDI (Safe Direction) | | |
| | 2 | SLA (Safe 3d Accelerati SAR (Safe 3eration Rang | | |
| | | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Downle |
| | | | | |
| ateID:1]Axis serUnits (forinforma Position:N/A | tion only) | SSM (Safe Speed Mo | | ation: N/A |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A | tion only) Ve | | | |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A Type: Kolli | tion only) | elocity: N/A | | |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A Type: Kolli Description: Kolli | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM | elocity: N/A | | |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion | elocity: N/A | Acceler | ation: N/A |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A Type: Kolli Description: Kolli Import file: - | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SSM - Instance 1 | elocity: N/A | Acceler | ation: N/A |
| ser Units (for informa Position: N/A Description: Kolli Import file: - | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SSM - Instance 1 | slocity: N/A Monitor | Acceler | ation: N/A |

9.4.12.6 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SSM_#.INRANGE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.12.7 Safety Properties

9.4.13 SSR (Safe Speed Range)

SSR description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.13.1 Description

SSR, when activated, monitors the velocity and ensures that it stays in a configured velocity window. The parameter n_UL_SSR defines the upper limit and the parameter n_LL_SSR defines the lower limit of this window. If the velocity leaves the velocity window a configurable fault reaction will be activated.

Once the activation request is received, SSR will become active depending on what occurs first:

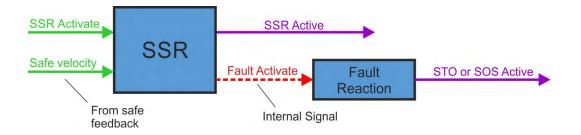
- The time to velocity monitoring is elapsed (t_SSR)
- The current velocity stays in the configured velocity window for a given amount of time (t_L_SSR)

Optionally, the deceleration ramp can be monitored after some delay (t_D_SSR) to check whether the current velocity is below the computed velocity ramp (a_SSR). If the velocity is above the computed velocity ramp, the fault reaction will be activated.

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

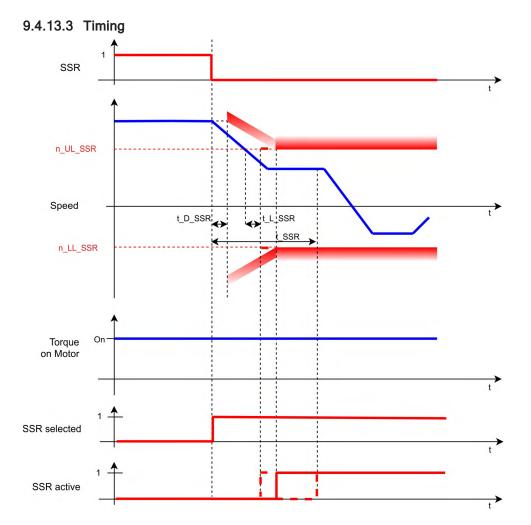
- SSR Active can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- Safe velocity: velocity signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SSR Active: logical status of the SSR function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.13.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |



9.4.13.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|------------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #483) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #484) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #482) |
| Time To Velocity Monitoring | t_SSR | 2 ms | (→ #487) |
| Velocity Upper Limit | n_UL_SSR | 0 (Vel user units) | (→ #489) |
| Velocity Lower Limit | n_LL_SSR | 0 (Vel user units) | (→ #488) |
| Time For Velocity in Limits | t_L_SSR | 1 ms | (→ #486) |
| Deceleration Monitoring | - | 0 (Disabled) | (→ #480) |
| Deceleration Limit | a_SSR | 0 (Dec user units) | (→ #479) |
| Time Delay Deceleration Monitoring | t_D_SSR | 1 ms | (→ #485) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ #481) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ # 380) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ #381) |

9.4.13.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SSR function (3) and the instance number (4).

| Configuration Axes | Categories | Safe | Speed | Inst | ances | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| mmon | General | SLS (Safe Lin | | Instance 1 | | | |
| s 1 | Safe Stop | SSM (Safe Sp | | Instance 2 | | | |
| s 2 | Safe Speed | SSR (Safe Sp | eed Range) | Instance 3 | | | |
| | Safe Position | SDI (Safe Dire | ection) | | | | |
| \mathbf{O} | | | ited Accelerati | | | | |
| \mathbf{U} | | | celeration Rang | | | | |
| | | < | > | | | Goto Safety Par | ameter Downloa |
| | | | | | | Goto Salety Fai | ameter Downioa |
| ifeID: 1] Axi | s 1 > Safe Speed | > SSR (Safe S | speed Ra | nge) > Ins | stance 1 | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| er Units (for inform | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| osition: N/A | | Velocity: N/A | | | cceleration: N | I/A | |
| Desition: N/A Type: Koll Description: Koll | | | | | Acceleration: N | I/A | - |
| osition: N/A Type: Koll | Imorgen AKD2G SMM | | | 1 | Acceleration: N | VA | |
| Desition: N/A Type: Koll Description: Koll | Imorgen AKD2G SMM | | v | / /alue | Acceleration: N | U/A Unit | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotic | | V | | Acceleration: N | | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter 2 Speed - SSR - Instance 1 | on Monitor | V ady for Activatio | 'alue | Acceleration: N | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter 2 Speed - SSR - Instance 1 | on Monitor | | 'alue | | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter 2 Speed - SSR - Instance 1 | on Monitor Rec Not | dy for Activatio | 'alue | | | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Actin Safe Input FSoE | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter 2 Speed - SSR - Instance 1 | on Monitor Rec Not | ady for Activatio | 'alue | Acceleration: N | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input Fsoe Time to Veloc | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter s Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation | on Monitor Rea Not Not | ady for Activatio | 'alue | ms | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Time to Veloc Velocity Uppe | Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotio Parameter 2 Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation ity Monitoring (t_SSR) | n Monitor Rea Not 2 | ady for Activatio | 'alue | ms Velocity | Unit | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input FSoE Time to Veloc Velocity Uppe Velocity Low | Parameter Parameter Parameter Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation ity Monitoring (t_SSR) er Limit (n_UL_SSR) | Prin Monitor Res Not Not 2 0 | ady for Activatio | 'alue | ms Velocity | Unit | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input FSoE Time to Veloc Velocity Uppe Velocity Low | Parameter e Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation ity Monitoring (t_SSR) er Limit (n_UL_SSR) city in Limits (t_L_SSR) | n Monitor Rea Not 2 0 0 1 | ady for Activatio | 'alue | ms Velocity Velocity | Unit | |
| Type: Koll Description: Koll Import file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input FSoE Time to Veloc Velocity Uppe Velocity Uppe Velocity Low Time for Velo | Parameter Parameter Parameter Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation ity Monitoring (L_SSR) er Limit (n_UL_SSR) er Limit (n_LL_SSR) Konitoring | n Monitor Rea Not 2 0 0 1 | dy for Activatio Used Used | 'alue | ms Velocity Velocity ms | Unit | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Function Action Axis 1 - Safe Function Action Safe Input FSoE Time to Veloc Velocity Uppe Velocity Uppe Velocity Uppe Velocity Low Deceleration Deceleration | Parameter Parameter Parameter Speed - SSR - Instance 1 vation ity Monitoring (L_SSR) er Limit (n_UL_SSR) er Limit (n_LL_SSR) Konitoring | on Monitor Rea Not 2 0 0 0 1 1 Ena 0 0 | dy for Activatio Used Used | 'alue | ms Velocity Velocity ms | Unit User Units User Units | |

9.4.13.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SSR has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SSR remains active and the internal state (AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.INTERNALSTATE) is set to failed state (5).

9.4.13.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.13.8 Safety Properties

9.4.14 SDI (Safe Direction)

SDIn/SDIp description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.14.1 Description

SDI monitors the direction of movement and activates a configurable fault reaction when a violation occurs. SDI consists of two sub-functions: SDIp (for positive direction) and SDIn (for negative direction). Both functions share

- the same position window paramater s_Zero_SDI,
- · the same velocity limit parameter n_Zero_SDI and
- the same configurable fault reaction.

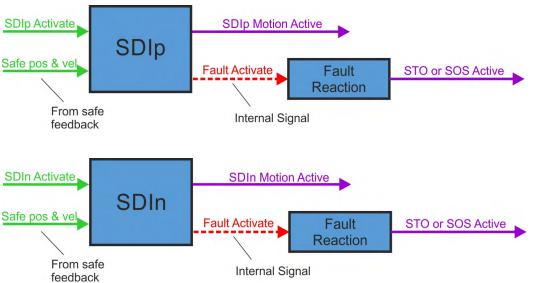
However, they have their own sources of activation and their own delay before monitoring (t_D_SDIp and t_D_SDIn):

- When SDIp is activated, the safety module prevents motion in the positive direction. The motion can either be in the negative direction or be stopped.
- When SDIn is activated, the safety module prevents motion in the negative direction. The motion can either be in the positive direction or be stopped.
- If both functions are activated at the same time, the motion must be stopped.

Number of Instances

One instance per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

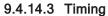
- SDIp Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- **SDIn Activate** can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- Safe pos & vel: position and velocity signal from safe feedback

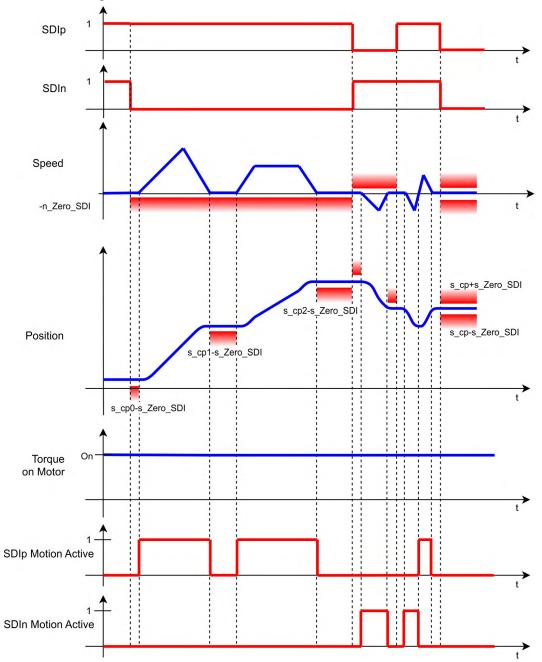
Outputs

- SDIp Motion Active: indicates whether the axis is moving in the positive direction
- SDIn Motion Active: indicates whether the axis is moving in the negative direction
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

| 9.4.1 | 14.2 | Activation |
|-------|------|------------|
| | | |

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → #205). |





s_cp defines the safe position which is taken while the function activates. It is used to compute the range of allowed position values that the axis can take while the position monitoring is activated. The range is computed by adding or substracting s_Zero_SDI to/from the parameter s_cp.

9.4.14.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|----------------------------|------------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #414) |
| Safe Input SDIp | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #421) |
| FSoE SDIp | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 420) |
| Safe Input SDIn | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #418) |
| FSoE SDIn | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #417) |
| Position Zero Window | s_Zero_SDI | 1 (Pos user units) | (→ # 415); usable value range depends on used encoder type, see (Limitations, → # 553) |
| Velocity Zero Window | n_Zero_SDI | 1 (Vel user units) | (→ #416) |
| Time Delay Monitoring SDIp | t_D_SDIp | 1 ms | (→ # 422) |
| Time Delay Monitoring SDIn | t_D_SDIn | 1 ms | (→ # 419) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ # 413) |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------|-------------------|
| SDIp Moving | - | - | (→ # 360) |
| SDIp Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 359) |
| SDIn Moving | - | - | (→ # 358) |
| SDIn Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 357) |

9.4.14.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SDI function (3) and the instance number (4).

| | of the safety parameters. | | | Learn more about this topic |
|--------|---------------------------|---------------------------|------------|--------------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Speed | Instances | |
| Common | General | SLS (Safe Limited Speed) | Instance 1 | |
| Axis 1 | Safe Stop | SSM (Safe Speed Monitor) | | |
| Axis 2 | Safe Speed | SSR (Safe Speed Range) | | |
| | Safe Position | SDI (Safe Direction) | | |
| 1 | 2 | SLA (Safe 3 eration Range | 4 | |
| | | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Download |

[SafeID: 1] Axis 1 > Safe Speed > SDI (Safe Direction) > Instance 1

| osition: N/A | Velocity: N/A | 4 | Acceleration: N/A |
|----------------------|-------------------------------------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| | n AKD2G SMM n AKD2G SafeMotion Monitor | | |
| | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| Axis 1 - Safe Spee | d - SDI - Instance 1 | | |
| Function Activation | | Ready for Activation | |
| Safe Input SDIp | | Safe input 1 (SIN1) | |
| FSoE SDIp | | Not Used | |
| Safe Input SDIn | | Safe input 2 (SIN2) | |
| FSoE SDIn | | Not Used | |
| Position Zero Window | w (s_Zero_SDI) | 1 | Position User Units |
| Velocity Zero Windo | w (n_Zero_SDI) | 1 | Velocity User Units |
| | a SDIn (t. D. SDIn) | 1 | ms |
| Time Delay Monitorin | a anih (r_n_anih) | | |
| - | | 1 | ms |

1

9.4.14.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SDI has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, the internal states of SDI (<u>AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp.INTERNALSTATE</u> and <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn.INTERNALSTATE</u>) are set to failed state (4).

9.4.14.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signals <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn.MOTIONACTIVE</u> and <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp.MOTIONACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signals must be mapped to the safe digital outputs. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.14.8 Safety Properties

9.4.15 SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)

SLA description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

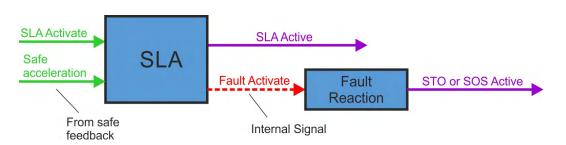
9.4.15.1 Description

SLA, when active, monitors the acceleration and ensures that it stays in an acceleration window. The acceleration window is described by the unsigned parameter a_SLA where -a_SLA defines the lower limit and +a_SLA defines the upper limit. If the acceleration leaves the acceleration window, a configurable fault reaction will be activated.

Number of Instances

One instance per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

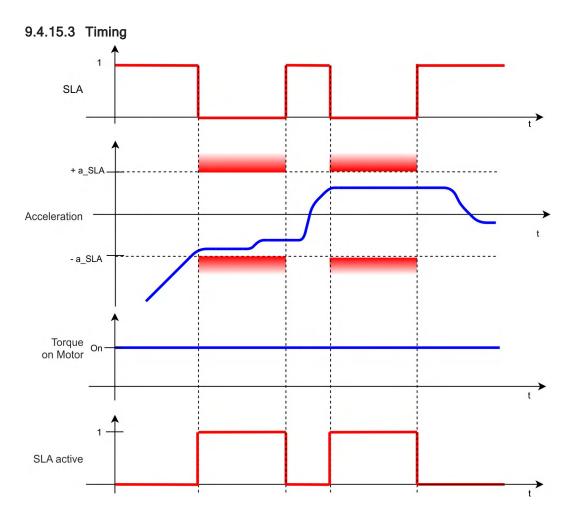
- SLA Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- Safe acceleration: signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SLA Active: logical status of the SLA function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.15.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | • For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |



9.4.15.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|---------------------|-----------|--------------------|-----------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #426) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #427) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #425) |
| Acceleration Limit | a_SLA | 1 (Acc user units) | (→ #423) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ #424) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ #361) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 362) |

9.4.15.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

| =N | eters Editor | | | Learn more about this |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|---------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Speed | Instances | |
| imon | General | SLS (Safe Limited Speed) | Instance 1 | |
| 1 | Safe Stop | SSM (Saf ged Monitor) | | |
| 2 | Safe Speed | SSR (Sat 3 ed Range) | | |
| | Safe Position | SDI (Safe Direction) | | |
| \mathbf{G} | | SLA (Safe Limited Acceleration SAR (Safe Acceleration Rand | | |
| \mathbf{U} | | | 4 | |
| | | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Dov |
| er Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll | ntion only) Ve morgen AKD2G SMM | SLA (Safe Limited Ac | | ation: N/A |
| er Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll | ation only) Ve | elocity: N/A | | |
| er Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll | ntion only) Ve morgen AKD2G SMM | elocity: N/A | | |
| r Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll nport file: - | ntion only) Ve morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion | elocity: N/A | Acceler | ation: N/A |
| r Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll nport file: - | ation only) We morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SLA - Instance 1 | elocity: N/A | Acceler | ation: N/A |
| r Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll nport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input | ation only) We morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SLA - Instance 1 | elocity: N/A Monitor | Acceler Value | ation: N/A |
| r Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll nport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE | ation only) Ve morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SLA - Instance 1 ration | Monitor | Acceler Value | ation: N/A |
| r Units (for informa sition: N/A ype: Koll escription: Koll port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input | ation only) We morgen AKD2G SMM morgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Speed - SLA - Instance 1 ation imit (a_SLA) | Monitor Ready for Active Safe input 1 (SIN | Acceler Value | ation: N/A |

Choose the axis (1), category (2) and the SLA function (3)

9.4.15.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SLA has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SLA remains active and the internal state (AXIS#.SAFE.SLA.INTERNALSTATE) is set to failed state (2).

9.4.15.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SLA.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.15.8 Safety Properties

Refer to (\rightarrow # 203).

9.4.16 SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)

SAR description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

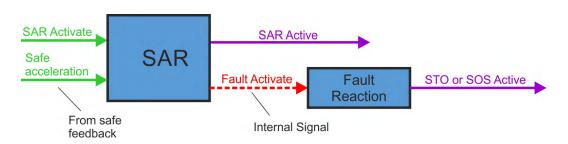
9.4.16.1 Description

SAR, when active, monitors the acceleration and ensures that it stays in an acceleration window. The acceleration window is defined by two parameters: a_UL_SAR (acceleration upper limit) and a_LL_SAR (acceleration lower limit). If the acceleration leaves the acceleration window a configurable fault reaction will be activated.

Number of instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input/Output variables



Inputs

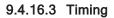
- SAR Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must me mapped)
- Safe acceleration: acceleration signal from safe feedback

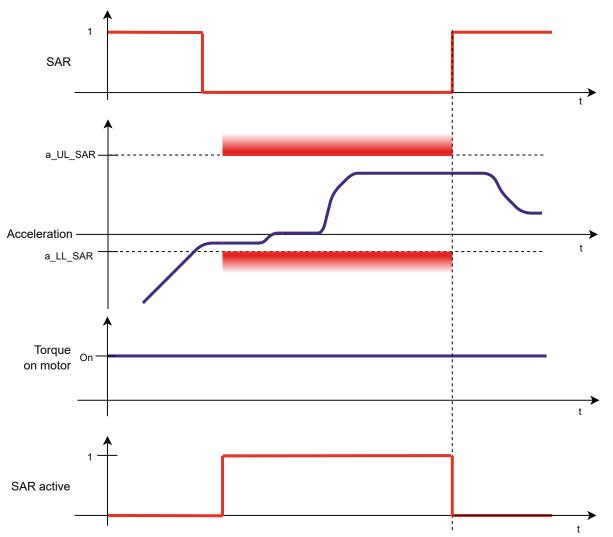
Outputs

- SAR Active: logical status of the SAR function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.16.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical |
| | • To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data (Technical Data)). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |





9.4.16.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ # 397) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 398) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 396) |
| Acceleration Upper Limit | a_UL_SAR | 1 (Acc user units) | (→ # 394) |
| Acceleration Lower Limit | a_LL_SAR | 1 (Acc user units) | (→ # 393) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ # 395) |

Diagnostic parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ #348) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ #349) |

9.4.16.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SAR function (3) and the instance number (4).

| Axes | Categories | Safe Speed | Instances | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| mon | General | SLS (Safe Limited Speed) | Instance 1 | |
| 1 | Safe Stop | SSM (Safe Speed Monitor) | Instance 2 | |
| 2 | Safe Speed | SSR (Safe Speed Range) | Instance 3 | |
| | Safe Position | SDI (Safe 3 jon) SLA (Safe Lunted Acceleration | | |
| (1) | (2) | SAR (Safe Acceleration Rang | 4 | |
| | _ | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Dow |
| ition: N/A | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM | kocity: N/A | Acceler | ration: N/A |
| ittion: N/A ppe: Kol escription: Kol | Ve | | Acceler | ration: N/A |
| vpe: Kol escription: Kol | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM | Monitor | Acceler | ration: N/A |
| sition: N/A upe: Kol escription: Kol aport file: - | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion | Monitor | | |
| sition: N/A ppe: Kol escription: Kol pport file: - | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter e Speed - SAR - Instance 1 | Monitor V Ready for Activation | alue | |
| sition: N/A escription: Kol port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter e Speed - SAR - Instance 1 | Monitor | alue | |
| sition: N/A ype: Kol escription: Kol port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acta | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter e Speed - SAR - Instance 1 | Monitor V Ready for Activation | alue | |
| sition: N/A escription: Kol port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input FSoE | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter e Speed - SAR - Instance 1 | Monitor V Ready for Activatio Not Used | alue | |
| escription: Kol nport file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Acti Safe Input FSoE Acceleration | Ve Imorgen AKD2G SMM Imorgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter e Speed - SAR - Instance 1 vation | Monitor V Ready for Activatio Not Used Not Used | alue | Unit |

9.4.16.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SAR has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SAR remains active and the internal state (<u>AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_</u><u>#.INTERNALSTATE</u>) is set to failed state (2).

9.4.16.7 Safety State / Status signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.16.8 Safety Properties

9.4.17 SLI (Safely Limited Increment)

SLI description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.17.1 Description

SLI, when active, monitors the incremental position and ensures that it stays in a position window. This position window is defined as follows:

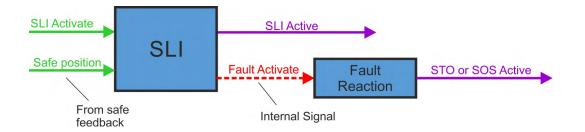
The position is taken at the time where the function gets activated. For the upper limit the parameter s_UL_SLI is added. For the lower limit the parameter s_LL_SLI is substracted. If the position leaves the position window a configurable fault reaction will be activated.

If necessary, the start of monitoring can be delayed by using the configurable parameter t_D_SLI.

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

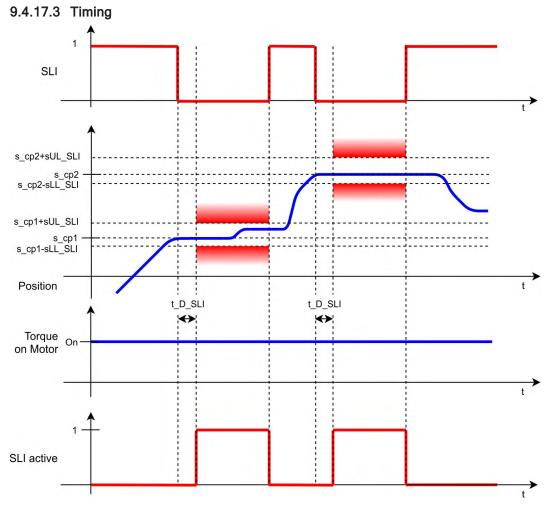
- SLI Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- **Safe position**: position signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SLI Active: logical status of the SLI function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.17.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). |
| | To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical Data, → # 210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |



 s_cp defines the safe position which is taken while the function gets activated. It is used to compute the range of allowed position values that the axis can take while the position monitoring is activated. The range is computed by adding or subtracting s_UL_SLI/s_LL_SLI to/from the parameter s_cp .

9.4.17.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #430) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #433) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #429) |
| Position Relative Upper Limit | s_UL_SLI | 1 (Pos user units) | (→ # 432); usable value range depends on used encoder type, see (Limitations, → # 553) |
| Position Relative Lower Limit | s_LL_SLI | 1 (Pos user units) | (→ # 431); usable value range depends on used encoder type, see (Limitations, → # 553) |
| Time Delay Monitoring | t_D_SLI | 0 ms | (→ #434) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ #428) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ # 363) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ #364) |

9.4.17.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose axis (1), category (2), SLI function (3) and the instance number (4).

| | f the safety parameters. | | | |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|------------|---------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Position | Instances | |
| non | General | SLI (Safe Limited Increment) | | |
| 1 | Safe Stop | SLP (Safe Limited Position) | Instance 2 | |
| 2 | Safe Speed Safe Position | SCA (Safe CAm) | Instance 3 | |
| 0 | Sale Position | - | ~ | |
| (1) | (2) | (3) | (4) | |
| U | | | | |
| | | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Dov |
| Units (for informa ition: N/A pe: Kolli scription: Kolli | tion only) | > SLI (Safe Limited Inv Notive: N/A | | ration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM | slocity: N/A | | |
| Units (for information: N/A De: Kolli scription: Kolli port file: - | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter | elocity: N/A Monitor | | |
| Units (for information: N/A | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 | elocity: N/A Monitor | Accele | ration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A be: Kolla scription: Kolla boot file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 | Monitor | Accele | ration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A be: Kolli scription: Kolli boot file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 | Monitor | Accele | ration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A Dee: Kollissoription: Kollis | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 ation | Monitor | Accele | ration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A be: Kolli scription: Kolli bott file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Position Relativ | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 ation re Upper Limit (s_UL_SLI) | Monitor Ready for Activatio Not Used 1 | Accele | Tration: N/A |
| Units (for information: N/A be: Kolli scription: Kolli port file: - Axis 1 - Safe Function Activ Safe Input FSoE Position Relatin Position Relatin | tion only) Ve norgen AKD2G SMM norgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter Position - SLI - Instance 1 ation | Monitor | Accele | ration: N/A |

9.4.17.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SLI has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SLI remains active and the internal state (AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.INTERNALSTATE) is set to failed state (3).

9.4.17.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.ACTIVE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.17.8 Safety Properties

9.4.18 SLP (Safely Limited Position)

SLP description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.18.1 Description

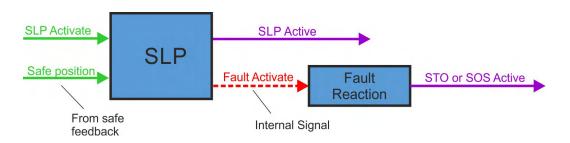
When active, SLP monitors the position and ensures that it stays in a position window. The upper limit of the position window is defined by the parameter s_UL_SLP and the lower limit is defined by the parameter s_LL_SLP. If the position leaves this position window while the function is active, a configurable fault reaction will be activated.

If necessary, the start of monitoring can be delayed by using the configurable parameter t_D_SLP.

Number of instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Inputs

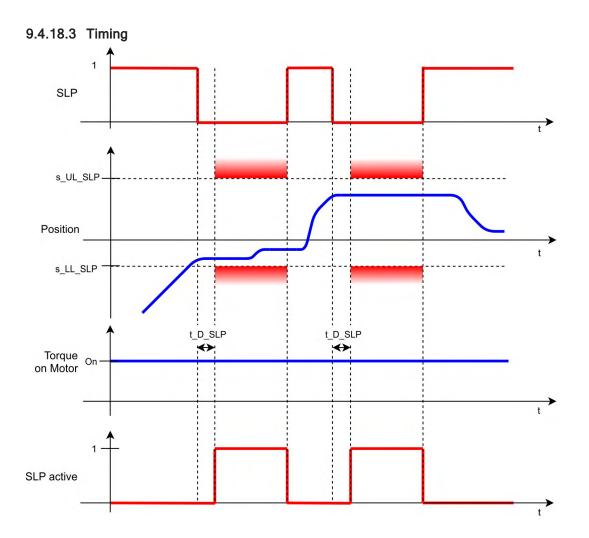
- SLP Activate can be triggered by FSoE or safe digital inputs (must be mapped)
- Safe Position: position signal from safe feedback

Outputs

- SLP Active: logical status of the SLP function
- Fault Activate: activate fault reaction

9.4.18.2 Activation

| Activation by FSoE | For a drive profile overview, see FSoE (FSoE, → # 213). For setup and handling, see the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual. |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Activation by safe digital inputs | To review the enclosure and wiring instructions, see Enclosure, wiring (Enclosure, wiring, → # 198). To see technical data for the safe inputs, see Technical Data (Technical |
| | Data, \rightarrow #210). |
| | For notes on activation by safe inputs, see Activation by Safety Digital Inputs (Activation By Safe Digital Inputs, → # 205). |



9.4.18.4 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|-----------------------|-----------|--------------------|-------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ # 437) |
| Safe Input | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #440) |
| FSoE | - | 0 (Not used) | (→ #436) |
| Position Upper Limit | s_UL_SLP | 1 (Pos user units) | (→ #439) |
| Position Lower Limit | s_LL_SLP | 1 (Pos user units) | (→ #438) |
| Time Delay Monitoring | t_D_SLP | 0 ms | (→ #441) |
| Fault Reaction | - | 1 (STO) | (→ #435) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| Function Active Status | - | - | (→ #365) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ # 366) |

9.4.18.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view "Parameters Editor" (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose axis (1), category (2), SLP function (3) and the instance number (4).

| ommon is 1 is 2 | General Safe Stop Safe Speed | SLI (Safe Limited Increment) SLP (Safe Limited Position) | Instance 1 Instance 2 | | |
|-----------------------|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------|--|
| | Safe Speed | | Instance 2 | | |
| is 2 | | CCA (C 1 CA) | industrioo L | | |
| | | SCA (Safe CAm) | Instance 3 | | |
| | Safe Position | | | | |
| (1) | | | (4) | | |
| U. | | O | U. | | |
| | | < > | | Goto Safety Parameter Down | |
| Import file: - | | | | | |
| | Parameter | | Value | Unit | |
| | tion - SLP - Instance 1 | | | | |
| Function Activation | | Ready for Activat | tion | | |
| | | Not Used | | | |
| Safe Input | FSOE | | | | |
| FSoE | | Not Used | | | |
| | | Not Used 1 1 | | Position User Units Position User Units | |
| | | | tion | | |
| | | Not Used | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Safe Input | | | | | |
| Cafe locut | | Not Used | | | |
| Tunouon Acuvation | | | | | |
| Axis 1 - Safe Posi | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

9.4.18.6 Fault Reaction / Failure Messages

SLP has a configurable fault reaction. STO is used by default but can be replaced by SS1 Instance 1 or SS2 Instance 1. When the fault reaction is activated, SLP remains active and the internal state ("AXIS#.SAFE.SLP_#.INTERNALSTATE" (\rightarrow # 366)) is set to failed state (2).

9.4.18.7 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal (\rightarrow # 365) can be monitored by safe digital outputs with "OSSD" (\rightarrow # 212) pulses. The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to "Functional Safety Parameter Reference" (\rightarrow # 315).

9.4.18.8 Safety Properties

9.4.19 SCA (Safe Cam)

SCA description for drive option Functional Safety 3.

9.4.19.1 Description

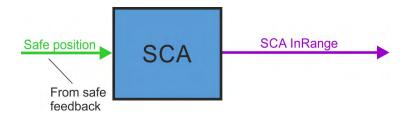
SCA is a pure monitoring function which has no fault reaction. Once configured, it stays activated monitoring whether the position stays within a position window. The parameter n_UL_SCA defines the upper limit and the parameter n_LL_SCA defines the lower limit of this window.

The SCA function returns a logical status, called InRange, which tells whether the position is currently located in the position window or not.

Number of Instances

Three instances per axis.

Function Input / Output Variables



Input

• Safe position: position signal from safe feedback

Outputs

• SCA InRange: logical status telling if the position is in the range defined by the SCA function

9.4.19.2 Activation

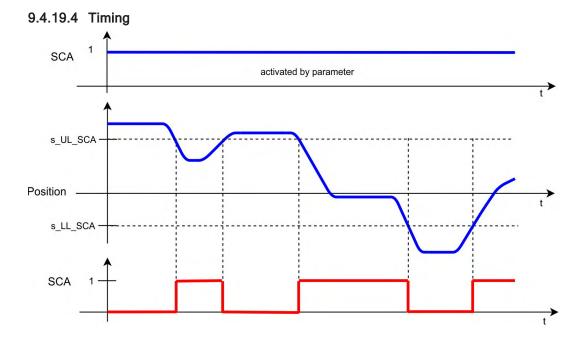
No activation source. Once configured in the safety parameters, it stays activated.

9.4.19.3 Related Parameters

Safety parameters

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|----------------------|-----------|--------------------|------------------|
| Function Activation | - | 0 (Never active) | (→ #407) |
| Position Upper Limit | s_UL_SCA | 0 (Pos user units) | (→ #409) |
| Position Lower Limit | s_LL_SCA | 0 (Pos user units) | (→ #408) |

| Name | Variables | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------------|-----------|---------|------------------|
| SCA In Range | - | - | (→ #355) |
| Function Internal Status | - | - | (→ #356) |



9.4.19.5 Setup in WorkBench

Select the drive and open the Safety Parameterization view (\rightarrow # 293).

Choose the axis (1), category (2), SCA function (3) and the instance number (4).

| Axes | Categories | Safe Position | Instances | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|------------|------------------------------|
| ommon | General | SLI (Safe Limited Increment) | | |
| is 1 | Safe Stop | SLP (Safe Limited Position) | Instance 2 | |
| is 2 | Safe Speed | SCA (Safe CAm) | Instance 3 | |
| (1) | Safe Position | 3 | | |
| U. | | < > | U. | Goto Safety Parameter Downlo |
| - ser Units (for informat | on only) | > SCA (Safe CAm) > I | | E |
| afel D:1] Axis serUnits (forinformati Position:N/A | on only) | > SCA (Safe CAm) > I locity: N/A | | tion: N/A |
| ser Units (for informati Position: N/A Type: Kollm | on only) | locity: N/A | | tion: N/A |
| ser Units (for informati Position: N/A Type: Kollm Description: Kollm | on only) Ve orgen AKD2G SMM | locity: N/A | | tion: N/A |
| Ser Units (for information Position: N/A Type: Kollm Description: Kollm Import file: - | on only) Ve orgen AKD2G SMM orgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter osition - SCA - Instance 1 | locity: N/A Monitor | Accelera | |
| Ser Units (for informations) Position: N/A Type: Kollm Description: Kollm Import file: - | on only) Ve orgen AKD2G SMM orgen AKD2G SafeMotion Parameter osition - SCA - Instance 1 | locity: N/A | Accelera | |

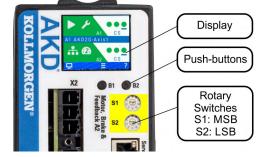
9.4.19.6 Safety State / Status Signals

The signal <u>AXIS#.SAFE.SCA_#.INRANGE</u> can be monitored by safe digital outputs with OSSD pulses (\rightarrow # 212). The status signal must be mapped to the safe digital output. Two outputs can be combined to a dual channel output. For parameter description refer to (\rightarrow # 315).

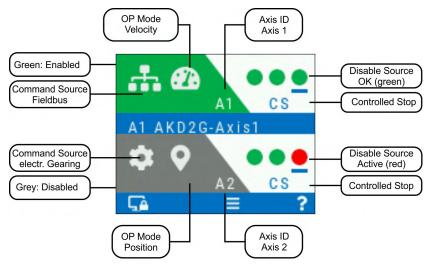
9.4.19.7 Safety Properties

9.5 Settings

9.5.1 Display, Push-Buttons and Rotary Switches



Display (example for a dual-axis module)



Push buttons (B1, B2)

A short button press invokes the action corresponding to the symbol directly above the button. On the dashboard for example,

- a short press on B1 causes the menu system to appear, and
- a short press on B2 causes a help screen to appear.
- A long press (greater than 2 seconds) on B2 returns the display to the previous screen.

| B1 / B2 Functions | Description |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Boot from SD card | Push both buttons during power up to boot with data from the SD card. Press the buttons first, then hold it down while turning on the 24V power supply. |
| Boot from flash fallback image | Remove the SD card, then press both buttons and hold them down while turning on the 24V power supply to boot from an on-board recovery image. |
| SafeID Validation | Push B2 to acknowledge SafeID validation request on the display. |

Rotary switches (S1, S2)

Two decimal coded rotary switches are used to set a unique SafeID for the drive. S1 sets the tens place, S2 sets the ones place.

Process:

- 1. Switch off 24V supply voltage.
- 2. Set S1 and S2 to a unique SafeID.
- 3. Switch on the 24V supply voltage.

9.5.2 Default Safety Parameters

Default device parameters

The AKD2Gships with pre-configured default safety parameters. The SafeID will be set to 1 and a set of parameters will be downloaded in the non-volatile memory of the SMM. The drive is ready to operate with pre-configured STO function. When these parameters are cleared or when the SafeID is changed, this parameter set is lost and cannot be retrieved.

WorkBench: default safety parameters

These are the parameters pre-configured on the safety device when added as a new safety device to a safety project. The SafeID is set to 1 by default. You can change these parameters. The default values correspond to the pre-programmed default device parameters.

FSoE parametrization: default parameters

Safety parameters can be downloaded through EtherCAT SDO (\rightarrow #298) and then validated through FSoE using the SRA CRC (<u>AXISx.SAFE.FSOE.SRACRC</u>). By default, parameters will be downloaded with their default values found in the ESI file.

To use FSoE parametrization, clear the parameters from the non-volatile memory. The FSoE parameters are stored in the volatile memory only and they will be invalidated after a reboot or a restart of the FSoE stack.

9.5.3 SafeID

NOTICE

If you configure a functional safety system, you have the responsibility to ensure that:

- every AKD2G has a distinct SafeID,
- every device on the safe fieldbus has a unique FSoE address,
- the SafeID is adjusted to the application during commissioning (→ # 201),
- the SafeID is validated to the application (→ # 307).

Restarting the drive after changing the SafeID will result in the loss of this default configuration and will cause a nonoperational state as long as no other parameter package is downloaded and validated.

Restarting the drive after changing the SafeID in general will invalidate the current safety configuration. Returning the SafeID to the previously configured value afterwards will not revalidate the previously used configuration. In order to use this or another configuration again, a new download and validation of a parameter package is necessary.

The SafeID value 00 will also invalidate/clear the safety configuration after a restart but cannot be used as regular value for operation.

The SafeID is calculated based on the rotary switches setting:

SafeID = 10 • S1 + S2

Example:

Rotary switches: S1 = 2, S2 = $3 \rightarrow$ SafeID = $10 \cdot 2 + 3 = 23$

Default: When shipped, the SafeID is preset to 01 by default (SafeID = 1). The default safety configuration is bound to this SafeID.

9.5.4 FSoE Node Address

The unique FSoE address for every axis is derived from the set SafeID.

| Axis | FSoE address | Minimum FSoE Address | Maximum FSoE Address |
|------|-----------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 1 | SafeID • 100 +1 | 101 | 9901 |
| 2 | SafeID • 100 +2 | 102 | 9902 |

Example for FSoE address setting:

Rotary switches setting: S1 = 2, S2 = $3 \rightarrow$ SafeID = 10 • 2 + 3 = 23 Resulting FSoE address for axis 1 : 23 • 100 + 1 = 2301 Resulting FSoE address for axis 2 : 23 • 100 + 2 = 2302

Default: With default SafeID setting (01) the resulting FSoE addresses are 101/102.

9.5.5 Instances

Many safety functions offer several instances. An instance is an independent, separately selectable and configurable variant of the respective function. The activation source for each instance can be selected individually (safe digital input or FSoE).

Some instances are additionally marked with "Fault Reaction". A "Fault Reaction" can be triggered by safety functions, I/O failures and critical internal failures.

NOTE

SS1 instance 1 and STO are the default fault reactions and cannot be deactivated. Configure these instances accordingly.

9.5.6 WorkBench Safety Function Setup

You can easily configure the safety parameters using KollmorgenWorkBench. The safety parameter configuration, download, and validation are completely integrated.

WorkBench performs a plausibility check which helps to identify improper configurations. If the configuration passes the plausibility check, WorkBench creates a safety parameter file. This file can be downloaded to the drive through WorkBench or it can be exported. Once the safety parameters are configured, downloaded, and validated through WorkBench, the safety configuration will be persistent and no new configuration will be necessary after power cycle.

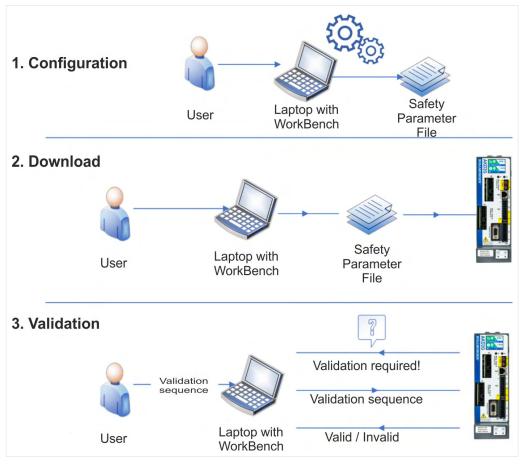
Preconditions

- AKD2G Service port X20 (→ # 160) is connected through either an Ethernet cable that is directly connected to the computer or to a network switch.
- Auxiliary voltage is connected to the AKD2G's X10 and switched on.
- WorkBench is installed.

Activating a Safety Configuration within the SMM:

- 1. Configure the safety parameters.
- 2. Download the safety parameters (\rightarrow # 297) to the drive through:
 - WorkBench (Telnet): persistent safety configuration, or
 - EtherCAT (FoE): persistent safety configuration, or
 - EtherCAT (FSoE): non-persistent safety configuration.
- 3. Validate the safety parametrization.

Possible scenario:



9.5.6.1 Project Building (Online)

The steps below will guide you through project building online.

NOTE: Offline project building is also available and Step 3 shows you where to choose to work either online or offline.

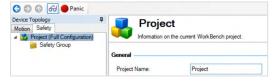
- 1. Start WorkBench.
- 2. Under Start, select the New Project... link to create a new project.

| Edit View Tools Help | |
|------------------------------------------------|---------------|
| ● Gid ● Panic | |
| Kollmorgen WorkBench | KOLLMORGE |
| Quick Start | |
| Connect to an Ethernet device on your network. | vices shown 7 |
| < | |
| Brk | Correct |
| Start | |
| Create a new project | |

3. Select the **Add New Device** button to add a device to the project. The Add New Kollmorgen Device dialog appears.

| New Device Add New Group Ma | Project Information on the current WorkE Information on the current WorkE Information on the current WorkE Information of the Path: Information of | Do you want to work online or off Work Bench has found the followi Name Status | g devices. | V Contract Tell me more | | e no devices shown? |
|----------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Pro Pro New Device Add New Group Ma | ject Name: Project ject File Path: | Name Status | IP Addr Protocols | MAC Ad Model Number | Serial Number | Firmware Version |
| | | | | | | |
| Devi | ety Features: STO Only | < Specify Address: Refresh Network Connections | | | Configure | Blink. |
| | | Name Bluetooth Network Connection Ethernet Ethernet 2 Ethernet 3 Local Area Connection* 1 | Status Disconnected Disconnected Disconnected Disconnected Disconnected | Device Na IP Address Bluetooth Intel(R) E Cisco Any 10.8.217.4 Realtek U Microsoft | Mask 255.255.254.0 | Discovery Prote A Broadcast Broadcast Broadcast Broadcast Broadcast |
| | | | | | OK | Cancel |

- 4. Select the device to be added to the project and select OK.
- 5. In the Safety tab, under Device Topology, select Project.



6. Under Safety, set the Safety Features drop-down to Safe Functions.

| Safety Features: | Safe Functions Y | | |
|------------------------------|------------------|------------|----------------------------------------|
| Full Configuration Password: | STO Only | Change Bud | Allows configuration and commissioning |
| Tail Conligatation Tassword. | Safe Functions | Change Pwu | |
| Commissioning Password: | | Set Pwd | Allows only commissioning. |

7. Set the Full Configuration Password.

This password is required to access and edit the safety configuration for the project and to generate safety packages.

Note: A Commissioning Password is not required for safety setup. However, it is required to download and activate a safety parameter set into a device. The access provided by the Commissioning Password does not allow the user to edit safety parameters.

- 8. Under Device Topology, open the Safety tab.
- 9. Select the Safety Group and change the Group Name if required.
- 10. Select the Available Device to be added to the Safety Group.

| Learn more about this topic |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Learn more about this topic |
| |
| |
| roup. Each safety group can contain up to 10 devices and will have 1 CRC for the whole group, ensuring Model |
| AK026-SPE-6W3D-A3F3-0000 |
| |
| |
| # ; |
| |
| |
| safety g |

- 11. Select Add Device to add the device to the group.
- 12. Under Device Topology select the Parameters Editor in order to parameterize the safety functions.

| Vice Topology Safety Project (Full Configuration) Safety Group | Configuration of t | eters Edit the safety parameter | or | | | | | Learn more about th | his topic |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|---|---|------|--------|---------------------|-----------|
| Jay-1 (Online) | Axes | General | ones | | | | | | |
| | Axis 1 | Inputs | | | | | | | |
| | Axis 2 | Outputs | | | | | | | |
| | | Encoders | ~ | | | | Goto S | Safety Parameter Do | ownload |
| Jay-1 (Online) | [SafeID: 1] Com | nmon > Gene | | _ | | _ | _ | R | 2 |
| New Group Pay-1 (Online) Terminal Parameters Viewer Diagnostics Parameters Editor SafeMotion Settings | Type: Kollm Description: Kollm Import file: | nmon > Gene orgen AKD2G SM orgen AKD2G Sa | M ieMotion Monitor | | | | | Ĩ | |
| Day-1 (Online) Terminal Parameters Viewer Diagnostics Parameters Editor | Type: Kollm Description: Import file: P | orgen AKD26 SM orgen AKD26 Sa arameter | м | | - | Unit | - | E | |
| Day-1 (Online) Terminal Parameters Viewer Go Diagnostics Parameters Editor | Type: Kollm Description: Kollme Import file: P Common - Gei | orgen AKD26 SM orgen AKD26 Sa arameter | M ieMotion Monitor | | | Unit | | | |
| Day-1 (Online) Terminal Parameters Viewer Diagnostics Parameters Editor | Type: Kollm Description: Import file: P | orgen AKD26 SM orgen AKD26 SM orgen AKD26 Sa | M ieMotion Monitor | | | Unt | | | |

9.5.6.2 Parameters Editor

The Parameters Editor view provides the ability to set up safety parameters and define the safety groups using the options available under Axes, Categories, and other sections that may appear depending on your selection.

Jump to a topic in this section:

- "Common Safety Parameters" (→ # 294)
- "Axis Safety Parameters" (→ # 296)
- "Defining a Parameterization Package" (→ # 296)
- "Viewing, Exporting, or Deleting A Parameterization Package" (→ # 296)

Common Safety Parameters

Common Safety Parameters that may be changed include:

- "General Safety Settings" (→ # 294)
- "Safe Input Settings" (→ # 295)
- "Safe Output Settings" (→ # 295)

General Safety Settings

To access the General safety settings in the Parameters Editor:

- 1. Under Axes, select Common.
- 2. Under Categories, select General.

| Nollmorgen WorkBench | | | - 0 | o x |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------|
| File Edit View Tools Hel | P | | | |
| 🔇 🔘 🕢 🔂 🔴 Panic 🔢 Dis | able & Clear Faults Save To Device Disco | onnect 📾 Axis 1 (1) Enable Stop 0 - Service 🗸 | 2 - Position • Axis 2 (2) Enable Stop 0 - Service • 2 - Position | - |
| Device Topology 9 Motion Safety Project (Full Configuration) Safety Group Day-1 (Online) | Parameters Edit Configuration of the safety parameter Axes Cather Common General Axis 1 Axis 2 Dutputs Outputs | | 🧭 Leam more ab | bout this topi |
| | Encoders | | Goto Safety Paramet | ter Downloa |
| Add New Group a 🥥 Day-1 (Online) | [SafeID: 1] Common > Gen | eral | | 2 |
| Terminal Parameters Viewer Dibignostics Parameters Editor SafeMotion Settings | Type: Kollmorgen AKD2G SU Description: Kollmorgen AKD2G Su Import file: - | NM AfeMotion Monitor | | |
| | Parameter | Value | Unit | |
| | Common - General | | | |
| | SafelD | 1 | | |
| | Safe Fieldbus Activation | Not Activated | | |
| | VO Failure Acknowledgement | Not used | | |

The SafeID (set with the rotary switches on the drive) is visible in the first line.

Safe Input Settings

To access the Safe input settings in the Parameters Editor:

- 1. Under Axes, select Common.
- 2. Under Categories, select Inputs.

| Kollmorgen WorkBench | | | - 🗆 X |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------|
| File Edit View Tools He | lp | | |
| 🔊 🕥 🐼 🔴 Panic 🛛 Dis | sable & Clear Faults Save To Device Disconnect 📟 Axis 1 (1) | inable Stop 0 - Service + 2 - Position + 📾 | Axis 2 (2) Enable Stop 0 - Service + 2 - Position + |
| evice Topology 4 Ideion Safety Project (Full Configuration) Project (Full Configuration) (Day-1 (Online) | Parameters Editor Configuration of the safety parameters. Aves Categories Common General Avia 2 Outputs Encoders | | 🥥 Lean more about this too |
| | | | Goto Safety Parameter Downloa |
| d New Group | [SafeID: 1] Common > Inputs | | 2 |
| Terminal Parameters Viewer Signostics Parameters Editor SafeMotion Settings | Type: Kollmorgen AKD26 SMM Description: Kollmorgen AKD26 SafeMotion Monitor Import file: - | | |
| | Parameter | Value | Unit |
| | Common - Inputs | | |
| | Distinct Pulse Monitoring | Disabled | |
| | | | |
| | SIN1DUAL Activation (SIN1/2) | Enabled | |

If the application requires dual channel inputs for a safety function, enable the safe input pair to be used. For more information on the SINDUAL# parameters, refer to (SAFEPARAM.SINDUAL#.EN, \rightarrow # 536).

Safe Output Settings

To access the safe output settings in the Parameters Editor:

- 1. Under Axes, select Common.
- 2. Under Categories, select Outputs.

| 1 Kollmorgen WorkBench | | | - 🗆 X |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| File Edit View Tools Help | | Stop 0 - Service - 2 - Position - Axis 2 (2) E | nable Stop 0 - Service - 2 - Position - |
| Device Topology 4 Motion Safety Project (Full Configuration) 2 By-1 (Online) | Aves Categories Aves Categories Aves Categories Aves Categories Aves Categories Aves Categories Control Inputs Aves Categories Encoders | | Coto Safety Parameter Download |
| | | | Goto Salety Parameter Download |
| dd New Group | [SafeID: 1] Common > Outputs | | 1 |
| Parameters Viewer Oragnostics Parameters Editor SafeMotion Settings | Type: Kollmorgen AKD26 SMM Description: Kollmorgen AKD26 SafeMotion Monitor Import Re: - | | |
| | Parameter | Value | Unit ^ |
| | Common - Outputs | | |
| | SOUT1DUAL Activation (SOUT1/2) | Disabled | |
| | SOUT2DUAL Activation (SOUT3/4) | Disabled | |
| | | | |
| | SOUT1DUAL Source | Off | |

If the application requires dual channel outputs for a status message, enable the output pair to be used. For parameter descriptions, see (SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.EN, \rightarrow # 537).

Axis Safety Parameters

To set the axis safety parameters:

- 1. Choose the Axis.
- 2. Under Categories, select a category.
- 3. Under Safe Stop, select the safe function needed.
- 4. Under Instances, select the Instance Number.

| Configuration of t | | | |
|--------------------|---------------|---------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Axes | Categories | Safe Stop | Instances |
| Common | General | STO (Safe Torque Off) | Instance 1 (Fault Reaction) |
| Axis 1 | Safe Stop | SS1 (Safe Stop 1) | |
| Axis 2 | Safe Speed | SS2 (Safe Stop 2) | |
| | Safe Position | SOS (Safe Operating Stop) | |
| (1) | (2) | SBC (Safe 3 Control) | (4) |
| | | SBT (Safe Drake Test) | |
| | | SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake) | |

For more information on a specific safety function, (\rightarrow # 203). For parameter descriptions, (\rightarrow # 315).

Defining a Parameterization Package

A Parameterization Package (or parameter bundle) must be defined after all parameters for all safety functions and devices are set.

To define a Parameterization Package:

- 1. Select the Safety tab under Device Topology and select the Group Name.
- 2. Select the Safety Parameters tab for that group.
- 3. Under Current Configuration, select New Package.

| * Kollmorgen WorkBench | - 🗆 X |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| File Edit View Tools He | p |
| Device Topology Motion Safety | Safety Group Configure safety group properties. |
| | Current Configuration Manages the sofety parameters from all the devices contained in this safety group. To program your devices, you should first create a package for the group, it will then appear in the package list below. Run Plausability Check. Run Plausability Check. |
| Add New Group | Parameterization Packages List of packages generated for the safety group. To view or download a package to devices, please select it in the list and then click the desired action. |
| | Group CRC Date Filename |

The new package is then listed underneath the Parameterization Packages section.

| st of packages general | ed for the safety group. To view or dow | nload a package to devices, please select it in the list and then click the desired actio | in. |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------|
| Group CRC | Date | Filename | SView |
| x8771D806 | 2/3/2023 9:58:44 AM | Project_Safety Group_0x8771D806 zip | Download |

Viewing, Exporting, or Deleting A Parameterization Package

To view the contents of a Parameterization Package:

- 1. Select the desired package.
- 2. Select the drop-down arrow next to View.

3. Select View Parameter Report.



- To save a parameterization package externally, select the package from the list and select Export.
- To delete a package, select the package from the list and select **Delete**.



9.5.6.3 Downloading Safety Parameter Packages

This page outlines how to download safety parameter packages created with WorkBench and how to export these packages through EtherCAT FoE and FSoE. If you need help setting up safety parameters, see (WorkBench Safety Function Setup, \rightarrow # 291).

Downloading Safety Parameter Packages through WorkBench

The following steps outline how to download a safety parameter package using the WorkBench GUI:

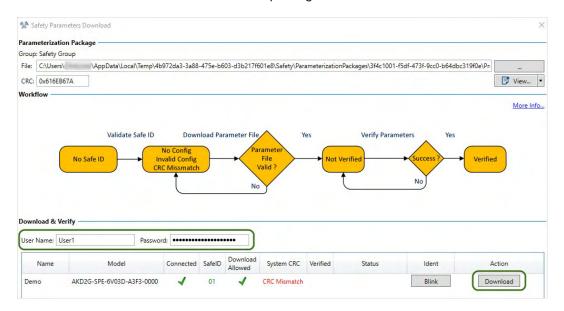
- 1. Go to the Safety tab under Device Topology. Then, select Safety Group under Project.
- 2. In the **Safety Group** view, navigate to the **Safety Parameters** tab, then under **Parametrization Packages**, select the package to be sent to the drive.
- 3. Select the Download... button.

| Safet | y Group | | Learn more about this to |
|-----------------------------------------------|-----------------------|------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------|
| Configure sa | fety group properties | i. | |
| neral Safety Para | ameters | | |
| Current Configura Manages the safet | | II the devices contained in this safety group. | To program your devices, you should |
| | | will then appear in the package list below. | |
| Run Plausibility C | heck Ne | w Package | |
| then click the desir Group CRC | enerated for the safe | ety group. To view or download a package to | devices, please select it in the list and |
| 0x0AEC9ECC | 2/9/2023 9:07:34 | Project_Safety Group_0x0AEC9ECC.zip | Download |
| | | | |
| | | | Export |

4. A Safety Parameters Download window will pop-up after Download... is selected. Enter your user name and password under Download & Verify.

Any alphanumeric text between 8 and 25 characters can be put in the user name field. The default password is SafeMotionMonitor**xyz**, where **xyz** is the last three characters of the drive's serial number. The serial number can be found by entering DRV.INFO in the terminal or by checking the device name plate. If the serial number is R2-2022-00004, the default password is SafeMotionMonitor004.

5. Select the **Download** button to transmit the package to the drive.



6. Enter the drive's SafeID (1), then select **Verify** (2). This ensures the intended matching parameter package is loaded to the drive.

| er Name: U | ser1 Passwor | rd: •••••• | •••••• | | | | | | |
|------------|---------------------------|------------|--------|---------------------|------------|----------|--------|-------|---------------------|
| Name | Model | Connected | SafeID | Download Allowed | System CRC | Verified | Status | Ident | 1 Action 2 |
| ay-1 | AKD2G-SPE-6V03D-A3F3-0000 | 1 | 01 | 1 | 0x0AEC9ECC | | | Blink | Enter SafeID Verify |

The safety configuration will be persistent and no configuration is required after power cycle.

Downloading Safety Parameter Packages via FoE

The AKD2G drive allows users to download safety parameter files and validate the safety configuration via the file access over EtherCAT (FoE) protocol.

The following steps outline how to export and download safety parameter packages through FoE:

Step 1: Export the file via FoE

- 1. Go to the Safety tab under Device Topology and select the safety group for your project.
- 2. In the **Safety Group** view, navigate to the **Safety Parameters** tab, then select the safety parameter package to be exported under **Parametrization Packages**.
- 3. Select the Export button.

| neral Safety Par | ameters | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|
| | ty parameters | from all the devices contained in this safet up, it will then appear in the package list b | ty group. To program your devices, you should |
| Run Plausibility C | | New Package | |
| arameterization | Package - | | |
| List of packages g then click the desir | enerated for th red action. | | ackage to devices, please select it in the list and |
| List of packages g then click the desir Group CRC | enerated for th red action. Date | Filename | View |
| List of packages g then click the desir | enerated for th red action. | Filename | View |
| then click the desir Group CRC | enerated for th red action. Date | Filename | DECC.zip |
| List of packages g then click the desir Group CRC | enerated for th red action. Date | Filename | ECC zip |

4. After **Export** is selected, a **Save As** window will pop-up. The file must be saved in the **.i00** format.

| » Decu У С | ,P Search Documents | |
|----------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| | | 0 |
| na ^ | Date modified | 3 |
| veNicte Nictebooks | 2/1/2523 10:56 AM | 14 |
| sgit | 2/9/2023 9:09 AM | 11 |
| Nety Group 1_0x7C5AE28A.00 | 2/3/2023 9:59 AM | 10 |
| fety Group_0x4F3A7DA8.00 | 2/2/2023 3:40 PM | 0 |
| | | |
| | Ange 1.047054254.00 Ange 0.47054254.00 Ange 0.47054254.00 | Date modified Date modified Date modified ZV/2021 10.56 AM agt 2/9/2023 5:09 AM forg Group 1,0x7C34258A00 2/5/2023 5:09 AM forg Group, 0x473A7D48.00 2/5/2023 1:40 PM wx4F3A7DA8.00 |

5. The exported file is ready for use by the EtherCAT master for FoE download.

Step 2: Download the file via FoE

The EtherCAT master must set the drive to the "Boot" state before the safety parameter package is downloaded to the drive. Downloading a corrupted or incompatible safety parameter package will generate an FoE error message stating, "Failed loading file to flash", and the SafeMotion Monitor (SMM) will stay in state 3 - Configuration required.

Step 3: Validate the file via CoE and SDO Access

File validation must be done through SDO access if the safety parameters are downloaded through FoE. The SMM (Index: 0x37C1, Subindex: 0x00) will transition from state 3 - Configuration required - to state 5 - Parameter validation required - after the safety parameter package is downloaded. The SMM must be in state 5 for file validation.

NOTE

If the SafeID is set to 1 and the drive still has its default parameter values, you must delete those defaults to proceed. Complete the following steps to transition to state 3:

- 1. Change the SafeID from 1 to another valid SafeID.
- 2. Power cycle the drive.
- 3. Reset the SafeID.
- 4. Power cycle the drive again.

To validate the downloaded safety parameters, write the CoE objects in the order outlined in the table. All CoE objects have an index of 0x37C0.

| Step | Object | SubIndex | Format | Notes |
|------|------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | User name | 0x01 | 1 - 8 ASCII characters | Enter this object additionally as a string for service personnel who are not familiar with the data. The user name is logged after |
| 2 | Date and Time | 0x02 | YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ Date: YYYY = year, MM = month, DD = day Time: T = separator, hh = hour, mm =minute, ss = second, Z = time zone designator Example: "2021-03-03T16:10:10Z" is March 3rd, 2021, 16:10:10 UTC | successful validation. Enter this object additionally as a string for service personnel who are not familiar with the data. The timestamp is logged after successful validation. |
| 3 | SafeID | 0x03 | Integer value | • Enter the SafeID of the device that will be configured. |
| 4 | Password | 0x04 | 8 - 25 ASCII characters | This is the password that will validate the downloaded safety parameters. Enter this object additionally as a string for service personnel who are not familiar with the data. To change this password, see (SAFE.CHANGEPASSWORD, → # 510) |

If the validation is successful, the SMM will transition to state 6 - Normal operation.

If validation fails, the safety configuration will NOT be activated. The SMM will stay in state 5 and the SDO write will return an abort message. If the process fails, refer to (Safety Faults, Safety Warnings, \rightarrow # 311).

The safety configuration is persistent when downloaded through FoE and is retained after power cycling.

Downloading Safety Parameters via FSoE

The safety parameters can be downloaded via EtherCAT through FSoE (Fail Safe over EtherCAT) using SRA-Parameters (Safety Related Application).

1. Configure the SRA parameters in the FSoE-Master and download them to the drive using EtherCAT SDO access and FSoE.

All safety parameters are available in the object dictionary. Default parameter values are found in the ESI file.

 Validate the safety configuration via the FSoE master. The FSoE master will send the cyclic redundancy check (CRC) to the AKD2G FSoE slaves during startup. The SMM must be in state 3 - Configuration required - for the validation process to occur. If the validation is successful, the SMM will transition to state 6 - Normal operation. Otherwise, the SMM will stay in state 3.

NOTE

If the drive already has a persistent safety configuration, clear the existing configuration to set the SMM to state 3. See (SafeID, \rightarrow # 289) for details on clearing the configuration.

The safety configuration is non-persistent when downloaded through FSoE. The configuration will be cleared after a reboot or a FSoE connection reset.

9.5.6.4 Safety Configuration Diagram

A safety configuration diagram displays when you select the **Safety** status button at the bottom of the WorkBench window. The diagram shows the safety state and the relationship between safety functions. If an error occurs, reference the CANopen object dictionary for more information(see CANopen Object Table).

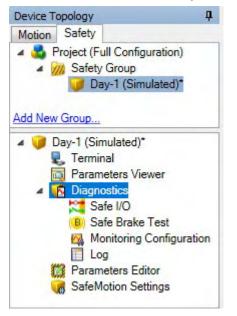


Parameters Viewer

The **Parameters Viewer** is located in the View Tree under the **Safety** tab. Select the **Parameters Viewer** to display the actual values of all safety parameters activated in the drive.

9.5.6.6 Diagnostics

For help with fine-tuning, debugging, and verification of your safety project, WorkBench Diagnostics offers live information about internal safety related values.



Diagnostics

This view offers information about the SMM and the overall safety system status, such as:

- SMM Hardware Revision and Firmware Version
- Safe ID and System CRC
- · Active errors and object instances of errors
- Safe fieldbus status

Safe I/O

This view displays the current configuration and values of the safe I/Os. It includes the dual configuration information for inputs and outputs and the source of the output signal.

Safe Brake Test

This view displays the current safe brake configuration with the test status including the time remaining to the next test. The safe brake test can also be started and monitored within that view.

Monitoring Configurations

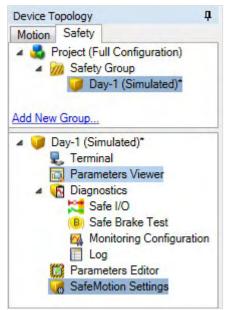
This view has information concerning function states, safe velocity, safe position and safe acceleration can either be monitored directly or added to the Watch Panel for permanent surveillance or added to the WorkBench internal oscilloscope. A maximum of two values can be observed simultaneously.

Log

This view displays the log stored in the SMM. All actions related to SafeID and parameter validation are logged with user name and date.

9.5.6.7 SafeMotion Settings

SafeMotion Settings allows you to set a specific user parametrization password for parameter validation. The root safety password is used as default. It is recommended you change your password after initial use. For more information, see (Commissioning, \rightarrow # 201).



9.5.7 Parameterization of User Units

Position, velocity, and acceleration values are computed and stored in increments (also known as counts) in the SafeMotion Monitoring (SMM). These values are presented in user units so that they are understandable in the parameterization and in different diagnostic elements.

The conversion is done in two steps:

- 1. Increments <=> Encoder Unit
- 2. Encoder Unit <=> User Unit

This two step conversion allows you to simply enter the encoder specification and the conversion from a known unit to your desired unit.

Rotary Encoder Example

Rotary encoders are usually defined by the number of increments per revolution. The user unit can be defined in relation to 1 revolution.

The following example shows a conversion from increments to degrees:

1. 2048 increments <=> 1 rev

2. 1 rev <=> 360 degrees

9.5.7.1 Encoder Settings

Select Encoder (Common/Encoders)

Select an encoder type to configure the unit ratio. The SMM will complete the calculations using internal data. For information on the encoder setup, see (\rightarrow # 216).

| Name | Default | Parameter |
|--------------------|--------------|-----------|
| Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) | 0 (Not used) | (→ # 530) |
| Encoder 2 (HF-DSL) | 0 (Not used) | (→ #531) |

Connect Encoder to an Axis (Axis/General/Encoder)

For each axis the user plans to use a safe encoder with, it is required to define which encoder is used and how it is used.

| | | _ |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|-----------|
| Name | Default | Parameter |
| | | |
| Encoder Source | 0 (No encoder) | (→ # 392) |
| | | |
| Speed Computation Interval | 1 ms | (→ # 457) |
| | | |
| Acceleration Computation Interval | 1 ms | (→ # 390) |
| | | |
| Absolute Position | 0 (Disabled) | (→ # 386) |
| | | |
| Absolute Position Range | 0 (Unsigned) | (→ # 387) |
| | | |
| Absolute Position Reset Value | 0 Pos User Units | (→ # 389) |
| | | |
| Absolute Position Reset Source | 0 (Not Used) | (→ # 388) |

The intervals define a filter on the positions read to compute the velocity and the acceleration. These parameters influence the response time of the computed velocity and acceleration. The larger these values are, the longer the lag will be.

9.5.7.2 Encoder Unit <=> User Unit

The user must define four parameters for each unit type to configure the unit ratio. Two of the four parameters are used for ratio computing, and two are defined to improve usability but are not used in the computation. The computation ratio is defined by the:

- Number of increment for the value (pos/vel/acc) in the encoder unit
- Number of increment for the value (pos/vel/acc) in the user unit

For example:

- 1 [rev] / 1 [rev/s] / 1 [rev/s²]
- 360 [deg] / 60 [RPM] / 60 [RPM/s]

The SMM only supports integer values. If you want to have one decimal, you must compute your ratio accordingly and use a deci factor on the unit, and similarly for more decimals (cent, milli, ...).

| Name | Default | Parameter | |
|-------------------------------------|---------|-------------------|--|
| Acceleration factor unit | | (→ #495) | |
| | 5 | | |
| Acceleration incr. in encoder units | | | |
| | 1 | (→ #496) | |
| Acceleration incr. in user units | | | |
| | 60 | (→ #497) | |
| User dimension for acceleration | | | |
| | 5 | (→ # 498) | |
| Position factor unit | | | |
| | 4 | (→ # 499) | |
| Position incr. in encoder units | | | |
| | 1 | (→ <i>#</i> 500) | |
| Position incr. in user units | | | |
| | 3600 | (→ # 501) | |
| User dimension for position | | | |
| | 4 | (→ # 502) | |
| Velocity factor unit | | | |
| | 5 | (→ # 503) | |
| Velocity incr. in encoder units | | | |
| | 1 | (→ # 504) | |
| Velocity incr. in user units | | | |
| | 60 | (→ # 505) | |
| User dimension for velocity | | (| |
| | 5 | (→ <i>#</i> 506) | |

9.5.7.3 User Units Scaling

WorkBench displays all the computation related to the units.

| User Units Scaling (for information only) | | Resolution (for information only) |
|-------------------------------------------|----------|-----------------------------------|
| Encoder: N/A | Pos: N/A | Pos: N/A |
| | Vel: N/A | Vel: N/A |
| | Acc: N/A | Acc: N/A |

These computations are not safe - the ratio must be calculated and verified by the user. WorkBench shows these values for convenience only.

- Encoder: describes the Increments <=> Encoder Unit conversion ratio.
- Pos/Vel/Acc : describes the Encoder Unit <=> User Unit conversion ratio.
- Resolution : indicates the minimum resolution for 1 count (for example: 0.027 ddeg, respectively 0.0027 degree).

9.6 Validation

Validation is done on transferred parameters using CRC. Parameters transferred with FSoE (when FSoE parametrization is used) do not require user validation.

More information referring to parameter download (\rightarrow # 297).

9.6.1 Validation of SafeID

If the SafeID is not flagged as validated when booting, you will get the message: "SafeID not validated" . Then do the following:

- 1. Compare the displayed SafeID with the paperwork.
- 2. If the SafeID is correct, press button B2 twice within 10 seconds to validate. If you do not press B2, the drive remains in the safe state.

Validation of the SafeID is performed through FSoE

- if FSoE parameterization is used and
- if the SafeID is not validated yet and
- if the SafeID matched the safe address defined in the safe PLC.

9.6.2 Validation of Safety Parameters

NOTE

The parameter CRC is equal to the system CRC. The character string of the SafeID is concatenated with the character string of the CRC.

The purpose of validation is to ensure that all safety parameters as a group are suitable for the application.

Example for invalid parameters: The parameters are valid for an elevator drive, but they are not for a paper machine drive.

The person responsible for validation must document decisions. Therefore the safety related system stores information about the user (user name, date of validation).

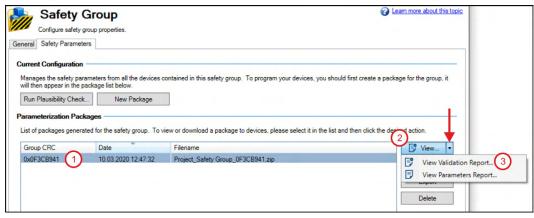
- The user checks the System CRC. This value is read from the drive (see parameter value <u>SAFE.CRC</u>). This may require the user to sign a document about the correct parameters having been entered.
- The user must check if all drives have been programmed correctly.

9.6.3 Validation of Safe I/O Installation

The person conducting the validation must be independent of the Safety Function Design. See ISO 13849-2:2012, 4.1 Validation principles.

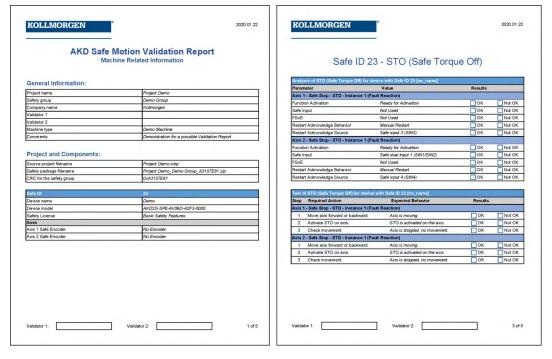
9.6.4 Validation Report

To assist commissioning and documentation, WorkBench offers to print a "Safe Motion Validation Report" suiting the safety parameter configuration. Select the corresponding safety parameter package (1). To view the validation report, click on "View" (2) directly or "View Validation Report" (3).



The "Safe Motion Validation Plan" lists all configured functions and their parameterized values (expected behavior). The validators can use it as guidance to verify all parameters and functions.

Example for a Validation Report (extract):



9.7 Operation

NOTICE

After the initial commissioning and validation, it must be ensured the initial state is permanently retained. Modification of any kind is prohibited without a proper modification process.

In case of a fault reaction occurring (STO-, SS1- or SS2-Active without being activated on purpose) the drive should not be restarted before:

- the cause of the fault reaction is investigated and found;
- the reason of the fault reaction is removed/resolved;
- safe operation of the application is ensured.

Every occurring incident must be documented.

If the investigation of the fault reaction results in the discovery of a potential hazard or risk the application shall not return to normal operation before proper risk reduction is achieved.

In order to maintain functional safety, safety chains containing elements that cannot be tested regularly or without activation during normal operation, need to be periodically tested at least:

- once per year for SIL 2, PL d / Cat. 3;
- once every three months for SIL 3, PL e / Cat. 3;
- once every day for SIL 3, PL e / Cat. 4.

See IEC 61800-5-2 and ISO 13849 for further information.

In addition, tests for brakes need to be carried out independently (SBT (Safe Brake Test), \rightarrow # 249).

The drive itself does not require any maintenance (Maintenance and Cleaning, \rightarrow # 32).

Replacement is only necessary in case of a defect or if the max. service life of the device (Mission Time, TM) is exceeded (Field Replacement, \rightarrow # 310).

Wear parts of safety chains such as relays, brakes or SDB-Contactors, need to be swapped at the end of their lifetime as well as damaged or defect auxiliary equipment.

The replacement of any parts of the safety chain does not allow any changes or modifications to the safety characteristics or functionality of a safety chain. A new validation of the safety functions is necessary after working on any safety related equipment. In case of a modification a risk reevaluation and modification process needs to be carried out before retuning the drive to normal operation.

Every maintenance activity must be documented.

Periodic audits have to be carried out and documented in order to ensure the functional safety of the machine. Check the drives information display for faults and warnings regularly.

9.7.1 Operation States

The status bar in WorkBench offers a brief overview of the safety operation status.

| Safety bar indicator | Status |
|----------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| STO Safety 🚽 | Axis is in normal operation from the safety system perspective. No safety functions are active. |
| STO Safety | Axis is in normal operation from the safety system perspective. No safety functions are active. A non-safety relevant warning is active. |
| STO Safety X | Axis is in normal operation from the safety system perspective. A non-safe error prevents non-safe operation. |
| STO Safety | Axis is in normal operation from the safety system perspective. One or more safety functions are active, such as SOS or SLS. |
| STO Safety | Axis is in normal operation from the safety system perspective. STO is active. |
| STO Safety A | Drive is in safe state due to an internal failure or an I/O failure in the safety system. Normal operation is prevented. |

Clicking on the safety symbol will open a pop-up window containing more detailed information on the safety configuration and status (\rightarrow # 301). The view give information about which function(s) are or were activated, and which caused a fault reaction.

9.7.2 Field Replacement

NOTICE

Field replacement must be performed by a trained and qualified personnel. After the drive is replaced and re-configured, the drive must be verified and proof tested before normal operation is started.

The replacement drive must

- match the specification of the replaced drive in term of voltage, features and safety option, see "Part Number Scheme" (→ # 37),
- contain firmwares with same versions, particularly for the SMM. If not, a firmware upgrade or downgrade must be performed, see (Updating the SMM Firmware, → # 199),
- have invalidated safety parameters.

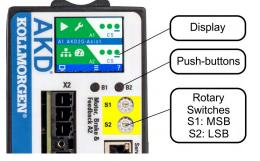
Reconfiguring the replacement drive:

- Other drives of the same safety group or of the same machine should not be impacted by this process.
- Before power on, the replacement drive SafeID must match the one of the replaced drive. Change the rotary switches accordingly.
- Validate the new SafeID if needed during the boot of the drive, see "Validation" (→ # 307).
 Important: Configure and validate the SafeID before downloading new parameters.
- Download safety parameters on the replacement drive. SafeID value is used to choose the right set of parameters for this drive (see "Downloading Safety Parameter Packages" (→ # 297)). Depending on your application, this could be:
 - using WorkBench. Use the project of your safety application to download the parameters,
 - using non-safe field bus,
 - using FSoE.
- Validate that the correct parameters have been downloaded by comparing the CRC, see "Validation of Safety Parameters (→ # 307)

9.8 Safety Faults, Safety Warnings

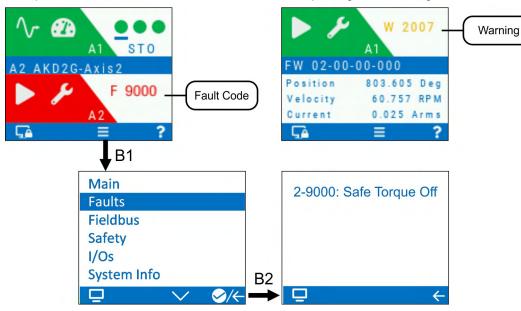
9.8.1 LCD Display

The drive offers an LCD display and two push-buttons, B1 and B2, for navigation.



The display on the front panel of the drive shows the code of the fault or warning that occurred. Safety Faults and Warnings follow the same pattern and are identified by a four digit code 90 XX, where 90 is the two digit group code, and XX is a two digit ID.

Navigate with B1 / B2 to the Fault screen to see a short description of the fault or warning. See WorkBench Online Help for details.



Example: dual axes, Fault Axis 2

Example: single axis, Warning Axis 1

9.8.2 Failure Categories

Failure category Description Reaction A problem is detected around the drive. Example: encoder problem, missing OSSD test pulses or a wiring issue. I/O Failure 1 Resolving: by the user or by using FSoE If the velocity is >0, SS1 Restart: acknowledge fault, power off/on, normal operation can be 1 is activated. The axis resumed. executes a controlled The drive detected a problem in the drive or in the internal SMM itself. The stop. problem prevents further normal operation, but allows to transmit diagnostic data for diagnosis. If the velocity = 0, the 2 Internal failure Example: problem in switching the brake output. drive applies the brake Resolving: power off/on and activates SS1 or Restart: not possible unless fault is removed. STO. The drive detected an internal problem, that may result in resets, and other erroneous behavior. As further operation cannot be executed safely, all Safe outputs are switched Internal failure, communication is dropped. Resets of the internal SMM may occur. 3 off. reset may occur Example: RAM failure. Resolving: power on/off Restart: not possible unless fault is removed.

AKD2G with SMM (safety option 2 or 3) have the following safety circuit fault states:

NOTE

An internal failure occurs, when a problem in the internal SMM is detected. Therefore, deceleration, applying the brakes and switching off the output may not be possible under all circumstances. Safety Faults and Safety Warnings cannot be muted or suspended.

Stuck at faults on the STO output, the digital outputs or the brake output show up as I/O failures or internal failures. Power supply faults (over and under voltage) show up as internal or fatal failure. Many diagnostic errors are false positives.

The fault tolerance time for each diagnostic measure (diagnostic test interval) is maximum $T_2 = 1$ h.

9.8.3 SMM Failure Classification and Behavior

The parameter <u>SAFE.ERROR</u> gives the current error code of the SMM, accessible through CoE. <u>SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE</u> indicates the current instance of the error code.

The SMM send the failure ID to the drive, if possible. The drive creates faults and warnings listed in the next chapter.

9.8.4 Drive Safety Faults

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NOTE
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More information about drive fault messages, remedy and clearing faults can be found in the WorkBench User Manual.

| Fault | Description | Cause | Remedy |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| F9000 | Safe Torque Off | STO function has been triggered while the axis is enabled. | See (STO (Safe Torque Off), → #219) |
| F9002 | SMM communication failed | SMM not communicating as expected | Restart drive. If issue persists, contact technical support. |
| F9003 | Incorrect safety card detected | Physical SMM does not match the expected module | Restart drive. If issue persists, return hardware to supplier. |
| F9004 | Safe Torque Off digital and analog lines don't match | Hardware fault on the power board. | Restart drive. If issue persists, contact technical support. |
| F9006 | Internal failure of the SMM | See <u>SAFE.ERROR</u> and SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE. | Restart drive. If issue persists, contact technical support. |
| F9007 | Safe brake parameters inconsistent | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC. BRAKE#.ATTACHED indicates a brake is attached, but non-safe brake parameters (AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKE, BRAKE#.Axis) do not. | From the safety parameter screen in WorkBench under safe brake control (SBC), verify that the SBC Brake parameters agree with the drive related parameters that a brake is either configured or not. |

9.8.5 Safety Warnings

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NOTE
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More information about drive warnings can be found in the WorkBench User Manual.

| Warning | Description | Cause | Remedy |
|---------|------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| W9000 | Safe Torque Off | STO function has been triggered. | See (F9000 , → # 313) |
| W9007 | Safe brake parameters inconsistent | AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC. BRAKE#.ATTACHED indicates a brake is attached, but non-safe brake parameters (AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKE, AXIS#.BRAKE) do not. | From the safety parameter screen in WorkBench under safe brake control (SBC), verify that the SBC Brake parameters agree with the drive related parameters that a brake is either configured or not. |
| W9008 | Safe Brake Test Time Overflow | No SBT has been executed within the configured time limit | Extend SBT limit or execute an SBT |
| W9009 | SMM Over Temperature | SMM is over temperature | Make sure that the ambient temperature complies with the specified limits for the given hardware (Ambient Conditions, Ventilation and Mounting Position, \rightarrow # 43). If the problem persists, return hardware to manufacturer. |
| W9010 | SMM State not operational | SMM is not ready to enable. Refer to SAFE.STATE. | Verify SafeID and safe parameters are validated and correct. Check for other faults on the SMM. |
| W9011 | SMM I/O failure detected | SMM detected a safety I/O failure and prohibits operation. | Use diagnostics to determine cause and replace external hardware if issue reoccurs. |
| | | Digital inputs or outputs failed | I/O failure can be acknowledged with FSoE or a safe input (configurable). |
| | | STO pulse failed | |
| | | Brake output failed | |
| | | Encoder safe position failure | |
| | | Invalid Encoder association | |

9.8.6 Troubleshooting Functional Safety

NOTICE

Eliminate errors and faults in compliance with work safety rules. Troubleshooting only by qualified and trained staff.

| Problem | Possible Causes | Remedy causes |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| A group "90" safety fault or safety warning message is visible in the drive LCD display | Refer to the Drive Safety Fault and Wa | arning tables (→ # 313). |
| A fault or warning message of another group than "90" is visible in the drive LCD display | Refer to the drive fault and drive warni the WorkBench User Manual. | ngs tables (\rightarrow # 191) and more detailled descriptions in |
| Safety faults and warnings are not visible/reported | AXIS#.SAFE.STO. REPORTFAULT is set to 0 | Set AXIS#.SAFE.STO. REPORTFAULT to 1 |
| STO cannot be deactivated (no torque) | External safety device defective. STO wiring defective. Auxiliary voltage low. STO inputs defective. F9004 visible F9005 visible. | Check external safety device. Check STO wiring for short-circuit or similar. Check voltage level (→ # 210). Send drive to manufacturer for repair. Send drive to manufacturer for repair. Check safety hardware system. Check safety controller. Check external safety device. |
| Drive does not enable | 1. STO is still active. | 1. Deactivate STO prior to HW Enable. |
| SS1-t does not execute till the end of the configured time | Non-safe emergency timeout interrupts the deceleration ramp of SS1-t. | Set emergency-timeout to a higher value than t_SS1 |
| Safety parameter package cannot be downloaded. Error messages: "The parameter set does not contain parameters for this device." "Parameter does not exist." "Loading file to flash has failed." | The SafeID set in configuration does not match the SafeID set on the target Device. | Either parametrize the correct SafeID in the parameters or change the SafeID on the desired drive to the configured value, restart and validate the SafeID. |
| Monitoring configuration: Monitoring field can not be added to the scope | All sources of the scope are already occupied. | Remove at least one source / slot in the scope and try again. Then add the desired monitoring field to the scope. |

9.9 Functional Safety Parameter Reference

Abbreviations

- Acc. = Access: RO = Read Only, RW = Read/Write, WO = Write Only
- N/A = Not Available, Y = Yes, N = No
- Vel Unit = Velocity User Units, Acc Unit = Acceleration User Units, Dec Unit = Deceleration User Units, Pos Unit = Position User Units
- Parameters are sorted alphanumerically

| | | | | CAN | over Eth | erCAT | FSoE |
|-------------------------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSITION | RO | N/A | N/A | 6611 | 6E11 | 0 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID | RO | N/A | Safety | N/A | N/A | N/A | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.ACCELERATION | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.BRAKE#.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.ERROR.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.APPLPARAMLENGTH | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.COMMPARAMLENGTH | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.CONNECTIONID | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.CONNECTIONTYPE | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.LASTERROR | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.PROTOCOLVERSION | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.SAFETYADDR | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.SRACRC | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.WATCHDOGTIME | RO | N/A | N/A | E901 | E911 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FUNCTIONGRAPH | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.FUNCTIONSTATUS | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.POSITION | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.RESTARTACK.REQUESTED | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66C7 | 6EC7 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SBC.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 2061 | 2161 | 0 | Y |
| AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.ERROR | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F1 | - | 1 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SBT.ERROR | RO | N/A | N/A | - | 40F1 | 2 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.MOVE | WO | N/A | N/A | 2FC0 | - | 1 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SBT.MOVE | WO | N/A | N/A | - | 2FC0 | 2 | N |
| AXISx.SAFE.SBT.SBA.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 2060 | 2161 | 0 | Y |
| AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F0 | - | 1 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SBT.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | - | 40F0 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SCA_#.INRANGE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66E8 | 6EE8 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |

| | | | | CAN | FSoE | | |
|----------------------------------------|------|---------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------|--------|
| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SCA_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn_#.MOTIONACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66DF | 6EDF | 1 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp_#.MOTIONACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66DE | 6EDE | 1 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLA_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 206F | 216F | 1 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLA_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66BF | 6EBF | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLP_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66A0 | 6EA0 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLP_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLS_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 669F | 6E9F | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SLS_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SOS_x.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 666F | 6E6F | 1 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SOS_x.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 665F | 6E5F | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.DEC | RW | div | Drive | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.MODE | RW | 0 | Drive | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 665F | 6E5F | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.DEC | RW | div | Drive | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.MODE | RW | 0 | Drive | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SSM_#.INRANGE | RO | N/A | N/A | 66E0 | 6EE0 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SSM_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 6680 | 6E80 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 Inst3: 3 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.INTERNALSTATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| AXIS#.SAFE.STO.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | 6640 | 6E40 | 0 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT | RW | 1 | Drive | 5007 | 5007 | 1 | Ν |
| AXIS#.SAFE.TEMPWARNING.ACTIVE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | Ν |
| AXIS#.SAFE.VELOCITY | RO | N/A | N/A | 6613 | 6E13 | 0 | Y |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN | RW | 0 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 4 | Ν |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRANGE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 6 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETVALUE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ACCCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL | RW | 1 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 3 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.AXISCFGEN | RO | 1 | Safety | 3100 | - | 2 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.AXISCFGEN | RO | 1 | Safety | - | 3100 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.ACCLOWERLIMIT | RW | 1 Acc user unit | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.ACCUPPERLIMIT | RW | 1 Acc user unit | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3166 Inst2: 3167 Inst3: 3168 | Inst1: 3266 Inst2: 3267 Inst3: 3268 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKETIMEDELAY | RW | 100ms | Safety | 3156 | 3256 | 3 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKE1ATTACHED | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3156 | - | 4 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKE2ATTACHED | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3156 | - | 5 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKE1ATTACHED | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | - | 3256 | 4 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKE2ATTACHED | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | - | 3256 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.MUTINGSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3156 | 3256 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 1 | Safety | 3157 | 3257 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXAPPLOAD | RW | 1000mA | Safety | 3157 | 3257 | 3 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE1 | RW | 300arcmin | Safety | 3157 | - | 4 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE2 | RW | 300arcmin | Safety | 3157 | - | 5 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE1 | RW | 300arcmin | Safety | - | 3257 | 4 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE2 | RW | 300arcmin | Safety | - | 3257 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXTIMEINTERVAL | RW | 480min | Safety | 3157 | 3257 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.TORQUEDURATION | RW | 500ms | Safety | 3157 | 3257 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 316F Inst2: 3170 Inst3: 3171 | Inst1: 326F Inst2: 3270 Inst3: 3271 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA.POSLOWERLIMIT | RW | 0 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 316F Inst2: 3170 Inst3: 3171 | Inst1: 326F Inst2: 3270 Inst3: 3271 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA.POSUPPERLIMIT | RW | 0 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 316F Inst2: 3170 Inst3: 3171 | Inst1: 326F Inst2: 3270 Inst3: 3271 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.DELAYBEFORESWITCHING | RW | 1ms | Safety | 3158 | 3258 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | 3158 | 3258 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.READBACKSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3158 | 3258 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 10 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.POSZEROWINDOW | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.VELZEROWINDOW | RW | 1 Vel Unit | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | 3164 | 3264 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA_#.ACCLIMIT | RW | 1 Acc Unit | Safety | 3165 | 3265 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | 3165 | 3265 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3165 | 3265 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | 3165 | 3265 | 1 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | 3165 | 3265 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.POSRELLOWERLIMIT | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.POSRELUPPERLIMIT | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.TIMEDELAYMONITOR | RW | 0ms | Safety | Inst1: 3169 Inst2: 316A Inst3: 316B | Inst1: 3269 Inst2: 326A Inst3: 326B | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 7 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.POSLOWERLIMIT | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.POSUPPERLIMIT | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | RW | 0ms | Safety | Inst1: 316C Inst2: 316D Inst3: 316E | Inst1: 326C Inst2: 326D Inst3: 326E | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.DECLIMIT | RW | 0 Acc Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.DECMONITOREN | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 10 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 2 | Ν |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#. TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 5 | Ν |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.TIMEFORVELINLIMITS | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.TIMETOVELMONITORING | RW | 2ms | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.VELLIMIT | RW | 1 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315C Inst2: 315D Inst3: 315E | Inst1: 325C Inst2: 325D Inst3: 325E | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.POSZEROWINDOW | RW | 1 Pos Unit | Safety | 315B | 325B | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKBEHAVIOR | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | 315B | 325B | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.VELMONITOREN | RW | 0 | Safety | 315B | 325B | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.VELZEROWINDOW | RW | 0 Vel Unit | Safety | 315B | 325B | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SPEEDCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL | RW | 1ms | Safety | 3150 | 3250 | 2 | N |

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|--------------------------------------------------|------|----------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------|-----|--------|
| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.DECLIMIT | RW | 0 Dec Unit | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 0 Inst3: 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 1 | N |
| AXISx.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMEDELAYDEC MONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMEFORVELZERO | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO | RW | 2ms | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELDECMONITOREN | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELZEROWINDOW | RW | 1 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 3153 Inst2: 3154 Inst3: 3155 | Inst1: 3253 Inst2: 3254 Inst3: 3255 | 8 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.DECLIMIT | RW | 0 Dec Unit | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.DECMONITOREN | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMEDELAYDEC MONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMEFORVELZERO | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMETOSOS | RW | 2ms | Safety | Inst1: 3159 Inst2: 315A | Inst1: 3259 Inst2: 325A | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.VELLOWERLIMIT | RW | 0 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.VELUPPERLIMIT | RW | 0 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 | 3 | N |

| | | | | CAN | Index 0x Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3263 Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 Inst3: 3263 | erCAT | FSoE |
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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Index | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.DECLIMIT | RW | 0 Dec Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.DECMONITOREN | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FAULTREACTION | RW | 1 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | | 11 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FSOE | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.SAFEINPUT | RW | 0 | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMEDELAYDEC MONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMEFORVELINLIMITS | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 8 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMETOVELMONITORING | RW | 1ms | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 4 | N |

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| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.VELLOWERLIMIT | RW | 0 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.VELUPPERLIMIT | RW | 0 Vel Unit | Safety | Inst1: 315F Inst2: 3160 Inst3: 3163 | Inst1: 325F Inst2: 3260 Inst3: 3263 | 10 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FSOE | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FUNCTIONACTIVATION | RW | 1 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKMODE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 5 | N |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.STO.SAFEINPUT | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3152 | - | 2 | N |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.STO.SAFEINPUT | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | - | 3252 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCFACTOR | RW | None | Safety | 3151 | 3251 | 11 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC | RW | 1 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 10 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER | RW | 60 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 9 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCLABEL | RW | rpm/s | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 12 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSFACTOR | RW | deci | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 3 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC | RW | 1 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 2 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER | RW | 3600 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 1 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSLABEL | RW | Degree | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 4 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELFACTOR | RW | None | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 7 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC | RW | 1 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 6 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER | RW | 60 | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 5 | N |
| AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELLABEL | RW | rpm | Safety | 3152 | 3252 | 8 | N |
| BRAKE1.SAFE.SBT.ELAPSED | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F2 | 40F2 | 1 | N |
| BRAKE2.SAFE.SBT.ELAPSED | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F2 | 40F2 | 2 | N |
| BRAKE1.SAFE.SBT.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F3 | 40F3 | 1 | N |
| BRAKE2.SAFE.SBT.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | 40F3 | 40F3 | 2 | N |
| SAFE.CFGERROR | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.CHANGEPASSWORD | WO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.CLEARSAFEID | WO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.CRC | RO | N/A | N/A | 37C3 | 37C3 | 0 | N |
| SAFE.DEVICECRC | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.ERROR | RO | N/A | N/A | 37C4 | 37C4 | 0 | N |

| | | | | CAN over EtherCAT | | | FSoE |
|----------------------------------------|------|---------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|----------------------------------------------|--------|
| Parameters related to safety functions | Acc. | Default | Parameter Package | Axis1 Index 0x | Axis2 Index 0x | Sub | Object |
| SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.ID | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.IDANDCRC | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.INVALIDATEPARAMS | WO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.MONITOR#.AXIS | RW | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.MONITOR#.DATA | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.MONITOR#.INSTANCE | RW | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.MONITOR#.SOURCE | RW | 0 | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | 37C1 | 37C1 | 0 | N |
| SAFE.SWITCH | RO | N/A | N/A | 37C2 | 37C2 | 0 | N |
| SAFE.VALIDATEPARAM | WO | N/A | N/A | 37C0 | 37C0 | 1,2,3,4 | N |
| SAFE.VALIDATIONLOG | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFE.VERIFYFW | WO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1 | RW | 0 | Safety | 3103 | 3103 | 1 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE2 | RW | 0 | Safety | 3103 | 3103 | 3 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES1 | RW | 0 | Safety | 3103 | 3103 | 2 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES2 | RW | 0 | Safety | 3103 | 3103 | 4 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.IOFAILUREACKSOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3100 | 3100 | 1 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SIN.DISTINCTPULSE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3101 | 3101 | 1 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SINDUAL#.EN | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3101 | 3101 | Inst1: 2 Inst2: 3 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.EN | RW | 0 | Safety | 3102 | 3102 | Inst1: 1 Inst2: 2 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.SOURCE | RW | 0 | Safety | 3102 | 3102 | Inst1: 3 Inst2: 4 | N |
| SAFEPARAM.SOUT#.SOURCE | RW | see keyword chapter | Safety | 3102 | 3102 | Inst1: 5 Inst2: 6 Inst3: 7 Inst4: 8 | N |
| SINDUAL#.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SIN#.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SOUTDUAL#.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |
| SOUT#.STATE | RO | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N |

9.9.1 Safety Parameters, sorted alphanumeric

9.9.1.1 AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSITION

Description

Returns the safe absolute position. This only returns a valid value when a safe encoder is attached to the considered axis, and the safe absolute position support is enabled in the safety parameters (<u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>) and the absolute position is valid (<u>AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID</u>).

If the absolute position is not valid, a safe homing is required.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | [-231+1, 231-1] |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.2 AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID

Description

Indicates if the absolute position retrieved from the safe encoder by the safety system is valid or not. It is dependent on whether the read position matches the position stored by the safety system. If it is not valid, a safe homing is required.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not valid |
| 1 | Valid |

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not valid) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.3 AXIS#.SAFE.ACCELERATION

Description

Returns the safe acceleration. This only returns a valid value when a safe encoder is attached to the considered axis.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.4 AXIS#.SAFE.BRAKE#.STATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the brake state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-----------------|--|
| 0 | Brake engaged | |
| 1 | Releasing brake | |
| 2 | Brake released | |
| 3 | Engaging brake | |

Context

For complete SBC information refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (\rightarrow # 240).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 4 |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.5 AXIS#.SAFE.ERROR.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the safety system is in error or not. "SAFE.ERROR" (\rightarrow # 514) and "SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE" (\rightarrow # 516) can be used to retrieve information about the error.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | No error |
| 1 | Error |

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.6 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.APPLPARAMLENGTH

Description

Indicates the size of the FSoE application parameters. If using WorkBench safety parameters, this is 0 and if using application parameters over FSoE it is 4 bytes.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0-65535 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.7 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.COMMPARAMLENGTH

Description

Indicates the length of FSoE communication parameters. This is fixed at 2 bytes because the only com parameter transferred is the watchdog time which is U16.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 2 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.8 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.CONNECTIONID

Description

Indicates the current FSoE connection ID assigned by the FSoE master once the connection FSoE state is reached.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1-65535 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.9 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.CONNECTIONTYPE

Description

This returns the FSoE connection type parameter. In the case of the AKD2G, this value is a constant 2 to indicate a slave device.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 2 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.10 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.LASTERROR

Description

This parameter gives the last error shown to the Fail Safe over EtherCAT (FSoE) stack with one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | Local reset or acknowledgement of a RESET command |
| 1 | Unexpected command |
| 2 | Unknown command |
| 3 | Invalid connection ID |
| 4 | CRC error |
| 5 | Watchdog has expired |
| 6 | Invalid FSoE slave address |
| 7 | Invalid safety data |
| 8 | Invalid communication parameter length |
| 9 | Invalid communication parameter data |
| 10 | Invalid application parameter length |
| 11 | Invalid application parameter data |

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|--------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | Implemented in SMM v0.54 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 0xFF |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.11 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.PROTOCOLVERSION

Description

Displays the version of the FSoE protocol in use.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0-65535 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.12 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.SAFETYADDR

Description

This command is the FSoE safety address for this axis. The format of the safety address is nnaa where nn is the SafeID and aa is the axis ID.

Example

If SafeID is 10 then AXIS1.SAFE.FSOE.SAFETYADDR is 1001 and AXIS2.SAFE.FSOE.SAFETYADDR is 1002.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 101 to 9901 for Axis 1 102 to 9902 for Axis 2 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.13 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.SRACRC

Description

Returns the Safety Related Application (SRA) Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) used to validate safety parameters through Fail Safe over EtherCAT (FSoE).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.14 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.STATE

Description

This is the EtherCAT FSoE command word being sent to the drive from the FSoE master.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 0x36 | ProcessData – Process data is passed between FSoE master and slave. | |
| 0x2A | Reset – FSoE communication is in reset state. | |
| 0x4E | Session – FSoE session is being established between master and slave. | |
| 0x64 | Connection – FSoE connection is being established between master and slave. | |
| 0x52 | Parameter – Safe parameters are being downloaded to slave. | |
| 0x08 | FailSafeData – Fail-safe values are being used (usually due to an error). | |

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0x08, 0x2A, 0x36, 0x4E, 0x52, 0x64 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.15 AXIS#.SAFE.FSOE.WATCHDOGTIME

Description

The current FSoE watchdog time in milliseconds. If an FSoE packet is not received within the configured time the drive enters a safe state. This is configured by using the FSoE master.

Context

For complete FSoE information refer to the AKD2G EtherCAT Manual.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 7 to 65535 |
| Default Value | 100 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.16 AXIS#.SAFE.FUNCTIONGRAPH

This parameter returns the graph of the safety functions configured in the safety parameters.

The following format is used:

NODEID: Name(NODENAME); Type(NODETYPE); State(NODESTATE); FunctionSource(LIST_OF_ FUNCTION_SOURCE); FaultReactionSource(LIST_OF_FAULT_REACTION); InputSource(LIST_OF_ INPUTSOURCE); FSoESource(LIST_OF_FSOE_SOURCE); Properties(LIST_OF_PROPERTIES)

- NODEID: node unique ID, built as follows:
 - Safe functions: SOS, SS1_1, SLS_3, ...
 - Safe inputs: SIN1_SOS, SINDUAL2_SS1_2, ...
 - FSoE: FSOE_SOS, FSOE_SS1_1, ...
 - I/O Error: IOError
- NODENAME: function name to display (eg FSoE, SIN1, SS1_1, ...) [displayed in the block]
- NODETYPE: node type SIN, SINDUAL, FSOE, FUNCTION, ERROR [type of graphical block]
- NODESTATE can be: [colorization of the block]
 - For FUNCTION: "Idle", "ProcessComplete", "Active", "Faulted"
 - For SIN, SINDUAL or FSoE: "On", "Off"
 - For ERROR: "Normal", "Error"
- LIST_OF_FUNCTION_SOURCE, LIST_OF_FAULT_REACTION, LIST_OF_INPUTSOURCE and LIST_ OF_FSOE_SOURCE are a list of NODEIDs separated by a comma
- LIST_OF_PROPERTIES: string list to display separated by commas

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | Next release | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Info |
|-------------------------------|------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | N/A |

9.9.1.17 AXIS#.SAFE.FUNCTIONSTATUS

Description

This value returns a bit field which contains a status for some safety functions. The bit field is described in the following table:

| Bit | Value | Contents |
|-----|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | STO state | = 1 when STO is active |
| 1 | SSM state Instance 1 | = 1 when SSM Instance 1 reports the speed in the given range |
| 2 | SSM state Instance 2 | = 1 when SSM Instance 2 reports the speed in the given range |
| 3 | SOS Instance 1 | = 1 when SOS is active |
| 4 | SSR Instance 1 | = 1 while the speed is limited |
| 5 | SDIp status | = 1 when the motor is moving in positive direction |
| 6 | SDIn status | = 1 when the motor is moving in negative direction |
| 7 | Error active | = 1 when an error is active |
| 8 | SCA Instance 1 | = 1 while the position is within the given limits |
| 9 | SCA Instance 2 | = 1 while the position is within the given limits |
| 10 | SCA Instance 3 | = 1 while the position is within the given limits |
| 11 | SLA state | = 1 while the limited acceleration is held |
| 12 | SAR Instance 3 | = 1 while the acceleration is limited |
| 13 | SSR Instance 2 | = 1 while the speed is limited |
| 14 | SSR Instance 3 | = 1 while the speed is limited |
| 15 | Notused | Not used |
| 16 | SLS state Instance 1 | = 1 while the limited speed is held |
| 17 | SLS state Instance 2 | = 1 while the limited speed is held |
| 18 | SLS state Instance 3 | = 1 while the limited speed is held |
| 19 | SS1 status Instance 1 | = 1 while SS1 is active |
| 20 | SS1 status Instance 2 | = 1 while SS1 is active |
| 21 | SS1 status Instance 3 | = 1 while SS1 is active |
| 22 | SS2 status Instance 1 | = 1 while SS2 is active |
| 23 | SS2 status Instance 2 | = 1 while SS2 is active |
| 24 | SLI Instance 1 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 25 | SLI Instance 2 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 26 | SLI Instance 3 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 27 | SLP Instance 1 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 28 | SLP Instance 2 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 29 | SLP Instance 3 | = 1 while the position is limited |
| 30 | SAR Instance 1 | = 1 while the acceleration is limited |
| 31 | SAR Instance 2 | = 1 while the acceleration is limited |
| 32 | SDIp active | = 1 when is not allowed to move in the positive direction |
| 33 | SDIn active | = 1 when is not allowed to move in the negative direction |
| 34 | SOS Instance 2 | = 1 when SOS is active |

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-05-03-002 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | Bit field |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | U64 |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.18 AXIS#.SAFE.POSITION

Description

Returns the safe position. This only returns a valid value when a safe encoder is attached to the considered axis.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.19 AXIS#.SAFE.RESTARTACK.REQUESTED

Description

Indicates whether an acknowledge is requested by Safe Operating Stop (SOS) or Safe Torque Off (STO) to restart. When the acknowledge is requested, the parameter is 1, otherwise 0. Restart acknowledge is requested when:

- STO or SOS is configured to restart manually.
- The condition which activates STO or SOS is cleared.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-----------------------------------|
| 0 | No restart acknowledges requested |
| 1 | Restart acknowledge requested |

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.20 AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) function instance is active.

| Value Description | |
|-------------------|------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow # 276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.21 AXIS#.SAFE.SAR_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------|--|
| 0 | Not Running | |
| 1 | Monitoring | |
| 2 | Fault Reaction | |

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow #276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.22 AXIS#.SAFE.SBC.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether Safe Brake Control (SBC) is active or not. When SBC is active the brake cannot be commanded to release. If SBC is enabled, it is executed once stopped during all stopping safety functions. Once the safety function condition clears, SBC will stop and allow the brake to be released.

Context

For complete SBC information refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (\rightarrow # 240).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.23 AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.ERROR

Description

Read the error of the Safe Brake Test (SBT) on the specified axis. The return value can be one of the following:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | No error. |
| 1 | Fail to start the safe brake test. To start safe brake test, the axis must be enabled, the attached brakes must be released, and the axis must be at standstill. |
| 2 | Brakes are not released. To start safe brake test, the axis must be enabled, the attached brakes must be released, and the axis must be at standstill. |
| 3 | Fail to apply the brake. To find which brakes failed, see (\rightarrow # 508). |
| 4 | Fail to release the brake. To find which brakes failed, see (\rightarrow # 508). |
| 5 | Fail to apply current on the axis. |
| 6 | Motion limit exceed. Brake may be broken. To find which brakes failed, see (\rightarrow # 508). |
| 7 | Current feedback out of range. To find which brakes failed, see (\rightarrow # 508). |
| 8 | Communication error between the non-safe system part and the SMM. |
| 9 | Timeout. The safe brake test wasn't able to complete. |
| 10 | System error on the SMM. |
| 11 | Interrupted by user. |
| 12 | Measured load is bigger than the configured maximum load. |
| 255 | Unknown error. |

Code

--> AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.ERROR 0

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 - 11 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.24 AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.MOVE

Description

Executes Safe Brake Test (SBT) on the specified axis. All brakes attached to this axis are tested. A maximum of two brakes can be attached to a specific axis. For this command to work, Safe Brake Control (SBC) and SBT must be configured consistently in the SMM using safety parameters.

Code

--> AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.MOVE

Context

For complete information on SBT, refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.25 AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.SBA.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates the safe brake acknowledge state.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------------|--|
| 1 | Brake state is safe | |
| 0 | Brake needs an acknowledge | |

Context

For complete SBC/SBTinformation refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (\rightarrow # 240) / "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (\rightarrow # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-02-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.26 AXIS#.SAFE.SBT.STATE

Description

Reads the state of the Safe Brake Test (SBT) on the specified axis. The return value can be one of the following:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|--------------------------|--|
| 0 | The test is not running. | |
| 1 | The test is starting. | |
| 2 | The test is started. | |
| 3 | The brake is tested. | |
| 4 | The test is stopping. | |

Code

```
--> AXIS1.SAFE.SBT.STATE 0
```

Context

For more information on "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 04 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.27 AXIS#.SAFE.SCA_#.INRANGE

Description

Indicates whether the position is in range or not when using the Safe CAm (SCA) function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|--------------|
| 0 | Not in range |
| 1 | In range |

Context

For complete SCA information refer to (\rightarrow # 355).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.28 AXIS#.SAFE.SCA_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe CAm (SCA) function state machine.

| Value | Description |
|-------|--------------|
| 0 | Not in range |
| 1 | In range |

Context

For complete SCA information refer to (\rightarrow # 356).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.29 AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Direction negative (SDIn) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------------------|--|
| 0 | Moving Positive Direction | |
| 1 | Stopped | |
| 2 | Delay Before Monitoring | |
| 3 | Not Running | |
| 4 | Fault Reaction | |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (\rightarrow # 269).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read only |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Units | NA |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Default Value | NA |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.30 AXIS#.SAFE.SDIn.MOTIONACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the axis is moving in the negative direction or not when Safe Direction negative (SDIn) is not active (when SDIn is active, if the axis cannot move in the negative direction, the fault reaction is activated).

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not moving |
| 1 | Moving |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (\rightarrow # 269).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | NA |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.31 AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Direction positive (SDIp) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------------------|--|
| 0 | Moving Negative Direction | |
| 1 | Stopped | |
| 2 | Delay Before Monitoring | |
| 3 | Not Running | |
| 4 | Fault Reaction | |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (\rightarrow # 269).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.32 AXIS#.SAFE.SDIp.MOTIONACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the axis is moving in the positive direction or not when Safe Direction positive (SDIp) is not active (when SDIp is active, if the axis cannot move in the positive direction, the fault reaction is activated).

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not moving |
| 1 | Moving |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (\rightarrow # 269).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFE.SDIP.MOTIONACTIVE | 66deh | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SDIP.MOTIONACTIVE | 6edeh | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |

9.9.1.33 AXIS#.SAFE.SLA.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) function instance is active.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | Not active | |
| 1 | Active | |

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.34 AXIS#.SAFE.SLA.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------|--|
| 0 | Not Running | |
| 1 | Monitoring | |
| 2 | Fault Reaction | |

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 , 2, 3 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.35 AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) function instance is active.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (→ # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.36 AXIS#.SAFE.SLI_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------|--|
| 0 | Initial | |
| 1 | Not Running | |
| 2 | Monitoring | |
| 3 | Fault Reaction | |
| 4 | Delay Before Monitoring | |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (→ # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read only |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.37 AXIS#.SAFE.SLP_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Position (SLP) function instance is active.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (→ # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.38 AXIS#.SAFE.SLP_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safely Limited Position (SLP) function state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not Running | |
| 1 | Monitoring | |
| 2 | Fault Reaction | |
| 3 | Delay Before Monitoring | |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (\rightarrow # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.39 AXIS#.SAFE.SLS_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) instance is active.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.40 AXIS#.SAFE.SLS_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not Running | |
| 1 | Delay Before Monitoring | |
| 2 | Target Velocity Not Reached | |
| 3 | Target Velocity Reached | |
| 4 | Monitoring | |
| 5 | Fault reaction | |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 to 5 |
| Default Value | 0 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.41 AXIS#.SAFE.SOS_x.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) function instance is active.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | Not active | |
| 1 | Active | |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|-------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|-----------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFE.SOS_2.ACTIVE | 666fh | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SOS_2.ACTIVE | 6e6fh | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |

9.9.1.42 AXIS#.SAFE.SOS_x.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) state machine.

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------------------|
| 0 | Initial |
| 1 | Not Running |
| 2 | Delay Before Monitoring |
| 3 | Monitoring |
| 4 | Fault reaction |
| 5 | Acknowledge Pending |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Default Value | 1 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.43 AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the specified safe stop instance is active. This signal is set to 1 when Safe Stop 1 (SS1) is activated. When finally SS1 activates the STO function (often after SS1_#.TIMETOSTO but it could be before if you are using a safe encoder), this active signal transition back to 0.

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.44 AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.DEC

Description

Sets the deceleration rate for the corresponding safe stop instance. When the safe stop instance is executed via safe input or FSoE the drive will attempt to stop following the associated deceleration rate. If multiple safe stop instances occur at the same time, the instance with the fastest deceleration rate will be used.

[If AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.MODE is set to fieldbus control, the drive will not decelerate on its own and this parameter is ignored.

If the deceleration rate is too slow for the configured max. time (<u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO</u>), the drive will be disabled via STO. The maximum time, normal operating speed, and the deceleration rate should be configured to ensure the drive stops under control before the time expires.

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | Rotary: RPM/s, RPS/s, deg/s², (custom units)/s², rad/s² Linear:counts/s², mm/s², µm/s², (custom units)/s² |
| Range | Depends on units. |
| Default Value | 10,000 RPM/s, depends on units. |
| Data Type | Float |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | Yes |

9.9.1.45 AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Stop 1 (SS1) state machine.

SS1-t is executed when the drive is FS2 or "Deceleration & Velocity monitoring" is disabled in the safety parameters.

SS1-r is executed when "Deceleration & Velocity monitoring" is enabled in the safety parameters.

| SS1-t | | SS1-r | |
|-------|------------------|-------|-----------------------------|
| Value | Description | Value | Description |
| 0 | Not Running | 0 | Not Running |
| 1 | Delay Before STO | 1 | Delay Before Monitoring |
| | | 2 | Target Velocity Not Reached |
| | | 3 | Target Velocity Reached |
| 4 | STO Activated | 4 | STO Activated |
| | | 5 | Fault Reaction |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | | Version | Notes |
|------------|---|--------------|-------|
| Implemente | d | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 to 5 |
| Default Value | 0 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.46 AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.MODE

Description

Sets the behavior of the drive when the corresponding Safe Stop 1 (SS1) input is triggered.

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | Drive Controlled - Drive performs a controlled stop following AXIS#.SAFE.SS1_#.DEC deceleration rate. |
| 1 | Fieldbus Controlled - The drive will not perform any stopping action, the fieldbus master should stop the drive within the configured AXIS#.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO amount of time before the drive triggers the STO signal. The manufacturer status object 50EFh is used to signal to the fieldbus master that an SS1 input has been triggered. |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to (\rightarrow # 223) / (\rightarrow # 228).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 to 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Drive Controlled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | Yes |

9.9.1.47 AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Stop 2 (SS2) safety function is active or not.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 0 | Not active | |
| 1 | Active | |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.48 AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.DEC

Description

Sets the deceleration rate for the corresponding safe stop instance. When the safe stop instance is executed via safe input or FSoE the drive will attempt to stop following the associated deceleration rate. If multiple safe stop instances occur at the same time, the instance with the fastest deceleration rate will be used.

[If AXISx.SAFE.SS2_x.MODE is set to fieldbus control, the drive will not decelerate on its own and this parameter is ignored.

If the deceleration rate is too slow for the configured max. time (<u>AXISx.SAFEPARAM.SS2_x.TIMETOSOS</u>), the drive will trigger the configured fault reaction (<u>AXISx.SAFEPARAM.SS2_x.FAULTREACTION</u>). The maximum time, normal operating speed and the deceleration rate should be configured to ensure the drive stops under control before the time expires.

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to (\rightarrow #232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | Rotary: RPM/s, RPS/s, deg/s², (custom units)/s², rad/s² Linear: counts/s², mm/s², µm/s², (custom units)/s² |
| Range | Depends on units. |
| Default Value | 10,000 RPM/s, depends on units. |
| Data Type | Float |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | Yes |

9.9.1.49 AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Stop 2 (SS2) state machine.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | Not Running |
| 1 | Delay Before Monitoring |
| 2 | Target Velocity Not Reached |
| 3 | Target Velocity Reached |
| 4 | SOS Activated |
| 5 | Fault Reaction |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Default Value | 0 (Idle) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.50 AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.MODE

Description

Sets the behavior of the drive when the corresponding Safe Stop 2 (SS2) input is triggered.

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | Drive Controlled - Drive performs a controlled stop following <u>AXISx.SAFE.SS2</u> <u>x.DEC</u> deceleration rate. |
| 1 | Fieldbus Controlled - The drive will not perform any stopping action. The fieldbus master should stop the drive within the configured <u>AXISx.SAFEPARAM.SS2</u> <u>x.TIMETOSOS</u> amount of time before the drive triggers the configured fault reaction. The manufacturer status object is used to signalize to the fieldbus master that an SS2 input has been triggered. |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to (\rightarrow #232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 to 1 |
| Default Value | Drive controlled |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | Yes |

9.9.1.51 AXIS#.SAFE.SSM_#.INRANGE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) function instance is active.

| Value Description | |
|-------------------|------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SSM information refer to "SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)" (→ # 264).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFE.SSM_ 1.INRANGE | 66e0h | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |
| AXIS1.SAFE.SSM_ 2.INRANGE | 66e0h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SSM_ 1.INRANGE | 6ee0h | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |
| AXIS2.SAFE.SSM_ 2.INRANGE | 6ee0h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read only | Yes |

9.9.1.52 AXIS#.SAFE.SSM_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) state machine.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|--------------------------|--|
| 0 | Velocity is not in range | |
| 1 | Velocity is in range | |

Context

For complete SSM information refer to "SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)" (→ # 264).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | NA |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.53 AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function instance is active or not.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not active |
| 1 | Active |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | NA |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.54 AXIS#.SAFE.SSR_#.INTERNALSTATE

Description

Indicates the internal state of the Safe Speed Range (SSR) state machine.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-----------------------------|
| 0 | Not Running |
| 1 | Delay Before Monitoring |
| 2 | Target Velocity Not Reached |
| 3 | Target Velocity Reached |
| 4 | Monitoring |
| 5 | Fault Reaction |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 |
| Default Value | NA |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.55 AXIS#.SAFE.STO.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates the Safe Torque Off (STO) state of the axis.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------------------|--|
| 1 | STO active (inputs +0V) | |
| 0 | STO inactive (inputs 24V) | |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.56 AXIS#.SAFE.STO.REPORTFAULT

Description

This parameter controls whether a Safe Torque Off (STO) fault F9000 will be created when STO is activated while the axis is enabled. The STO warning W9000 is always generated if this parameter is 1 and the STO function is active.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 1 | W9000 / F9000 are generated when axis is enabled and an STO occurs (default) | |
| 0 | W9000 / F9000 are not generated | |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | Yes |

9.9.1.57 AXIS#.SAFE.TEMPWARNING.ACTIVE

Description

Indicates whether the SMM temperature is in the expected range.

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------------------------------------|
| 0 | SMM temperature is not in the expected range |
| 1 | SMM temperature is ok |

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.58 AXIS#.SAFE.VELOCITY

Description

Returns the safe velocity. This only returns a valid value when a safe encoder is attached to the considered axis.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.59 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN

Description

Indicates whether the absolute position support is enabled or not. If in use, the absolute position will be valid if the current value read in the encoder by the SMM matches the one stored in its non-volatile memory. If there is a mismatch, the absolute position will be marked as invalid (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID</u>) and a safe homing will be required before using function that requires an absolute position (as SLP [Safe Limited Position]).



This parameter must be enabled for any functions that needs an absolute

| | ροσιαση. | |
|-------|-------------|--|
| Value | Description | |
| 0 | Disabled | |
| 1 | Enabled | |

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.60 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRANGE

Description

Indicates the absolute position range presented to the user. The range can be composed of unsigned values or signed values. This is only usable when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and when the absolute position support is enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>). The SMM does not extend the position by adding software multi-turn bits. The size of the range is fixed and directly related to the encoder's number of multi-turn bits. The SMM will simply rollover the position if the encoders move outside of the pre-defined range. Example:

If the encoder has 12 multi-turn bits then the range of absolute position multi-turn bits will be:

- Unsigned: [0,+4095]
- Signed: [-2048,+2047]

You can choose the homing value inside the range using AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETVALUE.

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 0 | Unsigned range |
| 1 | Signed range |

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes | |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Unsigned range) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.61 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETSOURCE

Description

Indicates which inputs perform the safe homing. This is only configurable when the absolution position support is enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>) and a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters. Safe homing is required when <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID</u> returns 0 (invalid). This means that a discrepancy between the position stored inside the SMM non-volatile memory and the absolute position returned by the safe encoder has been found.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not Used | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) | |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) | |
| 5 | Safe dual Input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) | |
| 6 | Safe dual Input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) | |

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Inde x | SubInde x | Data Type | Unit s | Float Scal e | Access | PDO Mappabl e |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETS OURCE | 3150 h | 05h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETS OURCE | 3250 h | 05h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |

9.9.1.62 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESETVALUE

Description

Indicates the safe homing position. This is only usable when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and when the absolute position support is enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>). This value must be within the range defined by the encoder multi-turn bits and the parameter AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRANGE. The value must be entered in user units.

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Units | User units defined in the safety parameters |
| Range | Depends on the range and user units |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Index | SubInde x | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappabl e |
|-------------------------------------------|-------|--------------|--------------|-------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESET VALUE | 3150h | 07h | Signed3 2 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSRESET VALUE | 3250h | 07h | Signed3 2 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |

9.9.1.63 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ACCCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL

Description

Indicates the time interval used to compute the acceleration in the SMM. This is only applicable when a safe encoder has been configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 100] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Inde x | SubInde x | Data Type | Unit s | Float Scal e | Access | PDO Mappabl e |
|--------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.ACCCOMPUTATIONINT ERVAL | 3150 h | 03h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.ACCCOMPUTATIONINT ERVAL | 3250 h | 03h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |

9.9.1.64 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.AXISCFGEN

Description

Indicates whether the axis is enabled in the safety configuration. This parameter is for information only. It is handled automatically when using safety parameters from WorkBench. When using FSoE parameters the defaults are properly filled out based on single or dual axis EtherCAT product codes.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|---------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.AXISCFGEN | 3100h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.AXISCFGEN | 3100h | 03h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.65 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOURCE

Description

Indicates the encoder interface linked to this axis.

| Value | Description |
|-------|--------------------|
| 0 | No encoder |
| 1 | Encoder 1 (HF-DSL) |
| 2 | Encoder 2 (HF-DSL) |
| 3 | N/A |

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|----------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (No encoder) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------|--------------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOUR CE | 3150h | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOUR CE | 3250h | 01h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.66 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.ACCLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the acceleration lower limit of the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety function.

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow # 276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00- 000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.67 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.ACCUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the acceleration upper limit of the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety function.

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow # 276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.68 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety function is faulted. The parameter uses one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 2 |

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow #276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.69 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter is only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (<u>SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION</u> is set to 1 - "Activated"). When activated, the safety system forbids the axis to move in the negative direction.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow # 276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.70 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety functions can be activated. One of the following values are used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Read for activation | |

These functions can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow #276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.71 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SAR_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safe Acceleration Range (SAR) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SAR information refer to "SAR (Safe Acceleration Range)" (\rightarrow # 276).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 - 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.72 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKETIMEDELAY

Description

Indicates the delay required to apply the brake.

If the brake is configured without SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake) (brake before STO [Safe Torque Off]), the drive stays energized for the delay time once stopped to hold position and waits for the brake to apply before de-energizing the power stage.

If the brake is configured with SDB (brake simultaneously with STO), the delay time does not have any effect.

To ensure proper brake operation, this parameter should be the same or longer than the

AXIS#.MOTOR.TBRAKEAPP time.

NOTICE

Ensure that the delay specified is enough time for the brake to fully engage. If an STO occurs prior to the brake fully engaged and the power stage is disabled, the axis load may fall.

Context

For complete SBC information refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (→ # 240).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Units | ms |
| Range | 1-60,000 ms |
| Default Value | 100 ms |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.73 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKE#ATTACHED

Description

Indicates whether Safe Brake Control (SBC) is enabled on this axis. Axis 1 can have SBC enabled with two assigned brakes. Axis 2 can only have SBC enabled with one brake (ie: BRAKE2ATTACHED cannot be set).

| Value | Description | | |
|-------|---------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0 | No brake cor | nfigured | |
| 1 | | Brake attached – without SDB (brake is applied before STO occurs according to 9.9.1.72 "AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.BRAKETIMEDELAY") | |
| 2 | Brake attached – with SDB (brake is applied after STO occurs) | | |
| | OTE | If(see AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKE)and (see BRAKE#.AXIS) indicates the axis but this safety parameter indicates a brake is attached, a | |
| | OTE | It is allowed to have a brake configured on the axis without enablin AXIS#.MOTOR.BRAKE)and (see BRAKE#.AXIS). | ng SBC using (see |

Context

ΝΟΤΕ

For complete SBC information refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (→ # 240).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-----------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (on FSoE only) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.74 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBC.MUTINGSOURCE

Description

This parameter allows the user to specify a safe input to bypass Safe Brake Control (SBC) and permit the brake to release regardless of whether SBC is active or not. The feature is referred to as 'SBC Muting' in documentation and WorkBench.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Safe input 1 |
| 2 | Safe input 2 |
| 3 | Safe input 3 |
| 4 | Safe input 4 |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 |

NOTE

If using this feature, make sure it is safe to release the brake and there is not a heavy load being held solely by the brake.

Context

For complete SBC information refer to "SBC (Safe Brake Control)" (\rightarrow # 240).

Versions

| Action | 1 | Version | Notes |
|--------|--------|--------------|-------|
| Implen | nented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 6 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non- Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.75 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether Safe Brake Test (SBT) can be activated. When ready for activation and SBT has not been run within the specified interval, a warning is activated indicating the need to run SBT. When the SBT is set to never be active, it is not possible to execute the safe brake test while there is no warning activated for SBT.

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------------|
| 0 | Never active |
| 1 | Ready for activation |

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (\rightarrow # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.76 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXAPPLOAD

Description

Specifies the maximum load of the application reflected to the motor shaft converted to current in mA. This value is scalar without regard to direction. It defines the 100% maximum application load. The Safe Brake Test (SBT) is done with 130% of maximum load (current).

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Units | mA |
| Range | 1 – 200000 mA |
| Default Value | 1000 mA (1 amp) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.77 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXMOTIONBRAKE#

Description

Indicates the amount of rotation that should occur for the shaft attached to the specified brake. If the amount of motion detected is larger than this specified amount, the Safe Brake Test (SBT) will enter a failed state and the Safe Brake Acknowledge (SBA) signal is low.

```
NOTE
```

The drive will still be allowed to be enabled and command motion. It is up to the safety system to prevent motion in the event of a failed/expired SBT (ie: SBA signal).

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Units | Arcminutes |
| Range | 1 to 10500 arc minutes |
| Default Value | 300 arc minutes |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.78 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXTIMEINTERVAL

Description

Indicates the time in minutes that Safe Brake Test (SBT) must be executed before a warning becomes active that indicates SBT should be run and the Safe Brake Acknowledge (SBA) signal becomes low.

```
NOTE
```

If the SBT period has elapsed the drive will permit enabling and movement. It is up to the safety system design to prevent motion, if required.

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|
| Units | Minutes |
| Range | 1 – 480 minutes |
| Default Value | 480 minutes |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.79 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.TORQUEDURATION

Description

Indicates the duration in milliseconds that current is applied to the motor with the brake applied during the Safe Brake Test (SBT).

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (\rightarrow # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------|
| Units | ms |
| Range | 500 ms to 60000 ms |
| Default Value | 500 ms |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.80 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safe CAm (SCA) safety function can be activated. One of the following values is used:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0 | Never active |
| 2 | Always activated |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters. This function cannot be activated by using a safe input or FSoE.

Context

For complete SCA information refer to "SCA (Safe Cam)" (\rightarrow # 286).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never Active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.81 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA_#.POSLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the absolute position lower limit of the Safe CAm (SCA) safety function.

Context

For complete SCA information refer to "SCA (Safe Cam)" (\rightarrow # 286).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.82 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SCA_#.POSUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the absolute position upper limit of the Safe CAm (SCA) safety function.

Context

For complete SCA information refer to "SCA (Safe Cam)" (\rightarrow # 286).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.83 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.DELAYBEFORESWITCHING

Description

Indicates the time in milliseconds from STO being activated until the Safe Dynamic Brake (SDB) relay is energized.

Context

For complete SDB information refer to "SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake)" (→ # 255).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | 1 ms to 60,000 ms |
| Default Value | 1 ms |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.84 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether Safe Dynamic Brake (SDB) is ready for activation.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

Context

For complete SDB information refer to "SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake)" (→ # 255).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|--------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non -Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.85 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDB.READBACKSOURCE

Description

Indicates the digital input that is used for the read back input.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------|--|
| 0 | Notused | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 | |
| 4 | Sage Input 4 | |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 | |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 | |

Context

For complete SDB information, refer to "SDB (Safe Dynamic Brake)" (→ # 255).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.86 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when the Safe Direction (SDI) safety function is faulted. The parameter can take one of the following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------|--|
| 1 | STO | |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 | |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 | |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.87 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Direction (SDI) safety functions can be activated. This applies for both SDIp (positive) and SDIn (negative). One of the following values can be used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.88 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.POSZEROWINDOW

Description

Indicates the position window of Safe Direction (SDI) safety functions. This applies to both SDIp (positive) and SDIn (negative) functions.

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (\rightarrow # 269).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.89 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDI.VELZEROWINDOW

Description

Indicates the velocity window of the safe direction (SDI) safety functions. This applies to both SDIp (positive) and SDIn (negative) functions.

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.90 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Direction negative (SDIn) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only be set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (<u>SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION</u> is set to 1 - "Activated"). When activated, the safety system forbids the axis to move in the negative direction.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.91 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safe Direction negative (SDIn) safety function. When activated, the safety system forbids the axis to move in the negative direction.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Notused | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) | |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) | |
| 5 | Safe Dual Input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) | |
| 6 | Safe Dual Input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) | |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0-6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.92 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIn.TIMEDELAYMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the position and velocity monitoring when the Safe Direction negative (SDIn) safety function is activated.

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [0, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.93 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Direction positive (SDIp) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (<u>SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION</u> is set to 1 - "Activated"). When activated, the safety system forbids the axis to move in the positive direction.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.94 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safe Direction positive (SDIp) safety function. When activated, this safety system forbids the axis to move in the positive direction.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe Dual Input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe Dual Input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 - 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

SDIp

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|------------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SDIP.SAFEINPU T | 3164h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SDIP.SAFEINPU T | 3264h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.95 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SDIp.TIMEDELAYMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the position and velocity monitoring when the Safe Direction positive (SDIp) safety function is activated.

Context

For complete SDI information refer to "SDI (Safe Direction)" (→ # 269)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.96 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA.ACCLIMIT

Description

Indicates the acceleration limit of the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety function.

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.97 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety function is faulted. The parameter can use one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 |

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (\rightarrow # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.98 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (<u>SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION</u> is set to 1 - "Activated"). When activated, the safety system forbids the axis to move in a negative direction.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.99 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety functions can be activated. One of the following values is used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |
| 2 | Always activated | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 , 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.100 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLA.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safely Limited Acceleration (SLA) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SLA information refer to "SLA (Safely Limited Acceleration)" (→ # 273).

Versions

| Action | Version | on Notes | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |
| | |

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|-----------------------------------|-------|----------|-----------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SLA.SAFEINPU T | 3165h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SLA.SAFEINPU T | 3265h | 02h | Unsigned8 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.101 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function is faulted. The parameter uses one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (→ # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.102 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (\rightarrow # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.103 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function can be activated. This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters. One of the following values can be used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (\rightarrow # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.104 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.POSRELLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the relative position lower limit of the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function.

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (→ # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.105 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.POSRELUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the relative position upper limit of the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function.

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (\rightarrow # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.106 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|------------|-------------------------------|
| 0 Not used | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (→ # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.107 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLI_#.TIMEDELAYMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the position monitoring when the Safely Limited Increment (SLI) safety function is activated.

Context

For complete SLI information refer to "SLI (Safely Limited Increment)" (\rightarrow # 280).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [0, 60000] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.108 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function is faulted. The parameter uses one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (\rightarrow # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.109 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated ("SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION" (\rightarrow # 534) is set to 1 - "Activated"). This function requires the absolute position support to be enabled (see

"AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN" (\rightarrow # 386)). If the absolute position support is enabled but not valid (see "AXIS#.SAFE.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID" (\rightarrow # 329)) then a safe homing must be performed.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (\rightarrow # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.110 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function can be activated. This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters. This function requires the absolute position to be enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>). If the absolute position is enabled but not valid (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID</u>) then a safe homing must be performed. One of the following values are used:

| Value | Description |
|-------|------------------|
| 0 | Never active |
| 1 | Used |
| 2 | Always Activated |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (\rightarrow # 283).

Versions

| Action Version | | Notes | | | | |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | | | | |

| Туре | Read/Write | | |
|-------------------------------|------------------|--|--|
| Units | N/A | | |
| Range | 0, 1, 2 | | |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) | | |
| Data Type | Integer | | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | | |

9.9.1.111 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.POSLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the absolute position lower limit of the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function.

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (→ # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | | | | |

| Туре | Read/Write | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Units | Depends on user units | | |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] | | |
| Default Value | 1 | | |
| Data Type | Integer | | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | | |

9.9.1.112 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.POSUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the absolute position upper limit of the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function.

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (→ # 283).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | | | | |

| Туре | Read/Write | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|--|--|
| Units | Depends on user units | | |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] | | |
| Default Value | 1 | | |
| Data Type | Integer | | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | | |

9.9.1.113 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can activate the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function. This function requires the absolute position to be enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSEN</u>). If the absolute position is enabled but not valid (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ABSOLUTEPOSVALID</u>) then a safe homing must be performed.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (→ # 283).

Versions

| | | Notes | | | | | | |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Implemented | 02-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | | | | | | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.114 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLP_#.TIMEDELAYMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the position monitoring when the Safely Limited Position (SLP) safety function is activated.

Context

For complete SLP information refer to "SLP (Safely Limited Position)" (\rightarrow # 283).

Versions

| Action Version | | Notes | | | | | |
|--------------------------|--|-----------------------------------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Implemented 02-04-00-000 | | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 | | | | | |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [0, 60000] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|-----------------------------------------------|-------|----------|------------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 1.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 316ch | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 2.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 316dh | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 3.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 316eh | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 1.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 326ch | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 2.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 326dh | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SLP_ 3.TIMEDELAYMONITORING | 326eh | 06h | Unsigned16 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.115 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.DECLIMIT

Description

Indicates the deceleration limit of the deceleration monitoring of the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function. This deceleration monitoring needs to be enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS</u> <u>#.DECMONITOREN</u>). A value of zero means that the deceleration monitoring is disabled.

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (\rightarrow # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | 0 or [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.116 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.DECMONITOREN

Description

Indicates if the deceleration monitoring is enabled for the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|--------------------|
| 0 | Disabled (Default) |
| 1 | Enabled |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.117 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when Safely Limited Speed (SLS) is faulted. One of the following values can be used:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.118 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (\rightarrow # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.119 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function can be activated. One of the following values can be used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Not active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |
| 2 | Always activated | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (\rightarrow # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 , 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.120 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can trigger the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (\rightarrow # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.121 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the deceleration monitoring. The delay starts elapsing when Safely Limited Speed (SLS) is activated. When it finally elapses, the monitoring is started. This parameter can only be used when the deceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS</u> <u>#.DECMONITOREN</u>).

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (\rightarrow # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.122 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.TIMEFORVELINLIMITS

Description

Indicates the time for the velocity in limits for the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function. After this time, the monitoring can be activated if the velocity is already in the limits. This is the time the velocity has to be within the limits before the final state is activated.

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.123 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.TIMETOVELMONITORING

Description

Indicates the maximum time before starting the velocity monitoring of the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function. If the velocity is not below the limit when this time elapsed then the function is faulted and it activates the configured fault reaction.

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [2, 60000] |
| Default Value | 2 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.124 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SLS_#.VELLIMIT

Description

Indicates the velocity limit of the Safely Limited Speed (SLS) safety function.

Context

For complete SLS information refer to "SLS (Safely Limited Speed)" (→ # 261).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.125 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|---------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |

Stored in Non Volatile Memory No

9.9.1.126 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates if the SOS function can be activated. One of the following values can be used:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.127 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.POSZEROWINDOW

Description

Indicates the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) position window.

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

General Information

Туре

Read/Write

| Units | Depends on user units |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|
| Range | [0, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubIndex | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappable |
|-----------------------------------------|-------|----------|------------|-------|----------------|------------|-----------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SOS_ 1.POSZEROWINDOW | 315bh | 07h | Unsigned32 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SOS_ 2.POSZEROWINDOW | 3172h | 07h | Unsigned32 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SOS_ 1.POSZEROWINDOW | 325bh | 07h | Unsigned32 | - | - | Read/Write | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SOS_ 2.POSZEROWINDOW | 3272h | 07h | Unsigned32 | - | - | Read/Write | No |

9.9.1.128 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKBEHAVIOR

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) automatically resets or requires a manual reset using safe input or FSoE. In Automatic Restart mode, when the SOS input clears, the SOS automatically restarts (i.e., the function is cleared). In Manual Restart mode, when the SOS input clears, the SOS function remains active until the configured input triggers the SOS to restart. (See <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKSOURCE</u>).

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0 | Automatic restart (Default) | |
| 1 | Manual restart | |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Automatic restart) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.129 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKSOURCE

Description

Indicates the input to use to manually clear the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) function. Only used when the SOS is configured for Manual Restart mode (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.RESTARTACKBEHAVIOR</u>).

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not Used (Default) | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) | |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) | |
| 5 | Safe Dual Input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) | |
| 6 | Safe Dual Input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) | |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.130 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input triggers the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) safety function.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not used | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) | |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) | |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) | |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) | |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.131 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.TIMEDELAYMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before Safe Operating Stop (SOS) starts monitoring.

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [0, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.132 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.VELMONITOREN

Description

Indicates if the velocity monitoring is enabled with the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) safety function.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | Disabled (Default) | |
| 1 | Enabled | |

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00- 000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.133 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.VELZEROWINDOW

Description

Indicates the Safe Operating Stop (SOS) velocity window. It is only in use when the velocity monitoring is enabled (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SOS_x.VELMONITOREN</u>). A value of zero means that the velocity monitoring is disabled.

Context

For complete SOS information refer to SOS (Safe Operating Stop).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00- 000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [0, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 (Monitoring disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.134 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SPEEDCOMPUTATIONINTERVAL

Description

Indicates the time interval used to compute the speed in the SMM. This is only applicable when a safe encoder has been configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For safe encoder details refer to "Motor feedback requirements" (\rightarrow # 216).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 100] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Inde x | SubInde x | Data Type | Unit s | Float Scal e | Access | PDO Mappabl e |
|----------------------------------------------|-----------|--------------|---------------|-----------|--------------------|----------------|---------------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.SPEEDCOMPUTATIONIN TERVAL | 3150 h | 02h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Wri te | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.SPEEDCOMPUTATIONIN TERVAL | 3250 h | 02h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Wri te | No |

9.9.1.135 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.DECLIMIT

Description

Indicates the deceleration limit for Safe Stop 1 (SS1). A value of zero means the deceleration monitoring is disabled. This can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and speed/acceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELDECMONITOREN</u>).

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Units | Acceleration in defined user units |
| Range | [0, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 (Deceleration monitoring disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.136 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Stop 1 (SS1) function instance can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only be set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Notused |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.137 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates how the function can be activated. Safe Stop 1 (SS1) Instance 1 is always ready for activation (fault reaction). SS1 Instance 2 and SS1 Instance 3 can be set to one of the two following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to (\rightarrow # 223) or (\rightarrow # 228).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1 for Instance 1 0, 1 for Instance 2 or 3 |
| Default Value | Instance 1 : 1 (Ready for activation) Instance 2 and 3 : 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.138 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can trigger the Safe Stop 1 (SS1) safety function.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------------|--|
| 0 | Not used | |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) | |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) | |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) | |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) | |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) | |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) | |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.139 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING

Description

Indicates the time delay before starting the deceleration monitoring. The timer starts when Safe Stop 1 (SS1) is activated. The monitoring of the deceleration starts when it elapses. This can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and speed/acceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELDECMONITOREN).

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.140 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMEFORVELZERO

Description

Indicates the time for the zero velocity. This can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and speed/acceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1</u> <u>#.VELDECMONITOREN</u>).

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.141 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.TIMETOSTO

Description

Indicates the maximum time delay in milliseconds to initiate Safe Torque Off (STO) when SS1 is activated.

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [2, 60000] |
| Default Value | 2 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.142 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELDECMONITOREN

Description

Indicates if the velocity and deceleration monitoring is enabled for this Safe Stop 1 (SS1) instance. Velocity and deceleration monitoring can only be enabled if a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameter. When the velocity and deceleration monitoring is disabled (default value), SS1 is time based (SS1-t).

| Value | Description | |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | Disabled (Default) | |
| 1 | Enabled | |

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Units | N/A | |
| Range | 0, 1 | |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) | |
| Data Type | Integer | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | |

9.9.1.143 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS1_#.VELZEROWINDOW

Description

Indicates the velocity zero window for Safe Stop 1 (SS1). When SS1 is active and the velocity is inside the velocity zero window, the Safe Torque Off (STO) function is activated. If configured, the Safe Brake Control (SBC) function is also activated. This can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters and speed/acceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>SAFEPARAM.SS1</u><u>#.VELDECMONITOREN</u>).

Context

For complete SS1 information refer to $(\rightarrow \# 223) / (\rightarrow \# 228)$.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Units | Speed in defined user units |
| Range | [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.144 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.DECLIMIT

Description

Indicates the deceleration limit for Safe Stop 2 (SS2). A value of zero means that the deceleration monitoring is disabled. This can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters (see AXIS#.SAFE.SS2_#.DECMONITOREN).

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Units | Acceleration in defined user units |
| Range | [0, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 (Deceleration monitoring disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.145 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.DECMONITOREN

Description

Indicates if the deceleration monitoring is enabled for this Safe Stop 2 (SS2) instance.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-----------------------|
| 0 | Disabled (Default) |
| 1 | Enabled |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.146 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when Safe Stop 2 (SS2) fails to execute correctly. This happens for different reasons such as if the deceleration monitoring detects that the axis does not ramp down as expected. The parameter allows one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------|
| 1 | STO |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.147 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Stop 2 (SS2) function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (<u>SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION</u> is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.148 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates how the SS2 function can be activated. The parameter allows one of the following values:

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------------|
| 10 | Never active |
| 1 | Ready for activation |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.149 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can trigger the Safe Stop 2 (SS2) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (\rightarrow # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMMrevision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.150 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the deceleration monitoring. The delay starts elapsing when Safe Stop 2 (SS2) is activated. When it elapses, the monitoring is started. This parameter can only be used when the deceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.DECMONITOREN</u>).

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (→ # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.151 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMEFORVELZERO

Description

Indicates the time for zero velocity.

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (→ # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.152 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SS2_#.TIMETOSOS

Description

Indicates the maximum time delay in milliseconds to initiate Safe Operating Stop (SOS) when Safe Stop 2 (SS2) is activated.

Context

For complete SS2 information refer to "SS2 (Safe Stop 2)" (→ # 232).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [2, 60000] |
| Default Value | 2 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.153 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates the velocity upper limit of the Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) safety function. The parameter allows one of the following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 2 | Always activated | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SSM information refer to "SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)" (→ # 264).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 2 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.154 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.VELLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the velocity lower limit of the Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) safety function.

Context

For complete SSM information refer to "SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)" (\rightarrow # 264).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.155 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSM_#.VELUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the velocity upper limit of the Safe Speed Monitor (SSM) function.

Context

For complete SSM information refer to "SSM (Safe Speed Monitor)" (\rightarrow # 264).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.156 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.DECLIMIT

Description

Indicates the deceleration limit of the deceleration monitoring of the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function. The deceleration monitoring needs to be enabled in the safety parameters (see <u>AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR</u><u>#.DECMONITOREN</u>). A value of zero means the deceleration monitoring is disabled.

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (\rightarrow # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | 0 or [1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.157 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.DECMONITOREN

Description

Indicates if the deceleration monitoring is enabled for the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|--------------------|--|
| 0 | Disabled (Default) | |
| 1 | Enabled | |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.158 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FAULTREACTION

Description

Indicates the safety function activated when Safe Speed Range (SSR) is faulted. The parameter allows one of the following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------|--|
| 1 | STO | |
| 2 | SS1 Instance 1 | |
| 3 | SS2 Instance 1 | |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3 |
| Default Value | 1 (STO) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.159 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Speed Range (SSR) function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only be set to "Used" when FSoE is activated ("SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION" (\rightarrow # 534) is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (\rightarrow # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.160 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function can be activated. The parameter allows one of the following values:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|----------------------|--|
| 0 | Never active | |
| 1 | Ready for activation | |

This function can only be used when a safe encoder is configured in the safety parameters.

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | 0 (Never active) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.161 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safe input can trigger the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (\rightarrow # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.162 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMEDELAYDECMONITORING

Description

Indicates the delay before starting the deceleration monitoring. The delay starts elapsing when Safe Speed Range (SSR) is activated. When it finally elapses, the monitoring is started. This parameter can only be used when the deceleration monitoring is enabled in the safety parameters (see "AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.DECMONITOREN" (\rightarrow # 480)).

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.163 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMEFORVELINLIMITS

Description

Indicates the time for the velocity in limits for the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function. After this time, the monitoring can be activated if the velocity is already in the limits.

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.164 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.TIMETOVELMONITORING

Description

Indicates the maximum time to start the velocity monitoring for the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function. If the velocity is still not in range after this time, the function will be faulted and activates its configured fault reaction

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (\rightarrow # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | Milliseconds |
| Range | [1, 60000] |
| Default Value | 2 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.165 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.VELLOWERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the velocity lower limit of the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function.

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.166 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SSR_#.VELUPPERLIMIT

Description

Indicates the velocity upper limit of the Safe Speed Range (SSR) safety function.

Context

For complete SSR information refer to "SSR (Safe Speed Range)" (→ # 266).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | Depends on user units |
| Range | [-2^31+1, 2^31-1] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.167 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FSOE

Description

Indicates if the Safe Torque Off (STO) function can be activated through FSoE. This parameter can only be set to "Used" when FSoE is activated (SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to 1 - "Activated").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Used |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1 |
| Default Value | Default (WorkBench): 0 (Not Activated) |
| | Default (FSoE): 1 (Activated) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.168 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.FUNCTIONACTIVATION

Description

Indicates how the function can be activated. For Safe Torque Off (STO), the function is ready for activation.

| Value | Description |
|-------|----------------------|
| 1 | Ready for activation |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1 |
| Default Value | Axis 1 – 1 (Ready for activation) Axis 2 – 1 (Ready for activation) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

Fieldbus Information

EtherCAT CoE and CANopen

| Command | Index | SubInde x | Data Type | Units | Float Scale | Access | PDO Mappabl e |
|--------------------------------------------|-------|--------------|---------------|-------|----------------|----------------|---------------------|
| AXIS1.SAFEPARAM.STO.FUNCTIONACTIV ATION | 3152h | 01h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |
| AXIS2.SAFEPARAM.STO.FUNCTIONACTIV ATION | 3252h | 01h | Unsigned 8 | - | - | Read/Writ e | No |

9.9.1.169 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKMODE

Description

Indicates whether the Safe Torque Off (STO) will automatically reset or requires a manual reset using safe input or FSoE. In Automatic Restart mode, when the STO input clears, the STO automatically restarts and the drive is enabled. In Manual Restart mode, when the STO input clears, the STO remains active until the configured input triggers the STO to restart. See 9.9.1.170 "AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKSOURCE").

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-----------------------------|--|
| 0 | Automatic Restart (default) | |
| 1 | Manual Restart | |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 (Automatic Restart) 1 (Manual Restart) |
| Default Value | 0 (Automatic Restart) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.170 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKSOURCE

Description

Indicates the input to use to manually clear the Safe Torque Off (STO) once the STO input is cleared. Only used when the STO is configured for Manual Restart mode (see 9.9.1.169 "AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.RESTARTACKMODE").

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------|
| 0 | Not Used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow #219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (Not used) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.171 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.STO.SAFEINPUT

Description

Indicates which safety input can trigger the Safe Torque Off (STO) safety function.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------------------------|
| 0 | Not used |
| 1 | Safe Input 1 (SIN1) |
| 2 | Safe Input 2 (SIN2) |
| 3 | Safe Input 3 (SIN3) |
| 4 | Safe Input 4 (SIN4) |
| 5 | Safe dual input 1 (SIN1/SIN2) |
| 6 | Safe dual input 2 (SIN3/SIN4) |

Context

For complete STO information refer to "STO (Safe Torque Off)" (\rightarrow # 219).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.54 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 0 (not used) |
| Data type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.172 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCFACTOR

Description

Indicates the acceleration factor unit.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | nano |
| 1 | micro |
| 2 | milli |
| 3 | centi |
| 4 | deci |
| 5 | none |
| 6 | deca |
| 7 | hecto |
| 8 | kilo |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| Default Value | 5 (None) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.173 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC

Description

Indicates the acceleration increment in encoder units. The safe system uses the following formula:

 $acceleration[counts/s^{2}] = acceleration * \frac{< accInEncUnit>}{< accInUserUnit>} * \frac{< resInNbInc>}{< resInEncUnit>}$

With:

- accInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC
- accInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit: resolution in encoder units

Example

- accInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC
- accInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER

```
Acceleration: accInUserUnit[accUserUnit] = accInEncUnit[encUnit/s^2]
Acceleration: 60[rpm/s]=1[rev/s^2]
Acceleration: 1[mm/s^2]=1000000 [nm/s^2]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (→ # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | User defined |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.174 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER

Description

Indicates the acceleration increment in user units. The safe system uses the following formula:

 $acceleration[counts/s^{2}] = acceleration * \frac{< accInEncUnit>}{< accInUserUnit>} * \frac{< resInNbInc>}{< resInEncUnit>}$

With:

- accInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC
- accInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit: resolution in encoder units

Example

- accInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINENC
- accInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCINUSER

```
Acceleration: accInUserUnit[accUserUnit] = accInEncUnit[encUnit/s^2]
Acceleration: 60[rpm/s]=1[rev/s^2]
Acceleration: 1[mm/s^2]=1000000 [nm/s^2]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | User defined |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | 60 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.175 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.ACCLABEL

Description

User unit label for acceleration values returned by the safety system. This parameter is only required for the parameter visualization in WorkBench or any other GUI. It is not used by the SMM software.

This is only applicable when a safe encoder has been defined in the safety parameters.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------|--|
| 0 | Counts/s ² | |
| 1 | Degree/s ² | |
| 2 | RPS/s | |
| 3 | Radian/ ² | |
| 4 | Arcminute/ ² | |
| 5 | RPM/s | |
| 6 | Meter/s ² | |
| 7 | Inch/s ² | |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7 |
| Default Value | 5 (RPM/s) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.176 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSFACTOR

Description

Indicates the position factor unit.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | nano |
| 1 | micro |
| 2 | milli |
| 3 | centi |
| 4 | deci |
| 5 | None |
| 6 | deca |
| 7 | hecto |
| 8 | kilo |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| Default Value | 4 (deci) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.177 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC

Description

Indicates the position increment in encoder units. The safe system uses the following formula:

 $Position[counts] = position * \frac{<\!posInEncUnit>}{<\!posInUserUnit>} * \frac{<\!resInNbInc>}{<\!resInEncNbInc>}$

With:

- posInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC
- posInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit. resolution in encoder units

Example

- posInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC
- posInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER

```
Position: posInUserUnit[posUserUnit] = posInEncUnit[encUnit]
Position: 3600[deciDegree]=1[rev] (Default)
Position: 360[deg]=1[rev]
Position: 1[um]=1000[nm]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | User defined |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.178 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER

Description

Indicates the position increment in user units.

The safe system uses the following formula to compute the position in user units or internal values:

 $Position[counts] = position * \frac{< posInEncUnit>}{< posInUserUnit>} * \frac{< resInNbInc>}{< resInEncUnit>}$

With:

- posInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC
- posInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit: resolution in encoder units

Example

- posInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINENC
- posInUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSINUSER

```
Position: posInUserUnit [posUserUnit] = posInEncUnit [encUnit]
Position: 3600 [deciDegree] = 1 [rev] (Default)
Position: 360 [deg] = 1[rev] Position : 1[um] = 1000[nm]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | User defined |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | 3600 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.179 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.POSLABEL

Description

User unit label for position values returned by the safety system. This parameter is only required for the parameter visualization in WorkBench or any other GUI. It is not used by the SMM software.

This is only applicable when a safe encoder has been defined in the safety parameters.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | Degree |
| 1 | Counts |
| 2 | Rev |
| 3 | Radian |
| 4 | Arcminute |
| 5 | Meter |
| 6 | Inch |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (→ # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 |
| Default Value | 4 (Degree) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.180 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELFACTOR

Description

Indicates the velocity factor unit.

| Value | Description |
|-------|-------------|
| 0 | nano |
| 1 | micro |
| 2 | milli |
| 3 | centi |
| 4 | deci |
| 5 | None |
| 6 | deca |
| 7 | hecto |
| 8 | kilo |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8 |
| Default Value | 5 (None) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.181 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC

Description

Indicates the velocity increment in encoder units. The safe system uses the following formula:

With:

- velInEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC
- vellnUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit: resolution in encoder units

Example

- vellnEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC
- vellnUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER

```
Velocity : vellnUserUnit[velUserUnit] = vellnEncUnit[encUnit/s]
Velocity : 60[rpm]=1[rev/s]
Velocity : 1[mm/s]=1000000 [nm/s]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|--------------|
| Units | User defined |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.182 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER

Description

Indicates the velocity increment in user units. The safe system uses the following formula:

 $Velocity[counts/s] = velocity * rac{<\!\!velInEncUnit>}{<\!\!velInUserUnit>} * rac{<\!\!resInNbInc>}{<\!\!resInEncUnit>}$

With:

- vellnEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC
- vellnUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER
- resInNbInc: the encoder resolution in counts
- resInEncUnit: resolution in encoder units

Example

- vellnEncUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINENC
- vellnUserUnit is AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELINUSER

```
Velocity : vellnUserUnit[velUserUnit] = vellnEncUnit[encUnit/s]
Velocity : 60[rpm]=1[rev/s]
Velocity : 1[mm/s]=1000000 [nm/s]
```

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write | |
|-------------------------------|--------------|--|
| Units | User defined | |
| Range | N/A | |
| Default Value | 60 | |
| Data Type | Integer | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | |

9.9.1.183 AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.UNIT.VELLABEL

Description

User unit label for speed values returned by the safety system. This is only required for the parameter visualization in WorkBench or any other GUI. It is not used by the SMM software.

This is only applicable when a safe encoder has been defined in the safety parameters.

| Value | Description | |
|-------|-------------------------|--|
| 0 | Counts/s | |
| 1 | Degree/s | |
| 2 | RPS | |
| 3 | Radian/s Arcminute/s | |
| 4 | | |
| 5 | RPM | |
| 6 | Meter/s | |
| 7 | Inch/s | |

Context

For details refer to "Parameterization of User Units" (\rightarrow # 304).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6,7 |
| Default Value | 5 (RPM) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.184 BRAKE#.SAFE.SBT.ELAPSED

Description

Returns the elapsed milliseconds since the last successful Safe Brake Test (SBT) on the specified brake. When the returned time reaches the max period defined by the safety parameters AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.SBT.MAXTIMEINTERVAL, the Safe Brake Acknowledgment (SBA) signal is set to low.

Code

```
--> BRAKE1.SAFE.SBT.ELAPSED 3306031
```

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.185 BRAKE#.SAFE.SBT.STATE

Description

Read the state of the Safe Brake Test (SBT) on the specified brake. The return value is one of the following:

| Value | Description | |
|-------|---------------------------------------------|--|
| 0 | The brake is not tested. | |
| 1 | The brake has been successfully tested. | |
| 2 | The brake failed to test. It may be broken. | |
| 3 | The brake is applying. | |
| 4 | The brake is tested. | |
| 5 | The brake is releasing. | |

Code

```
--> BRAKE1.SAFE.SBT.STATE 0
```

Context

For complete SBT information refer to "SBT (Safe Brake Test)" (→ # 249).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 - 7 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.186 SAFE.CFGERROR

Description

In case the safety parameters validation fails due to invalid configuration, this parameter returns information about which parameters failed to validate and why.

Code

```
--> SAFE.CFGERROR
Parameter: [PARAMETER_NUMBER] PARAMETER_KEYWORD_NAME
Axis: AXIS_ID
Instance: INSTANCE_ID
Error: [ERROR_NUMBER] ERROR_DESCRIPTION
```

Context

For information on validation refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | String |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.187 SAFE.CHANGEPASSWORD

Description

Change or create the password used for safety parameters operation. The master password remains unchanged and valid. The password must be at least 8 characters long but not more than 25 characters. This password cannot be retrieved if lost but the master password can be used to reset it.

NOTE

The master password is SafeMotionMonitorXXX where XXX are the last 3 digits of the drive serial number.

Usage

SAFE.CHANGEPASSWORD <new_password> <confirmation_password> All parameters are mandatory. The drive will return an error if:

- Not enough parameters are provided .
- Too much parameters are provided .
- At least one of the parameter is out of range.
- The confirmation password is not valid (error returned by the SMM)

```
NOTE
```

The password strings cannot contain any spaces.

<new_password>: String of 8 bytes min and 25 bytes max <confirmation_password>: String of 8 bytes min and 25 bytes max

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.188 SAFE.CLEARSAFEID

Description

Clear the SafeID and invalidate the safety parameters. It clears the SafeID and invalidate the safety parameters and in consequence the SMM will go in a safe-state "SafeID not validated" (SAFE.STATE is 2). The SafeID can now be changed using the physical rotary-switches and then the drive must be rebooted to re-validate the SafeID.

Usage

```
Format is: SAFE.CLEARSAFEID <user_name> <password> <date_and_time>
<user_name>: Username used to perform the safety parameters operation. Max 8
characters.
```

<password>: Password used for safety parameters operation. Min 8 characters,
max 25 characters.

<date_and_time>: Format is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ.

Example: 2019-02-05T16:10:10Z which is 5th of February 2019, 16:10:10 UTC. Time zone must always UTC. **Example:** SAFE.CLEARSAFEID john my_password 2019-02-05T16:10:10Z

Context

For information on validation refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.189 SAFE.CRC

Description

Returns the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) of the complete safety parameters file stored in this device. The CRC returned is 0, if there are no safety parameters available.

Bytes 0..3: System CRC

SAFE.CRC is accessible through telnet.

CoE gives the CRC (Index: 0x37C3, SubIndex: 0).

Code

```
--> SAFE.CRC
0x31a564de
```

Context

For information on validation and CRC refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action Version | | Notes |
|----------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | All |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.190 SAFE.DEVICECRC

Description

Returns the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) of the device's safety parameters dedicated to this device stored inside the complete safety parameters file. If there are no safety parameters available, the CRC returned is 0.

Code

```
--> SAFE.DEVICECRC
0x72d5a4df
```

Context

For information on CRC and validation refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | All |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.191 SAFE.ERROR

Description

Indicates the current error code of the SMM. Possible values of SAFE.ERROR are:

| ID | Failure | Comments |
|-------------|-------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0 | No fault | |
| 1 | Safe input fault | |
| 2 | SDB failure | |
| 3 | Safe output fault | |
| 4 | STO output fault | |
| 5 | Encoder startup timeout | The communication with the encoder reported a fatal problem. The timeout for the startup of the encoder occurred. |
| 6 | Encoder fault: No position available | No encoder position is available but is needed. No valid data is available. |
| 7 | Power supply fault (Vcc) | Undervoltage led to a reset of the SMM. |
| 8 | Black-channel fault | The safe fieldbus detected a failure. |
| 911 | Fatal faults | No transmission to drive because there is no active communication. |
| 12 | Safety parameter invalid | The drive enters a safe state engaging the brake and removing power simultaneously. This happens when the configured sequence is unknown. |
| 13 | Brake output fault | |
| 14 | Temperature fault | The temperature cools when the drive is switched off. |
| 15 | Internal discrepancy | A discrepancy between two micro controllers on the SMM was detected. |
| 16 | FPGA not suitable | The FPGA software is not suitable for use with this SMM. |
| 17 | Internal fault | Error occurred. |
| 18 | I/O Fault | Error occurred which can be fixed. |
| 19 Reserved | | |
| 20 | External memory fault | A failure occurred at the external non-volatile memory. |
| 21 | Manufacturing parameter invalid | The manufacturing data is invalid. |
| 22 | External discrepancy | The two inputs used for a dual input are different. |
| 23 | Brake current fault | The brake current is out of range. |
| 24 | Encoder fault: No speed available | No speed is available but is needed. No valid data is available. |
| 25 | Encoder fault: Invalid association | The association of the encoder to an axis is invalid. No valid data is available. |
| 26 | Encoder fault: Invalid type | The encoder type is invalid. No valid data is available. |
| 27 | Encoder fault: Communication Channel 1 | The encoder communication failed on channel 1. No valid data is available. |
| 28 | Encoder fault: Communication Channel 2 | The encoder communication failed on channel 2. No valid data is available. |
| 29 | Encoder fault: Communication timeout | The encoder reported a timeout in the communication. No valid data is available. |
| 30 | Encoder fault: Diagnostic test | The encoder reported an error in the diagnostic test. No valid data is available. |
| 31 | Encoder fault: Event Channel 1 | The encoder reported an error on channel 1. No valid data is available. |

| ID | Failure | Comments | |
|----|-----------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 32 | Encoder fault: Event Channel 2 | The encoder reported an error on channel 2. No valid data is available. | |
| 33 | Encoder fault: Position Drift | The position between channel 1 and 2 is different. No valid data is available. | |
| 34 | Encoder fault: Startup error | The encoder reported a failed startup test. No valid data is available. | |
| 35 | Encoder fault: Encoder counter drift | Note: Error only applicable for SMM R_02-07-000. The message counters of the channels of an encoder differ more than expected. | |
| 36 | Encoder fault: Encoder update rate | Note: Error only applicable for SMM R_02-07-000. The encoder position update rate is out of tolerance. | |

Code

```
--> SAFE.ERROR
0
```

Context

For information on validation refer to "Safety Faults, Safety Warnings" (\rightarrow # 311).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.192 SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE

Description

Indicates the current instance of the error code returned by SAFE.ERROR (if applicable).

The parameter returns 0 when there is no instance or no error. If not, it returns the instance ID (for example, it returns 1 for Axis 1). The instance is dependent on the value returned by SAFE.ERROR. Depending on the context, it could be an Axis ID, Brake ID, encoder ID or Safe I/O ID.

Code

```
--> SAFE.ERRORINSTANCE
1
```

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|---------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | | Implemented in SMM revision v0.53 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |
| | |

9.9.1.193 SAFE.ID

Description

Returns the SafeID of the device. The SafeID returned is 0, if there are no SafeID available. SAFE.ID is accessible through telnet.

Code

```
--> SAFE.ID
0x31
```

Context

For information on validation and CRC refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | All |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.194 SAFE.IDANDCRC

Description

Returns the Cyclic Redundancy Check (CRC) and the SafeID of the complete safety parameters file stored in this device. The CRC returned is 0, if there are no safety parameters available.

Bytes 0..3: System CRC Byte 4: SafeID SAFE.IDANDCRC is accessible through telnet.

Code

```
--> SAFE.INDANDCRC
0x1031a564de
```

Context

For information on validation and CRC, refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | All |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.195 SAFE.INVALIDATEPARAMS

Description

Invalidate the safety parameters. This command is executed when the SMM is in "operational" (SAFE.STATE is 6). It will invalidate the safety parameters and in consequence the SMM will go in a safe-state "configuration needed" (SAFE.STATE is 3).

Usage

```
Format is: SAFE.INVALIDATEPARAMS <user name>   <date and time>
```

<user_name>: Username used to perform the safety parameters operation. Max 8 characters.

<password>: Password used for safety parameters operation. Min 8 characters,
max 25 characters.

<date_and_time>: Format is YYYY-MM-DDThh:mm:ssZ.

Example: 2019-02-05T16:10:10Z which is 5th of February 2019, 16:10:10 UTC. Time zone must always be UTC. **Example**: SAFE.INVALIDATEPARAMS john my_password 2019-02-05T16:10:10Z

Context

For more information refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307) and "Downloading Safety Parameter Packages" (\rightarrow # 297).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.196 SAFE.MONITOR#.AXIS

Description

Defines the axis of the monitored SMM variable returned by SAFE.MONITOR#.DATA. Two variables can be configured at the same time using SAFE.MONITOR1.AXIS and SAFE.MONITOR2.AXIS.

Code

--> SAFE.MONITOR1.AXIS 1

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1 to 2 on dual axis product. 1 on single axis product |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.197 SAFE.MONITOR#.DATA

Description

Reads the value of the monitored SMM variables. Two variables can be read at the same time using SAFE.MONITOR1.DATA and SAFE.MONITOR2.DATA. The variable to monitor is configured by using SAFE.MONITOR#.SOURCE, SAFE.MONITOR#.AXIS and SAFE.MONITOR#.INSTANCE.

Code

```
--> SAFE.MONITOR1.DATA 1
```

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.198 SAFE.MONITOR#.INSTANCE

Description

Defines the instance of the monitored SMM variable returned by <u>SAFE.MONITOR#.DATA</u>. Two variables can be configured at the same time using SAFE.MONITOR1.INSTANCE and SAFE.MONITOR2.INSTANCE.

Code

--> SAFE.MONITOR1.INSTANCE 1

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1 to 4 |
| Default Value | 1 |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | N/A |

9.9.1.199 SAFE.MONITOR#.SOURCE

Description

Defines the source of the monitored safe variable SAFE.MONITOR#.DATA. Two variables can be configured at the same time using SAFE.MONITOR1.SOURCE and SAFE.MONITOR2.SOURCE. The source can be one of the following values:

| Value | Content |
|-------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1 | Current state of the internal state machine of the STO function |
| 2 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SS1 function |
| 3 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SBC function |
| 4 | Current state of the internal state machine of the brake (Axis information is ignored, Two instances for brake 1 and 2 are provided) |
| 5 | Safe position of axis |
| 6 | Safe absolute position of axis |
| 7 | Acceleration of axis |
| 8 | Speed of axis |
| 9 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SSM function |
| 10 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SOS function |
| 11 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SSR function |
| 12 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SDIp function |
| 13 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SDIn function |
| 14 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SCA function |
| 15 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SLA function |
| 16 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SLS function |
| 17 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SS2 function |
| 18 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SLI function |
| 19 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SLP function |
| 20 | Current state of the internal state machine of the SAR function |

Code

--> SAFE.MONITOR1.SOURCE 2

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read/Write | |
|---------------|--------------------------------------|--|
| Description | Source of the monitored SMM variable | |
| Units | N/A | |
| Range | 0 to 20 | |
| Default Value | 1 | |
| Data Type | N/A | |

9.9.1.200 SAFE.STATE

Description

SAFE.STATE indicates the current state of the SMM. It's accessible through telnet and through CoE (Index: 0x37C1, SubIndex: 0). The possible values of SAFE.STATE are:

| Value | Name | Description | |
|----------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|
| 0, 16254 | Invalid | Reserved. | |
| 1 | Start-up | The SMM is starting up. This will be present, while the connection to the safe fieldbus starts up. | |
| 2 | SafeID not validated | SafeID is not validated or invalid. Validation process required. | |
| 3 | Configuration required | A new configuration is required. The configuration of the SMM may be broken. | |
| 4 | Configuration invalid | The last configuration is invalid and new configuration is required. | |
| 5 | Parameter validation required | Safety parameters are not validated. | |
| 6 | Normal operation | The SMM is working normally. In this state, STO or the brake may be active. | |
| 7 | Safe brake test | A brake test is occurring. The test will be triggered by the drive processor. This state is activated for the complete device, even though only a single axis is tested. | |
| 8 | IO Failure | The SMM detected a fault that may be acknowledged. During this state STO and the brakes will be active. | |
| 9 | Internal Failure | Some catastrophic failure occurred. The SMM does not release operation until it was power cycled. | |

Code

| > SAFE.STATE | |
|--------------|--|
| 6 | |

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 255 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.201 SAFE.SWITCH

Description

Returns a value defined by the state of the two rotary switches S1 and S2. The returned value is equal to (10*S1 + S2). When this value is validated, it becomes the SafeID.

Code

```
--> SAFE.SWITCH
16
```

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.202 SAFE.VALIDATEPARAM

Description

Validates the safety parameters. Safety parameters must first be downloaded to the device. Format is: SAFE.VALIDATE <user_name> <password> <date_and_time> <safe_id> All parameters are mandatory. The drive will return an error if:

- Not enough parameters are provided
- Too many parameters are provided
- At least one of the parameter is out of range.

Note that the user_name and the password strings cannot contain any spaces.

- <user_name>: String of 8 bytes max
- <password>: String of 8 bytes min and 25 bytes max
- <date_and_time>: In the format defined by the RFC3339. The date must be in the UTC time zone.

Code

--> SAFE.VALIDATE john john password 2019-02-22T10:58:30Z 16

Context

For more information refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307) and "Downloading Safety Parameter Packages" (\rightarrow # 297).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.203 SAFE.VALIDATIONLOG

Description

Returns logged information about safety parameters validation and SafeID management. First displayed entry is the newest one (Index: 0). 32 entries can be stored at a maximum. Each entry contains:

- A username to indicate who performs the operation. Note that for the SafeID the user validation is done using the push button. Then the user recorded is called HW_BUTTON.
- An information string can be:
 - "PARAM VAL (X, Z)" for safety parameters validation where X is the SafeID and Z is the CRC of the validated safety parameters.
 - "PARAM CLR (X)" for safety parameters invalidation where X is the SafeID.
 - "ID VAL (X)" for SafeID validation where X is the validated SafeID.
 - "ID CLR" for SafeID invalidation.
- A date in the format defined by the RFC3339. The date is always in UTC time zone. No date is recorded when the SafeID is validated (user operation through push button).

Code

--> SAFE.VALIDATIONLOG

0; john; PARAM VAL (16, 0x3F3A0F07); 2019-02-18T14:58:55Z

1;rob;PARAM VAL (16, 0x3F3A0F07);2019-02-01T15:19:09Z

2; HW BTN; ID VAL (16); 0000-00-00T00:00:00Z

3; john; PARAM CLR (16); 2019-01-31T14:39:39Z

4; john; ID CLR; 2019-01-31T14:39:39Z

5; john; PARAM VAL (16, 0x3F3A0F07); 2019-01-31T14:58:19Z

6;john;PARAM CLR (16);2019-01-31T14:39:39Z

Context

For more information refer to "Validation" (\rightarrow # 307).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | String |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.204 SAFE.VERIFYFW

Description

Sets the username, password, and checksum that is used for an SMM firmware update. WorkBench automatically sends this command when using the firmware update dialog window. Once this command is sent, SMM firmware must be sent by HTTP within 30 seconds.

Usage

```
Format is: SAFE.VERIFYFW <user_name> <password> <checksum> <user_name>: Username used to perform the safety firmware update. Max 8 characters. <password>: Password used for safety firmware update. Min 8 characters, max 25 characters. <checksum>: Checksum of the firmware update binary.
```

Example: SAFE.VERIFYFW john my_password 0xa1878800

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | |

| Туре | Command |
|-------------------------------|---------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | N/A |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | N/A |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.205 SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE1

Description

| Defines the HIPERFAC | E DSL encoder ty | be linked to the first e supported: | ncoder interface. 8 different types are |
|----------------------|------------------|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------|
| | Value | Description | |
| | 0 | Unused | |
| | 1 | EKS36 | |
| | 2 | EKM36 | |
| | 3 | EES37 | |
| | 4 | EEM37 | |
| | 5 | EFS50 | |
| | 6 | EFM50 | |
| | 7 | EDS35 | |
| | 8 | EDM35 | |

The encoder interface can be used when linked to an axis (see AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOURCE).

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0,1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7,8 |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.206 SAFEPARAM.ENCODERHDSLTYPE2

Description

| Defines the HIPERFACE D | SL encoder type | linked to the second supported: | encoder interface. 8 different types are |
|-------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| | Value | Description | |
| | 0 | Unused | |
| | 1 | EKS36 | |
| | 2 | EKM36 | |
| | 3 | EES37 | |
| | 4 | EEM37 | |
| | 5 | EFS50 | |
| | 6 | EFM50 | |
| | 7 | EDS35 | |
| | 8 | EDM35 | |

The encoder interface can be used when linked to an axis (see AXIS#.SAFEPARAM.ENCODERSOURCE).

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 2-04-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.56 |

General Information

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|---------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0, 1, 2,3,4,5,6,7,8 |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.207 SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES1

Description

Defines the singleturn resolution for the first channel of the HIPERFACE DSL encoder linked to the first encoder interface. It corresponds to the non-safe singleturn resolution.

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | Bits |
| Range | [0, 24] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.208 SAFEPARAM.HDSLCHAN1SINGLETURNRES2

Description

Defines the singleturn resolution for the first channel of the HIPERFACE DSL encoder linked to the second encoder interface. It corresponds to the non-safe singleturn resolution.

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | Bits |
| Range | [0, 24] |
| Default Value | 0 |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.209 SAFEPARAM.IOFAILUREACKSOURCE

Description

Indicates which safe input, if any, is configured as the I/O Failure acknowledge source. This parameter is configured using FSoE or WorkBench. When configured, it allows clearing of an I/O Failure warning (W9011) using the configured safety input.

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| | 1 |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|
| Туре | Read/Write |
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 04 |
| Default Value | 0 (No safe input) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.210 SAFEPARAM.SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION

With this parameter, the user configures if the safe fieldbus can have control of the safety functions. The following table shows the possible settings for the different use cases:

| Case | Safety parameter configuration using | Use of FSoE connection | Safe fieldbus activation setting |
|------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1 | WorkBench | Yes | Activated |
| 2 | WorkBench | No | Not activated |
| 3 | SRA (FSoE) | Yes | Activated* |
| 4 | FoE | Yes | Activated |
| 5 | FoE | No | Not activated |

*automatically set when the connection is established and no valid safety configuration is present.

NOTE

If there is no valid safety configuration, but the FSoE master tries to establish a safety connection **without** SRA parameters, the connection is rejected.

Case 1: If this parameter is activated through safety configuration using WorkBench, the drive expects a FSoE connection and stays in safe state until this connection is successfully established. <u>Only if this parameter is</u> <u>activated, then</u> a safety function is allowed to be controlled by FSoE or activated by local safe digital inputs.

Case 2: If this parameter is set to "Not activated" in the safety configuration using WorkBench, safety functions can **only** be activated by local safe digital inputs.

Case 3: If there is no valid safety configuration, this parameter has the value "not activated". However, if the FSoE master provides valid safety configuration through SRA parameters, the safety function can be assigned to be activated by FSoE or local safe digital inputs and SAFEFIELDBUS.ACTIVATION is set to "Activated".

Case 4: Same behavior as "case 1", but the parameter file is downloaded using EtherCAT master.

Case 5: Same behavior as "case 2", but the parameter file is downloaded using EtherCAT master.



If a safety function is activated through FSoE, it is required this parameter is set to "Activated" and the parameter "FSoE" of the safety function is set to "Used", e.g., for the STO function the parameter name is "SAFEPARAM.STO.FSOE"..

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 (Not Activated) or 1 (Activated) |
| Default Value | Default (WorkBench): 0 (Not Activated) Default (FSoE): 1 (Activated) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.211 SAFEPARAM.SIN.DISTINCTPULSE

Description

This setting indicates whether pulses on safe inputs must all be distinct from each other (i.e., offset from each other or different periods).



This does not disable the check for pulses on safe inputs. It only allows or disallows having the same pulse signal across safe inputs.

Versions

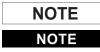
| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 (Disabled) or 1 (Enabled) |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.212 SAFEPARAM.SINDUAL#.EN

Description

Enables dual safe inputs for SIN (Safe INput)1-4.



The corresponding single safety inputs are not allowed to be used when being used in a dual configuration. Safety functions must be configured with the dual input.

| NOTE |] |
|------|---|
| NOTE | |

When enabled, paired inputs must be transitioned together within a certain period or an I/O failure warning ("W9011" (\rightarrow # 313)) will occur putting the drive in a safe state.

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Inputs" (→ # 210)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|-------------|-------|
| Implemented | 2-00-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 (Disabled) or 1 (Enabled) |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.213 SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.EN

Description

Indicates whether the safe outputs are configured as dual outputs or not. When configured as dual, the paired outputs are triggered together.

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Outputs" (\rightarrow # 211)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------------------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 (Disabled) or 1 (Enabled 0 |
| Default Value | 0 (Disabled) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.214 SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUAL#.SOURCE

Description

When outputs are configured for dual outputs, this controls what safety function will trigger the safe output.

```
NOTE
```

WorkBench will not allow the user to select this setting unless the corresponding SOUTDUAL# is enabled. See <u>SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUALx.EN</u>.

| Value | Description | Value | Description | Value | Description | Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|-------|-----------------------------------------|
| 0x00 | Off, no output signal driven | 0x13 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x26 SAR – Axis 2 Instance 1 | | 0x39 | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 2 |
| 0x01 | STO – Axis 1 | 0x14 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x27 | SAR – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x3A | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 3 |
| 0x02 | STO – Axis 2 | 0x15 | SSM – Axis 1 | 0x28 | SAR – Axis 2 Instance 3 0x3B | | SDB – Axis 1 |
| 0x03 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x16 | SSM – Axis 2 | 0x29 | SLI – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x3C | SDB – Axis 2 |
| 0x04 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x17 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 1 | ()x2A | | 0x3D | SBC – Axis 1 |
| 0x05 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x18 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x2B | 0x2B SLI – Axis 1 Instance 3 0x3E | | SBC – Axis 2 |
| 0x06 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x19 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x2C | SLI – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x3F | SBA – Axis 1 |
| 0x07 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x1A | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x2D | SLI – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x40 | SBA – Axis 2 |
| 0x08 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x1B | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x2E | 0x2E SLI – Axis 2 Instance 3 0x | | Ready signal (always on) |
| 0x09 | SS2 – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x1C | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x2F | 0x2F SLP – Axis 1 Instance 1 | | Restart acknowledge request – Axis 1 |
| 0x0A | SS2 – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x1D | SDIp – Axis 1 | 0x30 | SLP – Axis 1 Instance 2 0x46 | | Restart acknowledge request – Axis 2 |
| 0x0B | SS2 – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x1E | SDIp – Axis 2 | 0x31 | SLP – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0xFF | Always On |
| 0x0C | SS2 – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x1F | SDIn – Axis 1 | 0x32 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 1 | | |
| 0x0D | SOS – Axis 1 | 0x20 | SDIn – Axis 2 | 0x33 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 2 | | |
| 0x0E | SOS – Axis 2 | 0x21 | SLA – Axis 1 | 0x34 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 3 | | |
| 0x0F | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x22 | SLA – Axis 2 | 0x35 | 5 SCA – Axis 1 Instance 1 | | |
| 0x10 | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x23 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x36 | SCA – Axis 1 Instance 2 | | |
| 0x11 | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x24 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x37 | 0x37 SCA – Axis 1 Instance 3 | | |
| 0x12 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x25 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x38 | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 1 | | |

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Outputs" (\rightarrow #211)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write | |
|-------------------------------|------------|--|
| Units | N/A | |
| Range | 0x00-0xFF | |
| Default Value | 0x00 (Off) | |
| Data Type | Integer | |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No | |

9.9.1.215 SAFEPARAM.SOUT#.SOURCE

Description

When outputs are configured for single outputs, this controls what safety function triggers the safe output.



WorkBench will not allow the user to select this setting if the corresponding output is being used in dual output mode. See <u>SAFEPARAM.SOUTDUALx.EN</u>.

| Value | Description | Value | Description | Value | Description | Value | Description |
|-------|---------------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|----------------------------|-------|--------------------------------------|
| 0x00 | Off, no output signal driven | 0x13 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x26 | SAR – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x39 | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 2 |
| 0x01 | STO – Axis 1 | 0x14 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x27 | SAR – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x3A | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 3 |
| 0x02 | STO – Axis 2 | 0x15 | SSM – Axis 1 | 0x28 | SAR – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x3B | SDB – Axis 1 |
| 0x03 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x16 | SSM – Axis 2 | 0x29 | SLI – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x3C | SDB – Axis 2 |
| 0x04 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x17 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x2A | SLI – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x3D | SBC – Axis 1 |
| 0x05 | SS1 – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x18 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x2B | SLI – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x3E | SBC – Axis 2 |
| 0x06 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x19 | SSR – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x2C | SLI – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x3F | SBA – Axis 1 |
| 0x07 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x1A | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x2D | SLI – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x40 | SBA – Axis 2 |
| 0x08 | SS1 – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x1B | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x2E | SLI – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x43 | Ready signal (always on) |
| 0x09 | SS2 – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x1C | SSR – Axis 2 Instance 3 | 0x2F | SLP – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x45 | Restart acknowledge request – Axis 1 |
| 0x0A | SS2 – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x1D | SDIp – Axis 1 | 0x30 | SLP – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x46 | Restart acknowledge request – Axis 2 |
| 0x0B | SS2 – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x1E | SDIp – Axis 2 | 0x31 | SLP – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0xFF | Always On |
| 0x0C | SS2 – Axis 2 Instance 2 | 0x1F | SDIn – Axis 1 | 0x32 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 1 | | |
| 0x0D | SOS – Axis 1 | 0x20 | SDIn – Axis 2 | 0x33 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 2 | | |
| 0x0E | SOS – Axis 2 | 0x21 | SLA – Axis 1 | 0x34 | SLP – Axis 2 Instance 3 | | |
| 0x0F | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x22 | SLA – Axis 2 | 0x35 | SCA – Axis 1 Instance 1 | | |
| 0x10 | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x23 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 1 | 0x36 | SCA – Axis 1 Instance 2 | | |
| 0x11 | SLS – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x24 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 2 | 0x37 | SCA – Axis 1 Instance 3 | | |
| 0x12 | SLS – Axis 2 Instance 1 | 0x25 | SAR – Axis 1 Instance 3 | 0x38 | SCA – Axis 2 Instance 1 | | |

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Outputs" (\rightarrow # 211)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-------|
| Implemented | 02-01-02-000 | |

| Туре | Read/Write |
|-------------------------------|------------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0x00-0xFF |
| Default Value | 0x00 (Off) |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.216 SINDUAL#.STATE

Description

Reads the state of one safe dual digital input according to the number identified in the command. The safe dual input is composed of two physical safe inputs. The configuration of the safe dual input is determined by the safety parameters.

Usage

The state of the safe dual input is determined by the state of the two underlying safe inputs.

| SIN1.STATE | SIN2.STATE | SINDUAL1.STATE |
|------------|------------|----------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | I/O failure |
| 0 | 1 | I/O failure |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

When dual channel mode is selected the drive supervises if the two inputs are in a different state for longer than 100 ms. If this occurs, an I/O failure fault is generated and the drive is put in safe-state.

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Inputs" (→ # 210)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.217 SIN#.STATE

Description

SIN1 to SIN4. Reads the state of one safe digital input according to the number identified in the command.

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Inputs" (\rightarrow # 210) and "OSSD" (\rightarrow # 212)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.218 SOUTDUAL#.STATE

Description

Reads the state of one safe dual digital output according to the number identified in the command. The safe dual output is composed of two physical safe outputs. The configuration of the safe dual output is determined by the safety parameters.

Usage

When dual channel mode is selected, the drive drives the two selected safe outputs as they were one safe output.

| SOUT1.STATE | SOUT2.STATE | SOUTDUAL1.STATE |
|-------------|-------------|-----------------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 1 | 0 | N/A |
| 0 | 1 | N/A |
| 1 | 1 | 1 |

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Outputs" (\rightarrow # 211)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

9.9.1.219 SOUT#.STATE

Description

SOUT1 to SOUT4. Reads the state of one safe digital output according to the number identified in the command.

Context

For more information, see "Safe Digital Outputs" (\rightarrow # 211)

Versions

| Action | Version | Notes |
|-------------|--------------|-----------------------------------|
| Implemented | 02-00-00-000 | Implemented in SMM revision v0.32 |

| Туре | Read Only |
|-------------------------------|-----------|
| Units | N/A |
| Range | 0 or 1 |
| Default Value | N/A |
| Data Type | Integer |
| Stored in Non-Volatile Memory | No |

10 Approvals

NOTICE

If the drive is labeled Beta, approvals are pending.

| 10.1 | Conformance with UL/cUL | .547 |
|------|-------------------------|-------|
| 10.2 | Conformance with EU | . 549 |
| 10.3 | Conformance with UK | . 550 |

10.1 Conformance with UL/cUL

10.1.1 3-12 A drives

This drive is listed under UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.) file number **E141084**. USL, CNL - Power conversion equipment (NMMS, NMMS7)

USL (United States Standards - Listed): Indicates Investigated to United States Standard for Power Conversion Equipment, UL 61800-5-1.

CNL (Canadian National Standards - Listed): Indicates investigation to Canadian Standard for Industrial Control Equipment, CAN/CSA - C22.2, No. 274-17.

UL Markings / Marquages UL

| English | Français |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes. | Une protection de court-circuit à semi-conducteur intégrale ne fournit pas de protection de la dérivation. Il convient de garantir une protection de la dérivation conforme au NEC et aux réglementations locales en vigueur. |
| • This product is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10kA (SCCR) when protected by class J fuses or circuit breakers, and of delivering not more than 65kA (SCCR) when protected by semi-conductor fuses. | Ce produit peut être utilisé sur un circuit capable de délivrer un maximum de 10 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles ou des disjoncteurs de classe J, et de délivrer un maximum de 65 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles à semi- conducteurs. |
| • Suitable for motor group installation on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 65kA (SCCR) symmetrical. | Convient pour une installation de groupe moteur sur un circuit capable de délivrer pas plus de 65 kA rms symétriques. |
| • These drives provide solid state motor overload protection at 125% of the rated FLA current. The drive overload trip point should not be set to less than 10% above the motor rated current: AXIS#.IL.FOLDFTHRESHU ≥ 1.1 * AXIS#.MOTOR.ICONT. | Ces variateurs offrent une protection contre les surcharges de moteur à semi-conducteur à 125 % du courant FLA nominal. Le point de déclenchement en surcharge du variateur ne doit pas être réglé à moins de 10% au dessus du courant nominal du moteur: AXIS#.IL.FOLDFTHRESHU ≥ 1,1 * AXIS#.MOTOR.ICONT. |
| • These devices are intended to be used in a pollution degree 2 environment and must be placed in an enclosure with min. size of 16 x 16 x 10 inches | • Ces appareils sont prévus pour une utilisation dans un environnement de pollution de niveau 2 et doivent être placés dans une enceinte avec min. taille de 406 x 406 x 254 mm |
| Surrounding air temperature 40°C. Refer to chapter "Ambient Conditions", for other temperature ratings. | La température de l'air ambiant 40 °C. Voir chapitre "Ambient Conditions", pour connaître les autres températures. |
| Use minimum 75°C copper wire. | Utilisez un fil en cuivre 75 °C minimum. |
| Connector X3 torque requirements: screw terminals, tightening torque 18 in-lbs locking screw, tightening torque 3.5 in-lbs | Exigences de couple du connecteur X3: bornes à vis, couple de serrage 2 Nm vis de blocage, couple de serrage 0,35 Nm |
| • CAUTION Risk of Electrical Shock! Capacitors can have dangerous voltages present up to five minutes after switching off the supply power. For increased safety, measure the voltage in the DC bus link and wait until the voltage is below 50 V. | • ATTENTION: Risque de choc électrique! Des tensions dangereuses peuvent persister dans les condensateurs jusqu'à cinq minutes après la mise hors tension. Pour plus de sécurité, mesurez la tension dans la liaison de bus CC et attendez qu'elle soit inférieure à 50 V. |

10.1.2 7V24S 24 A drives

This drive is listed under UL (Underwriters Laboratories Inc.) file number **E141084**. USL, CNL - Power conversion equipment (NMMS, NMMS7)

USL (United States Standards - Listed): Indicates Investigated to United States Standard for Power Conversion Equipment, UL 61800-5-1.

CNL (Canadian National Standards - Listed): Indicates investigation to Canadian Standard for Industrial Control Equipment, CAN/CSA - C22.2, No. 274-17.

UL Markings / Marquages UL

| English | Français |
|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| • Integral solid state short circuit protection does not provide branch circuit protection. Branch circuit protection must be provided in accordance with the National Electrical Code and any additional local codes. | Une protection de court-circuit à semi-conducteur intégrale ne fournit pas de protection de la dérivation. Il convient de garantir une protection de la dérivation conforme au NEC et aux réglementations locales en vigueur. |
| • This product is suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10kA (SCCR) when protected by class J fuses or circuit breakers, and of delivering not more than 65kA (SCCR) when protected by semi-conductor fuses. | Ce produit peut être utilisé sur un circuit capable de délivrer au maximum 10 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles ou des disjoncteurs de classe J, et de délivrer au maximum 65 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles à semi- conducteurs. |
| • Suitable for motor group installation on a circuit capable of delivering not more than 10kA (SCCR) when protected by class J fuses or circuit breakers, and not more than 65kA (SCCR) when protected by semi-conductor fuses. | Convient à l'installation d'un groupe de moteurs sur un circuit capable de délivrer au maximum 10 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles ou des disjoncteurs de classe J, et au maximum 65 kA (SCCR) lorsqu'il est protégé par des fusibles à semi- conducteurs. |
| • These drives provide solid state motor overload protection at 125% of the rated FLA current. The drive overload trip point should not be set to less than 10% above the motor rated current: AXIS#.IL.FOLDFTHRESHU ≥ 1.1 * AXIS#.MOTOR.ICONT. | Ces variateurs offrent une protection contre les surcharges de moteur à semi-conducteur à 125 % du courant FLA nominal. Le point de déclenchement en surcharge du variateur ne doit pas être réglé à moins de 10 % au dessus du courant nominal du moteur: AXIS#.IL.FOLDFTHRESHU ≥ 1,1 * AXIS#.MOTOR.ICONT. |
| • These devices are intended to be used in a pollution degree 2 environment and must be placed in an enclosure with min. size of 600 x 600 x 350 mm | • Ces appareils sont prévus pour une utilisation dans un environnement de pollution de niveau 2 et doivent être placés dans une enceinte avec min. taille de 600 x 600 x 350 mm |
| Surrounding air temperature 40°C. Refer to chapter "Ambient Conditions", for other temperature ratings. | La température de l'air ambiant 40 °C. Voir chapitre "Ambient Conditions", pour connaître les autres températures. |
| Use minimum 75°C copper wire. | • Utilisez un fil en cuivre 75 °C minimum. |
| Connector X3A/X3B torque requirements: screw terminals, tightening torque 18 in-lbs locking screw, tightening torque 3.5 in-lbs | Exigences de couple du connecteur X3A/X3B: bornes à vis, couple de serrage 2 Nm vis de blocage, couple de serrage 0,35 Nm |
| • CAUTION Risk of Electrical Shock! Capacitors can have dangerous voltages present up to five minutes after switching off the supply power. For increased safety, measure the voltage in the DC bus link and wait until the voltage is below 50 V. | • ATTENTION: Risque de choc électrique! Des tensions dangereuses peuvent persister dans les condensateurs jusqu'à cinq minutes après la mise hors tension. Pour plus de sécurité, mesurez la tension dans la liaison de bus CC et attendez qu'elle soit inférieure à 50 V. |

10.2 Conformance with EU

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NOTE
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EU Declarations of Conformity can be found on the Kollmorgen website.

The drives have been tested by an authorized testing laboratory in a defined configuration, using the system components that are described in this documentation. Any divergence from the configuration and installation described in this documentation means that the user will be responsible for carrying out new measurements to ensure conformance with regulatory requirements.

Kollmorgen declares the conformity of the product series AKD2G with the following directives:

- EC Directive 2006/42/EU, Machinery Directive Used harmonized standard EN 61800-5-2
- EC Directive 2014/35/EU, Low Voltage Directive Used harmonized standard EN 61800-5-1
- EC Directive 2014/30/EU, EMC Directive Used harmonized standard EN 61800-3

NOTICE

These devices can cause high-frequency interferences in non industrial environments and may require measures for interference suppression (such as additional external EMC filters). Maximum distance for unshielded I/O lines is 3 m inside the cabinet. If the I/O cable leaves the cabinet, it must be EMC shielded.

AKD2G-Sxx-6Vxx

NOTE

AKD2G-Sxx-6Vxx drives do not have integrated ac line EMC filters. External mains filters are described in the *Accessories Manual* (1[~]: FN2090, 3[~]: FN3288).

With external EMC mains filters for noise emission the AKD2G-Sxx-6Vxx meet the noise immunity requirements of the second environmental category (industrial environment).

- Motor cable < 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2.
- Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C3.

AKD2G-Sxx-7Vxx



AKD2G-Sxx-7Vxx drives have integrated EMC filters.

The AKD2G-Sxx-7Vxx meet the noise immunity requirements to the 2nd environmental category (industrial environment).

- AKD2G-Sxx-7V up to 12 Amps: Motor cable < 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C3. Motor cable < 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C3.
- AKD2G-Sxx-7V 24: Motor cable < 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C2. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: no filter, in industrial environment, category C3. Motor cable ≥ 10 m: use filter FN 3288 in industrial environment, category C2.

10.2.1 Functional Safety



TÜV Certificate for Functional Safety can be found on the Kollmorgen website.

Kollmorgen offers 3 levels of functional safety implementation for AKD2G:

- Functional Safety Option 1: STO; SIL2 PLd , safe digital I/O command.
- Functional Safety Option 2: STO, SS1-t, SBC, SBT, SDB; SIL3 PLe, safe digital I/O command or FSoE.
- Functional Safety Option 3: STO, SS1-t, SS1-r, SS2, SOS, SLS, SSM, SSR, SDI, SLA, SAR, SLI, SLP, SCA, SBC, SDB, SBT; SIL3 PLe (→ # 203), safe digital I/O command or FSoE.

This manual is valid for AKD2G drives with Functional Safety Option 3.

10.2.2 Conformance with RoHS

The drives are manufactured in conformance with the Directive 2011/65/EU (RoHS), including Delegated Directive 2015/863/EU for installation into Finished Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EEE). One or more exemptions per Annex III of Directive 2011/65/EU may be applicable.

The conformity is only valid on the delivery date.

The chemical composition of the product my change due to environmental influences.

10.2.3 Conformance with REACH

REGULATION (EC) No 1907/2006 OF THE EUROPEAN PARLIAMENT AND OF THE COUNCIL as of 18 December 2006 concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals [REACH Regulations].

EU REACH Article 33 - Communication on SVHC identified in the Candidate List of Substances of Very High Concern (SVHC) for Authorisation.

Articles used in AKD2G drives may contain REACH SVHCs in concentrations above 0.1%.

Contact your Kollmorgen Sales Representative for the latest REACH SVHC information.

The conformity is only valid on the delivery date.

The chemical composition of the product my change due to environmental influences.

10.2.3.1 Waste Framework Directive Substances of Concern in Products (SCIP) Database

Standard Products constructed using Articles containing an SVHC in excess of 0.1% weight by weight, have been registered in the SCIP Database. SCIP Registration numbers for Standard Products can be found at <u>scip-database</u>.

10.3 Conformance with UK

NOTE

NOTE

Declarations of Conformity can be found on the Kollmorgen website.

Kollmorgen declares the conformity of the product series with these regulations:

- S.I. 2008/1597, Supply of Machinery (Safety) Regulations 2008
 Used designated standards EN 61800-5-2
- S.I. 2016/1101, Electrical Equipment (Safety) Regulations 2016
 Used designated standard EN 61800-5-1
- S.I. 2016/1091, Electromagnetic Compatibility Regulations 2016
 - Used designated standard EN 61800-3

These products comply with **The Restriction of the Use of Certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment Regulations 2012** for installation in a machine.

Kollmorgen authorized representative for UK government authority: Twiflex, Ampthill Road, Bedford, MK42 9RD, UK

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| Edition | Remarks |
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| | Table with lifecycle information of this document (\rightarrow # 553) |
| A, 05/2021 | First edition |
| B, 07/2022 | SD Card text updated, Letter of Volatility link added, chapter "Shielding on drive" improved, Incr. Encoder feedback on X21 added, BiSS-C and SSI feedbacks on X41 (SFA) added, new motor connector image, chapter "Motion Bus interface" updated, PROFINET certified and available, chapter "Gearing" restructured, chapter "Feedback connector" restructured, SCCR rating for MV breaker changed, EtherNet/IP table updated, chapter "Mechanical Installation": Texts restructured and dimension table adapted, chapter "Mains supply": semi-conductor added, fusing chapter restructured, EAC approval removed, max. cable length per feedback type added, X23 feedback connector graphic expanded, conformity with UK added |
| C, 03/2024 | 7V24S drive contents added, including updated cover image, connector position image, general wiring diagrams, specifications and data, X3A and X3B connector content., individual X23 / X41 feedback wiring diagrams and specifications added, added connection to various mains supply network pages, limitations table edited, addition to part number scheme, corrected table formatting, added connector options availability table, added Projection of molten particles hazard warning, updated Safety Manual version compatibility table, updated AC and DC bus drive groupings to define number of axes limits, updated DIO X22 and X23 diagrams and bullets to better define termination and differential or single-ended options, updated 7V24S 24 A drives UL Approvals table to align with 65kA Certification, update EEO X22 diagrams. |
| D, 10/2024 (INTERNAL) | Removed content referring to DVD, new limitations for SMM1 and 2, new support page, wiring diagram corrected for drive test without load, addition to REACH and RoHS conformity |
| E,02/2025 | Note on mission time added to chapter "Disposal", removed content referring to DVD, new limitations for SMM1 and 2, new support page, wiring diagram corrected for drive test without load, addition to REACH and RoHS conformity |

12 Record of Document Revisions

12.1 Limitations

| SMM FW | Limitation | Remarks | Solved in SMM FW |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 02-07-000 | Hiperface-DSL EFx50 encoders are not supported. | The EFx50 encoder series is not supported and phased out by Sick. Workaround: Use a more recent Hiperface-DSL encoder series. | - |
| 02-07-000 | Do not use FSoE Status Word bit "Error acknowledge status". | The status Word bit "Error acknowledge status" is set to true when either an I/O failure is detected, the safe encoder is not configured or the safe speed is not available. In case of an I/O failure, FSoE will send "FailSafeData" anyway. Therefore, this bit doesn't serve any purpose in real applications. Workaround: Check for I/O failures using the FSoE state instead of the Status Word. | - |
| 02-07-000 | Position monitoring limits have to be less than half of the max. position with SOS/SLI/SDI. | When using position monitoring with functions that use relative position (SOS/SLI/SDI), the position limit parameters (upper and lower) have to be less than half of the max. position of the encoder. Workaround: - | |

| SMM FW | Limitation | Remarks | Solved in SMM FW |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|
| 02-07-000 | Position monitoring limits have to be less than half of the max. position with SOS/SLI/SDI and signed-range. | When using position monitoring with functions that use absolute position (SOS/SLI/SDI/), the position limit parameters (upper and lower) have to be less than half of the max. position of the encoder when using a singed range. For an unsigned range, the position limit parameters have to be less than the max. position of the encoder. Workaround : - | |
| 02-07-000 | The deceleration ramp parameters for the safety functions SS1 (a_SS1), SS2 (a_SS2), SLS (a_SLS) and SSR (a_SSR) are using the defined velocity user unit per second instead of the defined acceleration user unit. | Example: When the velocity user unit is rpm, the acceleration user unit is m/s ² and a_SS1 is set to 1000, then the unit will be 1000 rpm/s instead of 1000 m/s ² . | |
| 02-07-000 | Reset the absolute position when a safe encoder is physically replaced by another safe encoder. | Reset the absolute position when: the safe encoder is physically replaced by another one (with the same or different model) and the application is using at least one of the SLP or SCA instances (the application then requires a valid absolute position to operate). | |

Support and Services

About Kollmorgen

When you need motion and automation systems for your most demanding applications and environments, count on Kollmorgen - the innovation leader for more than 100 years. We deliver the industry's highest-performing, most reliable motors, drives, AGV control solutions and automation platforms, with over a million standard and easily modifiable products to meet virtually any motion challenge. We offer manufacturing facilities, distributors and engineering expertise in all major regions around the world, so you can bring a better machine to market faster and keep it profitable for many years to come.

Kollmorgen Developer Network



Join the <u>Kollmorgen Support Network</u> for product support. Ask the community questions, search the knowledge base for answers, get downloads, and suggest improvements.



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